

Rossmoyne Senior High School

Semester One Examination, 2018
Question/Answer booklet

MATHEMATICS
METHODS
UNIT 3
Section Two:

Section Two:

Calculator-assumed

it to the supervisor before reading any further.

Important note to candidates

Special items:

To be provided by the candidate Standard items: pens (blue/black prefer correction fluid/tape, er	ed), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, sser, ruler, highlighters
Materials required/recommend To be provided by the supervisor This Question/Answer booklet Formula sheet (retained from Section One	
Time allowed for this section Reading time before commencing work:	ten minutes one hundred minutes
Teacher's	увше:
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No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is your responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised material. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand

and up to three calculators approved for use in this examination

drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper,

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METHODS UNIT 3 2 CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of examination
Section One: Calculator-free	8	8	50	52	35
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	12	12	100	81	65
				Total	100

Instructions to candidates

- The rules for the conduct of examinations are detailed in the school handbook. Sitting this
 examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
- 2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer booklet.
- 3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.
- 4. Supplementary pages for the use of planning/continuing your answer to a question have been provided at the end of this Question/Answer booklet. If you use these pages to continue an answer, indicate at the original answer where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number.
- 5. Show all your working clearly. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
- 6. It is recommended that you do not use pencil, except in diagrams.
- 7. The Formula sheet is not to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

See next page

SN085-115-2

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED 19 METHODS UNIT 3

Supplementary	page
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Question	number:	
Question	number:	

his section has twelve (12) questions. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the spaces rovided. Vorking time: 100 minutes.	ıd
thestion 9 (8 marks) he population of a city can be modelled by $P=P_0e^{kt}$, where P is the number of people living in	
be city, in millions, t years after the start of the year 2000. At the start of years 2007 and 2012 nere were 2.245 000 and 2.521 000 people respectively living in the city.	цļ
a) Determine the value of the constant k .	၉)
Determine the value of the constant P_0 .	a)
s) Use the model to determine during which year the population of the city will first exceed 3 000 000.	(د
d) Determine the rate of change of the city's population at the start of 2007. (2 marks)	၁)

3

65% (81 Marks)

METHODS UNIT 3

See next page

Section Two: Calculator-assumed

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

Z-911-980NS

METHODS UNIT 3

18

Supplementary page

Question number: _

METHODS UNIT 3

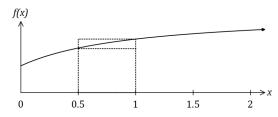
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CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

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Question 10 (6 marks)

The graph of $f(x) = \frac{6x+2}{x+1}$ is shown below.



Two rectangles are also shown on the graph, with dotted lines, and they both have corners just touching the curve. The smaller is called the inscribed rectangle and the larger is called the circumscribed rectangle.

(a) Complete the missing values in the table below.

(1 mark)

x	0	0.5	1	1.5	2
f(x)		$\frac{10}{3}$		<u>22</u> 5	14 3

(b) Complete the table of areas below and use the values to determine a lower and upper bound for $\int_0^2 f(x) \, dx$. (4 marks)

x interval	0 to 0.5	0.5 to 1	1 to 1.5	1.5 to 2
Area of inscribed rectangle				
Area of circumscribed rectangle	<u>5</u> 3			

(c) Explain how the bounds you found in (b) would change if a smaller number of larger intervals were used. (1 mark)

See next page

SN085-115-2

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

17

METHODS UNIT 3

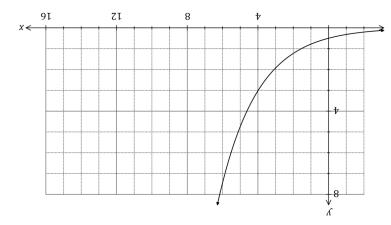
Supplementary page

Question number: _____

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(8 marks) 11 noiteauD 9

Three functions are defined by $f(x)=144e^{-0.25x}$, $g(x)=0.5e^{0.45x}$ and h(x)=0.5.



- (3 marks) functions. One of the functions is shown on the graph above. Add the graphs of the other two (s)
- (2 warks) all three functions. Working to three decimal places throughout, determine the area of the region enclosed by

See next page

SN085-115-2

Supplementary page

Question number:

METHODS UNIT 3 6 CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

Question 12 (3 marks)

The Richter magnitude, M, of an earthquake is determined from the logarithm of the amplitude, A, of waves recorded by seismographs.

$$M = \log_{10} \frac{A}{A_0}$$
, where A_0 is a reference value.

In January 1995, an earthquake in the city of Kobe, Japan was estimated at 7.2 on the Richter scale, while an earthquake in Chino Hills, U.S.A. measured 5.5 on the same scale in July 2008. How many times larger was the amplitude of the waves in Kobe compared to those at Chino Hills?

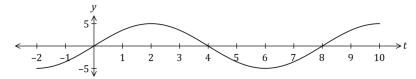
See next page

SN085-115-2

METHODS UNIT 3 15 CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

Question 20 (7 marks)

The graph of y = f(t) is shown below, where $f(t) = 5 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{4}\right)$

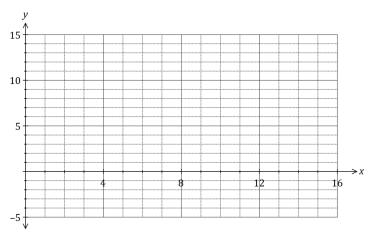


(a) Determine the exact area between the horizontal axis and the curve for $0 \le t \le 4$. (2 marks)

Another function, F, is defined as $F(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$ over the domain $0 \le x \le 16$.

(b) Determine the value(s) of x for which F(x) has a maximum and state the value of F(x) at this location. (2 marks)

(c) Sketch the graph of y = F(x) on the axes below. (3 marks)



End of questions SN085-115-2

Question 13 \triangle fuel storage tank, initially containing 430 L, is being filled at a rate given by

$$04 \ge 1 \ge 0 \qquad (\frac{150 - 31}{002})^2 = \frac{\sqrt{b}}{150}$$

where V is the volume of fuel in the tank in litres and t is the time in minutes since filling began. The tank will be completely full after 40 minutes.

(a) Calculate the volume of fuel in the tank after 20 minutes. (3 marks)

(b) Determine the time taken for the tank to fill to one-quarter of its maximum capacity.(4 marks)

 (b) Determine the exact increase in K and hence determine the percentage error in your approximation from (a). Give your answer to one decimal place.

(a) Use the incremental formula to approximate the increase in K, as θ changes from

An isosceles triangle has an area K, given by the equation $K=\frac{1}{2}r^2\sin\theta$, where r is the length of each equal side and θ is the angle between these two equal sides.

.mɔ 4 = τ to 0.3 π in a triangle with side length of τ = 4 cm.

See next page

Z-911-980NS Z-911-980NS

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

Question 14 (7 marks)

The monthly profit, P thousand dollars, of a retail store is a modelled by $P = t \ln(\frac{t}{2})$ for $0 < t \le 24$ where t is the time in months after establishing the store.

a) Find the instantaneous rate of change of profit with respect to time when t = 2. (2 marks)

b) Determine the maximum rate of change of profit with respect to time. (2 marks)

c) Find the largest loss that the store experienced and when it occurred. (3 marks)

See next page

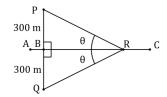
SN085-115-2

SN085-115-2

Question 18 (7 marks)

13

Two houses, P and Q, are 600 m apart on either side of a straight railway line AC. AC is the perpendicular bisector of PQ and the midpoint of PQ is B. A small train, R, leaves station C and travels towards B, 1000 m from C.



Let $\angle PRB = \angle QRB = \theta$, where $0 < \theta < 90^{\circ}$, and X = PR + QR + CR, the sum of the distances of the train from the houses and station.

(a) By forming expressions for PR, BR and CR, show that $X = 1000 + \frac{300(2 - \cos \theta)}{\sin \theta}$. (3 marks)

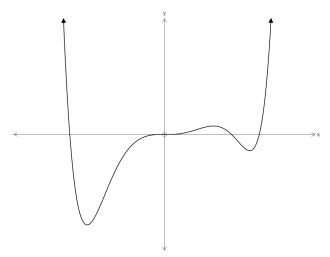
(b) Use a calculus method to determine the minimum value of X. (4 marks)

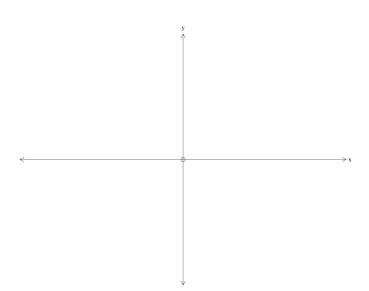
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Question 16 (3 marks)

Below is the graph of f(x). Using the axes below, construct the graph of f'(x).





Question 17

(11 marks)

The air pressure, P(h) in kPa, experienced by a weather balloon varies with its height above sea level h km and is given by

$$P(h) = 101.3e^{-0.128h}, 0 \le h \le 20$$
.

a) Determine $\frac{dP}{dh}$ when the height of the balloon is 1.8 km. (2 marks)

(b) What is the meaning of your answer to (a). (1 mark)

The height of the balloon above sea level varies with time t minutes and is given by

$$h(t) = \frac{t^2(90-t)}{5400}, 0 \le t \le 60$$
.

(c) Determine the air pressure experienced by the balloon when t = 42. (2 marks)