TERM 2, 2018 TEST 3

METHODS UNIT 1 YEAR 11 MATHEMATICS

Test date: Wed 9th of May

гелюв ніен гоноог **APPLECROSS**

STUDENT NAME:

All working must be shown in the space provided.

88 Total Section 2 52 % 33 Section 1 Total

b- = (2-1-)(H+1-) = h

The coordinates of the turning point

the equation of the line of symmetry

Working time: 33 minutes

9 (9%)

Section 1: Resource - Free

Question 1 [1, 1 = 2 marks]

required to receive full marks.

For the graph of $y = (x+3)^2 - 2$ state:

a) The coordinates of the y-intercept

more than 2 marks, valid working or justification is any marks. For any question or part question worth

without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated

be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given your answers to be checked readily and for marks to

Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow

Question 2 [1, 1 = 2 marks]

For the graph of y = (x + 4)(x - 2) state:

The equation of the line of symmetry

Question 3 [3 marks]

uoŋɔunj On the axes shown right, sketch a graph of the

 $y = (x + 2)(x - 4) = \lambda$

Clearly label all axes intercepts.

1 4 \$ 2- 10 400

shapy oner taken .

Page 1

(37-5)(3-5) = 0END OF TEST $\chi^2 - 20x - 446 = 0$ $\chi^2 - 20x - 46 = 140$ $\chi^2 - 20x + 46 = 140$ $\chi^2 - 20x - 160 = 0$

box. If the volume of the box created in this way is 840 cm³, find the dimensions of the original piece of of cardboard by cutting a 6 cm square out of each corner and folding the resulting flaps upwards to create the A rectangular piece of cardboard is 4 cm longer than it is wide. An open-top box is constructed from the piece

Question 11 [4 marks]

$$7 \leftarrow 000 \text{m} (\infty + \leftarrow \times \text{m})$$

 $Z \leftarrow (\Omega) M(\infty) + \leftarrow X M$

behaviour of M(X) as $X \to +\infty$

J=(x)m: Letrograft equation of any and all asymptotes

For the function $W(x) = \frac{3}{x-x} + 2$, determine the

/ {1≠h(N)h;h3:Z

50≠x(カョx:x矣: C

State the natural domain and range of the function graphed in part (b)

Question 4 [3, 2, 2 = 7 marks]

Given $g(x) = 3x^3 - 16x^2 + 23x - 6 = (x - 2)(ax^2 + bx + c)$;

Find the values of a, b, and c.

$$\frac{a=3}{c=3}$$

$$-6x^2 + bx^2 = -16x^2$$

$$b = -10$$

b) Hence, fully factorise
$$g(x)$$
. $(x-2)(3x^2-10x+3)$

$$= (x-2)(3x-1)(x-3)$$

Solve the equation $3x^3 - 16x^2 + 23x - 6 = 0$.

$$x=2$$
, $\pm \frac{1}{3}$ or $\frac{3}{3}$ (I each error)

Question 5 [4, 2, 2 = 8 marks]

- Graph the function $y = x^2 4x 7$ on the axes on the next page below over the range $-2 \le x \le 5$, labelling and stating the:
 - i) line of symmetry,
 - ii) turning point,
 - iii) y-intercept.

$$1 - \frac{b}{2a} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$
 i $x = 2 = Lo.s.$

(1) To at
$$y = 2^2 - 4x^2 - 7 = -11$$
 TP = (2, -11)

(1)
$$y(0) = -7$$

(also
$$y(-2) = 5$$
, $y(5) = -2$

Question 9 [3 marks]

Derive the equation of the function graphed on the right.

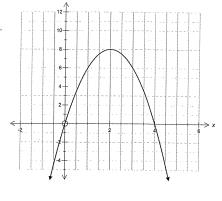
$$= y = a(x-2)^2 + 8 \sqrt{ }$$

Sch
$$(0,0)$$
:
 $0 = a(0-2)^2 + 8$

$$0 = 4a + 8$$
 $0 = -2$

$$\Rightarrow a = -2$$

$$u = -2(x-2)^2 + 8$$



Ouestion 10 [2, 2, 2, 2, 1 = 9 marks]

Under certain circumstances, the volume V (in mL) of a given quantity of gas is inversely proportional to its pressure P (in kPa). In a particular experiment, when the pressure was 90 kPa, the volume of gas was 40 mL. What will the volume be when the pressure is increased to 120 kPa? $R \lor k : V = \frac{3600}{P}$

$$V = \frac{k}{P}$$

$$P=90, V=40$$
 $\Rightarrow 40 = \frac{k}{90} \Rightarrow k=3600 \sqrt{300}$

$$\rho=|20\Rightarrow V=\frac{3609}{129}$$

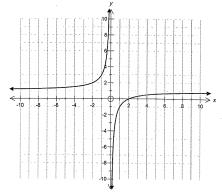
Identify the equation of the graphed

$$y = \frac{9}{2} + 1$$

Sub (2,0):

$$=$$
 $\alpha = -2$

$$y = -\frac{2}{\pi} + 1$$





b) Use **the discriminant** to show the equation $y = x^2 - 4x - 7$ has two roots. +01--01

$$hh = (t-)(1)h-91 = 70h-9 = V$$

As
$$\Delta > 0$$
, the equation has 2 rach. Δ

If the graph is to have only one root, the graph will need to be translated upwards d units.

Page 6

Question 8 [2, 4 = 6 marks]

The graphs of 5 functions are shown below.

Graph A сьярь в Graph C

скарћ D

скарћ Е

Match each graph above to its corresponding equation below.

١	- (/Mistake)							
	2	A	Э	ีย	Œ	Сгарћ		
	b + x j = y	λ=x ₃ +6	$\lambda = (x-c)_5 + q$	$x \wedge + d = \chi$	$\lambda = \frac{1}{1} = \chi$	Equation		

	2	
musim/1-2	and the value of each of the constants a,b,c,d,e,f and g in the equations above.	ią (d)

	H-= B(Z-= + C= H-= +N-B(Z-=M : B()
<i>(</i>	:: favolated dam 3 @=-1
(-1/m/3kale	Z=p(h=) = (2/h) 0 at (p()
	6: translated up +2 = 6=2
	V: CRAWDARG = S = S = S

Question 6 [2, 2, 3, 4 = 11 marks]

Solve the following using any appropriate method or show that there is no real solution. Give exact answers and simplify where possible.

a)
$$x^2 + 9 = 25$$

$$-3$$
 $\chi^2 = 16$

$$\Rightarrow x = \pm 4 \sqrt{}$$

b)
$$6x^2 - 11x = -3$$

$$=$$
 $6x^2 - 11x + 3 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow (3x-1)(2x-3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{3} \circ x = \frac{3}{2}$$

c)
$$3x^2 - 2x - 2 = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{6 \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{2 + \sqrt{4 - 4 \times 3 \times 2}}{6}$$

$$= \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{28}}{\sqrt{}}$$

$$=\frac{2\pm2\sqrt{7}}{6}$$

$$= \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{7}}{3}$$

d)
$$2x^3 - 3x^2 - 8x - 3 = 0$$

$$x=1 \Rightarrow f=-12 \times$$

$$x=-1 \Rightarrow f=-2-3+8-3$$

$$=0 \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+1) \text{ is a factor}$$

$$\text{v.} (x+1)(2x^2-5x-3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+1)(2x+1)(2x+1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+1)(2x+1)(-3)=0$$

$$\Rightarrow x=1,-2 \text{ or } 3$$

END OF SECTION 1

Page 4



YEAR 11 MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 1

TEST 1

TERM 1, 2018 Test date: Tuesday 20th of February

APPLECROSS

SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL

STUDENT NAME:

25

All working must be shown in the space provided. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than 2 marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks.

Section 2: Resource - Rich Working time: 25 minutes

To be provided by the student: ClassPad and/or Scientific Calculators 1 sheet of A₄-sized paper of notes, double-sided

Question 7 [1, 2 = 3 marks]

The graph of the function y = g(x) is show on the right. On the same axes, sketch and label graphs of

a)
$$y = \frac{g(x)}{2}$$

b)
$$y = -g(x-1)$$
 translated H reflected

