



**Calculator Free**  
**Logarithm Laws and Solving Equations**

Time: 45 minutes

Total Marks: 45

Your Score: / 45

**Question One: [2, 2, 2, 2 = 8 marks]**

**CF**

Express each of the following as a single logarithm:

$$2\log 3 + \log 2 - \log 6$$

(a)

$$2\log_x y - 3\log_x y + 6$$

(b)

$$3\log_a m + 4\log_a n - 5\log_a t$$

(c)

$$(\log x)^3 \div (\log x)^2 + \log x^2$$

(d)

**Question Two: [3, 3, 3 = 9 marks]**

**CF**

Evaluate each of the following showing full working:

$$3\log_2 6 - \log_2 27$$

(a)

$$1.5\log_8 4$$

(b)

$$\frac{\log 135 - \log 5}{\log 3^2}$$

(c)

**Question Three: [1, 3 = 4 marks]**

**CF**

If  $\log x = y$ , where  $x$  is positive, express each of the following in terms of  $y$ .

$$\log x^2$$

(a)

$$\log xm^3 - 3\log m$$

(b)

**Question Four:** [2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 3 = 24 marks]

**CF**

Solve each of the following equations, showing all working.

$$\log_y 64 = 2$$

(a)

$$8x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 12x^{\frac{1}{3}} = 40$$

(b)

$$\log_5 x + \log_2 8 = 0$$

(c)

$$\frac{10^{x+2}}{100^{4x}} = 10000^{x-1}$$

(d)

$$3^{x+1} = 12$$

(e)

## Mathematics Methods Unit 4

(f)  $2^{x-3} = 5^{2x+1}$

(g)  $4^{2x} - 4^x - 6 = 0$

(h)  $5e^{2-x} = 100$



**SOLUTIONS**  
**Calculator Free**  
**Logarithm Laws and Solving Equations**

Time: 45 minutes  
 Total Marks: 45  
 Your Score: / 45

**Question One: [2, 2, 2, 2 = 8 marks]**

**CF**

Express each of the following as a single logarithm:

(a)  $2\log 3 + \log 2 - \log 6$

$= \log 9 + \log 2 - \log 6$

$= \log 18 - \log 6$

$= \log 3$

(b)  $2\log_x y - 3\log_x y + 6$

$= \log_x y^2 - \log_x y^3 + 6\log_x x$

$= \log_x \frac{1}{y} + \log_x x^6$

$= \log_x \frac{x^6}{y}$

(c)  $3\log_a m + 4\log_a n - 5\log_a t$

$= \log_a m^3 + \log_a n^4 - \log_a t^5$

$= \log_a \frac{m^3 n^4}{t^5}$

(d)  $(\log x)^3 \div (\log x)^2 + \log x^2$

$= \log x + \log x^2$

$= \log x^3$

**Question Two: [3, 3, 3 = 9 marks]**

CF

Evaluate each of the following showing full working:

(a)  $3\log_2 6 - \log_2 27$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \log_2 216 - \log_2 27 \quad \checkmark \\ &= \log_2 8 \\ &= \log_2 2^3 \quad \checkmark \\ &= 3\log_2 2 \\ &= 3 \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

(b)  $1.5\log_8 4$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \log_8 (\sqrt{4})^3 \quad \checkmark \\ &= \log_8 8 \quad \checkmark \\ &= 1 \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

(c)  $\frac{\log 135 - \log 5}{\log 3^2}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{\log 27}{2\log 3} \quad \checkmark \\ &= \frac{\log 3^3}{2\log 3} \quad \checkmark \\ &= \frac{3\log 3}{2\log 3} \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

**Question Three: [1, 3 = 4 marks]**

CF

If  $\log x = y$ , where  $x$  is positive, express each of the following in terms of  $y$ .

(a)  $\log x^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2\log x \\ &= 2y \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

(b)  $\log xm^3 - 3\log m$

$= \log x + 3\log m - 3\log m$

$= y$

**Question Four:** [2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 3 = 24 marks]

CF

Solve each of the following equations, showing all working.

(a)  $\log_y 64 = 2$

$y^2 = 64$

$y = 8 \ (y > 0)$

(b)  $8x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 12x^{\frac{1}{3}} = 40$

$20x^{\frac{1}{3}} = 40$

$x^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2$

$x = 8$

(c)  $\log_5 x + \log_2 8 = 0$

$\log_5 x + 3\log_2 2 = 0$

$\log_5 x = -3$

$x = 5^{-3}$

$x = \frac{1}{125}$

(d)  $\frac{10^{x+2}}{100^{4x}} = 10000^{x-1}$

$\frac{10^{x+2}}{10^{8x}} = 10^{4x-4}$

$10^{2-7x} = 10^{4x-4}$

$2 - 7x = 4x - 4$

$6 = 11x$

$x = \frac{6}{11}$

(e)  $3^{x+1} = 12$



## Mathematics Methods Unit 4

$$(x+1)\log 3 = \log 12$$

$$x+1 = \frac{\log 12}{\log 3} \quad \checkmark$$

$$x = \frac{\log 12}{\log 3} - 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$2^{x-3} = 5^{2x+1}$$

(f)

$$(x-3)\log 2 = (2x+1)\log 5$$

$$x\log 2 - 3\log 2 = 2x\log 5 + \log 5$$

$$x\log 2 - 2x\log 5 = \log 5 + 3\log 2$$

$$x(\log 2 - 2\log 5) = \log 5 + 3\log 2$$

$$x = \frac{\log 5 + 3\log 2}{\log 2 - 2\log 5}$$

(g)

$$4^{2x} - 4^x - 6 = 0$$

$$\text{Let } y = 4^x$$

$$y^2 - y - 6 = 0$$

$$(y-3)(y+2) = 0$$

$$y = 3 \quad y = -2$$

$$4^x \neq -2$$

$$4^x = 3$$

$$x\log 4 = \log 3$$

$$x = \frac{\log 3}{\log 4}$$

(h)

$$5e^{2-x} = 100$$

$$e^{2-x} = 20$$

$$(2-x)\ln e = \ln 20$$

$$2-x = \ln 20$$

$$x = 2 - \ln 20$$