Name:
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# MATHEMATICS SPECIALIST 3CD

### **SEMESTER 1** 2010

### TEST 3

	Questions	Reading Time	Working Time	Marks	Score
Calculator Free	1 - 2	3 minutes	20 minutes	15	
Calculator Assumed	3 - 5	5 minutes	35 minutes	28	
Total				43	

#### **1.** [5 marks]

Prove the following:  $\frac{1+\sin A}{1-\sin A} = 2\tan^2 A + 1 + \frac{2\tan A}{\cos A}$ 

# **2.** [10 marks]

Find the equation of the tangents to the curve  $x^2 + y^2 = 5x$  where the line y = x - 2 intersects it.

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#### **3.** [3 marks]

Find a counter example to the claim: 'A quadratic function of x is a function in which the highest power of x is 2'.

#### **4.** [4, 3, 4 marks]

(a) If 
$$x^3 + y^3 - 9xy = 0$$
, determine  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  at (3, 0).

**(b)** Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  if  $x \sin y = 2xy$ 

(c) If  $x = e^t \cos t$  and  $y = \sin t + \cos t$ , determine  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in its simplest form.

**5.** [2, 3, 4, 5 marks]

(a) Determine  $\int \cos^2(4x) dx$ 

(b) Determine 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-2x}} dx$$
 (Let  $u = 1-2x$ )

(c) Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$$
 by substituting  $x = 2\sin\theta$ 

(d) The figure shows part of the curve  $y = \sin x$ . Calculate the **exact** area of the shaded region.

