

Question Seven: [8 marks]

CA

The area bounded by the curve $f(x) = ax^2 + b$ and the x axis over the domain $-1 \leq x \leq 2$ is 10.5 units².

The equation of the tangent to $f(x)$ at $x = 1$ is $y = x + c$.

Determine the values of a , b and c .

$$f'(x) = 2ax$$

$$f'(1) = 1$$

$$2a = 1$$

$$a = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\int_{-1}^2 \frac{1}{2} x^2 + b \, dx = 10.5$$

$$\left[\frac{x^3}{3} + bx \right]_{-1}^2 = 10.5$$

$$\frac{8}{3} + 2b + \frac{1}{3} - b = 10.5$$

$$\frac{6}{3} + b = 10.5$$

$$b = 9$$

$$f(1) = \frac{1}{2} + 9 = 9.5$$

$$9.5 = 1 + c$$

$$c = 8.5$$

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$$f(1) = \frac{1}{2} + 9 = 9.5$$

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Calculator Assumed
Time: 45 minutes
Total Marks: 45
Your Score: / 45



Question One: [3 marks]

CA

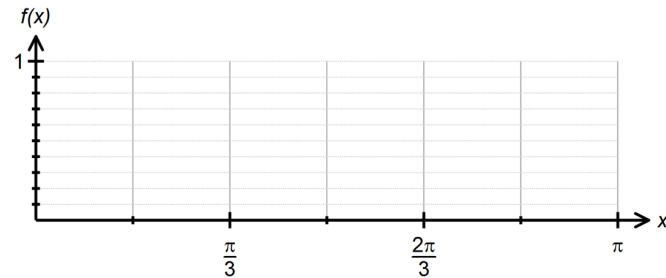
The area under the curve $f(x) = 4e^{3x}$ over the domain $0 \leq x \leq 10$ is $\frac{3}{40}(-e^{-3} + 1)$.

Determine the value of k .

Question Two: [2, 2, 3, 3 = 10 marks] CA

Consider the function $f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$

- (a) Sketch $f(x)$ over the domain $0 \leq x \leq \pi$



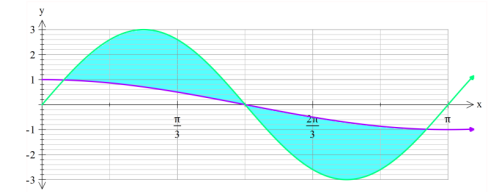
- (b) Draw rectangles on your graph that can be used to overestimate the area under $f(x)$ over the domain $0 \leq x \leq \pi$, where $\delta x = \frac{\pi}{6}$.
- (c) Hence approximate the area under the curve over the domain $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.
- (d) Calculate the margin of error between your answer in part (c) and the exact value of the area under the curve over the domain $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.

Question Five: [4 marks] CA

Calculate the area enclosed between the two curves $y = \cos x$ and $y = 3\sin(2x)$ over the domain $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.

Draw a sketch to support your solution.

$$\text{Area} = 2 \int_{0.1674}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} 3\sin(2x) - \cos x \, dx = 4.17 \text{ units}^2$$

**Question Six: [4 marks] CA**

The area of the shaded region of $y = a \sin bx$ below is 6 units².

Determine the values of a and b .

$$\int_0^{\frac{2\pi}{b}} a \sin bx \, dx = 6$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{b}} a \sin bx \, dx = 3 \quad \checkmark$$

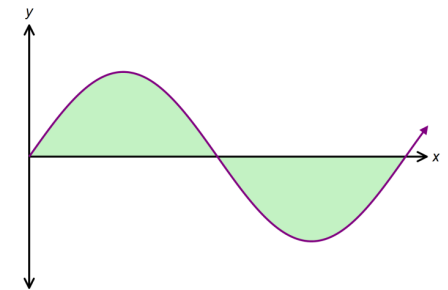
$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin x \, dx = 2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} 1.5 \sin x \, dx = 3 \quad \checkmark$$

$$a = 1.5 \quad \checkmark$$

$$b = 1$$

$$\text{or where } \frac{2a}{b} = 3 \quad a = 1.5b$$



Question Four: [2, 2, 3 = 7 marks]

CA

The marginal cost of producing x units of a certain product is $120 - 0.5x + 0.01x^2$ dollars per unit.

(a) Determine the extra cost associated with producing the 31st item.

$$C'(30) = 120 - 0.5(30) + 0.01(30)^2$$

$$C'(30) = \$114$$

(b) Find the increase in cost if the production level is increased from 200 units to 500 units.

$$\int_{200}^{500} (120 - 0.5x + 0.01x^2) dx = \$373\,500$$

(c) The marginal revenue from producing and selling x units of a certain product is $x + 2x^2$. Determine the profit function if the profit from producing 10 items is \$38.33.

$$P'(x) = x + 2x^2 - (120 - 0.5x + 0.01x^2)$$

$$= 1.99x^2 + 1.5x - 120$$

$$P(x) = \frac{1.99x^3}{3} + \frac{4}{4} - 120x + c$$

$$38.33 = \frac{1.99(10)^3}{3} + \frac{4}{3(10)^2} - 120(10) + c$$

$$c = 500$$

$$P(x) = \frac{1.99x^3}{3} + \frac{4}{3x^2} - 120x + 500$$

Question Three: [1, 2, 2, 2, 2 = 9 marks]

CA

The acceleration of a particle moving in rectilinear motion is given by $a(t) = -4\cos(2t) + 12t$, where t is time in seconds and $a(t)$ is ms^{-2} . The initial velocity of the particle is -4 m/s .

(a) Determine the initial acceleration of the particle.

(b) Determine an expression for the velocity of the particle.

(c) Calculate when the speed of the particle is 4 m/s .

(d) Calculate the change in displacement in the first second.

(e) Calculate the distance travelled in the third second.

Question Four: [2, 2, 3 = 7 marks]**CA**

The marginal cost of producing x units of a certain product is $120 - 0.5x + 0.01x^2$ dollars per unit.

- (a) Determine the extra cost associated with producing the 31st item.
- (b) Find the increase in cost if the production level is increased from 200 units to 500 units.
- (c) The marginal revenue from producing and selling x units of a certain product is $x + 2x^2$. Determine the profit function if the profit from producing 10 items is \$38.33.

Question Three: [1, 2, 2, 2, 2 = 9 marks]**CA**

The acceleration of a particle moving in rectilinear motion is given by $a(t) = -4\cos(2t) + 12t$, where t is time in seconds and $a(t)$ is ms^{-2} . The initial velocity of the particle is -4 m/s .

- (a) Determine the initial acceleration of the particle.

$$a(0) = -4\text{ms}^{-2} \quad \checkmark$$

- (b) Determine an expression for the velocity of the particle.

$$v(t) = \int -4\cos(2t) + 12t \, dt$$

$$v(t) = -2\sin(2t) + 6t^2 + c \quad \checkmark$$

$$-4 = -2\sin(0) + 6(0)^2 + c$$

$$c = -4$$

$$v(t) = -2\sin(2t) + 6t^2 - 4 \quad \checkmark$$

- (c) Calculate when the speed of the particle is 4 m/s .

$$|v(t)| = 4 \quad \checkmark$$

$$t = 0\text{s}, 0.543\text{s}, 1.24\text{s} \quad \checkmark$$

- (d) Calculate the change in displacement in the first second.

$$\int_0^1 v(t) \, dt = -3.42\text{m} \quad \checkmark \quad \checkmark$$

- (e) Calculate the distance travelled in the third second.

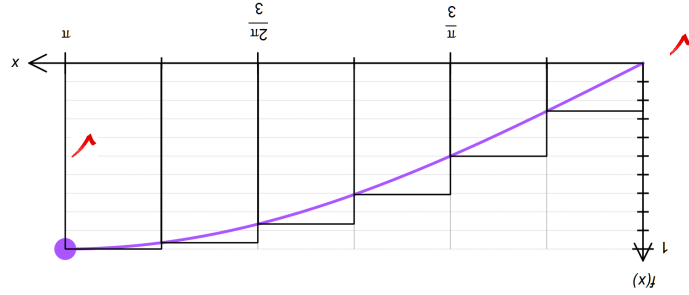
$$\int_2^3 |v(t)| \, dt = 35.62\text{m} \quad \checkmark \quad \checkmark$$

Question Two: [2, 2, 3, 3 = 10 marks]

CA

Consider the function $f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$

(a) Sketch $f(x)$ over the domain $0 \leq x \leq \pi$



(b) Draw rectangles on your graph that can be used to overestimate the area under $f(x)$ over the domain $0 \leq x \leq \pi$, where $\delta x = \frac{\pi}{6}$.

(c) Hence approximate the area under the curve over the domain $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.

$$Area = \frac{\pi}{6} \left(\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$Area = 2.25 \text{ units}^2$$

(d) Calculate the margin of error between your answer in part (c) and the exact value of the area under the curve over the domain $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.

$$\int_0^\pi \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx = 2$$

$$2.25 - 2 = 0.25$$

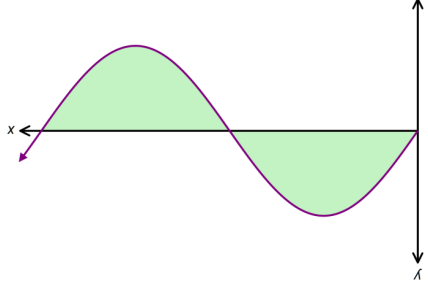
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The equation of the tangent to $f(x)$ at $x=1$ is $y = x + c$.

Determine the values of a , b and c .



SOLUTIONS
Calculator Assumed
Applications of Anti-Differentiation 1

Time: 45 minutes
 Total Marks: 45
 Your Score: / 45

Question One: [3 marks] CA

The area under the curve $f(x) = 4e^{kx}$ over the domain $0 \leq x \leq 10$ is $\frac{40}{3}(-e^{-3} + 1)$.

Determine the value of k .

$$\int_0^{10} 4e^{kx} dx = \frac{40}{3}(-e^{-3} + 1)$$

$$\checkmark \left[\frac{4e^{kx}}{k} \right]_0^{10} = \frac{40}{3}(-e^{-3} + 1)$$

$$\frac{4e^{10k}}{k} - \frac{4}{k} = \frac{40}{3}(-e^{-3} + 1) \checkmark$$

$$k = -0.3 \checkmark$$