

it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.
you do not have any unauthorised material. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand
No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your responsibility** to ensure that

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper,
and up to three calculators approved for use in this examination

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener,
correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Formula sheet (referred from Section One)
This Question/Answer booklet

To be provided by the supervisor

Materials required/recommended for this section

Working time:
Reading time before commencing work:
ten minutes

Your name
in words

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Student number: in figures

Calculator-assumed

Section Two:

METHODS
UNITS 3 AND 4

place your student identification label in this box
if required by your examination administrator, please

Question/Answer booklet

Semester Two Examination, 2018



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Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of examination
Section One: Calculator-free	8	8	50	52	35
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	13	13	100	98	65
Total					100

Supplementary page

Question number: _____

Instructions to candidates

1. The rules for the conduct of examinations are detailed in the school handbook. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer booklet.
3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.
4. Supplementary pages for the use of planning/continuing your answer to a question have been provided at the end of this Question/Answer booklet. If you use these pages to continue an answer, indicate at the original answer where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number.
5. Show all your working clearly. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
6. It is recommended that you do not use pencil, except in diagrams.
7. The Formula sheet is not to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

Markers use only		
Question	Maximum	Mark
9	6	
10	6	
11	8	
12	8	
13	8	
14	7	
15	10	
16	7	
17	8	
18	11	
19	8	
20	5	
21	6	
S2 Total	98	
S2 Wt (×0.6633)	65%	

(2 marks)

tronium-90 decays into Yttrium-90. The mass of Yttrium-90 decays continuously such that $Y = Y_0 e^{-\lambda t}$, where Y is the mass of Yttrium-90 and t is the time in hours since the initial mass Y_0 . Determine the time taken for a mass of Yttrium-90 to decrease by 90%.

- (q)

(1 mark)

- the rate of change of the level of Strontium-90 in the sample at the start of 2018.

(3 marks)

- (i) the level of Strontium-90 in the sample at the start of 2018.

Strontium-90 has a half-life of 28.8 years and decays continuously such that $S = S_0 e^{-kt}$, where S is the level of Strontium-90, t is the time in years since the level was S_0 and k is a constant. Assuming no further contamination occurred, determine the level of strontium-90 in the water sample after 100 years.

Question 9

Working time: 100 minutes.

provided.

Section Two: Calculations-Assume
This section has thirteen (13) questions. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the spaces below.

METHODS UNITS AND 4

5

CALCULATOR-ASSESSMENT

ALCOOL/TOUR-ASSUMED

91

Supplementary Page

Question number:

(6 marks)

Question 10

A local council wants to know what proportion of its ratepayers support a recent decision to start charging for parking at its 15 car parks.

- (a) Comment, with reasons, on whether the following sampling methods are likely to introduce bias.

(i) Send a council worker to one randomly selected council car park at 10 am on a Monday morning and get them to record the responses of the first 20 drivers who arrive. (2 marks)

(ii) In a council newsletter sent to all ratepayers, include a link to a public page on the council website where users can click a 'yes' or 'no' button to register their support. (2 marks)

- (b) Following the analysis of a large random sample of ratepayers, the council reported that the 95% confidence interval for ratepayer support was from 0.1 to 0.3. Mark each of the statements below as **true** or **false**, where false means that the statement does not follow logically from the council's report.

(i) There is a 95% chance that the true proportion of supportive ratepayers lies between 0.1 and 0.3. (1 mark)

(ii) If the random sampling was repeated over and over, then 95% of the time the true proportion of supportive ratepayers will fall between 0.1 and 0.3. (1 mark)

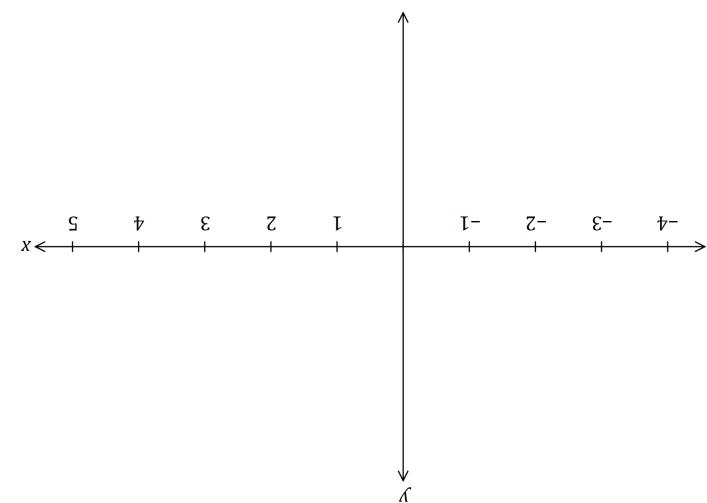
(6 marks)

Question 21

A game is played at a carnival where two fair 4-sided dice with faces numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4 are tossed at the same time. Patrons pay \$3 for each play of the game, winning a major prize if both dice show a four or a minor prize if just one of the dice shows a four. The operator of the game buys major prizes for \$22 each, minor prizes for \$2.50 and must pay overhead costs of \$95 per day.

Determine how many times the game must be played per day so that the operator can expect to make a daily profit of at least \$150.

- (c) A second random variable Y is a linear transformation of X such that $Y = kX + 4$, where k is a constant and $E[Y] = 20$. Determine $\text{Var}(Y)$. (2 marks)

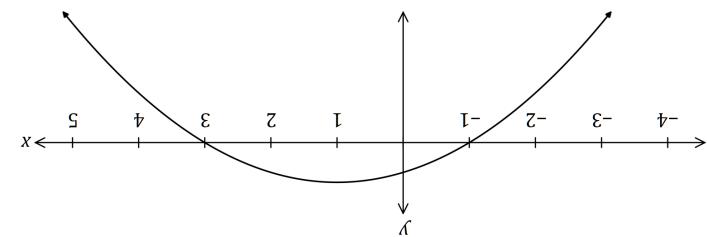


- (b) Determine $\text{Var}(X)$. (2 marks)

It is known that $A(-1) = A(5) = -9$ and $A(3) = 0$. Sketch the graph of $y = A(x)$ on the axes below, clearly indicating the location of all x -intercepts, turning points, points of inflection and other key features.

$$A(x) = \int_x^3 f(t) dt.$$

Another function A is defined on the interval $-3 \leq x \leq 5$ by



- (a) Determine the values of the constants a and b . (4 marks)

$$P(X=x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{elsewhere,} \\ a+bx & x=2,3,4 \end{cases}$$

The discrete random variable X has $E[X] = 3.2$ and probability function

- Question 20 (8 marks)

- METHODS UNITS 3 AND 4

- CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

- 5

- CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

- Question 11 (5 marks)

- METHODS UNITS 3 AND 4

- 16

- METHODS UNITS 3 AND 4

The graph of $y = f(x)$ is shown below.

Question 20 (8 marks)

- CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

- 5

- CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

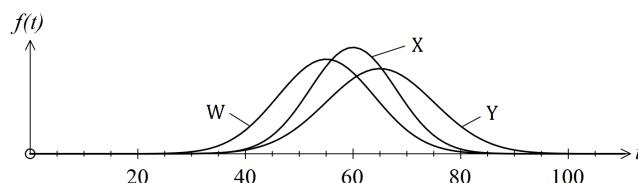
- Question 11 (5 marks)

- METHODS UNITS 3 AND 4

(8 marks)

Question 12

- (a) The graphs of the probability density functions of three normally distributed random variables W , X and Y are shown below.



State, with justification, which of the three random variables has

- (i) the largest mean? (1 mark)

- (ii) the smallest standard deviation? (1 mark)

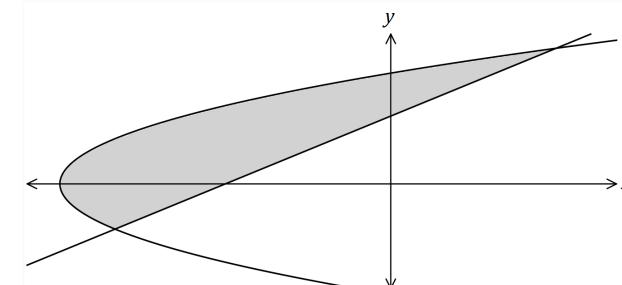
- (b) Empty bottles are filled with A mL of water, where A is a normally distributed random variable with mean of 380 mL and standard deviation of 4.5 mL.

- (i) Determine the probability that a bottle is filled with less than 373 mL. (1 mark)

- (ii) Determine the probability that a bottle is filled with more than 375 mL, given that it is filled with less than 380 mL. (2 marks)

- (iii) The mean of A is to be increased by k mL so that 99% of all bottles are filled with at least 375 mL. Determine the value of k . (3 marks)

- (b) The graph of $x=2y^2-12$ and the line $4y=x+6$ are shown below.



Determine the area bounded by the line and the curve.

(4 marks)

Question 13

(a) If there were 36 000 people living in the city, estimate the actual number of those who had visited a doctor in the last year. (2 marks)

(b) 225 out of a random sample of 1 174 people in a city had visited a doctor in the last year.

(8 marks)

(a) Determine the approximate margin of error for a 99 % confidence interval for the proportion of people who had visited a doctor in the last year. (2 marks)

(b) Determine the approximate margin of error for a 99 % confidence interval for the true proportion of people who had visited a doctor in the last year. (2 marks)

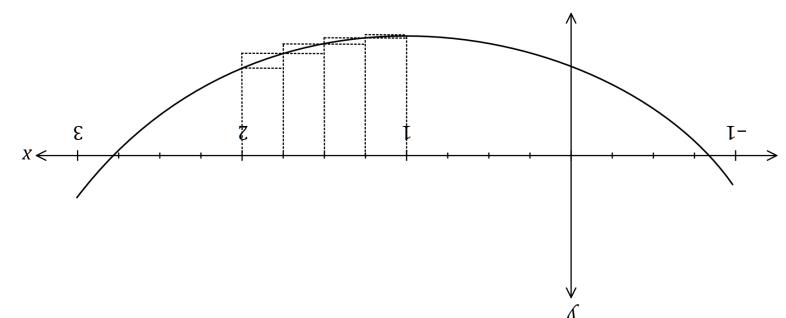
(c) Determine an approximate 99 % confidence interval for the true proportion of people who had visited a doctor in the last year. (2 marks)

(d) In order to confirm the sample proportion obtained from the random sample, another sample is to be taken. Estimate, to the nearest 10 people, the sample size required to obtain an approximate margin of error for a 99 % confidence interval that is close to 0.055. (2 marks)

Question 19

(a) The graph of $y = f(x)$ is shown together with some values of $f(x)$.

(8 marks)



By considering the areas of the rectangles shown and using values of $f(x)$ from the table, calculate a numerical approximation for $\int_2^3 f(x) dx$. (4 marks)

x	$f(x)$
0.75	-9.3
1	-10.2
1.25	-1.5
1.5	1.5
1.75	-8.5
2	-7.2
2.25	-6.6
2.5	-5.9

(a) If there were 36 000 people living in the city, estimate the actual number of those who had visited a doctor in the last year. (2 marks)

(d) In order to confirm the sample proportion obtained from the random sample, another sample is to be taken. Estimate, to the nearest 10 people, the sample size required to obtain an approximate margin of error for a 99 % confidence interval that is close to 0.055. (2 marks)

(d) In order to confirm the sample proportion obtained from the random sample, another sample is to be taken. Estimate, to the nearest 10 people, the sample size required to obtain an approximate margin of error for a 99 % confidence interval that is close to 0.055. (2 marks)

Question 14

(7 marks)

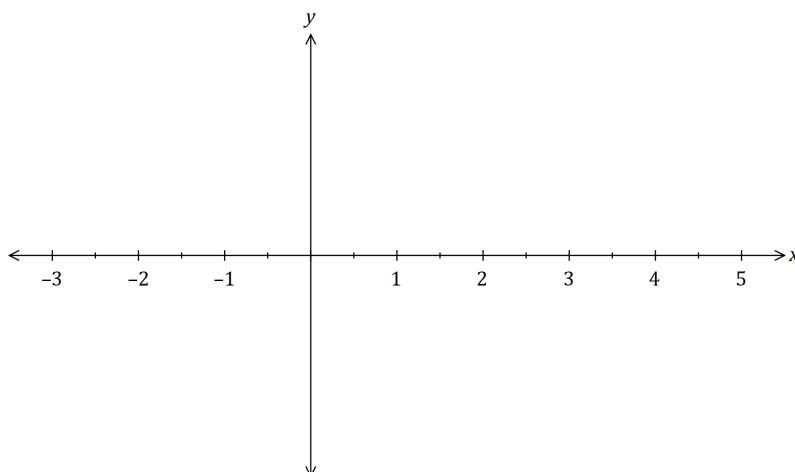
The table below shows the sign of the polynomial $f(x)$ and some of its derivatives at various values of x . There are no other zeroes of $f(x), f'(x)$ or $f''(x)$ apart from those shown in the table.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
$f(x)$	+ <i>i</i>	0	- <i>i</i>	- <i>i</i>	- <i>i</i>	0	+ <i>i</i>
$f'(x)$	- <i>i</i>	- <i>i</i>	0	+ <i>i</i>	+ <i>i</i>	0	+ <i>i</i>
$f''(x)$	+ <i>i</i>	+ <i>i</i>	+ <i>i</i>	0	- <i>i</i>	0	+ <i>i</i>

- (a) For what value(s) of x is the graph of the function concave up? (1 mark)

- (b) At what location does the graph of f have a turning point? Explain your answer. (2 marks)

- (c) Sketch a possible graph of $y=f(x)$ on the axes below. (4 marks)



- (c) Determine the mean time to process an order in minutes and seconds. (4 marks)

The variance of T is 6 minutes 13 seconds.

- (d) Two new procedures will affect the processing time of an order. The first will decrease the time by 15% and the second will then add one-and-a-half minutes. Determine the new mean and standard deviation of the time to process an order. (3 marks)

Question 18

Every day a scientific researcher randomly catches 8 fish from an inland lake containing a large number of fish, 63% of which are trout.

- (a) The random variable X is the number of trout in the daily catch.

(2 marks)

- (i) Describe the distribution of X .

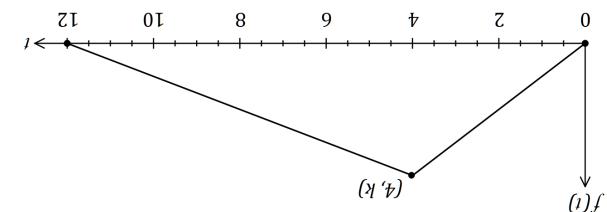
(ii) Over a period of 14 days, how many times would you expect the daily catch to contain more trout than fish of other species?

(2 marks)

(iii) Determine the probability that a total of 15 trout are caught over two consecutive days.

(2 marks)

- (a) Determine the value of k . (1 mark)



The time T to process orders at a warehouse is random variable which can take any value in the interval 0 to 12 minutes. The graph of the triangular probability density function of T is shown below.

The time T to process orders at a warehouse is random variable which can take any value in the interval 0 to 12 minutes. The graph of the triangular probability density function of T is shown below.

(b) Determine the probability that the time to process an order takes less than 3 minutes. (3 marks)

(b) The researcher suspected that the proportion of trout was lower than thought but more than 50%.

(i) Calculate an approximate 90% confidence interval for the proportion of trout in the lake given that over a 10-day period, a total of 48 trout were caught. (2 marks)

(ii) Use the confidence interval to comment on the researcher's suspicion. (2 marks)

Question 16

At time $t=0$, a small body P is at the origin O and is moving with a velocity of 18 ms^{-1} . The acceleration of P for $t \geq 0$ is given by

$$a = \frac{-3}{\sqrt{t+4}} \text{ ms}^{-2}.$$

- (a) Determine the velocity of P when $t=5$.

(4 marks)

A student repeatedly took random samples of size 150 from a large population in which it was known that 38% of people were classified as overweight. For each sample, the proportion of overweight people was calculated and recorded as the sample proportion.

- (a) Use an appropriate binomial distribution to determine the probability that the sample proportion is no more than 0.34 in a randomly chosen sample. (3 marks)

- (b) Determine the distance of P from O at the instant P is stationary.

(3 marks)

- (b) After recording a large number of sample proportions, the student used them to create a histogram from which the approximate normality of their distribution was evident.

- (i) Determine the expected mean and standard deviation of the observed normal distribution. (2 marks)

- (ii) Use this normal distribution to determine the probability that the sample proportion is no more than 0.34 in a randomly chosen sample. (1 mark)

- (iii) Describe how the parameters calculated in (i) would change if the student took smaller random samples. (2 marks)