Test 1 2018

Year 12 Mathematics Methods

Test 1 2018

(a) Use calculus to locate and classify all the stationary points of f(x) and find any points of

(70 marks)

Year 12 Mathematics Methods

inflection.

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Test 1

Differentiaton, applications and Optimisation.

Basic antidifferentiation

Semester One 2018

Year 12 Mathematics Methods

Calculator Free



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Date: Friday 16th February 7.45am

You may have a formula sheet for this section of the test.

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(b) On the axes provided sketch the graph of f(x), $-1 \le x \le 4$, labelling all key features.

(4 marks)

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Test 1 2018

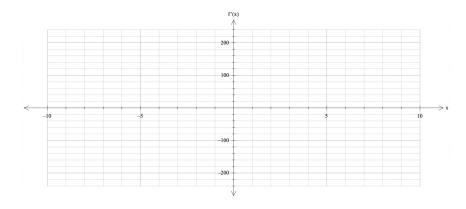
Question 2

(8 marks)

Consider the gradient function f'(x)=12 $\stackrel{\cdot}{\iota}$

(a) Graph the gradient function

(4 marks)



(b) What kind of feature is at the point (-5, -225) on the graph of f(x)?

(2 marks)

(c) What kind of feature is at the point (-2, -144) on the graph of f(x)?

(2 marks)

Year 12 Mathematics Methods

 $Test\ 1\ 2018$

Question 2 (6 marks)

A beverage company has decided to release a new product. "Modmash" is to be **sold** in $375\,mL$ cans that are perfectly cylindrical. {Hint: $1\,mL = 1\,c\,m^3$ }

(a) If the cans have a base radius of x cm show that the surface area of the can, S, is given

by:
$$S = 2\pi x^2 + \frac{750}{x}$$
. (2 marks)

(b) Using calculus methods, and showing full reasoning and justification, find the dimensions of the can that will minimise its surface area

(4 marks)

Test 1 2018Year 12 Mathematics Methods Test 1 2018

Year 12 Mathematics Methods

(e warks) Question 3

Clearly showing your use of the product, quotient or chain rule differentiate the following.

(YOU MAY LEAVE YOUR ANSWERS IN UNSIMPLIFIED FORM)

5q 01 (в (2 marks)

 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+x}}$ (q (J marks)

consider the function $f(x-1)^2(x-1)+1$ (3 marks)

 ν alues of u and ν . If f'(x)=(x-1)(ux+v), where u and v are constants, use calculus to find the

> A further 4 seconds later its displacement is $178\ \text{cm}.$ The model train has an initial velocity of 5cm/s. After 2 seconds, it has a displacement of -50cm.

(4 marks) (b) Determine the value of the constant p.

(z marks) (c) When is the model train at rest?

(S marks) (d) How far did the model train travel in the 8th second.

 $8 \ {\rm lo} \ \mathbf{6} \ {\rm of} \ \mathbf{8}$

 $8 \ {\rm lo} \ \mathbf{8} \ {\rm egg}$

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Question 4 (4 marks)

The time T seconds, for one complete swing of a pendulum of length lm, is given by the rule $T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$, where g is a constant.

(a) Determine $\frac{dT}{dl}$, (2 marks)

(b) Using the formula $\partial T \approx \frac{dT}{dl} \times \partial l$, find the approximate increase in T when l is increased from 1.6 to 1.7. Give the answer in terms of g. (2 marks)



Test 1

Differentiation , applications and Optimisation.

Basic antidifferentiation

Semester One 2018 Year 12 Mathematics Methods Calculator Assumed

Date: Friday 16th February 7.45am_

You may have

- a formula sheet
- one page of A4 notes, one side
- a scientific calculator
- a Classpad

Total____/25

25 minutes

Question 1

(9 marks)

A model train travels on a straight track such that its acceleration after t seconds is given by $a(t) = pt - 13 \, cm/s^2$, $0 \le t \le 10$, where p is a constant.

(a) Determine the initial acceleration of the model train.

(1 mark)