## Rossmoyne Senior High School

# Year 12 Trial WACE Examination, 2015

Question/Answer Booklet

SOLUTIONS

Calculator-free Section One: 3CD **MATHEMATICS** 

					allowed for this section			
 	 	 	 	_	Yonr name			
 	 	 	 	_	ln words			
					ln figures	Student Number:		

## **Jime**

Working time for this section: Reading time before commencing work: five minutes

## To be provided by the supervisor Materials required/recommended for this section

This Question/Answer Booklet

Formula Sheet

#### To be provided by the candidate

correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener,

Special items: nil

#### Important note to candidates

before reading any further. examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is your responsibility to ensure that

> paper provided that WA Examination Paper's moral rights are not infringed. Papers is acknowledged as the copyright owner. Teachers within Rossmoyne Senior High School may change the educational institutes that have purchased the paper from WA Examination Papers provided that WA Examination This examination paper may be freely copied, or communicated on an intranet, for non-commercial purposes within

written permission of WA Examination papers. Copying or communication for any other purposes can only be done within the terms of the Copyright Act or with prior

PO Box 445 Claremont WA 6910 Published by WA Examination Papers MATHEMATICS 3CD 2 CALCULATOR-FREE

## Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of exam
Section One: Calculator-free	8	8	50	50	33⅓
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	13	13	100	100	66¾
			Total	150	100

### Instructions to candidates

- The rules for the conduct of examinations are detailed in the school handbook. Sitting this
  examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
- 2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer Booklet.
- 3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.
- 4. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
  - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
  - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in
    the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number.
     Fill in the number of the question that you are continuing to answer at the top of the
    page.
- 5. Show all your working clearly. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
- 6. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil**, except in diagrams.
- 7. The Formula Sheet is **not** to be handed in with your Question/Answer Booklet.

See next page

## CALCULATOR-FREE 11 MATHEMATICS 3CD

#### Additional working space

Question number:	

	GDE SOITAMENTA	EE 3 WY	яч-яоталиэлаэ	BEE	яя-яоталиэлаэ	0τ	
	(20 Marks)	ulator-free	Section One: Calc	n,ks)	ism 8)		
This section has <b>eight (8)</b> questions. Answer <b>all</b> questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.						stanatni avi	itizon eve 4 hae n eve
		junțes:			ve integers.	ere $a$ and $b$ are positi	
					չա <u>۲</u> )	L	. (1
	(e marks)		L noiteauQ				$\frac{7}{h} = \frac{L}{h} + \frac{h}{r} = (L, h)$
		are tossed together. Event $A$ occurs when there are at I s at least one head and event $\mathbb C$ occurs when there are at I				[	
	answer.	atements below are true or false, giving a reason for each	State whether the s	эцкг)	(2 ma	$^{-b}$ ? Justify your answer.	= $p$ if $(d,p)q$ juods b
	(2 шағка)	nutually exclusive.	and B are (a)				q=
		True.					$Z = \frac{d}{d} + \frac{d}{d} = (d, d)$
		If $A$ occurs then $B$ cannot, so $P(A\cap B)=0$					q q
	(2 шағка)	ndependent.	i əna & and B are i		this conjecture. (3 ma.)	vill always be 2 or more. Prove	v $^{(d,\mathfrak{d})q}$ tsat sbem s
		False.					$S \leq (d, b)^q$

A and B are mutually exclusive,  $^{p(A)}$  and  $^{p(B)}$  and  $^{p(B)}$  os  $^{p(B)}$ 

(c) A and C are independent. (S warks)

 $P(A) = \frac{1}{8} \text{ but } P(A|C) = \frac{1}{4}, \text{ so not independent.}$ 

8 noitesu9 **MATHEMATICS 3CD** 

Let  $\displaystyle \frac{1}{p} (a,b) = \frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{a}$  , where

(t) (a) Determine p(4,1).

What can be said (q)

1'q)d q=p

(c) m søw erture was m

Hence  $p_{(a,b)}$  will always be 2 or more. cr +ve integers. Showing true for +ve integers.  $0 \le \frac{dp}{ds} - \frac{s}{s}d + \frac{s}{s}p$  $0 \le S - \frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{d}$  noth

(8 marks)

Question 2

(7 marks)

(a) Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{2} 8x(x^{2} - 1)^{3} dx$ .

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

(3 marks)

$$\int_{0}^{2} 8x(x^{2} - 1)^{3} dx = \left[ (x^{2} - 1)^{4} \right]_{0}^{2}$$

$$= 3^{4} - 1$$

$$= 80$$

(b) Determine  $\frac{d}{dx}(x^2e^{3x})$ .

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^2e^{3x}) = 2xe^{3x} + 3x^2e^{3x}$$

(c) Determine f'(1) if  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 1}{2x + 1}$ .

$$f'(x) = \frac{(2x)(2x+1) - (x^2 - 1)(2)}{(2x+1)^2}$$

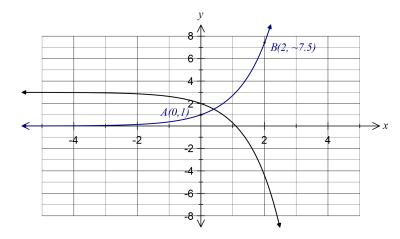
$$f'(1) = \frac{(2)(3) - (0)(2)}{(3)^2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Question 7

**CALCULATOR-FREE** 

......

The function  $f(x) = 3 - e^x$  is graphed on the axes below.



(a) If  $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^{1} f(x) dx = a$   $\int_{-1}^{0} f(x) dx = b$   $\int_{0}^{1} f(x) dx = c$  , evaluate each of the following definite integrals in terms of the constants a, b and c.

(i) 
$$\int_{0}^{1} f(-x) dx$$

$$\int_{0}^{1} f(-x) dx = \int_{1}^{0} f(x) dx = b$$
(1 mark)

(ii)  $\int_{-2}^{0} -f(x) dx$   $\int_{-2}^{0} -f(x) dx = -\int_{-2}^{0} f(x) dx$  = -(a+b)(2 marks)

(iii) 
$$\int_{-1}^{0} 2f(x-1) dx$$

$$\int_{-1}^{0} 2f(x-1) dx = 2 \int_{-1}^{0} f(x-1) dx$$

$$= 2 \int_{-2}^{0} f(x) dx$$

$$= 2a$$
(2 marks)

(b) On the axes above, sketch the graph of y = 3 - f(x), showing all relevant features. (3 marks)

A student spent \$60 at an online store, buying a total of 28 apps for their phone.

(a) If x of the apps bought cost \$1 each, y of cost \$2 each and the remaining z apps cost \$5 each, use the above information to write down two equations. (2 marks)

$$8S = z + y + x$$
$$0S = zS + yS + x$$

b) If the total number of \$1 and \$2 apps bought was three times the number of \$5 apps
 bought, write down another equation.

$$z \varepsilon = \chi + x$$

How many of each of the different priced apps did the student buy? (3 marks)

Since 
$$x + y = 3x$$
  
then  $x + y + 3 = 28$  becomes  
 $3x + 2y = 3x = 3x = 28$ ,  $x = 2x = 25$   
 $3x + 2y = 3x = 3x = 25$   
 $3x + 2y = 25$ 

T = X

Student bought 17 @ \$1, 4 @ \$2 and 7 @ \$5.

(a) Solve for 
$$a$$
, where  $\frac{1}{3}\sum_{x}a = 16$  (b) Solve for  $a$ , where  $\frac{1}{3}\sum_{x}a = 16$ 

$$\partial L = \sum_{c}^{b} \left[ x\partial - ^{c}x \right]$$

$$\partial L = 8L + 6 - D\partial - ^{c}D$$

$$\partial = 7 - D\partial - ^{c}D$$

$$0 = (L + D)(7 - D)$$

$$L - = D \cdot 7 = D$$

(4 marks) Solve the inequality  $\frac{1}{x} \le \frac{2}{3x - 2}$ .

$$0 \ge \frac{\frac{2}{2 - x\varepsilon}}{\frac{2}{(2 - x\varepsilon)x}} - \frac{1}{x}$$
$$0 \ge \frac{\frac{x^2 - 2 - x\varepsilon}{(2 - x\varepsilon)x}}{\frac{2 - x}{(2 - x\varepsilon)x}}$$
$$0 \ge \frac{\frac{2 - x}{(2 - x\varepsilon)x}}{\frac{2}{3} - x}$$

See next page

(3 marks)

Question 4 (4 marks)

If  $y = x^3 + 6x^2 + 6x - 24$ , show that  $3\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y - x^3 = 0$ 

$$y = x^3 + 6x^2 + 6x - 24$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 + 12x + 6$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 6x + 12$$

$$3\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y - x^3 = 3(6x + 12) - 2(3x^2 + 12x + 6) + x^3 + 6x^2 + 6x - 24 - x^3$$

$$=18x + 36 - 6x^{2} - 24x - 12 + 6x^{2} + 6x - 24 + x^{3} - x^{3}$$

$$=18x - 24x + 6x - 6x^{2} + 6x^{2} + 36 - 12 - 24$$

$$=0$$

Question 5

**CALCULATOR-FREE** 

(6 marks)

Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$  and g(x) = x-1.

(a) State  $f \circ g(x)$  with its domain and range.

$$f \circ g(x) = \sqrt{x - 1 - 3}$$
$$= \sqrt{x - 4}$$

Domain:  $x \ge 4$ .

Range:  $y \ge 0$ .

(b) If  $h(x) = ax^2 + b$  and  $h \circ g(x) = 2x^2 - 4x$ , determine the values of a and b. (3 marks)

$$h \circ g(x) = h(x-1)$$
$$2x^2 - 4x = a(x-1)^2 + b$$
$$2x^2 - 4x = ax^2 - 2ax + a + b$$