

Question	Marks	Max	Question	Marks	Max
14		9			
13		9			
12		10			
11		8	18		
10		16	17		
9		9	16		
8		8	15		

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your responsibility** to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised material if you have any unauthorised material with you. Hand it to the supervisor before reading any further.

### Important note to candidates

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, ruler, highlighters and up to three calculators approved for use in this examination

To be provided by the candidate Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

To be provided by the supervisor Formula sheet (retained from Section One)

Materials required/recommended for this section This Question/Answer Booklet

Time allowed for this section Working time: one hundred minutes  
Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes

Your Teacher's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Your Name \_\_\_\_\_

Calculator-assumed  
Section Two:

UNITS 3 & 4

MATHEMATICS SPECIALIST

Question/Answer booklet

2020

Semester TWO Examination,

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC SCHOOL

Exceptional schooling. Exceptional students.



Acknowledgements

**Structure of this paper**

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of examination
Section One: Calculator-free	7	7	50	50	34
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	11	11	100	89	66
<b>Total</b>					<b>100</b>

**Additional working space**

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_

**Instructions to candidates**

1. The rules for the conduct of the Western Australian Certificate of Education ATAR course examinations are detailed in the *Year 12 Information Handbook 2016*. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer booklet.
3. You must be careful to confine your answers to the specific questions asked and to follow any instructions that are specific to a particular question.
4. Additional pages for the use of planning your answer to a question or continuing your answer to a question have been provided at the end of this Question/Answer booklet. If you use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number.
5. **Show all your working clearly.** Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
6. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil**, except in diagrams.
7. The Formula sheet is **not** to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

(2 marks)

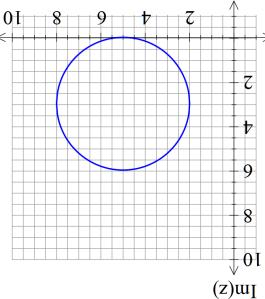
- c) State the value of  $z$  from the locus above that also satisfy  $\operatorname{Arg}(z - 5 - 3i) = \frac{\pi}{2}$

(3 marks)

- b) Determine the maximum value of  $\operatorname{Arg}(z)$

(3 marks)

- a) Determine an equation for  $z$ .



The sketch of the locus  $z = x + iy$  is shown below.

(8 marks)

### Question 8

Working time: 100 minutes.

- Number of the question that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
- Continuing an answer: if you need to use the space for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
  - Planning: if you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
- Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
- This section has 11 questions. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

(89 Marks)

### Section Two: Calculator-assumed

- b) Determine the percentage of time that the distance from the origin is between 2 and 7 metres.

- c) Show by using integration that for  $x = u_z$  the following can be derived  
 $A_z = u_z (A_z - x_z)$  where  $A$  equals the amplitude.

(4 marks)

- a) Determine the displacement at any time  $t$  seconds.

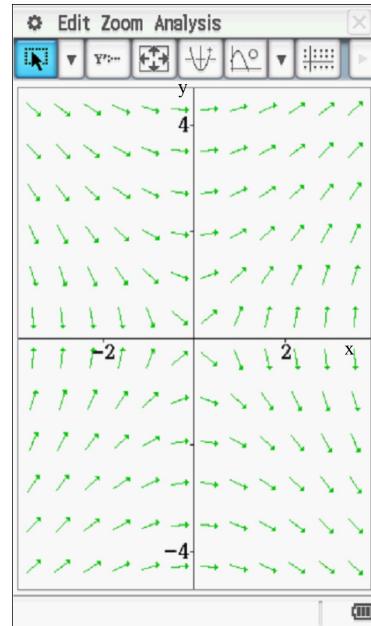
- Consider an object moving with motion  $x = 16t$  where  $x$  is the displacement from the origin in metres at time  $t$  seconds. The initial displacement is 5 metres given that the velocity is zero when  $x = 0$  metres.

(10 marks)

**Question 9**

(7 marks)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{y}$$

The slope field  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{y}$  is plotted below.

- (a) Determine the value of the slope field at point A(2,2). (2 marks)
- (b) On the diagram above, sketch the solution curve that passes through A(2,2). (2 marks)
- (c) Determine the equation of the solution curve that passes through A(2,2). (3 marks)

**Question 17**

(6 marks)

Consider the following two planes;

$$\Sigma: 3x - 5y + 7z = 9$$

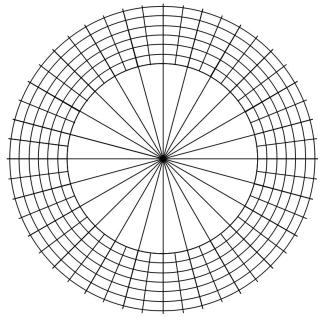
$$\Pi: r \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 10 \\ -14 \end{pmatrix} = -12$$

- a) Determine the distance between the two planes. (4 marks)

- b) Consider the point  $(a, b, c)$ , derive an expression for the distance of this point to the plane  $\Pi$  above. (2 marks)

(3 marks)

- c) Joining these roots will form a polygon, determine the area of this polygon.



(3 marks)

- b) Plot all roots on the diagram below.



(4 marks)

- a) Determine all roots to the above equation in polar form  $z = r \text{cis} \theta$  with  $-\pi < \theta \leq \pi$ .

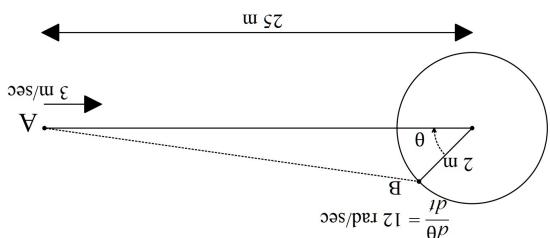
$$\text{Consider } z^6 = 3 + 3i.$$

(10 marks)

### Question 10

(5 marks)

- Consider person B riding on a merry go round at an angular speed of  $12 \text{ rad/sec}$  clockwise and person A moving towards the centre of the merry go round at a speed of  $3 \text{ m/sec}$ . Initially person A is  $25 \text{ m}$  from the centre and the angle for person B is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . Determine the initial rate of change of the distance between persons A & B.



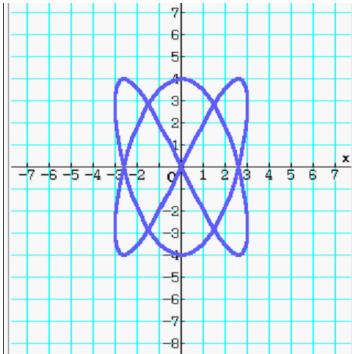
**Question 11**

(8 marks)

Q15 cont-

Consider the path of a stunt airplane that travels at a constant height according to the following

$$\text{position vector } r = \begin{pmatrix} 3\sin \frac{t}{2} \\ 4\cos t \end{pmatrix} \text{ km at } t \text{ hours.}$$



- a) Plot the starting point of the plane on the above diagram showing the direction of motion. (2 marks)
- b) Determine the initial acceleration. (3 marks)
- c) State an expression for the distance travelled in one circuit of the motion, do not evaluate this expression. (3 marks)

- b) Let  $P$  represent the number of bacteria cells present on a laboratory tray at time  $t$  hours. The initial number being 300 cells and the rate of change given by

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{1}{5}P - \frac{1}{13000}P^2.$$

Determine the approximate number of bacteria cells after 8 hours.  
(3 marks)

(3 marks)

- and 46.5 minutes is at least 55%. Determine the minimum sample size for this to occur.

- d) It is desired that the probability that the sample mean length time between 43.5 minutes

(2 marks)

- happen to the answer in (b) above, do not recalculate. Explain

- c) Suppose that less than 50 patients were chosen for the sample size, what would

(2 marks)

- b) Determine the probability that the sample mean length will be less than 35 minutes.

- a) State the approximate sample mean length distribution for the 50 patients. (3 marks)

- A sample of 50 patients is taken as a study of the habits at a dental practice.

- mean of 45 minutes and a population standard deviation of 8 minutes.

- The length of time in minutes that a patient spends with a dentist is normally distributed with a

(10 marks)

Question 12

(4 marks)

- equation  $\frac{dp}{dt} = r(p(k - p))$  is  $p = \frac{kp}{p + (k - p)e^{-rt}}$  where  $r, k \in P_0$  are constants for time  $t$  hours. ( $P_0$  = initial value of  $P$ )

(7 marks)

- a) By using integration and partial fractions, show that the solution to the differential

**Question 13**

(9 marks)

The time taken for a WACE marker to mark a Methods exam paper has a mean of 55 minutes. A sample of  $n$  WACE markers was obtained and the **sample mean** standard deviation was found to be 12 minutes.

- a) Determine a 95% confidence interval for the population mean of marking time to the nearest 0.01 minutes. (3 marks)

- b) If a sample of  $3n$  WACE markers was obtained from the same population, determine the standard deviation of this new sample mean. (2 marks)

- c) Which of the two samples above have a greater precision for determining the true population mean  $\mu$ . Explain. (2 marks)

- d) A 95% confidence interval is determined for the sample of  $3n$  WACE markers. When compared to the confidence interval calculated in (a) above, which interval contains the true value of  $\mu$ ? Explain. (2 marks)

**Question 14**

(9 marks)

Consider the sphere given by the following cartesian equation  
 $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 6x + 10y - 2z + 26 = 0$

- a) Determine the vector equation of this sphere. (3 marks)

$$\text{Consider a second sphere } \Pi \text{ given by } r - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = 4$$

- b) Determine the distance of the centre of  $\Pi$  from the plane  $2x + 5y - 3z = 7$ . (3 marks)

$$r = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- c) Is the line  $\Pi$  a tangent to the sphere? Explain. (3 marks)