

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your responsibility** to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised material. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in this examination

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Formula sheet (referred from Section One)
This Question/Answer booklet

Materials required/recommended for this section

Working time:
Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes

Your name

In words

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If required by your examination administrator, please place your student identification label in this box

MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 3 SECTION TWO: CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

Question/Answer booklet

Semester One Examination, 2019



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Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of examination
Section One: Calculator-free	8	8	50	52	35
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	13	13	100	98	65
Total					100

Supplementary page

Question number: _____

Instructions to candidates

1. The rules for the conduct of examinations are detailed in the school handbook. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer booklet preferably using a blue/black pen. Do not use erasable or gel pens.
3. You must be careful to confine your answer to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.
4. Show all your working clearly. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
5. It is recommended that you do not use pencil, except in diagrams.
6. Supplementary pages for planning/continuing your answers to questions are provided at the end of this Question/Answer booklet. If you use these pages to continue an answer, indicate at the original answer where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number.
7. The Formula sheet is not to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

Markers use only		
Question	Maximum	Mark
9	5	
10	8	
11	7	
12	5	
13	8	
14	12	
15	7	
16	7	
17	9	
18	9	
19	7	
20	7	
21	7	
S2 Total	98	
S2 Wt ($\times 0.6633$)	65%	

Question 10

(8 marks)

The potential difference, V volts, across the terminals of an electrical capacitor t seconds after it begins to discharge through a resistor can be modelled by the equation

$$V = V_0 e^{-kt}$$

V_0 is the initial potential difference and k is a constant that depends on the size of the capacitor and the resistor.

(a) If $V_0 = 15.8$ volts and $k = 0.013$, determine

- (i) the potential difference across the capacitor 2 minutes after discharge began. (2 marks)

- (ii) the time taken for the potential difference to drop from 10.5 to 7.5 volts. (3 marks)

- (iii) the rate of change of V when the potential difference is 5 volts. (1 mark)

- (b) Another capacitor takes 110 seconds for its maximum potential difference to halve. It is instantly recharged to its maximum every 4 minutes, which is the time required for the potential difference to fall from its maximum to 3.5 volts. Determine the maximum potential difference for this capacitor. (2 marks)

Question 20

(7 marks)

A small body has displacement $x=0$ when $t=2$ and moves along the x -axis so that its velocity after t seconds is given by

$$v(t) = 60 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{12}\right) \text{ cm/s}$$

- (a) Determine an equation for $x(t)$, the displacement of the body after t seconds. (3 marks)

- (b) Describe, with justification, how the speed of the body is changing when $t=10$. (4 marks)

X is a uniform discrete random variable where $x=1, 2, 4, 8, 12$.

(a) Determine $P(X > 9)$.

(7 marks)

97

$$\cdot (X) \operatorname{Var} \quad (\text{iii})$$

(3 marks)

(b) Show use of a calculus method to determine the minimum cost of making the aquarium.

(2 marks)

$\cdot(X) \exists$ (!

(b) Calculate the exact value of

(2 marks)

$$P(X > 7 | X \leq 2) \quad (\text{iii})$$

(4 marks)

$$(a) \text{ Show that } C = \frac{1000}{x} + \frac{250}{x^2} + \frac{x}{x^2}, \text{ where } C \text{ is the cost, in dollars, to make the aquarium.}$$

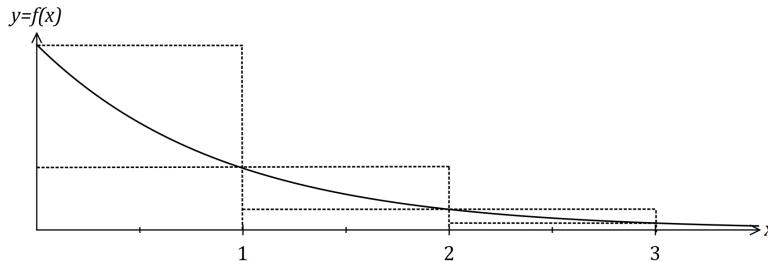
(continued)

(a) Determine $P(X > 9)$.

(2 marks)

Question 12

The function $f(x) = \frac{3}{3^x}$ is shown below.



- (a) Use the sum of the areas of the circumscribed rectangles shown in the diagram to explain why $\int_0^3 f(x) dx < \frac{13}{3}$. (2 marks)

- (b) Use the average of the sum of the areas of the inscribed rectangles and the sum of the areas of the circumscribed rectangles shown to determine an estimate for $\int_0^3 f(x) dx$. (2 marks)

- (c) Suggest a modification to the method used in (b) to achieve a better estimate for $\int_0^3 f(x) dx$. (1 mark)

Suppose it is known that 87% of all seeds planted will germinate and that seeds are now planted in rows of 20.

- (c) Assuming that seeds germinate independently of each other, determine

- (i) the most likely number of seeds to germinate in a row. (1 mark)

- (ii) the probability that no more than 16 seeds germinate in a randomly chosen row. (2 marks)

- (iii) the probability that in six randomly chosen rows, exactly three rows have no more than 16 seeds germinating in them. (2 marks)

(3 marks)

- (d) Use the increments formula to determine the approximate volume of gas produced in the 10 seconds following $t = 4$.

(3 marks)

- (c) Use the increments formula to determine the approximate change in r between 60 and 62 seconds after production begins.

(1 mark)

- (b) Calculate the rate that gas is being produced after 4 minutes.

(1 mark)

- (a) State the maximum rate that gas can be produced at.

$$r(t) = 20(1 - e^{-0.25t}) \text{ m}^3/\text{minute}$$

A manufacturing process begins and the rate at which it produces gas after t minutes ($t \geq 0$) is modelled by

(8 marks)

Question 13

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

METHODS UNIT 3

Question 18

(9 marks)

Seeds were planted in rows of five and the number of seeds that germinated in each of the 80 rows are summarised below.

Number of germinating seeds	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	18	33	22	Number of rows

- (ii) the mean number of seeds that germinated per row.
 (iii) the probability that at least 4 seeds germinated in a randomly selected row.

- (a) Use the results in the table to determine

- (i) the probability that at least 4 seeds germinated in a randomly selected row.

- (b) Another row of five seeds is planted. Determine the probability that at least 4 seeds germinate in this row if the number that germinate per row is binomially distributed with the above mean.

Question 14

(12 marks)

The random variable X is the number of goals scored by a team in a soccer match, where

$$P(X=x) = \frac{2.2^x e^{-2.2}}{x!} \text{ for } x=0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \text{ to infinity}$$

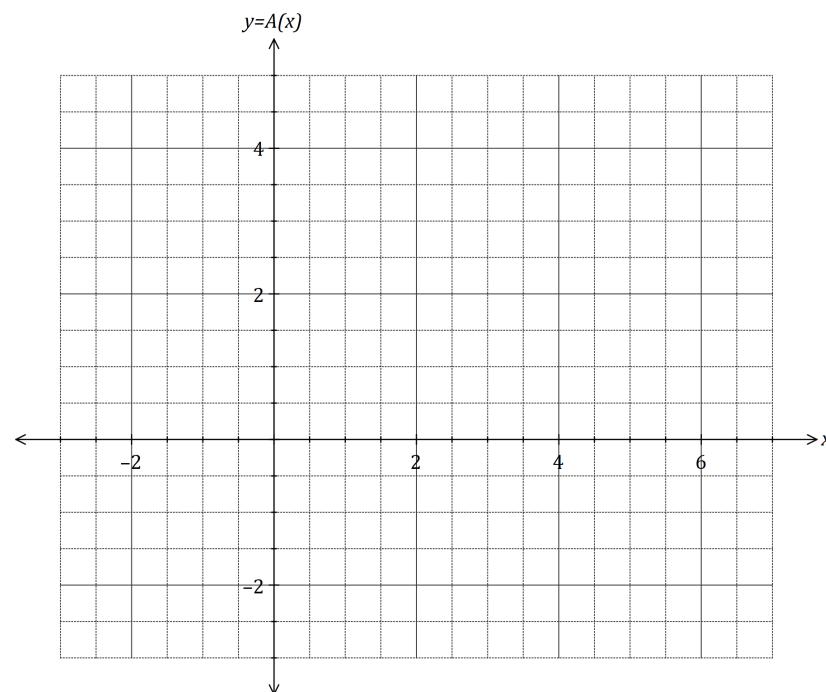
- (a) Determine the probability that the team scores at least one goal in a match. (2 marks)

The random variable Y is the bonus each player is paid after a match, depending on the number of goals the team scored. For four or more goals \$500 is paid, for two or three goals \$250 is paid and for one goal \$100 is paid. No bonus is paid if no goals are scored.

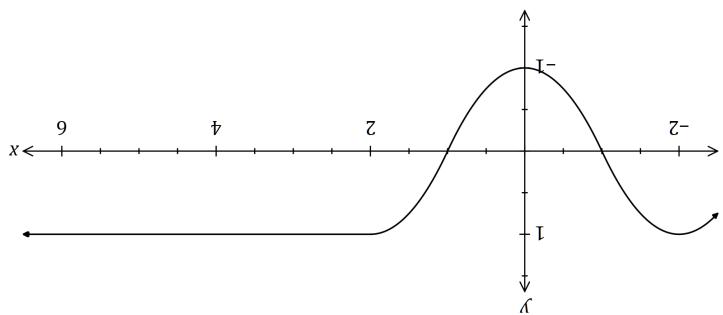
- (b) Complete the probability distribution table for Y . (3 marks)

Goals scored	$x=0$	$x=1$	$2 \leq x \leq 3$	$x \geq 4$
$y (\$)$	0			500
$P(Y=y)$				0.1806

- (c) Sketch the graph of $y=A(x)$ on the axes below, indicating and labelling the location of all key features. (5 marks)



The graph of $y = f(x)$ is shown below.



(2 marks)

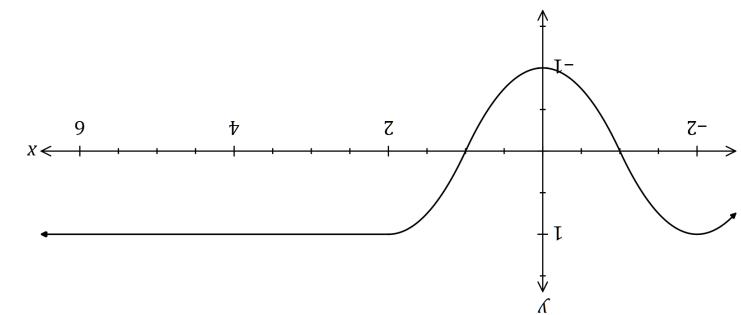
- (i) the mean bonus paid per match.

(2 marks)

- (ii) the standard deviation of the bonuses paid per match.

(a) Use the graph of $y = f(x)$ to identify all the turning points of the graph of $y = A(x)$, stating the x -coordinate and nature of each point. (2 marks)

$$\text{Let } A(x) \text{ be defined by the integral } A(x) = \int_x^2 f(t) dt \text{ for } x \geq -2.$$



(2 marks)

- (i) the mean bonus paid per match.

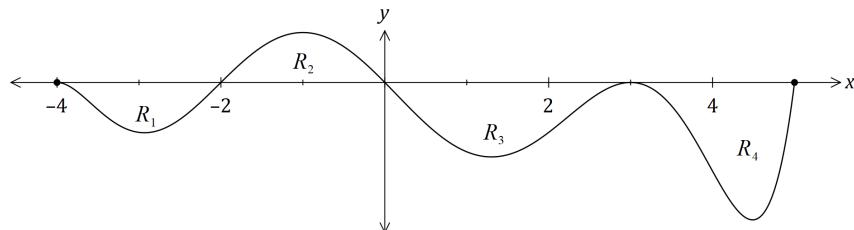
(9 marks)

- (c) Calculate

(7 marks)

Question 15

The graph of $y=f(x)$ is shown below for $-4 \leq x \leq 5$.



The area trapped between the x -axis and the curve for regions R_1, R_2, R_3 and R_4 are 21, 25, 43 and 32 square units respectively.

(a) Determine the value of

$$(i) \int_0^3 f(x) dx. \quad (1 \text{ mark})$$

$$(ii) \int_{-2}^5 f(x) dx. \quad (2 \text{ marks})$$

$$(iii) \int_{-2}^3 |2-f(x)| dx. \quad (2 \text{ marks})$$

$$(iv) \int_{-4}^0 f(x) dx + \int_0^5 f'(x) dx. \quad (2 \text{ marks})$$

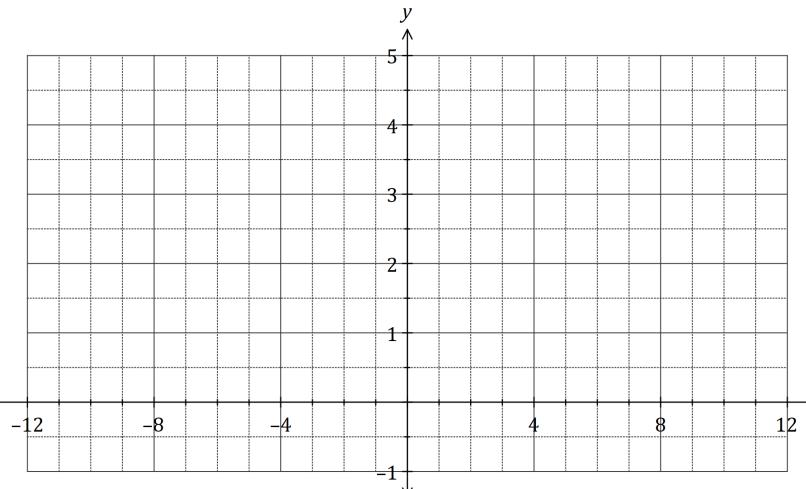
(7 marks)

Question 16

Let $f(x)=3+e^{-0.2x-2}$.

(a) Sketch the graph of $y=f(x)$ on the axes below.

(2 marks)



(b) The line $y=2-0.2x$ is tangential to the curve $y=f(x)$ at $x=-10$, and it intersects the x -axis at the point $(k, 0)$. Add the line to the graph above and shade the area enclosed by the line, the curve and $x=k$. (2 marks)

(c) Determine the area enclosed by the line, the curve and $x=k$. (3 marks)