

Semester 1 Examination 2011 Question/Answer Booklet

MATHEMATICS SPECIALIST 3C/3D Section One: Calculator-free Student Number: In figures In words Please place your student identification label in this box Please place your student identification label in this box In words

Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: 5 minutes
Working time for this section: 50 minutes

Materials required/recommended for this section

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer Booklet Formula Sheet

To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens, pencils, pencil sharpener, eraser, correction fluid, ruler, highlighters

Special items: nil

Important note to candidates

No other items may be used in this section of the examination. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available
Section One: Calculator-free	6	6	50	40
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	10	10	100	80
				120

Instructions to candidates

- 1. The rules for the conduct of Trinity College examinations are detailed in the *College Diary*. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
- 2. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question/Answer Booklet. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
 - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
 - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the
 original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the
 number of the question(s) that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
- 3. **Show all your working clearly.** Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat an answer to any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
- 4. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil** except in diagrams.

[2]

1. (6 marks)

Given the matrices
$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $C = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

(ii) Determine the matrix **D** such that
$$\mathbf{D}^{-1} = \mathbf{B}$$
 [2]

The matrix
$$\mathbf{E} = \begin{pmatrix} r & 2\mathbf{r} \\ 4 & r \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) Determine the value(s) of r for which the matrix \mathbf{E} is singular. [2]

2. (9 marks)

Let $Z_1 = \sqrt{2}(1+i)$, $Z_2 = 2i$, and $Z_3 = \frac{Z_1}{Z_2}$. Express the following in exact polar form:

(a) Z_1 [2]

(b) Z_2 [1]

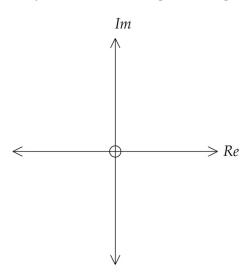
(c) Z_3 [3]

(d) $(z_1)^{-5}$ [3]

- 3. (8 marks)
 - (a) Solve $z^3 = -27$ expressing your answer(s) in polar form.

[4]

(b) Sketch your solutions to part (a) on an Argand diagram.



(c) What is the sum of the three roots found in part (a)?

[2]

[2]

4. (8 marks)

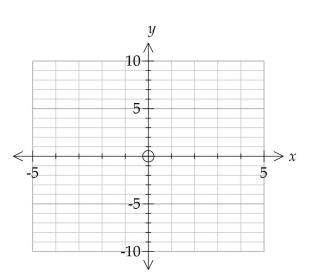
Let
$$f(x) = |x + 3| + |2x + 1|$$

(a) Write f(x) in piecewise form

[3]

[3]

(b) Sketch
$$y = f(x)$$



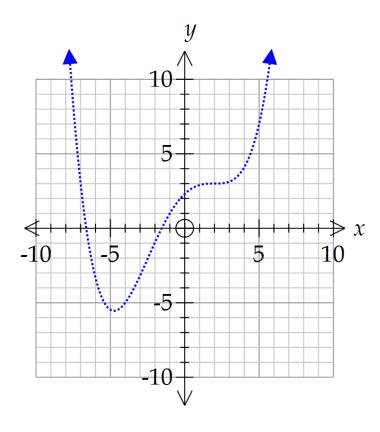
(c) Solve
$$|x + 3| + |2x + 1| \le 5$$

[2]

5. (4 marks)

(a) Below is the graph of y = f(x). On the same axes, draw a graph of |y| = |f(x)|

[2]



(b) Describe geometrically how y = f(|x|) differs from y = f(x) [1]

6. (5 marks)

Let $z = r \operatorname{cis}(\theta)$ and suppose that $\ln(z) = x + iy$

Show that: $\ln(z) = \ln r + (\theta + 2k\pi)i$ where k is an integer

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Additional working space

Additional working space



Semester 1 Examination 2011 Question/Answer Booklet

MATHEMATICS SPECIALIST 3C/3D

Section Two: Calculator-assumed

		1			
Student Number:	In figures				
	In words				

Please place your student identification label in this box

Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: 10 minutes Working time for this section: 100 minutes

Material required/recommended for this section

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer Booklet Formula Sheet (retained from Section One)

To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens, pencils, pencil sharpener, eraser, correction fluid, ruler, highlighters

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up

to three calculators satisfying the conditions set by the Curriculum Council for this

course.

Important note to candidates

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7. (10 marks)

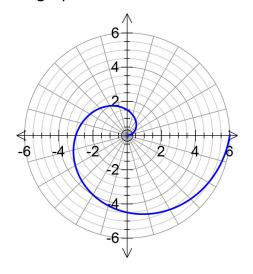
Given the points M, N and P with position vectors $\mathbf{m} = 2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k}$, $\mathbf{n} = -3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{p} = 3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{k}$ respectively, determine:

(a)
$$2\mathbf{m} - 3\mathbf{p}$$
 [2]

- (d) the angle, to the nearest degree, that **n** makes with the positive z-axis. [2]
- (e) the distance between M and N [2]
- (f) the value of α such that $\alpha^{i+2j+\alpha k}$ is perpendicular to **m**. [2]

8. (6 marks)

Consider the following polar graph:



(a) Determine the equation of the spiral.

[2]

(b) Determine the polar coordinate of the point of intersection of the spiral with a circle of radius 2. [2]

(c) Determine the exact distance between the point found in (b) and the end point of the spiral.

[2]

[3]

9. (9 marks)

Triangle ABC has vertices A(0, 0), B(2, 2), C(2, 0).

(a) Determine the image of ABC under the transformation $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, indicating clearly the new vertices A', B' and C'.

(b) Let A"B"C" be a triangle with vertices A"(0,0), B"(6, 4), C"(0, 4). Describe geometrically the transformations that map ABC onto A"B"C".

[Hint: Draw a sketch of the two triangles.]

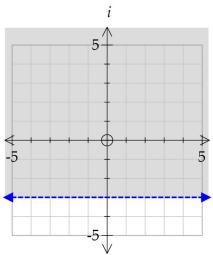
(c) Hence or otherwise, determine the transformation matrix M that maps ABC onto A"B"C".

[3]

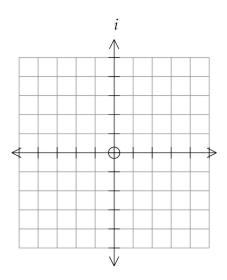
[2]

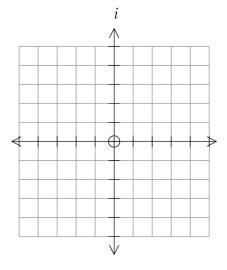
10. (8 marks)

(a) Describe the following region in the Argand plane



(b) Sketch the following sets of points in the Argand plane.





11. (5 marks)

The matrix P is non-singular and it can be shown that $\mathbf{P} + \mathbf{P}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 10 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. Also, it is known that $\mathbf{P}^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 19 & 30 \\ 12 & 19 \end{bmatrix}$

Determine the matrix P

[2]

12. (10 marks)

Scientists in the tropics studied the changes in a colony of a new species of slater. Their observations of female slaters indicate that:

- ¹/₂ of the female newborn slaters survive to be 1 month old
- $\frac{1}{4}$ of the female 1-month-olds survive to be 2 months old
- Only the 2-month-old females give birth to eight female newborns
- Female slaters survive for 3 months, at most.
- (a) Represent this information in a Leslie matrix.

The column matrix $\,^{M_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}}$ represents the initial female population of the colony:

$$M_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 24 \\ 12 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Newborns 12 Newborns 2-month-olds

(b) How many newborn female slaters in this colony will survive to be 1 month old?

[1]

(c) Determine the percentage change in the total female slater population after one month.

[2]

(d) Determine the percentage change in the total female slater population after three months compared with the initial population of this colony. Describe what this result represents? [3]

(f) In the long term, describe the growth of this population.

[2]

13. (12 marl	ks)
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A hot air balloon takes off 20 km north of a country town called York. The velocity
of the balloon is given by the vector $5\mathbf{i}$ – $16\mathbf{j}$ + $2\mathbf{k}$ km/hr, where the vectors \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k}
are unit vectors in the direction east, north and vertically upward respectively.

(a) Write down the initial position vector of the balloon. [1]

(b) Write down the position vector of the balloon after 30 minutes. [2]

(c) Determine the speed at which the balloon is moving. [2]

(d) Determine the angle of ascent of the balloon. [2]

A second balloon takes off from the centre of the town of York with velocity given by the vector $5\mathbf{i} - 10\mathbf{j} + 1.8\mathbf{k}$ km/hr

(e) (i) If both balloons leave the ground at 6 am, at what time will the two balloons be closest to each other? Give your answer to the nearest minute. [4]

(ii) What is the closest distance between the two balloons? Give your answer to the nearest metre. [1]

14. (8 marks)

(a) Determine, in parametric form, the equation of the line containing the two points (5, -4, 6) and (-7, 12, 2). [3]

(b) Determine the point at which the line found in part (a) intersects the plane 4x + 5y - 2z = 18 [3]

(c) Determine the equation of the plane perpendicular to the line found in part (a) that passes through the point of intersection found in part (b). [2]

15. (6 marks)

An equilateral triangle has vertices P, Q and R where P is the point $1 + \sqrt{3}i$ in the Argand plane. The centre of the triangle is located at the origin. Determine the complex numbers representing Q and R, expressing your answers in Cartesian form.

16. (6 marks)

Let $Z = \alpha + bi$ be a complex number.

$$\frac{Z-i}{I}$$

It is given that the quotient $\frac{Z-i}{Z-1}$ is purely imaginary.

Show that z lies on a circle and determine the centre and radius of this circle.

END OF EXAMINATION

Additional working space

Additional working space