

# Course Methods Year 12 test three 2022

Student name:	Teacher name:					
Task type:	Response					
Time allowed for this task:40 mins						
Number of questions:6						
Materials required:	Upto 3 calculators/classpads allowed					
Standard items:	Pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters					
Special items:	Drawing instruments, templates, <b>one page of A4 notes doublesided</b>					
Marks available:	43 marks					
Task weighting:	_10%					
Formula sheet provided: Yes						
Note: All part questions worth more than 2 marks require working to obtain full marks.						

## Q1 (3, 3 & 2 = 8 marks) (3.3.1)

Consider the discrete random variable X and the table of probabilities below.

X	0	1	2	3	4
P(X = x)	0.2	а	0.3	b	0.25

a) Given that the expected value of X is 2.15, determine the values of a & b.

b) Determine the standard deviation of X to 3 dp, showing all reasoning.

c) Determine the E(3X + 4) and Variance(3X + 4).

### Q2 (3, 2, 1 & 3 = 9 marks) (3.3.3)

The number of X minutes late a train arrives at a particular station is a uniform probability distribution from 5 mins to 25 mins.

a) Sketch the probability density function for  $\, X \,$  showing all relevant features and labels.

### Q2 continued

- b) Determine the probability that the train will be less than 12 mins late given that it is at least 7 mins late.
- c) Determine the mean number of minutes late.
- d) Determine the standard deviation of X showing all reasoning.

### Q3 (3, 3 & 2 = 8 marks) (3.3.1)

Consider a game where two ordinary dice are thrown into the air and then land and the sum of the two top numbers is added. If the sum is a prime number (2,3,5,7....) etc then this is considered a win.

a) Determine the probability of a win. Show reasoning.

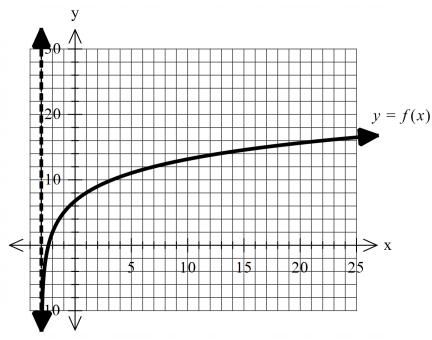
b) If this game was played 10 times, determine the probability that a win occurs at least 7 times. Show all reasoning.

Q3 cont-

c) Let  $X = \sup$  of the top numbers of both dice. Determine the mean and standard deviation for X .

Q4) (5 marks) (4.1.6)

Consider  $f(x) = r \log_5 (x + p) + q$  where r, p & q are constants.



Using the graph above and given that the following points

(22,16)&(2,9) lie on the curve y = f(x), determine the values of r, p & q.

Q5 (2, 2 & 2 = 6 marks) (4.2.2)

Consider the probability density function  $f(x) = ax^3(x-5)$ ,  $1 \le x \le 5$  and zero for all other values of x.

- a) Show that  $a = -\frac{5}{776}$ .
- b) Determine the probability  $\Pr(X \le 3 \mid 2 \le X \le 4)$  for the above function.

c) Determine the median.

Q6 (2 & 5 = 7 marks) (4.1.11)

a) Show without the use of a classpad how to  $\frac{d}{dx} [5x \ln(3x+1)]$ 

Continued on next page for Q6b

b) Using (a) above and without the use of a classpad, show how to evaluate  $\int_{0}^{1} 3 \ln (3x+1) dx$ .

Hint-use 
$$\frac{3x}{3x+1} = 1 - \frac{1}{3x+1}$$

Mathematics 1	Department
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Perth Modern

Q6 continued