

Question	Mark	Question	Mark	TOTAL
11				
10				
9				
8				
7				
12				
13				
14				
15				

hand it to the supervisor before reading any further.

You do not have any unauthorised material. If you have any unauthorised material with you, No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that

Important note to candidates

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unruled sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in this examination

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/lap, eraser, ruler, highlighters

To be provided by the candidate

Formula sheet (retained from Section One)

This Question/Answer booklet

To be provided by the supervisor

Materials required/recommended for this section

Working time: one hundred minutes
Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes
Time allowed for this section

Name: _____
Teacher's Name: _____

Name: _____

Calculator-assumed

Section Two:

UNIT 1 AND 2

MATHEMATICS METHODS

Question/Answer booklet

Semester Two Examination, 2018



INDEPENDENT PUBLIC SCHOOL

Exceptional schooling. Exceptional students.

Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of examination
Section One: Calculator-free	6	6	50	50	33
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	9	9	100	100	67
Total					100

Instructions to candidates

1. The rules for the conduct of the Western Australian Certificate of Education ATAR course examinations are detailed in the *Year 12 Information Handbook 2016*. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer booklet.
3. You must be careful to confine your answers to the specific questions asked and to follow any instructions that are specific to a particular question.
4. Additional pages for the use of planning your answer to a question or continuing your answer to a question have been provided at the end of this Question/Answer booklet. If you use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number.
5. **Show all your working clearly.** Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
6. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil**, except in diagrams.
7. The Formula sheet is **not** to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

Solution $\text{Solve : } (x-5)^2 + (y-6)^2 = 13^2 \leftrightarrow x=0 \wedge y=17$	$x=0 \leftrightarrow y=-6, x=17 \leftrightarrow y=11$ Hence, the two points are $(0, -6) \wedge (17, 11)$
Solution $\text{Substituting } y \text{ in terms of } x \text{ into equation}$	\wedge finding the two solutions \wedge stating the two correct points

(b) Determine the coordinates of A and the coordinates of B . (4 marks)

The straight line / with equation $y=x-6$ intersects the circle at the points A and B and thus forms the chord AB .

Solution $(x-5)^2 + (y-6)^2 = 13^2$	$\text{A circle is centred at } (5, 6) \text{ and has radius } 13.$
Solution $\text{Find an equation for this circle.}$	(a) (2 marks)

Working time: 100 minutes.

This section has 8 questions. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.

- Planning: if you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
- Continuing an answer: if you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.

number of the question that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.

Calculator-assumed (100 Marks)

- (c) Determine the equation of the line which passes through the centre and bisects the chord AB .
(4 marks)

Solution

Midpoint of AB : $\left(\frac{17}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right)$

Equation through the midpoint and the centre:

$$m = -16 = -1|5 + c \rightarrow c = 11$$

$$\therefore y = -x + 11.$$

- finding the midpoint
- finding the slope
- stating the correct equation

Solution

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{27}\right)$$

$$\theta = 18.4^\circ$$

Using (b), find the angle (in degrees), to 1 decimal place, the line AB makes with the horizontal axis as shown in the diagram. (2 marks)

(c)

Solution

$$at\ y=0 \leftrightarrow x=27$$

$$at\ x=0 \leftrightarrow y=9$$

$$\therefore V=(0,9) \wedge H=(27,0)$$

Find the vertical intercept at V and the horizontal intercept at H . (2 marks)

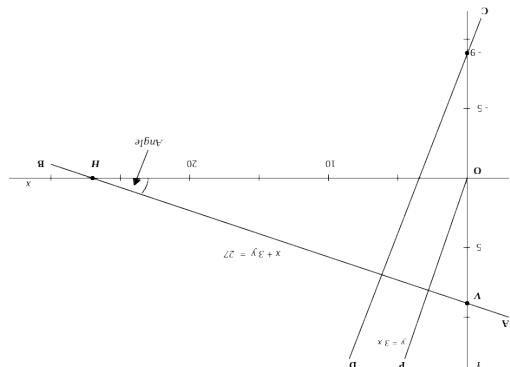
(b)

Solution

$$y = 3x - 9$$

Write the equation of the line CD. (2 marks)

(a)



The line AB, $x + 3y = 27$ cuts both of the lines OP and CD. OP and CD are parallel to each other. OP is represented by the equation $y = 3x$.

Question 8 Additional working space (12 marks)

- (d) Find the coordinates of both points where the line AB intersects the lines OP and CD.
(4 marks)

Solution

$$\text{Line AB: } y = \frac{27-x}{3} \quad \text{Line OP: } y = 3x \quad \text{Line CD: } y = 3x - 9$$

$$\frac{27-x}{3} = 3x \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{27-x}{3} = 3x - 9$$

$$x = 2.7 \rightarrow y = 8.1 \quad x = 5.4 \rightarrow y = 7.2$$

$$\therefore [2.7, 8.1] \wedge (5.4, 7.2)$$

- equating line AB and OP
- equating line AB and CD
- two coordinates

- (e) Find the length of the sloping side VH to 2 decimal places. (2 marks)

Solution

$$9^2 + 27^2 = VH^2$$

$$28.46 \text{ units} = VH$$

Additional working space

Question number: _____

decreasing interval

Question 10

(13 marks)

The Adams family consist of two parents and two children, Wednesday and Pugsley. Usually the parents do not take their children shopping with them as it takes much longer (due to the extra shops the children want to visit) and often includes a stop for a drink. If Mr and Mrs Adams are shopping without their children they never stop for a drink.

The probability that Mr and Mrs Adams take only Wednesday with them when they go to shopping is 0.2 and is equal to the probability that they take only Pugsley. The probability that both children go shopping with their parents is 0.04.

- (a) Are the events *taking Wednesday shopping* and *taking Pugsley shopping* independent?
Justify your answer. (2 marks)

Solution

Yes $P(A \cap B) = P(\text{taking both children})$
 $\textcolor{red}{\cancel{0.04}}$

$$P(A) \times P(B) = P(\text{taking Wednesday}) \times P(\text{taking Pugsley})$$

$$\textcolor{red}{\cancel{0.2}} \times \textcolor{red}{\cancel{0.2}}$$

$$\textcolor{red}{\cancel{0.0576}}$$

$P(A \cap B) = P(A) \times P(B)$ which means the two events are not independent.

Yes
 justification

- (b) Find the probability that, on the next visit to the shops, Mr and Mrs Adams take neither of the children with them. (2 marks)

Solution

$P \textcolor{red}{\cancel{0.56}}$

- (c) If Mr and Mrs Adams take one of the children to the shops then the probability of stopping for a drink is 0.7. If they take both children shopping the probability for stopping for a drink is 0.9.

- (i) Draw a tree diagram to represent all information and results. (4 marks)

Solution

$$\rightarrow f(0) = 5$$

$$\rightarrow 0 = -2x^2 + 3x + 5$$

$$0 = (x+1)(2x-5)$$

$$\rightarrow x = -1, \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\therefore Q \text{ is } (0, 5), P \text{ is } (-1, 0) \wedge R \text{ is } \left(\frac{5}{2}, 0\right).$$

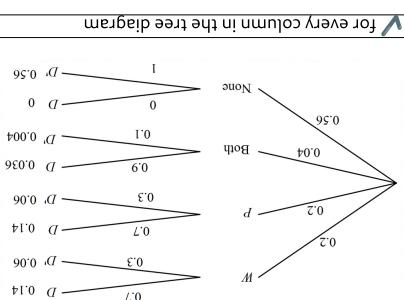
finding the function

correct value for c

coordinates for P, Q \wedge R

If Mr and Mrs Adams went to the shops and did not stop for a drink, what is the probability that neither child was with them? (3 marks)

0.68 ?



have the same derivative. Unless we are given a point in the function, we can only write a general form for the antiderivative.

CALCULATOR ASSUMED

Solution	$P?$	0.82	Final answer in 2dp
Setting up conditional probability			

Solution

Solution	P_c	<u>0.82</u>
<p>If Mr and Mrs Adams went to the shops and did not stop to probabilities that neither child was with them?</p>		

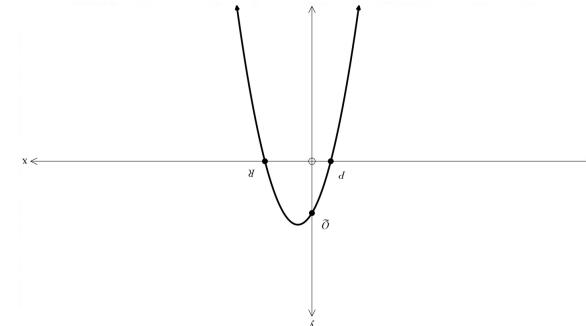
If Mr and Mrs Adams went to the shops and did not stop for a drink, what is the probability that neither child was with them? (3 marks)

<p>What is the probability that, on the next visit to the shops, Mr and Mrs Adams do not stop for a drink?</p>	<p>2 marks</p>
<p>Solution</p>	<p>0.69</p>

0.68 ?

(c) The figure below shows the curve C which meets the coordinate axes at the points P , Q and R .

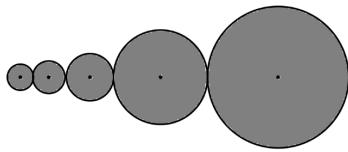
$f(x) = -2x^2 + 3x + 5$ $c = 5$ $3 - 2 + c = 2(6 - 8 + c)$ $f(x) = 3 - 4x \leftarrow f(x) = 3x - 2x^2 + c$
Solution The gradient of the function at point P, Q and R. The coordinates of the points P, Q and R. (5 marks)



Question 11

(10 marks)

The figure below shows a pattern of 5 circles, touching externally, whose centres lie on a straight line of length L units.



The radii of these circles form a geometric progression where the radius of the smaller circle is 3 units and that of the fifth (larger) circle is 48 units.

- (a) Find the common ratio of the geometric progression.

Solution

$$\begin{aligned} t_1 &= 3 & 48 &= 3r^4 \\ t_5 &= 48 & r &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

(2 marks)

The pattern is extended by 5 more circles to a total of 10 circles.

- (b) Determine the length added to the original value of L .

Solution

$$\begin{aligned} L_{10} &= 2 \times S_{10} & L_5 &= 2 \times S_5 \\ \textcolor{red}{\cancel{L}}_{10} &= 2 \times \frac{3(2^{10}-1)}{2-1} & \textcolor{red}{\cancel{L}}_5 &= 2 \times \frac{3(2^5-1)}{2-1} \\ \textcolor{red}{\cancel{L}}_{10} &= 6138 \text{ units} & \textcolor{red}{\cancel{L}}_5 &= 186 \text{ units} \end{aligned}$$

(4 marks)

$$\rightarrow 6138 - 186 = 5952 \text{ units}$$

- finding Lengths of 10 and 5 circles
 finding additional length

- (b) Calculate, in terms of π , the total area of the 10 circles of the new pattern.

Solution

$$A = \pi \times [3 \times 2^0]^2 + \pi \times [3 \times 2^1]^2 + \pi \times [3 \times 2^2]^2 + \pi \times [3 \times 2^3]^2 + \dots + \pi \times [3 \times 2^9]^2$$

(4 marks)

Question 15

(9 marks)

- (a) Integrate $\frac{(x+1)(2x-1)}{2x^5}$ with respect to x . Express your answer with exactly 4 terms and without any negative exponents. (3 marks)

Solution
$\int \frac{(x+1)(2x-1)}{2x^5} dx = \int \frac{2x^2+x-1}{2x^5} dx$
$\textcolor{red}{\cancel{\int}} x^{-3} + \frac{x^{-4}}{2} - \frac{x^{-5}}{2} dx$
$\textcolor{red}{\cancel{\int}} \frac{-x^{-2}}{2} - \frac{x^{-3}}{6} + \frac{x^{-4}}{8} + C$
$\textcolor{red}{\cancel{\int}} -\frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{6x^3} + \frac{1}{8x^4} + C$
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> correct antiderivative <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> positive exponents <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C

- (b) Justify the relevance of adding an arbitrary constant C in finding the antiderivatives of functions. (1 mark)

Solution
Adding a constant C , accounts for the fact that there are families of curves which will

<p>Question 12</p> <p>On Phillip Island the number of hours of daylight in each day before the beginning of the calendar year is 14 hours over the 365 days in the calendar year.</p> <p>(a) Write a trigonometric equation that will model the number of hours of daylight in each day of the year where h is the hours of daylight and d is the number of days after midnigh from the start of the year.</p> <p>(b) How many hours of daylight are there on the first day of the year? (2 marks)</p> <p>Solution</p> $h = 12 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{360}{365}(d+10)\right) \rightarrow h = 12 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{360}{365}d + 10\right) \text{ deg}$ <p>Let $d = 1$</p> <p>$h = 13.96$ hours of daylight</p> <p>high season ends?</p> <p>The prices of tourist accommodation in the island are highest when the hours of daylight per day are 13 hours or more. How many days after the beginning of the year does the high season end?</p> <p>Solve for d when $h = 13$.</p> $13 = 12 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{360}{365}(d+10)\right) \rightarrow d = 50.83 \text{ days}$ <p>Starting 51 days</p> <p>Determining d</p> <p>Equating model to 13</p> <p>∴ The high season ends after 51 days at the beginning of the year.</p>	<p>(c)</p> <p>Solution</p> $\frac{dA}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{3}-10)x+30$ <p>for $x < 7.26$, $\frac{dA}{dx} > 0$</p> <p>for $x > 7.26$, $\frac{dA}{dx} < 0$</p> <p>$\leftarrow 7.26, 109$ is a maximum.</p> <p>therefore $A = 109 \text{ cm}^2$</p> <p>$x = 7.26 \text{ cm}$</p> <p>for \max / \min, $\frac{dA}{dx} = 0 \rightarrow 0 = \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{3}-10)x+30$?</p> <p>$\frac{dA}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{3}-10)x+30$</p> <p>Solution</p> <p>Valid justification for A as the maximum area</p> <p>Finding derivative to 0</p> <p>Finding value for A</p> <p>Setting derivative to 0</p> <p>Setting up area for triangle</p> <p>Correct working out resulting to required equation for A (- for every error)</p>
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MATHEMATICS

12

CALCULATOR ASSUMED

- (d) Philip Island Tourism tries to encourage visitors to the island during the winter months. They offer special deals for those visiting the island during the time of year when there are less than 11 hours of daylight. For how many days of the year are the special deals available to visitors? (3 marks)

SolutionSolve for d when $h=11$.

$$\text{Two points } [111.667, 11] \wedge [233.333, 11] \rightarrow 233.333 - 111.667 = 121.67$$

 $\therefore \text{There are 122 days with 11 hours of daylight.}$
 stating two points where $h=11$
 stating 122 days
Question 13

(9 marks)

A relay team of four runners is to be chosen from a training squad of eight runners. Assuming that all eight runners are of equal ability and have the same chance of being selected, find the following:

- (a) the number of different teams that can be selected. (1 marks)

Solution

$$\binom{8}{4} = 70$$

- (b) the probability that you will be chosen, supposing that you are one of the eight runners. (2 marks)

Solution

$$\frac{\binom{1}{1}\binom{7}{3}}{\binom{7}{4}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

- (c) Suppose that your friend is also one of the eight. What is the probability that you and your friend will be both selected? (2 marks)

Solution

$$\frac{\binom{2}{2}\binom{6}{2}}{\binom{8}{2}} = \frac{3}{14}$$

- (d) What is the probability of you or your friend being in the team? (2 marks)

Solution

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{14} = \frac{11}{14}$$

MATHEMATICS

13

CALCULATOR ASSUMED

- (e) Given that the team chosen is one that your friend is in, what is the probability that you will also be included? (2 marks)

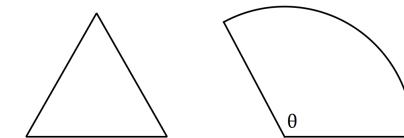
Solution

$$\frac{3}{14} = \frac{3}{7}$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$
Question 14

(11 marks)

A wire of total length 120 cm is to be cut into two pieces for an art installation. The first piece is bent to form an equilateral triangle of side length x cm and the second piece is bent to form a circular sector of radius x cm. The circular sector subtends an angle θ radians at the centre.



- (a) Show that $x\theta = 120 - 5x$. (2 marks)

Solution

$$3x + 2x + x\theta = 120 \\ x\theta = 120 - 5x$$

 setting up the sum of the perimeter of the shapes equal to 120.

- (b) The total area of the two shapes is A cm². Show clearly that $A = \frac{x^2}{4}(\sqrt{3}-10)+60x$. (4 marks)

Solution

$$A_{\text{triangle}} = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sin 60^\circ \wedge A_{\text{sector}} = \frac{1}{2}x^2\theta \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}x^2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}x(120 - 5x)$$