

Mathematics: Units 3A and 3B
Formula Sheet

Number and algebra

Index laws:
For $a, b > 0$ and m, n real,
 $a^m b^m = (ab)^m$ $a^m a^n = a^{m+n}$ $(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$
 $a^{-m} = \frac{1}{a^m}$ $\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$ $a^0 = 1$
 $\sqrt[n]{a} = a^{\frac{1}{n}}$ for m an integer and n a positive integer

Simple interest : $I = Prt$, where P is the principal, r is the rate per year and t is the time in years
Compound interest :

$A = P(1 + r)^n$ compounded annually
 $A = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^n$ compounded n times a year

Differentiation:

If $f(x) = y$, then $f'(x) = \frac{dy}{dx}$

Powers:

If $f(x) = x^n$, then $f'(x) = nx^{n-1}$ or If $y = x^n$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} = nx^{n-1}$

Product rule:

If $y = f(x)g(x)$

or If $y = uv$

then $y' = f'(x)g(x) + f(x)g'(x)$

then $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \frac{du}{dx} + u \frac{dv}{dx}$

Integration :

$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + c, n \neq -1$

Antiderivative:

Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^n$ then $y = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + c, n \neq -1$

In any triangle ABC :

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$
$$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$$
$$A = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C, \text{ where } A \text{ is the area}$$

Space and measurement

Circle : $C = 2\pi r = \pi D$, where C is the circumference, r is the radius and D is the diameter

$A = \pi r^2$, where A is the area

Triangle: $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$, where b is the base and h is the perpendicular height

Parallelogram: $A = bh$

Trapezium : $A = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$ where a and b are the lengths of the parallel sides
and h is the perpendicular height

Prism: $V = Ah$, where V is the volume, A is the area of the base and
 h is the perpendicular height

Pyramid: $V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$

Cylinder : $S = 2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2$, where S is the total surface area

$V = \pi r^2 h$

Cone : $S = \pi rs + \pi r^2$ where s is the slant height

$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Sphere : $S = 4\pi r^2$

$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Chance and data

$$P(A) + P(\bar{A}) = 1$$

In a normal distribution approximately:

68% of values lie within one (1) standard deviation of the mean

95% of values lie within two (2) standard deviations of the mean

99.7% of values lie within three (3) standard deviations of the mean.

Note: Any additional formulas identified by the examination panel as necessary will be included in the body of the particular question.
