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### **Important note to candidates**

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in the WACE examinations.

Standard items: pens(blue/black preferred), pencils(including coloured), sharpener, correction tape/fluid, erasers, ruler, highlighters

To be provided by the candidate

Formula Sheet (retained from Section One)

This Question/Answer booklet

To be provided by the supervisor

### **Material required/recommended for this section**

Working time for paper: one hundred minutes  
Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes

Time allowed for this section

Teacher's Name:

Student Name:

Calculator-assumed  
Section Two:

## **MATHEMATICS**

## **METHODS UNIT 3**

Question/Answer Booklet  
Semester One Examination 2019



**Structure of this paper**

	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be attempted	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of exam
Section One Calculator—free	9	9	50	50	35
Section Two Calculator—assumed	15	15	100	100	65
					100

**Additional working space**

Question number(s): .....

**Instructions to candidates**

1. The rules for the conduct of Western Australian external examinations are detailed in the *Year 12 Information Handbook 2019*. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
2. Answer the questions according to the following instructions.

Section Two: Write answers in this Question/Answer Booklet. Answer **all** questions.

**Show all your working clearly.** Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat an answer to any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.

It is recommended that you **do not use pencil**, except in diagrams.

3. You must be careful to confine your responses to the specific questions asked and to follow any instructions that are specific to a particular question.
4. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
  - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
  - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the question that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
5. The Formula Sheet is **not** handed in with your Question/Answer Booklet.

WATP acknowledges the permission of the School Curriculum and Assessment Authority in providing instructions to students.

(3)

- (d) If the radius changes from 4 to 4.05 cm, use the incremental formula to find the exact corresponding change in the area.

(4)

- (e) What is the exact rate of change of area with time when  $t = 17$ ?

(5)

- (f) What is the rate of change of radius with time?

(6)

- (g) Show that the area of ink,  $A$  (in  $\text{cm}^2$ ), as a function of time is given by  $A = \pi(3t + 1)^2$ .

A circular drop of ink on blotting paper spreads from an initial area of  $1 \text{ cm}^2$  in such a way that the radius is  $r$  cm after  $t$  seconds, then  $r = 3t + 1$ .

#### Question 10 (6 marks)

Working time: 100 minutes

- Number of the question(s) that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
- Original answer space where the answer is continuous, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the continuing answer space if you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continuous, i.e. give the page number.
- Planning: if you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.

Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.

This section has **fifteen (15)** questions. Attempt all questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

**Section Two: Calculator-Assumed**

100 marks

**MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 3**

3

**CALCULATOR-ASSUMED**

Question number(s): .....

Additional working space

**Question 11 (7 marks)**

Grace, a quality controller in a factory, obtained data from the last 322 production runs and found the following relationship.

If  $X$  is the number of defective items in a production run then:

$$P(X = 0) = P(X = 1)$$

$$P(X = 2) = 2P(X = 1)$$

$$P(X = 3) = 1.5P(X = 2)$$

$$P(X = 4) = 3P(X = 1)$$

$$P(X = 5) = 2P(X = 2)$$

- (a) Complete the probability distribution and frequency table for the number of defective items in a production run. (4)

$X$	0	1	2	3	4	5
$P(X = x)$						
Frequency						

- (b) State the mode and the mean of the distribution. (2)

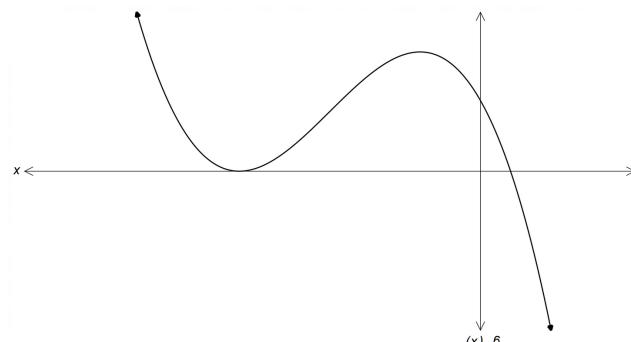
- (c) What is the probability that 2 or 3 items are defective in a run? (1)

**Additional working space**

Question number(s): .....

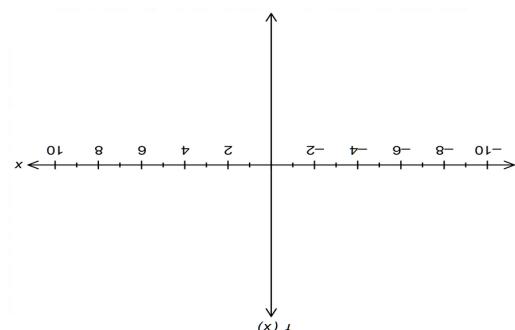
(1)

(c) Determine  
 $F(x)$  if  $F(x) = \int_{2x+3}^1 t \sin t \, dt$



(2)

- (b) The graph of the gradient function is shown below.  
 (c) On the same set of axes sketch a possible graph of its anti-derivative.



(3)

$$\begin{aligned}f(1) &= f(7) = 0 \\f''(4) &= 0 \quad \text{and } f''(x) < 0 \text{ for } x < 4 \quad \text{only} \\f(-2) &= f(6) = f(8) = 0\end{aligned}$$

(a)

Marie Curie, a French-Polish physicist and chemist, was the first woman to win a Nobel Prize, the first person and only woman to win twice, and the only person to win a Nobel Prize in two different sciences. In 1909, she succeeded in isolating 1 gram of pure radium. The decay function of radium is approximately  $A = A_0 e^{-0.0004279t}$ , where  $t$  is time in years.

(2)

(a) What percentage of that 1 gram of radium will have decayed by now (2019)?

(b) Based on the above information, what is the half-life of radium?

(3)

(c) Radon, a radioactive gas, is one of the products of the decay of radium. The half-life of radon is 3.8 days. If there is 10 mg of radon gas at  $t = 0$ , how much will there be 15 days later?

### Question 12 (6 marks)

**Question 13 (6 marks)**

(a) Given that  $f(t) = Ae^{kt}$ , then  $f'(t) = Ake^{kt} = kf(t)$ .

The numbers in a colony of ants are observed to be growing at a rate of 2 ants per day per 50 ants in the colony. How long does it take for the colony to double itself? (3)

(b) A bush fire near Esperance at time  $t$  hours is spreading at the rate of  $2e^{2t-7}$  m<sup>2</sup>/hour.

(i) What area is burnt out in the first 8 hours?

(1)

(ii) What area is burnt out during the 10<sup>th</sup> hour?

(1)

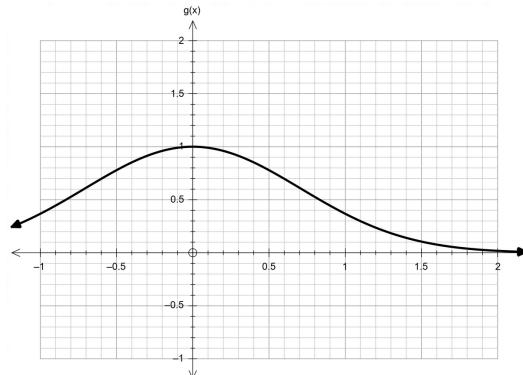
(iii) Explain why this function is an unrealistic model for  $t > 10$ .

(1)

**Question 23 (5 marks)**

The graph of  $g(x) = e^{-x^2}$

is shown below. Complete the table (round to two decimal places) and then use rectangles from the left and the right to estimate the area under the graph of  $g(x) = e^{-x^2}$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 1$  by dividing the region into 5 equal strips. (4)



$g(0)$	$g(0.2)$	$g(0.4)$	$g(0.6)$	$g(0.8)$	$g(1)$

(b) Explain how the area is affected as the width of the rectangle tends to 0. (1)

The acceleration,  $a(t)$  m/s<sup>2</sup>, of a particle at time  $t$  seconds is given by  $a(t) = \cos t - 4\sin 2t$

$$s(t) \text{ cm from O, where } s(t) = 27t - t^3$$

(2)

- (a) moves away from O for the first 3 seconds.

(a) Find when the particle changes direction.

(3) Prove that the particle:

(b) Find the total distance the particle travelled during the given time interval.

(2)

- (b) returns to O reaching it with a speed of 54 cm/s.

and then:

(3)

(b) Find the velocity of the particle at  $t = 0$  is 2 m/s.

where  $t \in [0, \pi]$ .

Question 22 (5 marks)

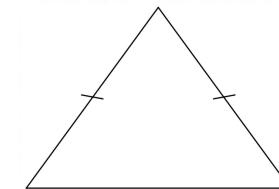
**Question 15 (3 marks)**

$$\int_1^t \frac{d}{dx} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} dx$$

Find the function  $A(t)$  given that  $A(t) = \frac{1}{2}$  . (3)

**Question 21 (5 marks)**

Use calculus methods to find the maximum area of a triangle whose sides are 15, 15 and  $2x$  cm.



(Hint: Let the height of the triangle be  $h$ .)

**Question 16 (6 marks)**

A local producer grows and sells organic figs. The costs involved amount to \$50 plus 80c per fig. The producer estimates that if he charges \$ $r$  for each fig, he will sell  $n$  figs where  $r = 3.5 - 0.01n$ .

(a) If \$ $P$  is the total profit from selling  $n$  figs, show that  $P = 2.7n - 0.01n^2 - 50$ . (2)

(b) If the producer charges \$2.50 per fig, how many will he sell **and** what will the marginal profit be? (4)

(3)

- (c) A binomial distribution has a variance of 9 and an expected value of 12.

Find  $n$  and  $p$ .

(1)

- (ii) Find the probability that in a random sample of twenty six properties, at most half of them have an electric fence.

(2)

- (i) Find the probability that in a random sample of ten properties in this area, seven of them have an electric fence.

- (b) Sahin notes that in an industrial area, 70% of business owners have an electric fence on the perimeter of their property.

- (iii) What is the probability of two men being on the committee?

- (ii) Determine the expected value and variance of the distribution.

$P(Y = y)$	$\frac{1}{56}$	$\frac{56}{28}$			
$y$	0	1	2	3	

- (a) Form a group of five women and three men, three persons are selected to form a committee. Let  $y$  be the number of women on the committee.

- (i) Complete the probability distribution table.

- Question 17 (10 marks)

- (a) Show that the total area enclosed between the curve  $y = x^3 - 4x^2 + 3x$

- and the  $x$ -axis is  $\frac{37}{12}$  units<sup>2</sup>.

- (b) The second derivative of a function is given by  $h''(x) = 4(4x + 1)e^{2x^2 + x}$ . If  $h(0) = 1$ , show that the exact gradient of the tangent to the curve where

- $x = 1$  is  $4e^3 - 3$ .

- (c) Find the area enclosed by the graphs of  $y = \cos 2x$  and  $y = \frac{1}{2} \sin x$  between  $x = 0$  and  $x = \pi$ .

- (d) Sahin notes that in an industrial area, 70% of business owners have an electric fence on the perimeter of their property.

- (i) Find the probability that in a random sample of ten properties in this area, seven of them have an electric fence.

- (ii) Find the probability that in a random sample of twenty six properties, at most half of them have an electric fence.

**Question 18 (8 marks)**

Water flows into a town reservoir at a rate of  $f(t)$  megalitres per day. To supply the needs of the town, water flows out at the rate of  $w(t)$  megalitres per day.

- (a) Explain why neither  $f(t)$  nor  $w(t)$  can be negative, although each function could be equal to zero for a certain time. (2)

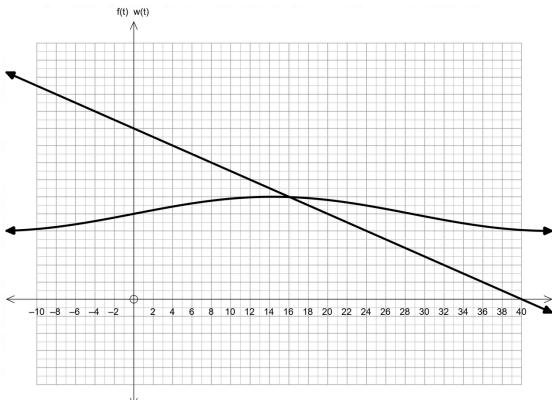
- (b) Write an expression for the rate of change of the total quantity of water in the reservoir. (1)

- (c) Write a definite integral to represent the total amount of water flowing in to the reservoir from time  $t_0$  to  $t_1$ . (1)

- (d) If the functions are modelled such that  
find the total change in the volume of water in the reservoir during the first 30 days. (2)

$$f(t) = 20 - \frac{1}{2}t \quad \text{and} \quad w(t) = 10 + 2\sin 2\pi t$$

- (e) Label the functions and show your solution to (d) below. (2)



See next page

**Question 19 (12 marks)**

- (a) At a recycle centre, washing machines are separated into two piles; machines that work and machines that are broken. The probability that a washing machine works is 0.2

- (i) Explain how each machine can be considered a Bernoulli trial. (2)

- (ii) Find the expected value and the standard deviation for the probability of a washing machine still working at the recycle centre. (2)

- (b) The probability of a mobile phone being defective is 0.03. A quality controller selects mobile phones from a termination point. When a defective mobile phone is found the controller puts the mobile phone to one side and starts the inspection process again.

Let  $X$  be the number of non-defective mobile phones selected before a defective mobile phone is found.

- (i) Describe the meaning and then determine  $P(X = 0)$ . (2)

- (ii) Describe the meaning and then determine  $P(X = 2)$ . (2)

- (iii) Find the probability that if six mobile phones are selected, the last one is the first defective one. (2)

- (iv) Find the probability that at least three non-defective mobile phones will be selected before a defective mobile phone is found. (2)

See next page