



**PERTH MODERN SCHOOL**  
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**Independent Public School**

**Course** \_\_\_\_\_ **Specialist** \_\_\_\_\_ **Year** \_\_\_\_**12**\_\_\_\_\_

**Student name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Teacher name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Task type:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Response**

**Time allowed for this task:** \_\_\_\_**40**\_\_\_\_\_ mins

**Number of questions:** \_\_\_\_**7**\_\_\_\_\_

**Materials required:** Calculator with CAS capability (to be provided by the student)

**Standard items:** Pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

**Special items:** Drawing instruments, templates, notes on one unfolded sheet of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in the WACE examinations

**Marks available:** \_\_\_\_**38**\_\_\_\_\_ marks

**Task weighting:** \_\_\_\_**10**\_\_\_\_\_ %

**Formula sheet provided:** Yes

**Note:** All part questions worth more than 2 marks require working to obtain full marks.

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Q1 (2, 2 &amp; 3 = 7 marks) (3.1.1 to 3.1.3)

If  $z = 3 - 4i$  &  $w = -1 + 2i$  determine the following.a)  $w\bar{z}$ 

Solution
$(-1 + 2i)(3 + 4i) = -11 + 2i$
Specific behaviours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ shows conjugate of <math>z</math></li> <li>✓ obtains result</li> </ul>

b)  $\frac{z}{w}$ 

Solution
$\frac{3 - 4i}{-1 + 2i} \times \frac{-1 - 2i}{-1 - 2i} = \frac{-11 - 2i}{5}$
Specific behaviours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ uses conjugate</li> <li>✓ obtains simplified result</li> </ul>

c)  $\frac{1}{z} - \frac{1}{w}$ 

Solution
$\frac{1}{3 - 4i} \times \frac{3 + 4i}{3 + 4i} = \frac{3 + 4i}{25}$ $\frac{1}{-1 + 2i} \times \frac{-1 - 2i}{-1 - 2i} = \frac{-1 - 2i}{5} = \frac{-5 - 10i}{25}$ $\frac{3 + 4i}{25} + \frac{5 + 10i}{25} = \frac{8 + 14i}{25}$
Specific behaviours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ expresses one fraction with real denominator showing use of conjugates</li> <li>✓ expresses both fractions with real denominators showing use of conjugates</li> <li>✓ simplified result</li> </ul> (answer only one mark)

Q2 (3 marks) (3.1.2)

Determine all possible pairs of real numbers  $a$  &  $b$  such that  $\frac{19 - 33i}{a + 2i} = 1 + bi$ 

Solution
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$$\frac{19 - 33i}{a + 2i} = 1 + bi$$

$$19 - 33i = (1 + bi)(a + 2i) = a - 2b + i(ab + 2)$$

#### Specific behaviours

- ✓ obtains one equation for a & b
- ✓ states two simultaneous equations and solves for at least one pair
- ✓ states two pairs of values

Q3 (2 & 3 = 5 marks) (3.1.13- 3.1.15)

Consider the function  $f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 9x - 45$ .

- a) Determine the remainder of  $f(x)$  when divided by  $x - 5$ .

#### b) Solution

#### Specific behaviours

- ✓ subs x=5

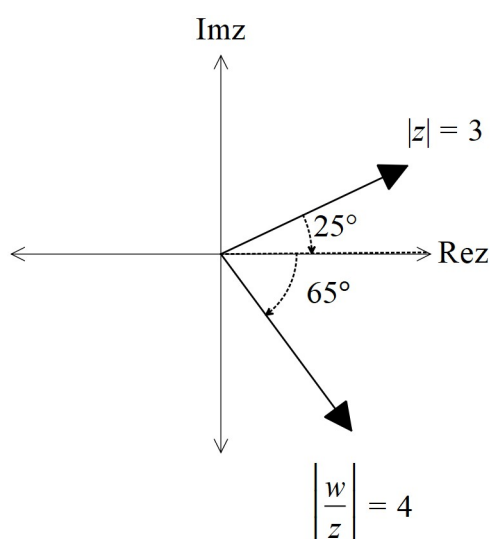
✓ states zero remainder

c) Show that  $x - 3i$  is a factor of  $f(x)$  and hence determine all linear factors.

Solution
$(3i)^3 - 5(3i)^2 + 9(3i) - 45 = -27i + 45 + 27i - 45 = 0$ $(x - 3i)(x + 3i)(x - 5)$
Specific behaviours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ subs <math>x=3i</math> and shows the result of <b>each</b> term with the sum being zero</li> <li>✓ uses conjugate root stating two complex linear factors</li> <li>✓ states all 3 linear factors</li> </ul>

Q4 (3 marks) (3.1.9)

Determine the complex number  $w$  in the form  $rcis\theta$  with  $r \geq 0$  &  $-180 < \theta \leq 180$ .



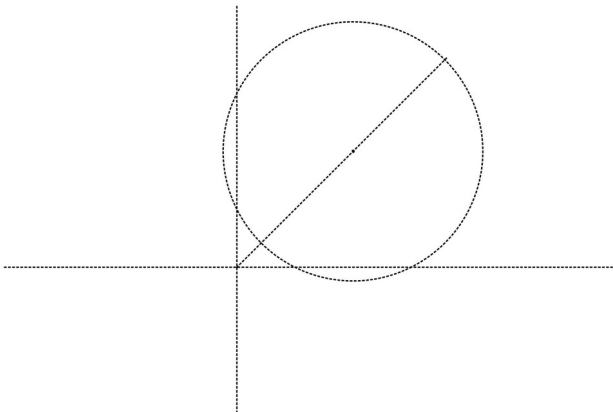
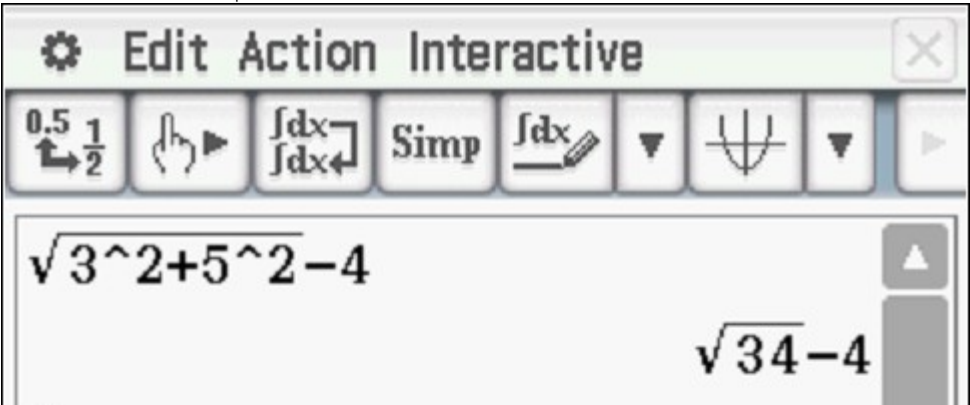
Solution
$\text{Arg} w - 25 = -65$ $\text{Arg} w = -40$ $\frac{ w }{3} = 4$ $ w  = 12$ $w = 12cis(-40^\circ)$

<b>Specific behaviours</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ determines argument with working</li> <li>✓ states modulus</li> <li>✓ states in polar form with principal argument</li> </ul>

Q5 (2, 2, 3 & 3 = 10 marks) (3.1.10)

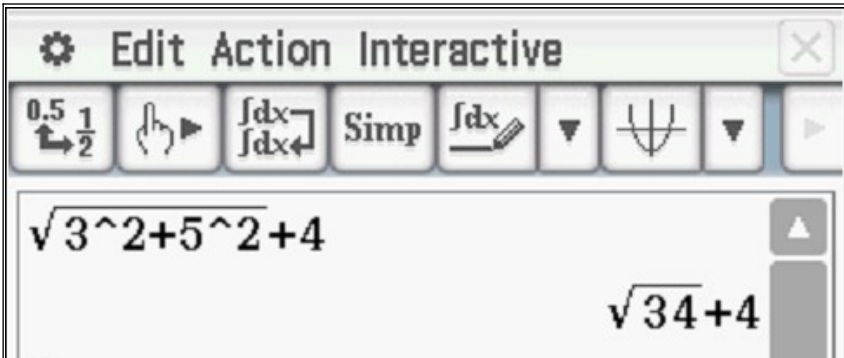
Consider the following set of complex numbers  $z$  such that  $|z - 5 - 3i| = 4$ .  
Determine the following.

- a) Minimum value of  $|z|$ . (exact)

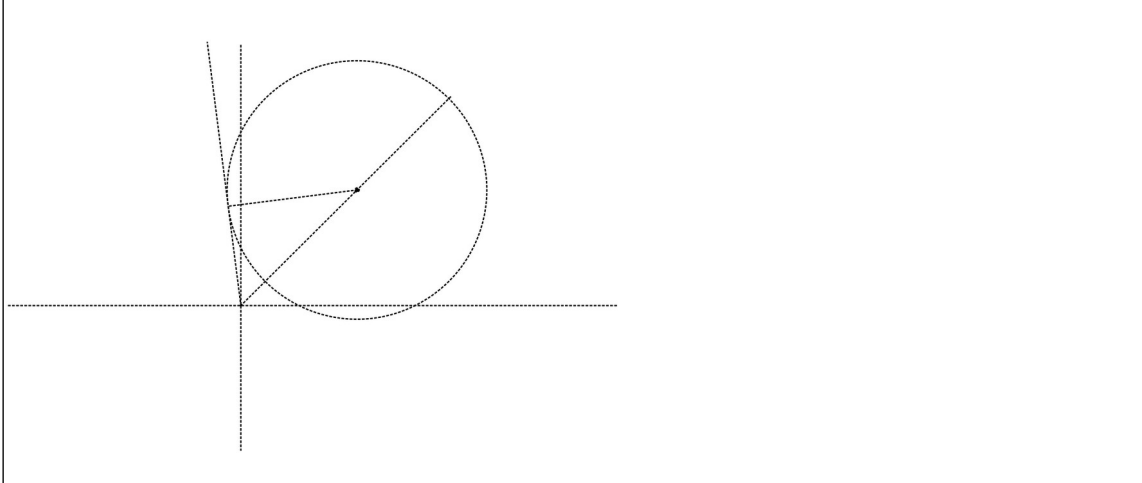
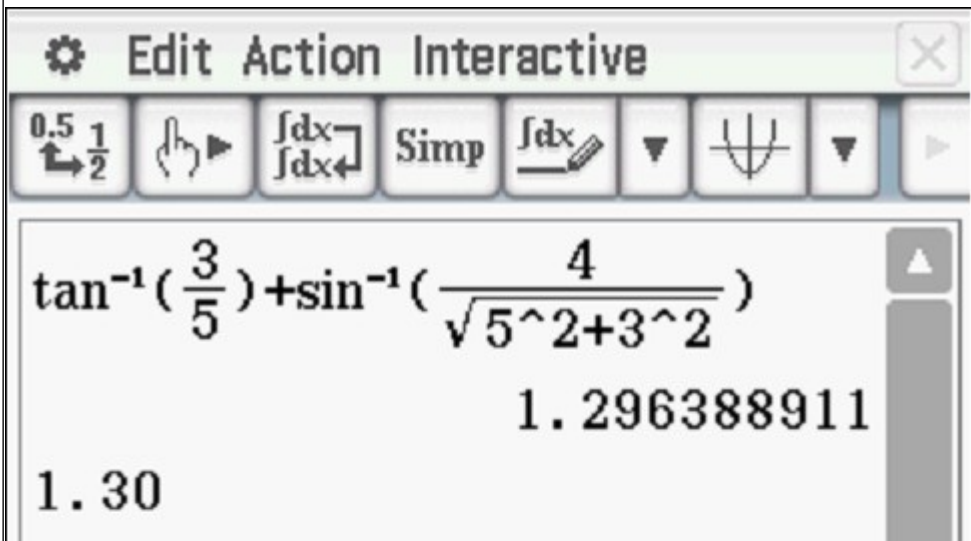
<b>Solution</b>


<b>Specific behaviours</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ uses modulus of centre</li> <li>✓ states exact value</li> </ul>

- b) Maximum value of  $|\bar{z}|$ .

<b>Solution</b>

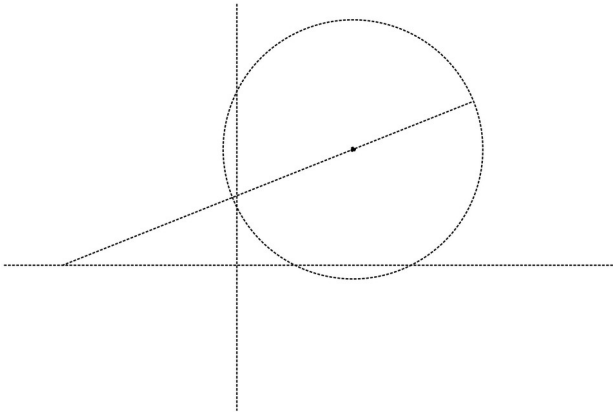
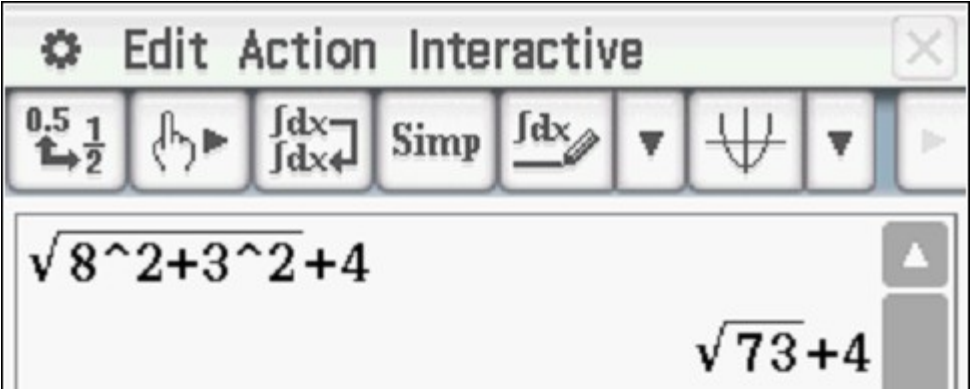
	
<b>Specific behaviours</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ uses modulus of centre and ignores conjugate</li> <li>✓ states exact value</li> </ul>	

- c) Maximum value of  $\text{Arg}(z)$  in radians to two decimal places.

<b>Solution</b>	
	
	
<b>Specific behaviours</b>	

- ✓ uses tangent line and finds argument of centre
- ✓ uses inverse sine to find added argument to tangent
- ✓ states argument rounded to 2 dp radians

d) Maximum value of  $|z + 3|$  (exact)

Solution


Specific behaviours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ use distance from -3 on real axis</li> <li>✓ determine distance to centre from -3</li> <li>✓ adds radius to give maximum distance</li> </ul>

Q6 (3 & 3 = 6 marks) (3.1.6)

Let  $p, q$  &  $s$  be complex numbers such that

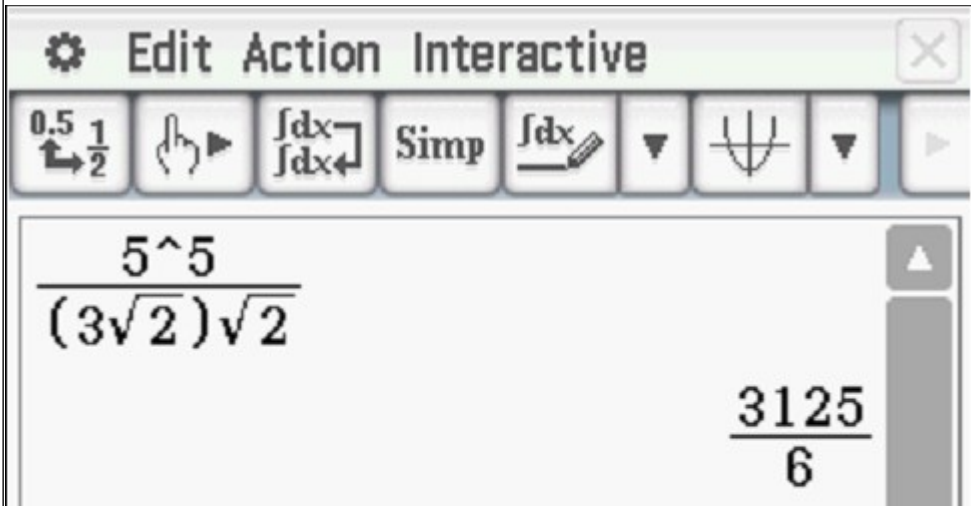
$$|p| = 5 \quad \text{Arg}(p) = \frac{\pi}{6} \quad \bar{q} = 1 - i$$

$$s = \frac{p^5}{(3 + 3i)q}$$

- a) Determine the exact value of  $\text{Arg}(s)$  in principal form (i.e.  $-\pi < \text{Arg}(s) \leq \pi$ )

Solution
$\frac{5\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{3}$
Specific behaviours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ multiplies <math>\text{Arg}(p)</math> by 5</li> <li>✓ determines argument of <math>q</math></li> <li>✓ determines final principal argument of <math>s</math></li> </ul>

- b) Determine the exact value of  $|s|$

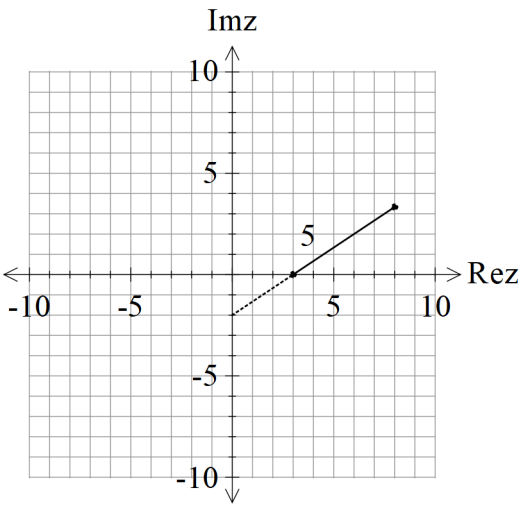
Solution

Specific behaviours
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ raises mod of <math>p</math> to power of 5</li> <li>✓ determines mod of both terms in denominator</li> <li>✓ determines exact result</li> </ul>

Q7 (4 marks) (3.1.10)

Sketch the locus of complex numbers that satisfy **both** of the following

$|z + 2i| = |z - 3| + \sqrt{13}$  **AND**  $|z + 2i| \leq \sqrt{13} + 5$  in the Argand diagram below.



Solution	
	
Specific behaviours	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ uses line that when extended passes through -2 on imaginary axis (dotted)</li><li>✓ has line passing through 3 on real axis</li><li>✓ only allows part of line above real axis</li><li>✓ shows that line only has a length of 5 units</li></ul>	