Additional working space

Question number(s):_________

ROSSMOYNE SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL

Semester Two Examination, 2010

Question/Answer Booklet

MATHEMATICS 3A/3B

Section Two: Calculator-assumed

Your name ____________________________________

Your Teacher (Circle one)

Belonogoff Benko Bestall Jones

Robinson Sutton Tay

Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: 10 minutes
Working time for paper: 100 minutes

Material required/recommended for this section

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer booklet
Formula sheet (retained from Section One)

To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens, pencils, pencil sharpener, eraser, correction fluid, ruler, highlighters

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators satisfying the conditions set by the Curriculum Council for this course.

Important note to candidates

No other items may be used in this section of the examination. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available
Section One: Calculator-free	7	7	50	40
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	12	12	100	80
				120

Instructions to candidates

1. The rules for the conduct of Western Australian external examinations are detailed in the *Year 12 Information Handbook 2010*. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.

2. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question/Answer Booklet. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
   - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
   - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the question(s) that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.

3. **Show all your working clearly**. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat an answer to any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.

4. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil** except in diagrams.

Question 19 **(6 marks)**

(a) The function $g(x)=2x^2+x-1$ has a turning point when $x=-0.25$. Write down the equation of the tangent to $g(x)$ one unit to the right of the turning point, where $x=0.75$. (1 mark)

(b) Consider other quadratic functions of the form $f(x)=ax^2+x+b$ which have a turning point at (p,q).

(i) Determine an expression for p in terms of a. (2 marks)

(ii) Find an expression for the equation of the tangent line to $f(x)$ at the point $(p+1, f(p+1))$ in terms of a and b, stating its gradient and y-intercept in simplest form. (3 marks)

End of questions

Question 18 **(5 marks)**

(a) After noticing that $7^2 - 5^2 = 24 = 6 \times 4$ and that $19^2 - 17^2 = 72 = 6 \times 12$, a student made the conjecture that the difference of the squares of any two consecutive odd integers is always a multiple of 6. Is this conjecture true? (2 marks)

(b) Use algebra to prove that the difference of the squares of any two consecutive odd integers is always even. (3 marks)

Section Two: Calculator-assumed **(80 Marks)**

This section has **twelve (12)** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the space provided.

Working time for this section is 100 minutes.

Question 8 **(5 marks)**

In researching the different modes of transport that students used to travel to and from a particular school, the principal decided to ask a sample of 50 out of the 860 students enrolled.

(a) Briefly describe one advantage and one disadvantage of using a sample rather than a census for this research. (2 marks)

(b) The principal decided to use a stratified sample to reflect the school population consisting of 325 primary, 312 middle-school and 223 upper-school students. State how many **upper-school** students would form part of this sample and name a suitable method to choose them.
(2 marks)

(c) If 8 students in the sample answered 'yes' to using bicycles, estimate, to the nearest ten, how many students in the school are likely to use bicycles. (1 mark)

Question 9 **(6 marks)**

A project involves 8 tasks, each of which requires the uninterrupted labour of one person for the time shown in this table.

Task	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Time required (minutes)	7	12	18	15	11	10	9	2

Some of the tasks cannot begin until other tasks are complete, as described below:

- Tasks D and E cannot begin until A is complete.
- Tasks F and G cannot begin until B is complete.
- Task H cannot begin until tasks E and F are both complete.

(a) Construct a project network to show the above information. (3 marks)

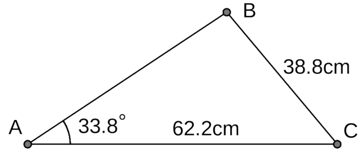
(b) Find the minimum completion time for the project and state the critical path. (1 mark)

(c) How many people would be required to complete the project in the time stated in your answer to part (b)? (1 mark)

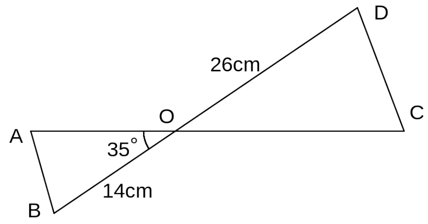
(d) If the times for tasks E and G were both increased by 5 minutes, what effect would this have on the minimum completion time found in part (b)? (1 mark)

Question 17 **(6 marks)**

(a) Calculate the smallest possible length of AB in the triangle shown below. (3 marks)
(The triangle is not drawn to scale).

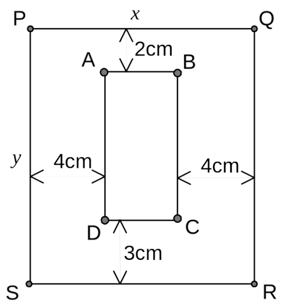


(b) In the diagram below (not to scale), the line AC intersects the line BD at O. The angle AOB = 35°, and the lengths OB = 14cm, OD = 26cm and AC = 30cm. If the area of triangle ODC is twice that of triangle OAB, determine the length OA. (3 marks)



Question 16 **(7 marks)**

Rectangle ABCD is enclosed within another rectangle PQRS so that the sides AB and PQ are parallel and 2cm apart. The vertical distance between sides CD and RS is 3cm and the horizontal distances between sides BC and QR and sides AD and PS are both 4cm.



Let PQ $=x$ and PS $=y$. The perimeter of PQRS is 120 cm.

(a) Explain why $2x+2y=120$. (1 mark)

(b) Show that the area of rectangle ABCD $=63x - x^2 - 440$. (3 marks)

(c) Use differentiation to find the maximum possible area of ABCD. (3 marks)

Question 10 **(5 marks)**

The table below displays the cost of the quarterly electricity and gas consumption for a sample of 14 households in an apartment block, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Household	**Electricity ($)** x	**Gas($)** y
1	151	110
2	149	107
3	135	97
4	144	104
5	137	98
6	138	102
7	150	112
8	142	116
9	168	123
10	167	121
11	161	121
12	155	111
13	160	119
14	154	114

(a) Describe the relationship between the cost of electricity and gas consumption for this sample of households. (1 mark)

(b) Removal of the data for one of the households from the table significantly increases the strength of the linear correlation between the variables. State which household should be removed and justify your answer. (2 marks)

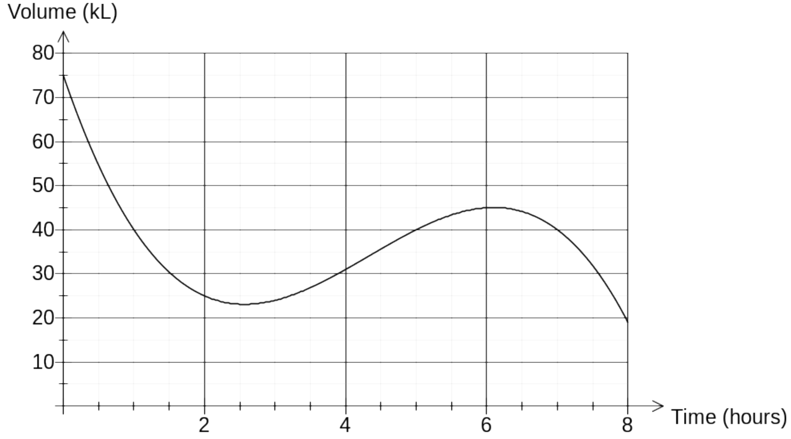
Answer the remaining questions with the household identified in part (b) removed from the table.

(c) Determine the equation of the linear regression line for y on x. (1 mark)

(d) Calculate the expected quarterly cost of gas for a household with an electricity bill of $158. (1 mark)

Question 11 **(6 marks)**

The volume of water in a storage tank changes with time as shown in the graph below. The volume is in kilolitres and the time is in hours from noon.



Use the graph to estimate:

(a) the volume of water in the tank after seven and a half hours. (1 mark)

(b) the average rate of change of volume from the fourth to seventh hour. (2 marks)

(c) the earliest time, to the nearest quarter of an hour, at which the instantaneous rate of decrease of volume of water is 5 litres per second [Hint: - convert 5 litres per second to an amount per hour]. (3 marks)

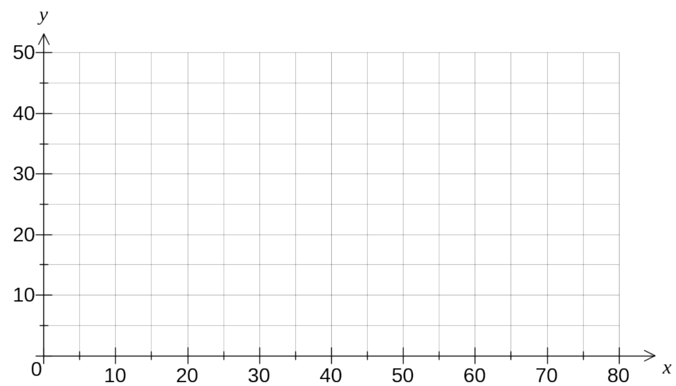
Question 15 **(11 marks)**

Each week a carpenter needs a minimum of 600 nails, 200 screws and 120 bolts. The carpenter's local hardware store sells two different fastener packs. The Midi pack costs $4.50 and contains 10 nails, 20 screws and 4 bolts, whilst a Maxi pack costs $5.50 and contains 50 nails, 5 screws and 5 bolts.

Let x be the number of Midi packs and y be the number of Maxi packs bought each week.

(a) State three constraints concerning the number of packs that the carpenter must buy to meet his weekly needs, other than $x \geq 0$ and $y \geq 0$. (3 marks)

(b) Graph the above inequalities on the axes below and indicate the feasible region. (3 marks)



(c) How many of each type of pack should the carpenter buy to minimise weekly costs and what is the minimum cost? Justify your answer. (3 marks)

(d) If the carpenter buys packs according to the optimal solution in (c), there will be an excess over the minimum weekly requirements for one of nails, screws or bolts. Which type of fastener has an excess, and by how large is this excess? (2 marks)

Question 14 **(8 marks)**

A student takes out a bank loan of $1450 to buy a laptop computer for use at university. One month after the loan began, interest of 1.3% is added to the balance of the loan and then the student makes a repayment of $75. This process is then repeated at monthly intervals until the loan is repaid.

(a) The recursive formula $T_n = T_{n-1} \times a - b \quad T_0 = c$ can be used to find the loan balance T_n after n repayments. State the values of a, b and c. (2 marks)

(b) What is the balance of the loan just after the student has made the 12^{th} repayment? (1 mark)

(c) The final repayment is less than the regular repayment of $75 so that after it is made the balance of the loan is nil. How much is the final repayment? (1 mark)

(d) Calculate the total interest charged by the bank over the life of this loan. (2 marks)

(e) If the rate of interest charged by the bank doubled, will your answer to part (d) also double? Justify your answer. (2 marks)

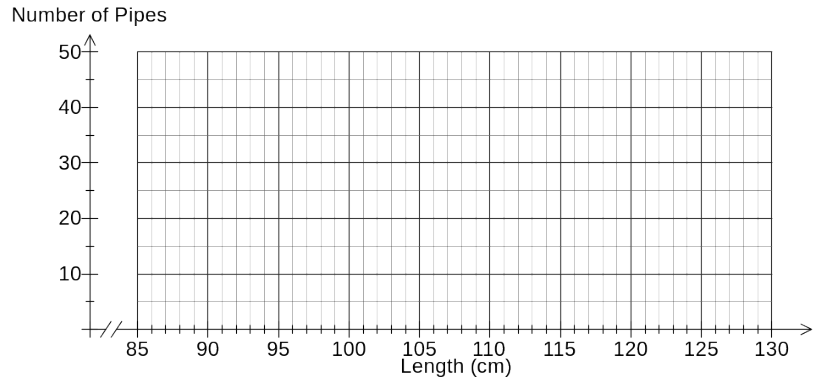
Question 12 **(7 marks)**

In the process of developing a new plastic injection moulding machine, an engineering company measured the lengths of 150 pipes it produced.

The lengths, to the nearest centimetre, are summarised in the table at right:

Length of pipe (cm)	Number of pipes
88 - 92	3
93 - 97	6
98 - 102	27
103 - 107	34
108 - 112	44
113 - 117	27
118 - 122	8
123 -127	1

(a) Draw a histogram for this data. (2 marks)

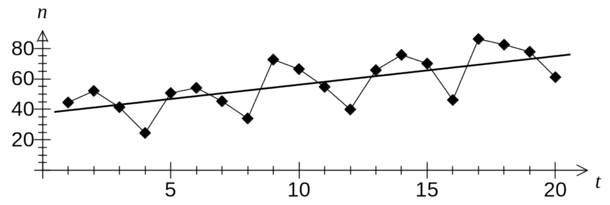


(b) The company engineers thought that the pipe lengths followed a normal distribution. How does the histogram support this conjecture? (1 mark)

(c) Assuming that the pipe lengths follow a normal distribution with the same mean and standard deviation as the sample above, if the machine produced 6000 pipes, how many of them would be expected to have a length of more than 127.5cm? (4 marks)

Question 13 **(8 marks)**

The number of new accounts (n) opened each quarter at a local branch of a bank for the period 2002 - 2006 have been graphed below, where $t = 1$ is the first quarter of the year 2002. The regression line, $n = 2.26t + 33.3$, for the four point centered moving averages is also shown.



Some of the data for the years 2005 and 2006 are shown in the table below, together with associated four point centred moving averages and residuals. The residuals for the first quarters of 2003 and 2004 were 7.75 and 17.25.

t	n	4pt CMA	Residual
13	66	61.125	4.875
14	**A**	63.75	12.25
15	70	67	3
16	46	70.25	-24.25
17	86	72	14
18	82	74.875	7.125
19	78		
20	**B**		

(a) Describe a common trend of the data within each year. (1 mark)

(b) Explain the purpose of calculating four point centred moving averages for this data. (1 mark)

(c) Calculate the values of **A** and **B** in the table. (3 marks)

(d) Calculate the seasonal component for the number of new accounts in the first quarter. (1 mark)

(e) Use the moving average model (i.e. prediction = trend value + seasonal component) to predict the number of new accounts opened in the first quarter of 2007. (2 marks)