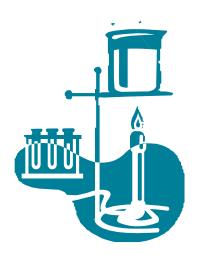
# STAWA SET 24



#### **SET 24**

- 1. Write systematic names for the following compounds:
  - (a) H<sub>3</sub>C CH<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>3</sub>
  - (b)  $H_3CCH = CHCH_2CH_3$
  - (c)  $H_3C CH_2 CH CH_3$   $CH_3$
  - (d) CI CH CH<sub>2</sub>CI | | CI
  - (e)  $H_3CC \equiv CCHCH_3$  I  $CH_3$
  - (f) H<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CCH<sub>3</sub>
    II
    CH<sub>2</sub>

  - (h) CH<sub>3</sub> | H<sub>3</sub>C C CH<sub>3</sub> | CH<sub>3</sub>
  - (i) F3CCH2CH2CH2CH3
  - (j)  $HC \equiv CCH_2CHBr_2$
  - $(k) \qquad H \qquad C = C \stackrel{Br}{\swarrow} H$
  - (I)  $H_3CCHCH_2CH = CH$  I $CH_3$   $CH_3$
- 2. Draw structural formulae for the following:
  - (a) 2, 2, 4 trimethylpentane
  - (b) dichlorodifluoromethane



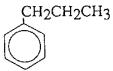
- (c) 3 ethyl 2 methyl 2 pentene
- (d) 4, 4 diethyloctane
- (e) 5, 5 dichloro 4 methyl 2 hexyne
- (f) trans 3 heptene
- (g) 1, 1, dichloro cis 2 butene
- (h) 5 ethyl 3 heptanone
- 3. Draw structural formulae and write systematic names for
  - (a) all the isomers of
    - (i) pentane
    - (ii) pentene
    - (iii) pentyne
  - (b) four isomers of C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>Br.
- 4. Write systematic names for the following compounds:
  - (a)



(b)



(c)



(d)



(c)



(f)

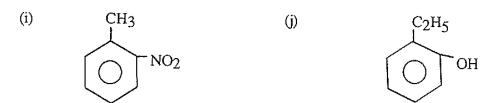


(g)



(h)





- 5. Draw structural formulae for the following:
  - (a) fluorocycloheptane
  - (b) 3 methyl cyclopentene
  - (c) butylbenzene
  - (d) 1, 2, dinitrobenzene
  - (e) 1, 3 dinitrobenzene
  - (f) 2, 4, 6, trinitrotoluene ('TNT')
- 6. Write systematic names for the following compounds:
  - (a) H<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH
  - (b) H<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CHO
  - (c) CH<sub>3</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>CH3

CH<sub>3</sub> OH

(d) H<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>

0

- (e)  $H_2C = O$
- (f) H<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>
- (g) H<sub>2</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHCHO

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{I} & \text{I} \\ \text{CH}_2 & \text{CI} \\ \end{array}$$

CH<sub>3</sub>

- (i) H3CCH2CHCH2NH2 CH<sub>3</sub>
- H3CCHNH2CH3 (j)
- Draw the structural formulae for: 7.
  - 1 pentanol (a)
  - 1, 2, 3, propanetriol (b)
  - 4 chloro 4 methyl 1 hexanol (c)
  - 3 bromopropanol (d)
  - methanal (e)
  - (f) butanone
  - 6 amino 7 bromo 3 heptanone (g)
  - 3 methylbutanal (h)
  - 2 ethyl 1 butanamine (i)
  - 5 chloro 3, 4 dimethyl 2 pentanamine (j)
- Write systematic names for the following compounds: 8.
  - $H_3CCH_2CH_2C = O$ (a)

ОН

 $ClCH_2CH_2C = O$ (b)

OH

H<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>C - ONa (c)

> $\parallel$ O

H<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C - OCH<sub>3</sub> (d)

> 11 0

H<sub>2</sub>CCOCH<sub>3</sub> (e)

> 1 O

 $H_3CCHCH_2C = O$ (f)

> 1 CH<sub>3</sub> OH

H<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CNH<sub>2</sub> (g)

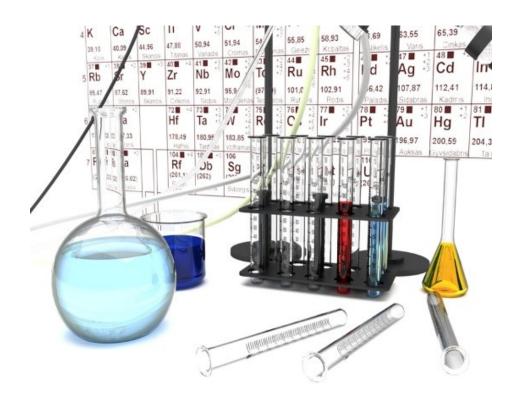
> || 0

### 9. Draw the structural formulae for

- (a) 2 bromobutanoic acid
- (b) heptanedioic acid
- (c) methyl propanoate
- (d) propyl methanoate
- (e) potassium ethanoate
- (f) ethanedioic acid (oxalic acid)
- (g) propanamide
- (h) methanamide

## 10. Draw structural formulae and write systematic names for:

- (a) all isomeric alcohols with formula C4H9OH
- (b) one carboxylic acid and two esters with formula C4H8O2
- (c) two aldehydes and one ketone with formula C4H8O
- (d) three isomers of dichlorobenzene
- (e) Draw all the isomers of C4H8
- (f) Draw all the isomers of C5H10O



#### **SOLUTIONS** Set 24

- pentane 2 methylbutane 2-pentene 1. (a) (b) 1,1,2-trichloroethane (d) (c)
  - 4-methyl-2-pentyne 2-methyl-1-pentene (f) (e) dimethylpropane (h) (g)
  - 5-ethyl-3-methyloctane (h) 1,1,1-trifluoropentane (j) trans-1,2-dibromoethene (l) 4,4-dibromo-1-butyne (i) 5-methyl-2-hexene (k)

(b) 
$$CCl_2F_2$$
 (f) H 
$$H_3CCH_2CH_2C = CCH_2CH_3$$
 
$$H_3CCH_2CH_2C = CCH_2CH_3$$

- $H_3C(CH_2)_2CHCH_2$ ,  $H_3CCH_2CHCHCH_3$ ,  $H_3CCH_2C = CH_2$ CH<sub>3</sub>  $H_3CCH = CCH_3$ H3CCHCHCH2 СНз сн<sub>з</sub>
- H<sub>3</sub>CCHC ≡ CH  $H_3C(CH_2)_2C \equiv CH$ ,  $H_3CCHC \equiv CCH_3$ , CH<sub>3</sub>
- H<sub>3</sub>C(CH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>Br, H<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>3</sub>,  ${\rm H_3CCHCH_2Br}$ (b) Br CH3

4. (a)

(ii)

- methylbenzene propylbenzene 3-fluorocyclopentene (c) (e)
- nitrobenzene
- (g) (i) 2-nitrotoluene
- (b) (d) (f)
- 3-chlorocyclopentene 5-chloro-3-bromocyclopentene
- phenol 1-bromo-3-nitrobenzene 2-ethylphenol (h)
- 5. (a)





- $\mathsf{CH}_2\mathsf{CH}_2\mathsf{CH}_2\mathsf{CH}_3$ (c)
- $NO_2$ (d)
- (e)
- (f)  $O_2N$

1-propanol 6. (a) propanal (b)

7.

- 5-methyl-3-hexanol (c)
- 2-pentanone (d)
- methanal (e)
- 2-methyl-1-butanamine (i) 2-propanamine (j)

(f)

(g)

(h)

propanamine

2-chloro-4-methylhexanal

2,5,5-trimethyl-3-hexanone

- (f)  $H_3C(CH_2)_3CH_2OH$ (a)
- H3CCH2CCH3 ö

- CH<sub>2</sub>OH (b) снон CH2OH
- BrCH2CHCH2CH2CCH2CH3 (g) Ö  $\dot{N}H_2$
- CI (c) H3CCH2 - C - (CH2)2CH2OH  $CH_3$
- H3CCHCH2CHO (h) ĊH3
- CH2BrCH2CH2OH (d)
- H3CCH2CHCH2NH2 (i)

**HCHO** (e)

 $\mathrm{NH}_2$ (j) CH2 - CH CHCHCH3 CI H3C CH3

- butanoic acid 8. (a)
  - 3-chloropropanoic acid (b)
  - sodium propanoate (c)
  - methyl pentanoate (d)
- methyl ethanoate (e)
- 3-methyl butanoic acid (f) propanamide (g)

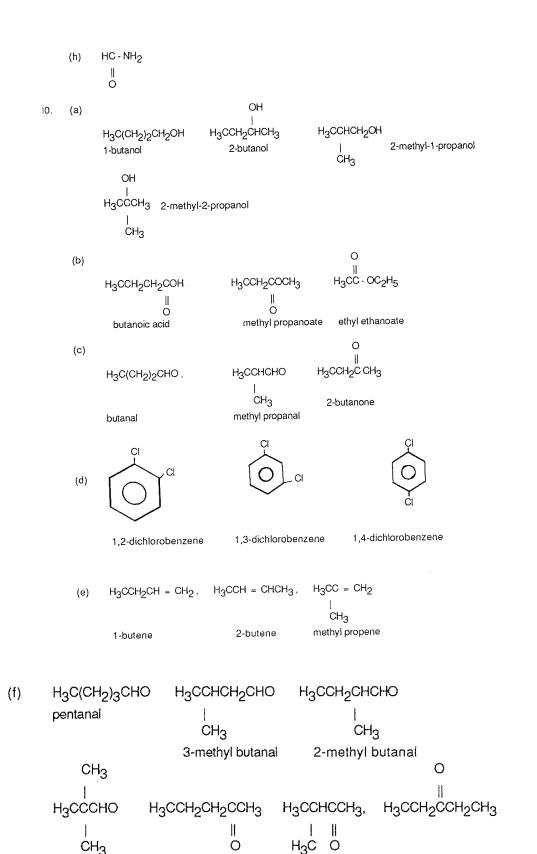
|| |0

- H3CCH2CHCOOH (a) 9.
- HC-OCH2CH2CH3 (d)
- H<sub>3</sub>CCOK 0

HOCCH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COH (b) 0 0

Br

- HO-C-C-OH (f) 00
- H3CCH2COCH3 (c) || |0
- H3CCH2CNH2 (g) 10



2-pentanone

2,2-dimethyl propanal

3-methyl-2-butanone

3-pentanone

