Physics 11 Heat And CoolingTest Answers to questions to be written in the space provided
Answers to questions involving calculations should be evaluated and given in decimal form. Quote the final answer to not more than four significant figures.
Marks maybe deducted for not showing working. Working must be legible and clearly set out.
Questions containing the instruction estimate may give insufficient numerical data for their solution. Students should provide appropriate figures to enable an approximate solution to be obtained.
Name
Teacher
Mark

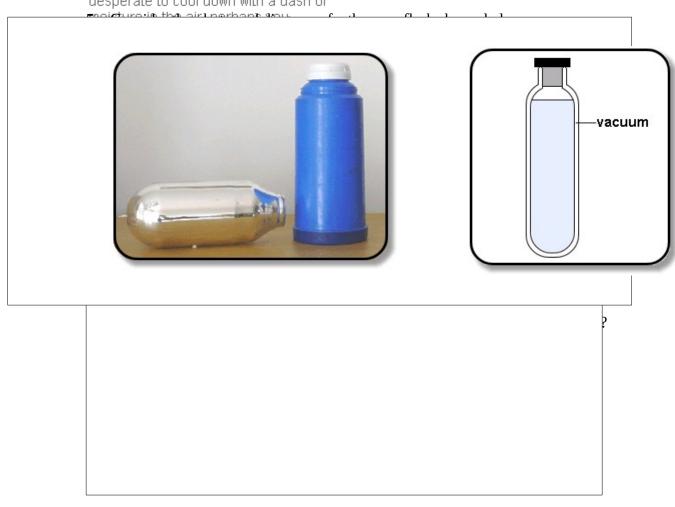
1. Consider a cup of cof	fee at 95°C and a bath of water at 40°C.
Dr. considerin	a the melecules of a voter annulain a shorthe coffee is at 1
	r?
2. The diagram below sh	nows a reverse cycle air conditioner.
- Marie 100	
a. What does the	term "reverse cycle" mean
b. Explain how t	he air conditioner is able to cool a room?

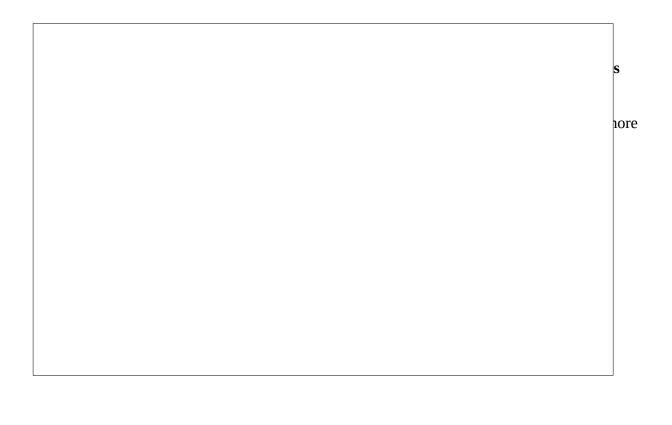


4. Complete the following conversions:

a. 25.0 °C to K

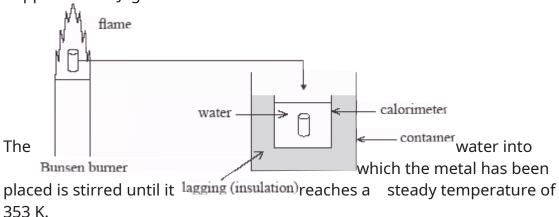
b. 4.50 x 10² K to ⁶C Do Aussie summers make you feel like you're roasting in a dry oven? If you're desperate to cool down with a dash of



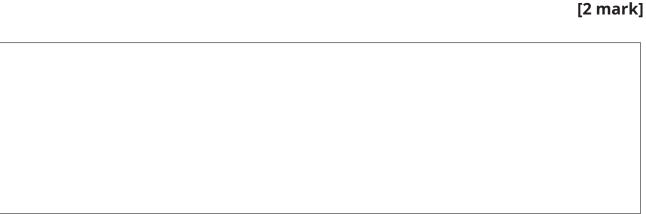


[12 marks]

1. In an experiment to measure the temperature of a Bunsen burner flame. A 250g piece of copper is held in the flame of a Bunsen burner for several minutes. The metal is then quickly transferred to 285 ml of water contained in a 40.0 g calorimeter at 288 K. Please note specific heat for Copper is 380Jkg⁻¹K⁻¹



a. Explain why the metal is transferred as quickly as possible from the flame to the water.



b. Explain why the water is stirred.

k]

c. A	Assumina nealiaible enerav losses in the processes involved, he
ا الم	laina vave anavar from a) dotormino the tomporative of the
e. It	f instead of water, the same mass of ethyl alcohol was used.

