

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(2+6) = 4$$

$$VAR = \frac{1}{4}(6-2+1)^2 = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii)} \quad & Std Dev = \sqrt{2} \\ \text{(iv)} \quad & E(Y) = 3 - 2(4) = -5 \\ \text{(c)} \quad & Std Dev(Y) = 2(Std Dev(X)) \\ \text{(i)} \quad & E(Y) = 3 - 2(4) = -5 \\ \text{(ii)} \quad & Std Dev = \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore VAR(Y) = 8$$

$$18. \text{ (a)} \quad x(t) = \int e_{\sin 2t} \cos 2t dt$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(e_{\sin 2t}) = 2e_{\sin 2t} \cos 2t$$

$$\therefore x\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{2}e - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(v(t)) = 0 \text{ when } t = 0.3331$$

$$v(t) = 0 \text{ when } t = 0.7854$$

$$\therefore \text{Total distance} = \int_{0.3331}^0 e_{\sin 2t} \cos 2t dt = 0.428$$

$$[6] \quad \therefore v(t) = 0 \text{ when } t = 0.7854$$

SOLUTIONS

2020

MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 3

SEMESTER ONE



Calculator-free Solutions

1. (a) $\frac{d}{dx} \left[\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^3 \right] = 3\sin^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \times \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{2}$

✓✓

(b) $2t(\tan t) + \frac{t^2}{\cos^2 t}$

✓✓

(c) $f(y) = \cos \left\{ (\sin y)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right\}$

$$\therefore f'(y) = -\sin \sqrt{\sin y} \times \frac{1}{2} \left(\sin^{-\frac{1}{2}} y \right) \times \cos y$$

✓✓✓

[7]

2. (a) $v(t) = 2e^{2t} - 2e^2 t + c$

✓

$x(t) = e^{2t} - e^2 t^2 + ct + k$

✓

When $t = 0, x = 0 \rightarrow k = -1$

✓

When $t = 1, x = 0 \rightarrow c = 1$

✓

$$\therefore x(t) = e^{2t} - e^2 t^2 + t - 1$$

(b) 0

✓

(c) $v(0) = 3$

✓

[6]

3. (a) $2\sin\frac{x}{2} - e^{\cos x} + c$

✓✓

(b) $f'(y) = (1 - 2y)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

✓✓

$$f(y) = \frac{(1 - 2y)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \times (-2)} + c$$

✓✓

$$\therefore (-4, 3) \rightarrow 3 = -\sqrt{9} + c \rightarrow c = 6$$

✓

$$\therefore f(y) = -\sqrt{1 - 2y} + 6$$

✓

(c) $g(x) = - \int_{-1}^{2x} \frac{2}{\tan^2 t} dt$

✓

$$g'(x) = -\frac{2}{\tan^2(2x)} \times 2 = -\frac{4}{\tan^2 2x}$$

✓✓

[9]

15. (a) $f'(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$

✓

TP occurs when $f'(x) = 0$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

✓

$$\therefore \frac{x}{2} = \frac{5\pi}{6} \rightarrow x = \frac{5\pi}{3} \text{ km}$$

✓✓

and height = 2.767 m

✓✓

(b) Max gradient occurs when $f''(x) = 0$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = 0$$

✓

$$\therefore x = 0, 6.28, 12.57, 18.85$$

✓

∴ Max gradient = 0.93

✓

[8]

16. (a) $f'(x) = \sin x + x \cos x$

✓✓

(b) (i) $\int f'(x) dx = \int \sin x dx + \int x \cos x dx$

✓

$$\therefore f(x) = -\cos x + \int x \cos x dx$$

✓

$$\therefore \int x \cos x dx = f(x) + \cos x + c$$

✓

$$\therefore \int x \cos x dx = x \sin x + \cos x + c$$

✓

(ii) $\int_0^\pi x \cos x dx = [x \sin x + \cos x]_0^\pi$

✓

$$= (0 - 1) - (0 + 1) = -2$$

✓

(c) $\int_0^\pi |x \cos x| dx = 3.14$

✓✓

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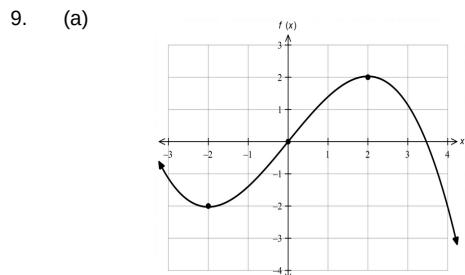
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7. $(0, 2) \rightarrow e = 2$ ✓
 $y' = 4ax^3 + 3bx^2 + cx + d$ ✓
 $\therefore y' = 0 \text{ when } x = 0 \rightarrow d = 0$ ✓
 $y'' = 12ax^2 + 6bx + 2c$ ✓
 $\therefore y'' = 0 \text{ when } x = 0 \rightarrow c = 0$ ✓
 $\text{and } y'' = 0 \text{ when } x = -2 \rightarrow 48a - 12b = 0$ ✓
 $(-2, 0) \rightarrow 0 = 16a - 8b + 2 \rightarrow 16a - 8b = -2$ ✓
 $b = \frac{1}{2}$ and $a = \frac{1}{8}$
Hence
 $b = \frac{1}{2}$ and $a = \frac{1}{8}$

Calculator-Assumed Solutions

8. (a) $a + b = 26$ ✓
 $\frac{30 + 80 + 150 + 20a + 25b}{50} = 16.6$ ✓
 $\therefore a = 16$ and $b = 10$ ✓✓
(b) Standard deviation = 6.44 ✓✓
(c) (i) $16.6 \left(1 - \frac{d}{100}\right)$ ✓
(ii) $41.47 \left(1 - \frac{d}{100}\right)^2$ ✓✓



- (b) (i) $\int_{-2}^2 f'(x) dx = f(2) - f(-2) = 2 - (-2) = 4$ ✓✓
(ii) $\int_{-2}^2 f''(x) dx = f''(2) - f''(-2) = 0 - 0 = 0$ ✓✓
(c) Area = $\int_{-2}^2 |f'(x)| dx = \int_{-2}^2 f'(x) dx$ since positive
= $f(2) - f(-2)$ ✓

[8]

- = 4 ✓ [10]
10. (a) $2.5 = 2e^{k \times 5}$ ✓
 $\therefore k = 0.04463$ ✓
 $M(t) = 2000000e^{0.04463t}$ ✓
 $M(15) = 2000000e^{0.04463 \times 15}$ ✓
= 3 906 325 = 3 906 500 ✓
(b) $M'(t) = 89260e^{0.04463t}$ ✓
 $\therefore M'(15) = 174339 \text{ microbes/min}$ ✓
(d) $2000000 = 3906500e^{-0.05t}$ ✓
 $\therefore t = 13.39 \text{ min}$ ✓
 $\therefore 12:58 \text{ pm}$ ✓ [10]

11. (a) (i) Length(x) = $\sqrt{x^2 + 16} + \sqrt{(30 - x)^2 + 100}$ ✓
 $L'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(16 + x^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(2x) + \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 60x + 1000)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(2x - 60)$ ✓
 $L'(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 16}} + \frac{x - 30}{\sqrt{x^2 - 60x + 1000}}$ ✓
 $\therefore \text{Min occurs when } L'(x) = 0$ ✓
 $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 16}} = \frac{30 - x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 60x + 1000}}$ ✓
 $\therefore x = 8.57 \text{ m}$ ✓

- (b) $\delta\theta = -0.01$ and $\tan \theta = \frac{21.43}{10} = 2.143 \rightarrow \theta = 1.134$ ✓
 $\tan \theta = \frac{30 - x}{10}$ ✓
 $x = 30 - 10\tan \theta \rightarrow \frac{dx}{d\theta} = -\frac{10}{\cos^2 \theta}$ ✓
 $\delta x = -\frac{10}{\cos^2 \theta} \times (-0.01)$ ✓
 $\therefore \text{When } \theta = 1.134, \delta x = 0.559 \text{ m}$ ✓ [10]