

Year 12 Methods
TEST 4 2019
Friday 23 August
TIME: 45 minutes working
One page of notes is allowed.
Calculator Assumed
46 Marks 6 Questions

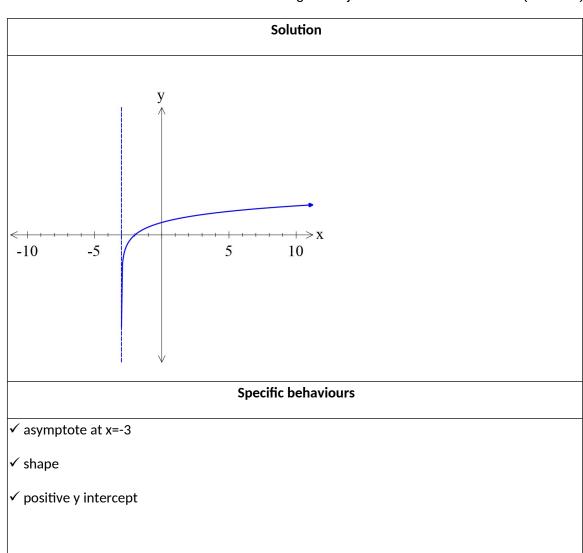
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Name:	Teacher:
TOTAL TOTAL	1 00011011

Note: All part questions worth more than 2 marks require working to obtain full marks.

Question 1 (8 marks)

Consider the function $f(x) = \log_a(x+3)$, a > 1.

a) Sketch the function on the axes below showing all major features. (3 marks)



b) Determine the value of p given that f(p)=3.

(2 marks)

$$3 = \log_a(p+3)$$

$$p + 3 = a^3$$

$$p = a^3 - 3$$

Specific behaviours

- √ converts to a power statement
- √ expresses p in terms of a
- c) Consider the new function y = f(x 4a 3) + 2, determine the x coordinate where y = 3 on this new function. (Note; a is the same constant as above.)

$$3 = \log_a (x - 4a - 3 + 3) + 2$$

$$1 = \log_a (x - 4a - 3 + 3)$$

$$a^{1} = x - 4a$$

$$x = 5a$$

Specific behaviours

- ✓ obtains correct equation for x
- √ uses a power statement
- √ final expression for x in terms of a

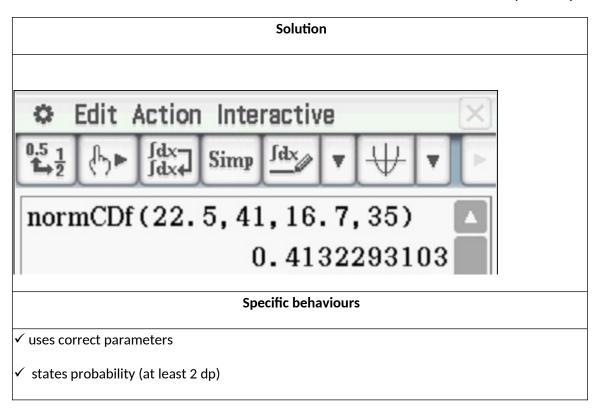
(3 marks)

Question 2 (15 marks)

A company makes circuit boards to be used to make computers. The length of the circuit boards is estimated to be Normally distributed with a mean of 35 cm and a standard deviation of 16.7 cm.

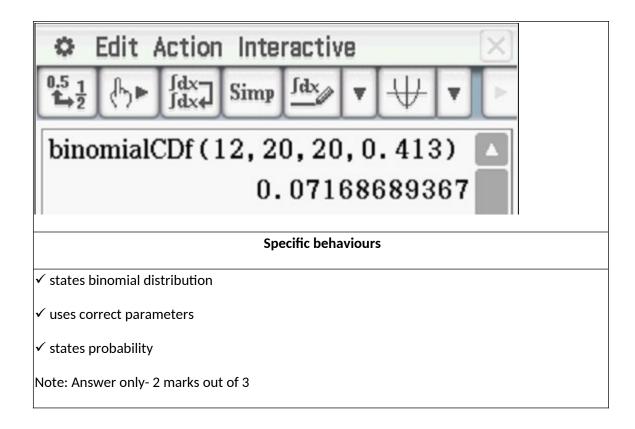
A customer will only buy circuit boards that are between 22.5 and 41 cm.

a) Determine the probability that a circuit board will meet the customer's requirements. (2 marks)



b) If the company made 20 circuit boards, determine the probability that at least 12 boards would be suitable for the customer. (3 marks)

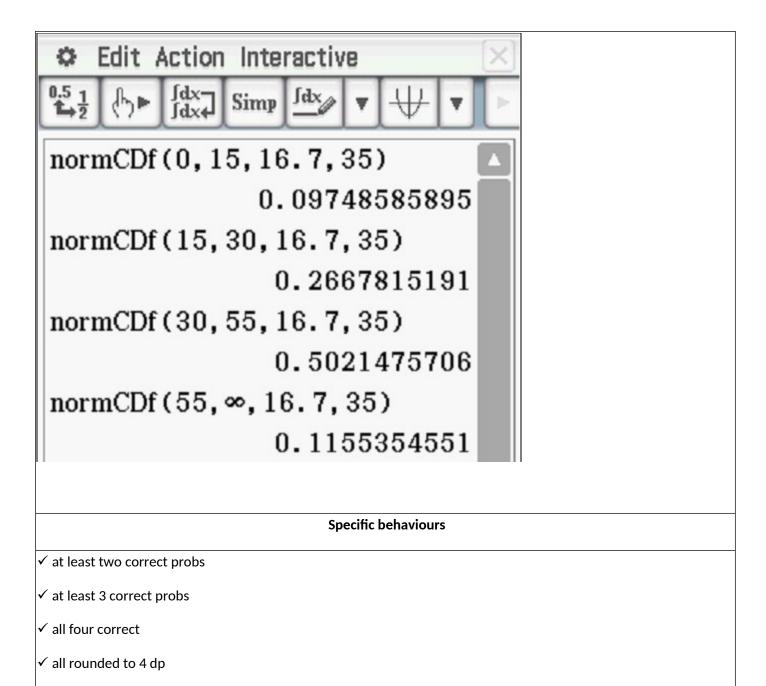
	Solution
$X \sim Bin(20, 0.413)$	
$P(X \ge 12)$	



The government will tax the circuit boards made by the company according to its length. Complete the table below by determining the probabilities to 4dp.

c) (4 marks)

		Solution		
Length of circuit board	length ≤15cm	15 < length ≤30cm	30 < length ≤55cm	length > 55cm
Tax \$	\$5	\$7.50	\$9	\$11.50
Probability	0.0975 Or 0.1156	0.2668	0.5021	0.1155 Or 0.1336



d) Determine the expected tax bill for a circuit board.

(2 marks)

[/T) +0.40 +0.40 +0.54	
E(Tax)=\$8.49 or \$8.43 or \$8.54	
	Specific behaviours
✓ states to at least 2 dp	
✓ states units	

e) Determine the standard deviation for the tax of a circuit board.

(2 marks)

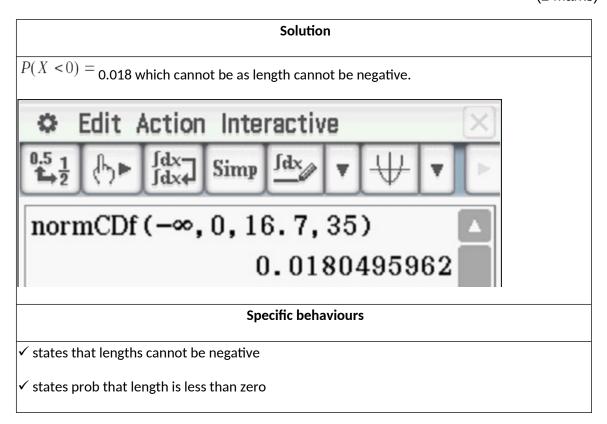
Standard deviation =\$ 1.635 or 1.686 or 1.669

Specific behaviours

- ✓ states to at least 2 dp
- ✓ shows calculation

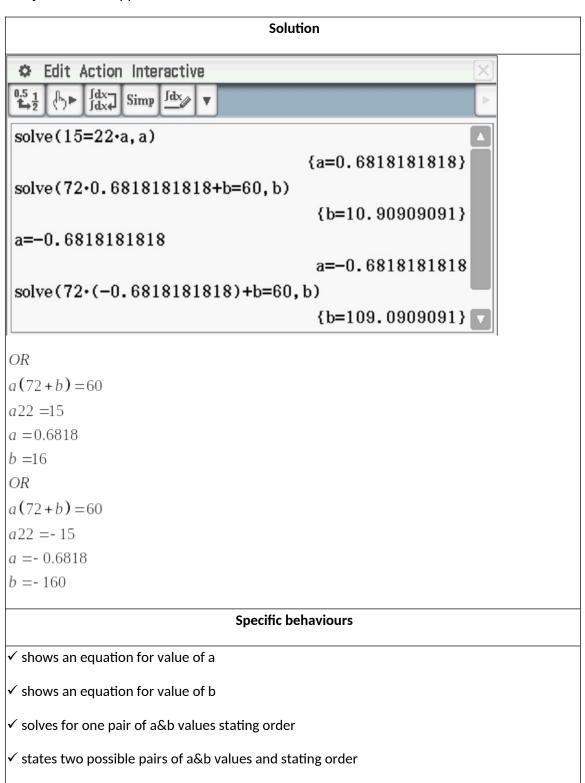
Note: full marks for answer only, no need for units

f) **Show** one reason why the Normal probability model is not appropriate for the lengths. (2 marks)



Question 3 (4 marks)

The exam data for a cohort of Year 12 Methods students at a school has a mean of 72% and a standard deviation of 22%. The Head of Department needs to scale the results so that the mean is 60% and a standard deviation of 15%. This will be done by multiplying the original scores by a constant a and adding a constant b (any order). Determine two possible pairs values of a and the order they should be applied.



Questi	on 4	(3 marks)	
A phar	maceutical company wishes to gather information on a new form of headache tab	lets.	
Comm	ent on whether there is any bias in the following sampling methods, give reasons.		
a)	People were surveyed outside a dental clinic.	(1 marks)	
	Bias as dental patients more likely to have headaches due to dental pain than average.		
	Specific behaviours		
	✓ States bias with a reason		
b)	People waiting at a central bus station in the city.	(1 marks)	
	No bias as not connection between headaches and mode of travel in general		
	Specific behaviours		
	✓ states no bias with a reason		
	Accept a reasonable argument of bias with reason for this part ONLY		
c)	People were contacted using random mobile numbers.	(1 marks)	
	Bias as only people with mobiles contacted-those with landlines only are ignored		
	Specific behaviours		
	✓ Bias stated with reason		

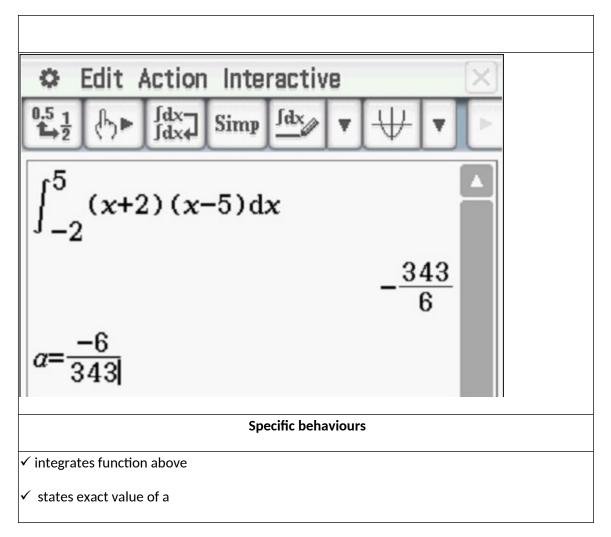
Question 5 (10 marks)

A probability density function is defined as the following.

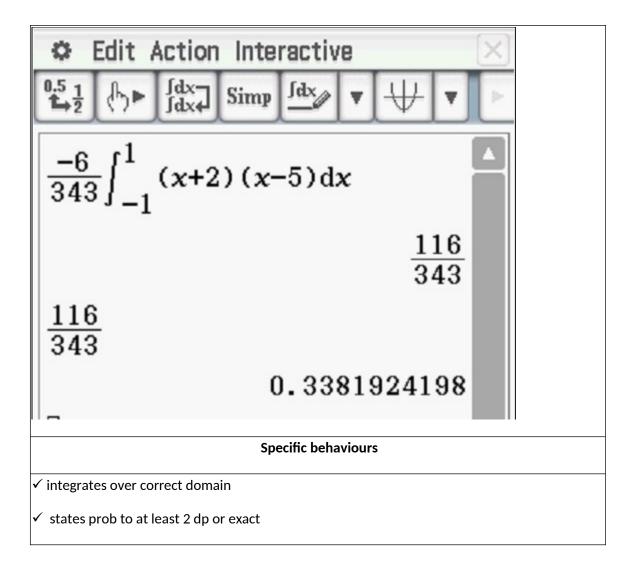
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a(x+2)(x-5) & , -2 \le x \le 5 \\ 0 & all \ other \ x \ values \end{cases}$$
 where a is a constant.

Determine the following.

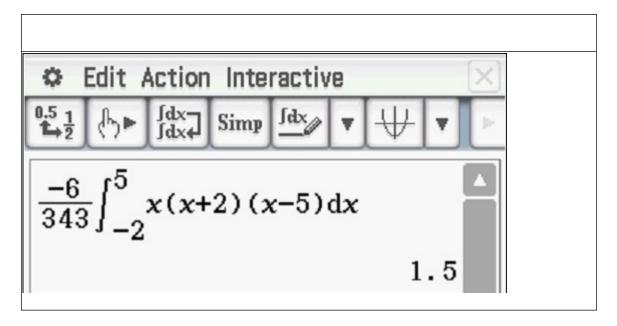
a) the exact value of a. (2 marks)



b)	$\Pr(-1 \le x \le 1)$		(2 marks)



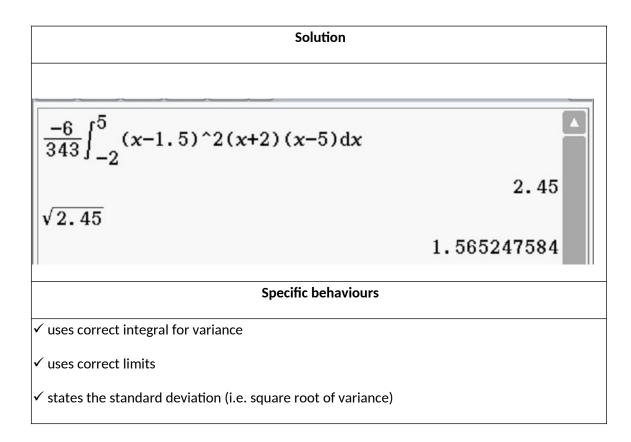
c) the mean of χ . (3 marks)



Specific behaviours ✓ uses correct integral ✓ limits correct ✓ states mean (Note: 2 marks for answer only)

d) the standard deviation of X.

(3 marks)

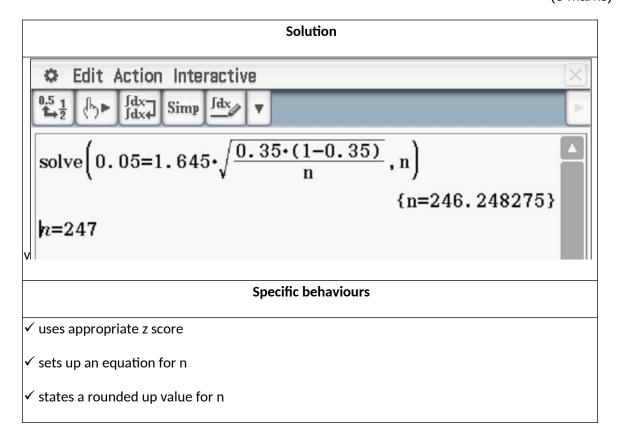


Question 6 (6 marks)

It is believed that a toy company produces defective toys at a proportion of \hat{p} =0.35.

a) A consultant wishes to determine the true proportion $\,^p\,$ of defective toys within 5% and with a confidence of 90%. Determine how many toys should be taken for sampling.

(3 marks)



b)	A year later another sample is taken and a 95% confidence interval for the proportion of			
	defective toys is calculated as	(0.310, 0.490). Determine the sample size.	(3 marks)	

