Worksheet 14.1: Solutions

## Oxidation numbers and redox equations

No.	Answer
1	Examples: <b>a</b> NF <sub>3</sub> <b>b</b> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> <b>c</b> N <sub>2</sub> <b>d</b> NH <sub>3</sub>
2	<b>a</b> +6 <b>b</b> +6 <b>c</b> +4 <b>d</b> -1
3	<ul> <li>a Not redox</li> <li>b Oxidant = I<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, reductant = CO</li> <li>c Not redox</li> <li>d Oxidant = Hg<sup>2+</sup>, reductant = N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub></li> <li>e Oxidant = NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, reductant = H<sub>2</sub>S</li> <li>f Oxidant = NO<sub>2</sub>, reductant = NO<sub>2</sub></li> </ul>
4	<b>a</b> +5 <b>b</b> +2 <b>c</b> +7
5	C = 0 $H = +1$ $O = -2$
6	$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{a} & \text{Oxidation: } \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}(aq) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(l) \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{COOH}(aq) + 4\text{H}^+(aq) + 4\text{e}^-} \\ & \text{Reduction: } \text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}(aq) + 14\text{H}^+(aq) + 6\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{Cr}^{3+}(aq) + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)} \\ & \text{Redox: } 3\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}(aq) + 2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}(aq) + 16\text{H}^+(aq) \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $