

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_



Methodist Ladies' College Semester 2, 2010

## 3CD MATHEMATICS

### Question/Answer Booklet – Section 2 – Calculator-assumed

Teacher's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

#### *Time allowed for this paper*

Section	Reading	Working
<b>Calculator-free</b>	<b>5 minutes</b>	<b>50 minutes</b>
<b>Calculator-assumed</b>	10 minutes	100 minutes

#### Materials required/recommended for this paper

##### Section One (Calculator-assumed): 80 marks

##### To be provided by the supervisor

Section Two Question/Answer booklet

Formula sheet

##### To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens, pencils, pencil sharpener, eraser, correction fluid, ruler, highlighters

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators satisfying the conditions set by the Curriculum Council for this course.

##### **Important Note to candidates**

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.



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***Instructions to candidates***

1. **All** questions should be attempted.
2. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question/Answer Booklet. Spare answer pages may be found at the end of this booklet. If you need to use them, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued (i.e. give the page number).
3. **Show all your working clearly.** Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required. If you repeat an answer to any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
4. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil** except in diagrams.

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Section Two: Calculator-assumed

(80 Marks)

This section has **thirteen (13)** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the space provided.

Suggested working time for this section is 100 minutes.

Question 10

(5 marks)

(a) The population  $\{2, 3, 5, 7\}$  has mean  $\mu = 4.25$  and standard deviation  $\sigma = 1.92$ .

- (i) When sampling **with** replacement, how many different samples of size 2 can be selected from this population? [1]

The mean of each of these samples is computed.

- (ii) What is the mean and standard deviation of the distribution of sample means? [2]

(b) An urn contains exactly three balls numbered 1, 2 and 3 respectively. Random samples of two balls are drawn from the urn **without** replacement. The average,  $\bar{X}$ , of the selected balls is recorded after each drawing.

Write down the probability distribution for  $\bar{X}$ . [2]

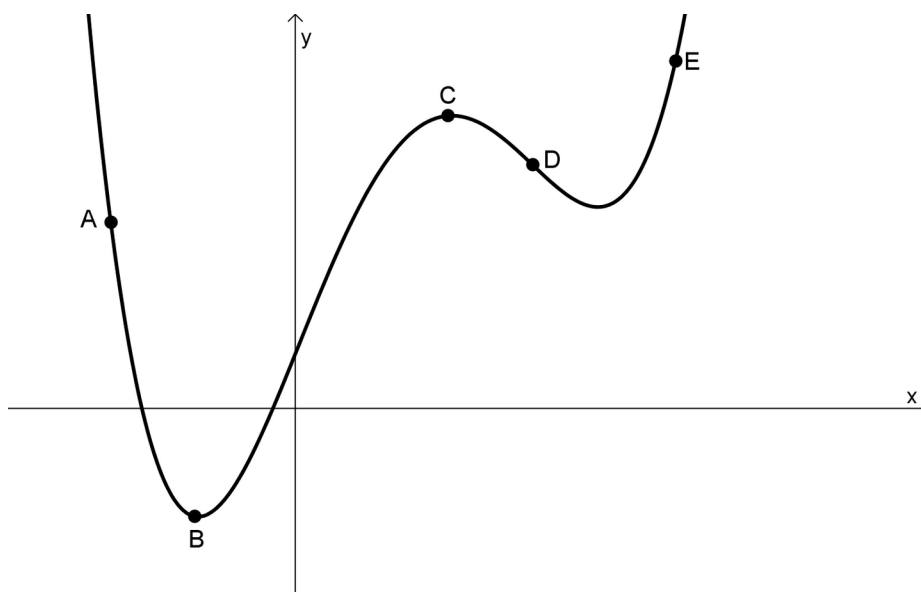
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Question 11

(3 marks)



In each part, list the points (A-E) on the graph of  $f$  that satisfy the given conditions.

(a)  $f'(x) > 0$  and  $f(x) >$

(b)  $f'(x) < 0$  and  $f(x) >$

(c)  $f'(x) = 0$  and  $f(x) <$

(d)  $f'(x) = 0$  and  $f(x) >$

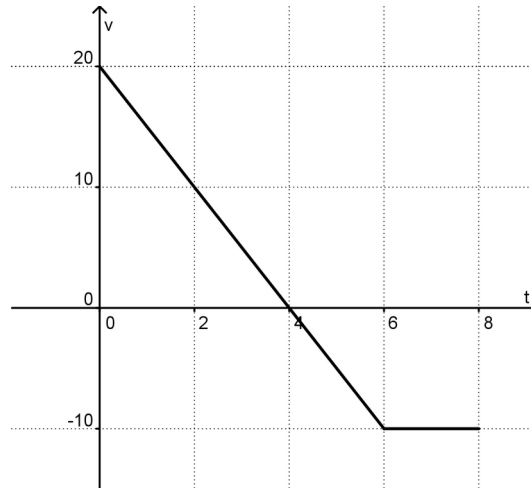
(e)  $f'(x) < 0$  and  $f(x) =$

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Question 12

(5 marks)

The diagram below shows the  $v-t$  graph for a particle which moves in a horizontal straight line for  $0 \leq t \leq 8$  seconds. At time  $t=0$  seconds the particle is at a point  $O$  on the line; the initial velocity is  $20 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .



Find:

- (a) the distance of the particle from  $O$  when  $t=8$ .

[3]

- (b) the maximum distance of the particle from  $O$ .

[1]

- (c) the acceleration of the particle when  $t=2$ .

[1]

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Question 13

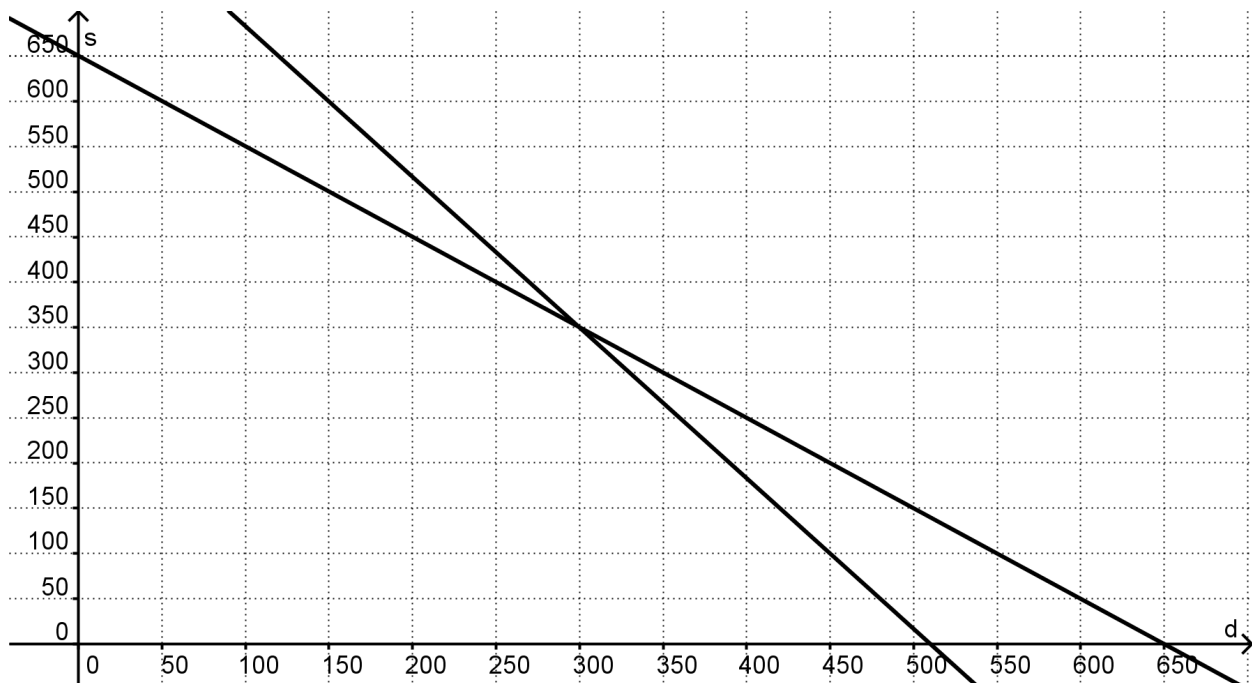
(8 marks)

The Hiltonia group is planning a new hotel which is to be built on the Perth Esplanade. The hotel will have no more than 650 bedrooms, comprising single bedrooms and double bedrooms. To meet anticipated demand, there should be at most 14 double bedrooms for every 5 single bedrooms. It takes 30 minutes to clean a single bedroom and 50 minutes to clean a double bedroom. There are no more than 425 man hours available each day for cleaning the bedrooms.

Each occupied single bedroom provides a daily profit of \$60 and each occupied double bedroom provides a daily profit of \$80.

- (a) If  $s$  and  $d$  represent the number of single bedrooms and double bedrooms respectively, then  $s + d \leq 650$  and  $0.5s + \frac{5}{6}d \leq 425$  are two of the constraint inequalities. Write down the other inequality, apart from  $s \geq 0$  and  $d \geq 0$ . [1]

- (b) Sketch the remaining constraint and indicate the feasible region on the axes below. [2]



- (c) Assuming the hotel achieves 80% occupancy for each type of room, determine the maximum daily profit. [3]

- (d) By how much can the daily profit on a single bedroom fall without affecting the optimal solution? Assume that the daily profit on a double bedroom does not change and that occupancy remains at 80%. [2]

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1234567-8

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**Question 14**

**(10 marks)**

A bag contains 4 red balls and 6 green balls. Four balls are drawn at random from the bag without replacement.

(a) Calculate the probability that:

(i) all the balls drawn are green, [2]

(ii) at least one ball of each colour is drawn, [2]

(iii) at least two green balls are drawn, given that at least one of each colour is drawn. [3]

(b) Are the events 'at least 2 green balls are drawn' and 'at least one ball of each colour is drawn' independent? Justify your answer. [3]

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Question 15

(7 marks)

The continuous random variable  $X$  has probability density function  $f$  given by:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k(4-x^2) & -2 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Show that  $k = \frac{3}{32}$ . [3]

- (b) Find  $P(X < 1)$ . [2]

- (c) Determine the median value of  $X$ . [2]

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Question 16

(8 marks)

The sequence of numbers 3, 6, 10, 15, 21, ... are known as triangular numbers.

- (a) Show that the first three triangular numbers can each be written as the sum of the first  $n$  consecutive positive integers. [1]

- (b) Hence, determine the 10<sup>th</sup> triangular number. [1]

The formula  $\frac{n}{2}(1+n)$  can be used to determine the sum of the first  $n$  positive integers.

- (c) Use this formula to determine the 99<sup>th</sup> triangular number. [1]

- (d) For each of the first three triangular numbers, multiply the number by 8 and then add 1. [1]

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- (e) Based on your results from (d), write a conjecture relating to multiplying any triangular number by 8 and then adding 1. [1]

- (f) Prove your conjecture. [3]

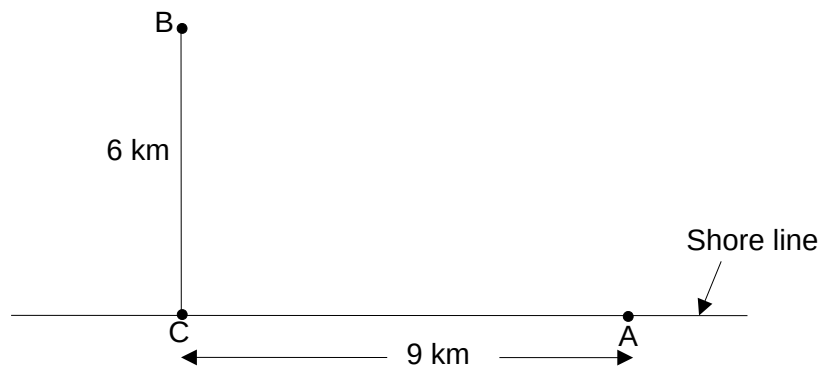
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Question 17

(6 marks)



A company wishes to run a utility cable from point A on the shore to an installation at point B on an island. The island is 6 km from the shore (at point C) and point A is 9 km from point C. It costs \$400 per km to run the cable on land and \$500 per km underwater.

Assume that the cable starts at A and runs along the shoreline and then turns and runs under the water towards the island.

Use Calculus to determine the point at which the cable should turn in order to yield the minimum total cost.

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Question 18

(7 marks)

Gas is escaping from a spherical balloon at the rate of  $0.4 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$ .

(a) What is the change in volume during the first 10 minutes? [2]

(b) How fast is the surface area shrinking when the radius is 4 m? [5]

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1234567-8

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## Question 19

(5 marks)

The metabolic rate of a person who has just eaten a meal tends to go up and then, after some time has passed, returns to a resting metabolic rate. This phenomenon is known as the *thermic effect of food*. Researchers have indicated that the thermic effect of food (in kJ/h) for a particular person is

$$f(t) = -10.28 + 175.9t e^{\frac{-t}{1.3}},$$

where  $t$  is the number of hours that have elapsed since eating a meal.\*

- (a) Find the average rate of change of the thermic effect of food during the first hour of eating. [1]
- (b) Determine the instantaneous rate of change of the thermic effect of food one hour after eating. [1]
- (c) When is the thermic effect of food a maximum? What is this maximum value? [3]

\*Reed, G. and J.Hill, "Measuring the Thermic Effect of Food," *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition*, Vol.63, 1996, pp. 164-169.

Question 20

(7 marks)

A test engineer wants to estimate the mean petrol mileage  $\mu$  (in km per litre) for a particular model of car. A random sample of 49 of these cars is subjected to a road test, and their mileage is computed for each car. The mean and standard deviation of these values are 8.5 km/L and 1.6 km/L, respectively.

- (a) Determine a 95% confidence interval for the mean mileage for this model of car. [3]

- (b) Explain what the phrase '95% confidence' means as used in the answer to (a). [1]

- (c) If the test engineer wants to be 99% certain that the mean of the sample taken differs from the population mean by less than 1 km/L, what size sample would be needed? [3]

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## Question 21

(6 marks)

The lengths of individual shellfish in a population of 10 000 shellfish are approximately normally distributed with mean 10 cm and standard deviation 0.2 cm.

A random sample of 25 shellfish is taken.

(a) Determine the probability that the sample mean is less than 9.95 cm. [4]

(b) Determine the probability that the sample mean is more than 10.1 cm given it is more than 10 cm. [2]

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Question 22

(3 marks)

In a game at the Perth Royal Show, a person can win a prize by guessing which one of 5 identical boxes contains the prize. After each guess, if the prize has been won, a new prize is randomly placed in one of the 5 boxes. If the prize has not been won, then the prize is again randomly placed in one of the 5 boxes.

Janey makes 4 guesses.

(a) What is the probability that Janey wins a prize exactly twice? [2]

(b) On average, how many prizes could Janey expect to win from her 4 guesses? [1]

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