# Calculator Assumed Applications of Differentiation 2

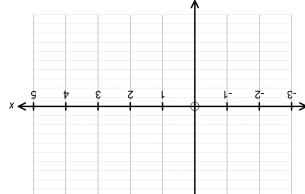
Time: 45 minutes Total Marks: 45 Your Score: / 45



## Question One: [6 marks] CA

The function f(x) is defined by the properties given below. Draw a sketch of this function on the axes provided.

 $0 = (\xi) \underline{f} = (0) \underline{f}$   $0 \leftarrow (x) \underline{f}, \infty \leftarrow x$   $0 \leftarrow (x) \underline{f}, \infty \leftarrow x$   $0 = (\xi) \underline{f} = (\underline{\zeta} - )^{-1} \underline{f}$   $0 > (x)^{-1} \underline{f}, \underline{\zeta} - > x$   $0 < (\xi)^{-1} \underline{f}, \underline{\zeta} - (\xi)^{-1} \underline{f}$ 



## Question Two: [2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3 = 13 marks] CA

A financial institution is offering investors a return of 6% per annum to invest their savings in a term deposit over a period of 5 years.

An investor deposits \$10 000 into this savings account.

- (a) Calculate the total value of the investment if the interest is compounded monthly.
- (b) Calculate the total value of the investment if the interest is compounded daily.
- (c) Calculate the total value of the investment if the interest is compounded continuously.
- (d) Using your answer to (c) or otherwise, determine a function that could model the growth of the investment if the interest is compounded continuously, where *t* is in years.

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(e) Calculate the instantaneous rate of growth of the investment after 4 years if the interest is compounded continuously.

(f) Using the incremental formula, approximate the change in the investment from the  $160^{16}$  to the  $16^{16}$  day, if we assume the interest is compounded continuously and the year contains 365 days.

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#### Mathematics Methods Unit 3

(e) Use calculus methods to determine the maximum area of rectangle ABCD.

$$(\theta \cos \phi + \theta \sin \xi -)(\theta \cos \phi + \theta \sin \xi) + (\theta \sin \phi + \theta \cos \xi)(\theta \sin \phi - \theta \cos \xi) = \frac{\hbar h}{\theta}$$

$$0 = \frac{\hbar h}{\theta}$$

14

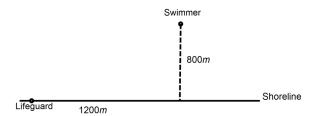
xem 
$$0 > \frac{z\theta p}{Vzp}$$
  $sp = \theta$ 

$$0 = \frac{\theta p}{Vp}$$

$$\sqrt{2} \cos 2 \phi + 2 \cos 2 \phi + 2 \cos 2 \phi$$

Question Three: [2, 4, 6 = 12 marks] CA

A lifeguard at Bondi sees a distressed swimmer 800 m out at sea.



This lifeguard can run at a speed of 8 km/h on sand and he can swim at a speed of 4 km/h in the ocean. He will run some distance, x km, along the 1200 m shoreline and then swim out to the swimmer. He wants to get to the swimmer in the minimum time possible.

- (a) Add this information to the diagram above to illustrate the path of the lifeguard.
- (b) Determine a function T(x) that models this situation where T is the time in hours and x is the distance the lifeguard will run along the beach.

Mathematics Methods Unit 3

Question Four: [1, 2, 2, 4, 5 = 14 marks]

CA

Rectangle WXYZ has WX = 4 cm and XY = 3 cm.

A larger rectangle, ABCD, is circumscribed around WXYZ.

(a) Show that  $CZ = 4\cos\theta$ 

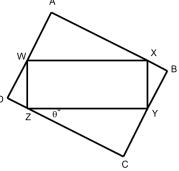
$$\cos\theta = \frac{CZ}{4}$$

 $CZ = 4\cos\theta$ 

(b) Express length CY in terms of  $\theta$ 

$$\sin\theta = \frac{CY}{4} \checkmark$$

 $CY = 4\sin\theta$ 



(c) Explain why  $\angle DWZ = \theta$ 

$$\angle DZW = 90 - \theta$$
 Supplementary angles  $\checkmark$   
 $\angle DWZ = 180 - 90 - (90 - \theta) = \theta$  Angle sum in a triangle  $\checkmark$ 

(d) Show that the area of rectangle ABCD can be given by  $A = (3\sin\theta + 4\cos\theta)(3\cos\theta + 4\sin\theta)$ 

$$\sin\theta = \frac{DZ}{3}$$

 $DZ = 3\sin\theta$ 

 $DC = 3\sin\theta + 4\cos\theta$ 

 $DA = 3\cos\theta + 4\sin\theta$ 

 $Area = DC \times DA$ 

 $Area = (3\sin\theta + 4\cos\theta)(3\cos\theta + 4\sin\theta)$ 

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the swimmer. State the time it will take him. shoreline the lifeguard should run to minimise the time it takes him to get to (a) By calculating the first derivative of T(x), determine how far along the

#### Mathematics Methods Unit 3

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$$\frac{((x-2.1)2-)^{20-}(4\cdot0.0+^{2}(x-2.1))}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = (x)^{t}T$$

$$0 = (x)^{t}T$$

$$mim \ 8\xi \Gamma.0 = x$$

$$mim \ 8\xi \Gamma.0 = (8\xi \Gamma.0)T$$

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#### Question Four: [1, 2, 2, 4, 5 = 14 marks]

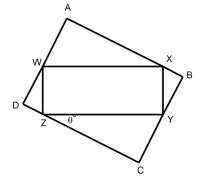
CA

Rectangle WXYZ has WX = 4 cm and XY = 3 cm.

A larger rectangle, ABCD, is circumscribed around WXYZ.

(a) Show that  $CZ = 4\cos\theta$ 

(b) Express length CY in terms of  $\theta$ 



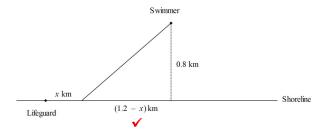
- (c) Explain why  $\angle DWZ = \theta$
- (d) Show that the area of rectangle ABCD can be given by  $A = (3\sin\theta + 4\cos\theta)(3\cos\theta + 4\sin\theta)$

## Mathematics Methods Unit 3

#### Question Three: [2, 4, 6 = 12 marks]

CA

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This lifeguard can run at a speed of 8 km/h on sand and he can swim at a speed of 4 km/h in the ocean. He will run some distance, x km, along the 1200 m shoreline and then swim out to the swimmer. He wants to get to the swimmer in the minimum time possible.

- (a) Add this information to the diagram above to illustrate the path of the lifeguard.
- (b) Determine a function *T*(*x*) that models this situation where *T* is the time in hours and *x* is the distance the lifeguard will run along the beach.

$$T(x) = \frac{x}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{(1.2 - x)^2 + 0.8^2}}{4}$$

Use calculus methods to determine the maximum area of rectangle ABCD.	(e)
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Rathematics Methods Unit 3

Mathematics Methods Unit 3

if the interest is compounded continuously. Calculate the instantaneous rate of growth of the investment after  $4\,\mathrm{ye}$ ars (e)

(f)

continuously and the year contains 365 days. from the  $160^{th}$  to the  $161^{st}$  day, if we assume the interest is compounded Using the incremental formula, approximate the change in the investment

$$\frac{1}{800} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}$$



#### SOLUTIONS Calculator Assumed Applications of Differentiation

Time: 45 minutes Total Marks: 45 Your Score: / 45

#### Question One: [6 marks] CA

The function f(x) is defined by the properties given below. Draw a sketch of this function on the axes provided.

$$f(0) = f(3) = 0$$

$$x \to -\infty, f(x) \to 0$$

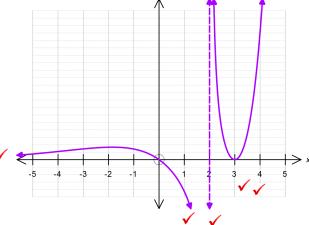
$$x \to \infty, f(x) \to \infty$$

$$f'(-2) = f'(3) = 0$$

$$x < -2, f''(x) < 0$$

$$x \to 2^{-}, f(x) \to -\infty$$

$$f''(3) > 0$$



Mathematics Methods Unit 3

#### Question Two: [2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3 = 13 marks]

A financial institution is offering investors a return of 6% per annum to invest their savings in a term deposit over a period of 5 years.

CA

An investor deposits \$10 000 into this savings account.

(a) Calculate the total value of the investment if the interest is compounded monthly.

$$V = 10000(1.005)^{60} \checkmark$$
$$V = \$13488.50 \checkmark$$

(b) Calculate the total value of the investment if the interest is compounded daily.

$$V = 10000(1 + \frac{0.06}{365})^{5 \times 365}$$

$$V = \$13498.26$$

(c) Calculate the total value of the investment if the interest is compounded continuously.

$$V = 10000e^{0.06 \times 5}$$

$$V = $13498.59$$

(d) Using your answer to (c) or otherwise, determine a function that could model the growth of the investment if the interest is compounded continuously, where *t* is in years.

$$V = 10000e^{0.06t}$$
  $\checkmark$