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Calculator Allowed Time: 45 mins Marks: / 45

Calculators are allowed for this test, but no notes. Please show work out where needed.

Question 1 = ξ, λ, ξ)

where $^{\mathcal{Q}}$ and $^{\mathcal{b}}$ are constants.

The discrete random variable X can only take the values 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. The probability distribution of X is given by the following

$$p = (z = X)d = (z = X)d = (z = X)d$$

$$q = (S = X)d = (t = X)d = (S = X)d$$

 $b(X \ge 5) = 3b(X < 5)$

d bns d to solues of d and d.

(b) Show that the expectation of $\frac{23}{8}$ and determine the exact variance of X .

(c)	Determine the exact probability that the sum of two independent observations from this distribution exceeds 7.

Question 2 (3,2,2,3= 10 marks)

On a long train journey, a statistician is invited by a gambler to play a dice game. The game uses two ordinary dice which the statistician is to throw.

If the total score is 12, the statistician is paid \$6 by the gambler. If the total score is 8, the statistician is paid \$3 by the gambler. However, if both or either dice show a 1, the statistician pays the gambler \$2. Otherwise, no money changes hands.

Let \$X be the amount paid to the statistician by the gambler.

(a) Complete the table below.

X	0	3	6
P(X = x)			

EXTRA WORKING

Find the amount, $\$^{\mathcal{Q}}$, that the $\$$ 6 would have to be changed to in order to make the game unbiased.	(p)
Show that, if the statistician played the game 100 times, his expected loss would be \$2.78, to the nearest cent.	(5)
Explain why the table in part (a) describes a probability distribution for the discrete random variable χ .	(q)

Question 6 (3,2,2,2 = 9 marks)

A manufacturer of hockey gloves produces 4 times as many left-handed gloves as righthanded ones. The gloves are randomly packed in boxes of 100.

Let the Discreet Random Variable X= the number of right handed gloves per box.

- (a) Find the probability that in a box there are
- (i) an equal number of left-handed and right-handed gloves
- (ii) at least 30 right-handed gloves.
- . səvolg bəbnad-halqir OS nafi rəwət (iii)

(b) A random sample of 8 boxes is taken from the production line. Use your answer from right-handed gloves.

Let the Discreet Random Variable Y= the number of boxes that contain fewer than 20 right-handed gloves.

Give	that $X \sim B(15, p)$ find the value of p such that $P(X>13)=0.4$	
Show	your working	
Que	tion 4 $(2,4 = 6 \text{ marks})$	
	tion 4 (2,4 = 6 marks) chool of 480 students, 25% said they barracked for the Dockers.	
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(3 marks)

Question 3

Question 5 (1,3,1,2 = 7 marks)

A Study found that 75 per cent of people exhibiting common influenza symptoms recovered without taking any medication. A random sample of 20 people who had developed influenza symptoms was taken.

Let \boldsymbol{X} denote the number of people in this sample who recovered without taking any medication.

- (a) State why X is classified as discrete and not continuous?
- (b) State the probability distribution of \boldsymbol{X} and the mean and standard deviation of this distribution.

- (c) What is the probability, correct to three decimal places that
 - (i) Exactly 16 people recovered without any medication?
 - (ii) At least 13 but no more than 16 recovered without any medication?