

**Papers written by
Australian Maths
Software**

8 SEMESTER ONE

YEAR 12

MATHEMATICS SPECIALIST

REVISION 2

UNIT 3

2016

**Section Two
(Calculator–assumed)**

Name: _____

Teacher: _____

TIME ALLOWED FOR THIS SECTION

Reading time before commencing work: 10 minutes

Working time for section: 100 minutes

MATERIAL REQUIRED / RECOMMENDED FOR THIS SECTION

To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens, pencils, pencil sharpener, highlighter, eraser, ruler.

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on up to two unfolded sheet of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in the WACE examinations.

IMPORTANT NOTE TO CANDIDATES

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is your responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non–personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor before reading any further.

To be provided by the supervisor

Question/answer booklet for Section Two.

Formula sheet retained from Section One.

Structure of this examination

	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of exam
Section One Calculator—free	5	5	50	50	35
Section Two Calculator—assumed	11	11	100	100	65
Total marks				150	100

Instructions to candidates

1. The rules for the conduct of this examination are detailed in the Information Handbook. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
2. Write your answer in the Question/Answer booklet.
3. You must be careful to confine your responses to the specific questions asked and to follow any instructions that are specific to a particular question.
4. Spare pages are provided at the end of this booklet. If you need to use them, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued i.e. give the page number.
5. Show all your working clearly. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat an answer to any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
6. It is recommended that you do not use pencil, except in diagrams.
7. The Formula Sheet is not to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

6. (6 marks)

Evaluate

(a) $\int_0^3 (2 - t)\mathbf{i} + (3t^2 + 1)\mathbf{j} \, dt$ (3)

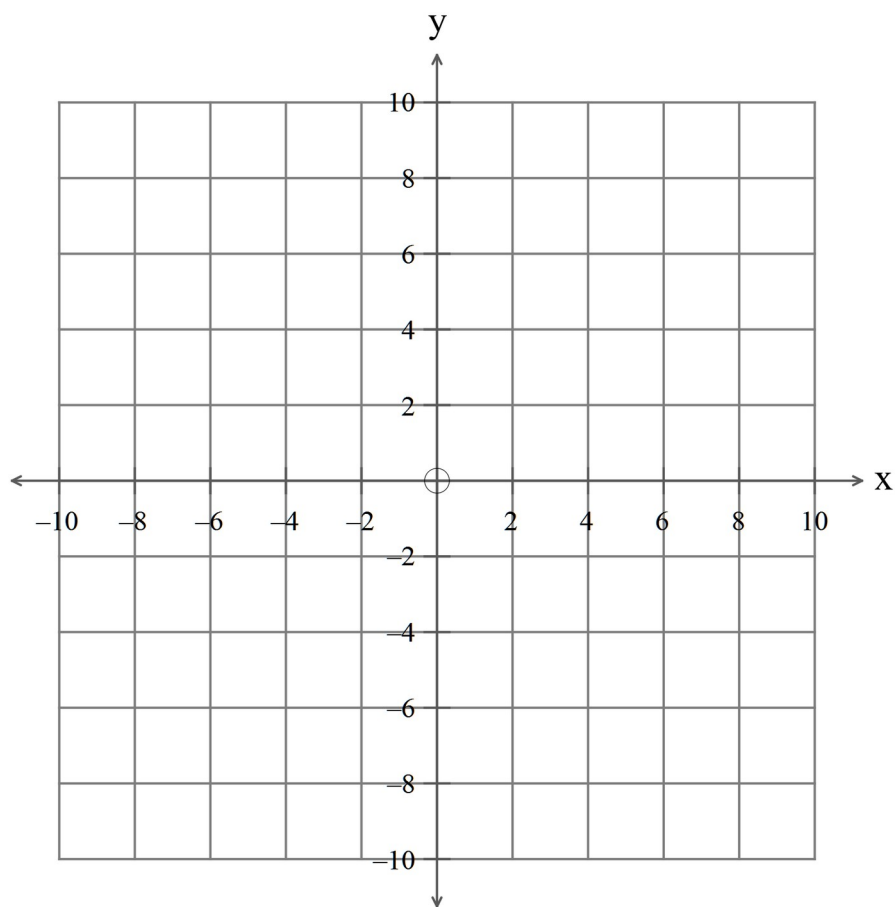
(b) $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\sin(3t))\mathbf{i} + (-\cos(3t))\mathbf{j} \, dt$ (3)

7. (27 marks)

(a) A moth is flying around in circles following the path

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = (10 \cos(t))\mathbf{i} + (10 \sin(t))\mathbf{j}.$$

- (i) Convert the equation of the path to a Cartesian equation and sketch it on the set of axes below. (3)



- (ii) Prove that the position vector is always at right angles to the velocity vector. (3)

- (iii) Show that $\mathbf{r}(t) = -\mathbf{a}(t)$ and explain why the acceleration is always directed towards the centre of the motion. (3)

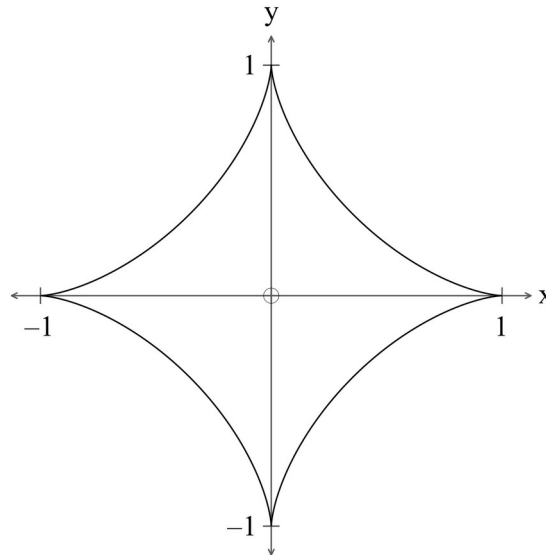
- (iv) Sketch the acceleration and velocity vectors on the diagram at $t = 0$. (4)

- (v) Show that the speed of the moth is constant. (3)

- (b) The position vector of a particle at time t is given by

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = (\sin^3(t))\mathbf{i} + (\cos^3(t))\mathbf{j}.$$

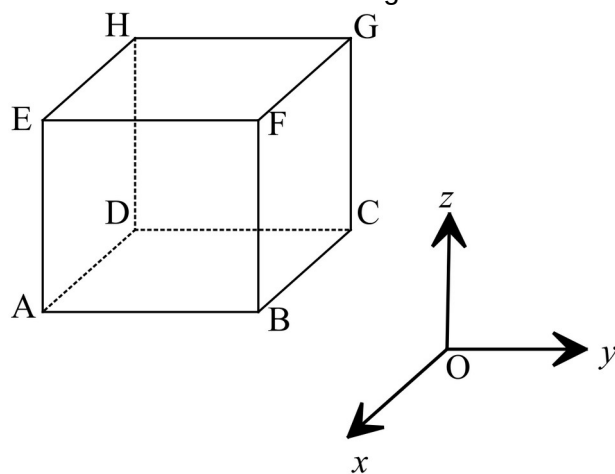
The relationship is graphed below:



- (i) Determine the position of the particle at $t = 0$ and indicate the direction of travel of the particle on the diagram. (3)
- (ii) Find the expression for the velocity of the particle. (2)
- (iii) Sketch the velocity vector on the graph at $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$. (3)
- (iv) Determine the first time that $\mathbf{v}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ for $t > 0$. (3)

8. (3 marks)

ABCDEFGH is a cube as shown in the diagram below.



The position vectors of points A, B, C and G are $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{c}$ and \mathbf{g} .
Determine the following in terms of the given position vectors

(a) \mathbf{AG} (2)

(b) \mathbf{OM} where M is the midpoint of AG . (1)

9. (13 marks)

(a) The diameter of a sphere is PQ given $P(1, 2, 4)$ and $Q(-3, 6, -4)$.

(i) Find the Cartesian equation of the sphere. (3)

(ii) Find the vector equation of the plane PQR given $R(1, 1, 1)$. (3)

(iii) Find the vector normal to the plane PQR . (1)

- (b) A bird at $(4,5,6)$ swooped down on a mouse at $(9,3,0)$ with a velocity of $\begin{pmatrix} 2.5 \\ -1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ m/s.

- (i) How long would the bird take to reach the mouse? (1)

After one second, the mouse is alerted by the bird's shadow and runs for its hole at $(9,4,0)$ with a velocity of 1 metre per second.

- (ii) How long does the mouse take to get to its hole? (1)



Instantaneously (i.e. after one second), the bird adjusts its velocity to $\begin{pmatrix} 2.5 \\ 0 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$.

- (iii) What is the change in the bird's speed? (2)

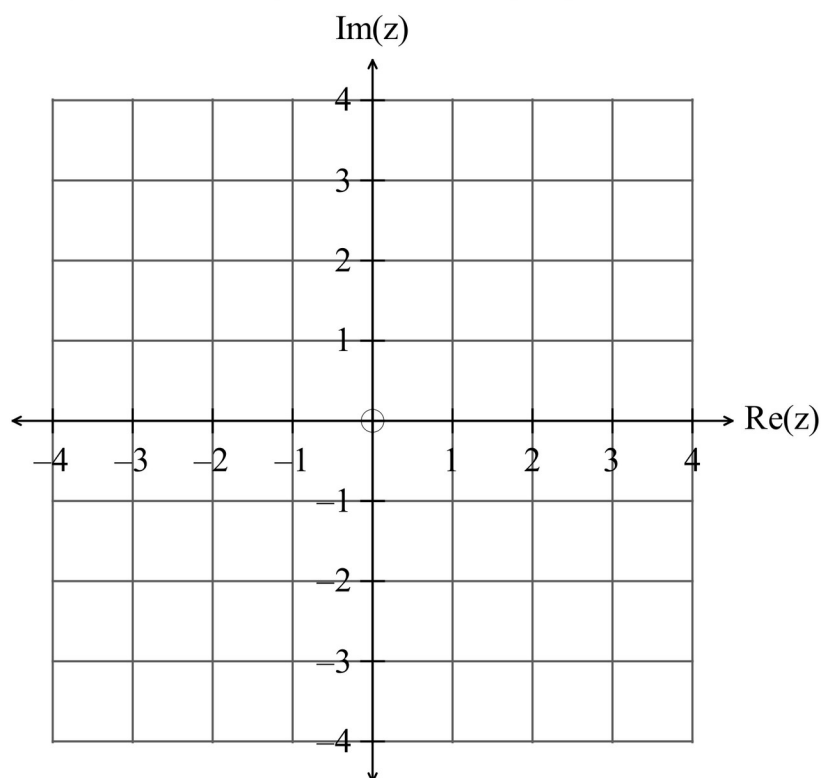
- (iv) Does the bird catch the mouse? Explain. (2)



10. (12 marks)

(a) Find $\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{(1+i)^6 \operatorname{cis} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{(1-i)^2} \right)$. (3)

(b) Given $z_1 = 2 + 3i$ and $z_2 = 2 - 2i$ sketch $z_1 + z_2$ on the set of axes below. (2)



(c) Use an algebraic method to find the real numbers x and y such that

(i) $x + yi = \frac{2+3i}{1+i} - \frac{1+5i}{3-i}.$ (6)

(ii) Find the real numbers x and y correct to two decimal places such that
 $x + yi = \sqrt{4+3i}.$ (1)

11. (6 marks)

Given the vectors $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

(a) Find the angle between the vectors. (2)

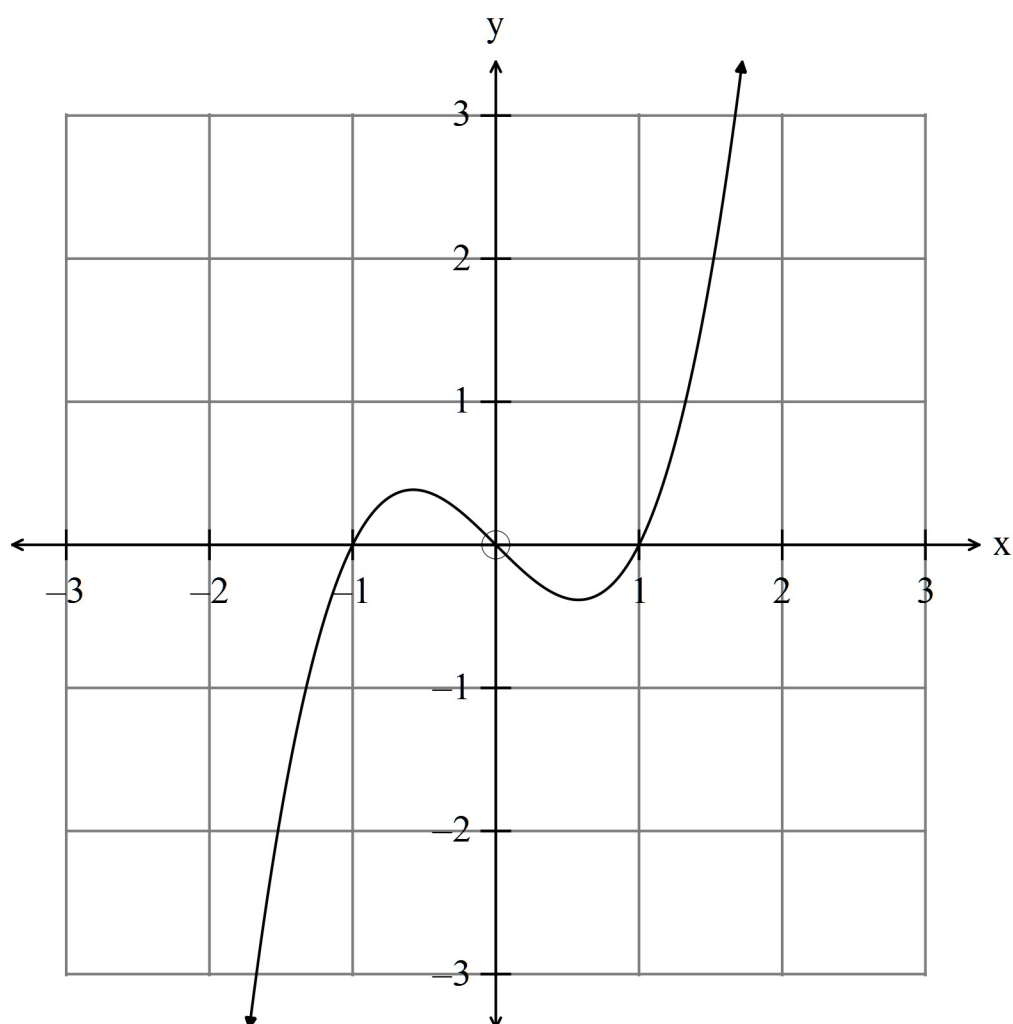
(b) Find the projection of \mathbf{a} on \mathbf{b} . (2)

(c) Write down a vector \mathbf{p} such that $\mathbf{b} \perp \mathbf{p}$. (2)

12. (17 marks)

(a) Given $p(q(x)) = (x+1)(x+3)$ and $p(x) = x^2 - 1$ find $y = q(x)$. (4)

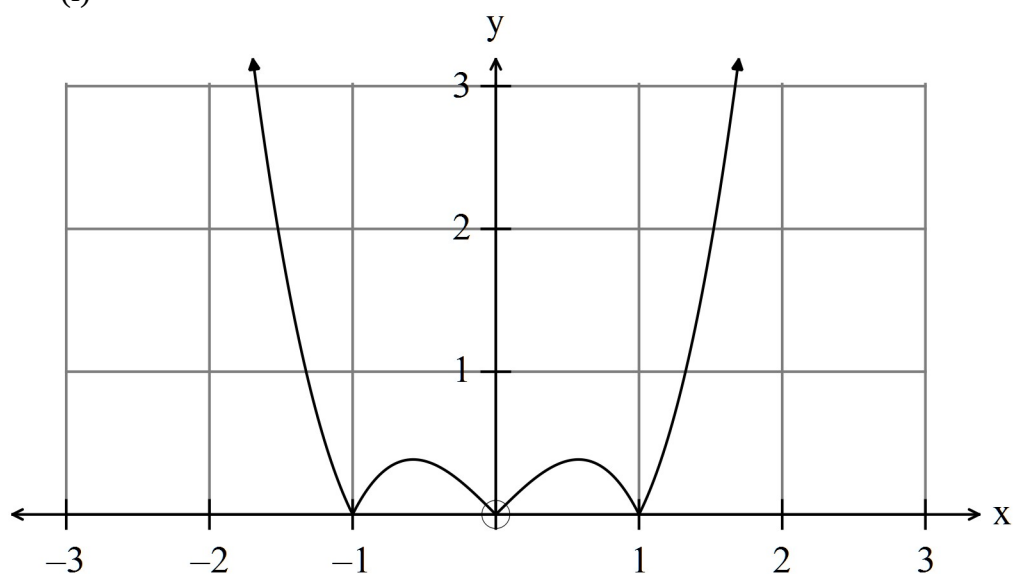
- (b) Given the function $f(x) = x(x-1)(x+1)$ graphed below



Determine the equation of the functions graphed below.

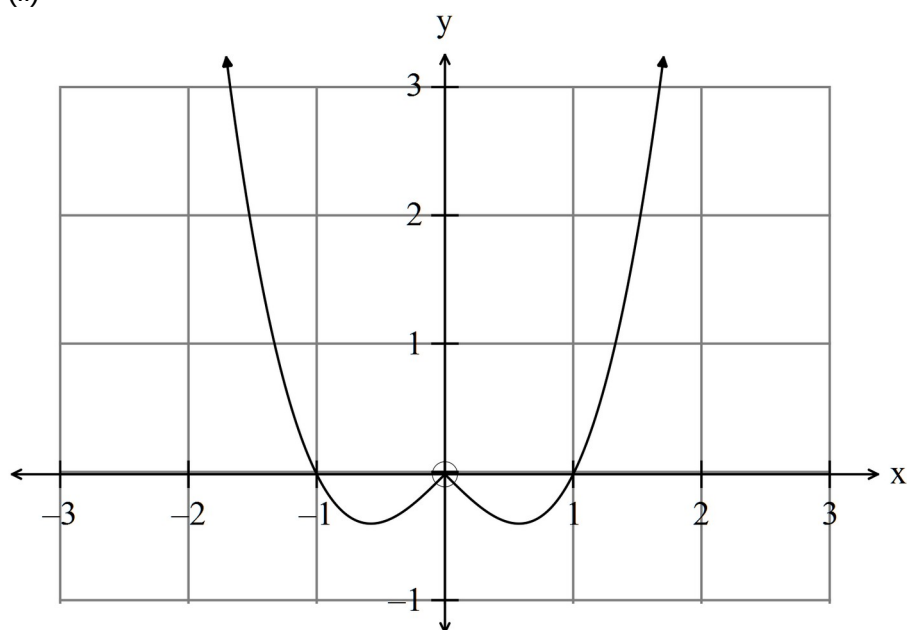
(i)

(1)



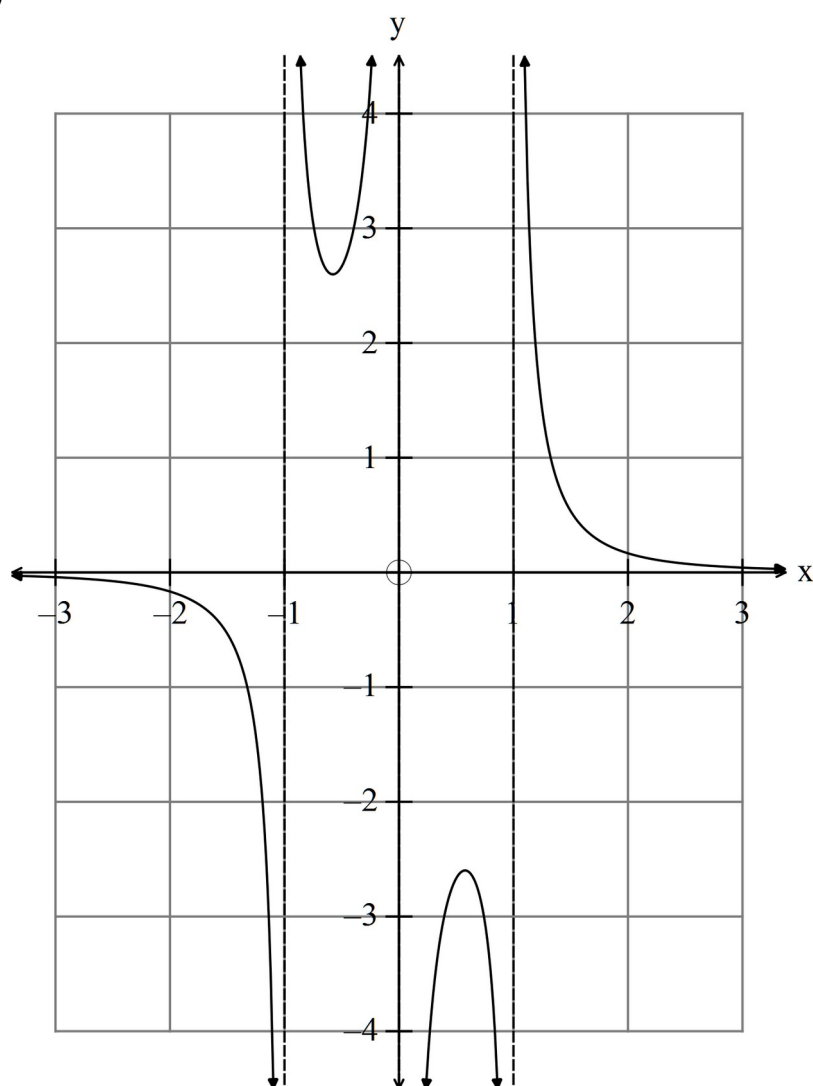
(ii)

(2)



(iii)

(3)



- (c) The function f is a polynomial function defined on a domain such that f has an inverse.

Given $f^{-1}(3) = -1$ and $f^{-1}(-3) = 1$ then

(i) find $2f(1)$. (1)

(ii) find $f(|-1|)$. (1)

(iii) find $|f^{-1}(3)|$. (1)

(iv) determine if the statement $f'(x) < 0$ for $-1 < x < 1$ is true or false. (1)

(v) determine if the statement $-3 < f(0) < 3$ is true or false. (1)

- (d) Given $f(x) = e^{2x}$ find

(i) $y = f^{-1}(x)$. (1)

(ii) $f(f^{-1}(f^{-1}(1)))$. (1)

13. (4 marks)

- (a) Given $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x}$ and $g(x) = x^2$ write down the domain and range of $f(g(x))$. (2)

- (b) (i) Given $h(x) = 1 + e^x$, determine the equation of the inverse function $y = h^{-1}(x)$. (1)

- (ii) Determine $h^{-1}(2)$. (1)

14. (4 marks)

Complete

$$(a) \quad y = -2|x| + 2 = \begin{cases} \underline{\hspace{2cm}} & \text{for } x \geq 0 \\ \underline{\hspace{2cm}} & \text{for } x < 0 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

$$(b) \quad y = |1 - x| = \begin{cases} 1 - x & \text{for } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ x - 1 & \text{for } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

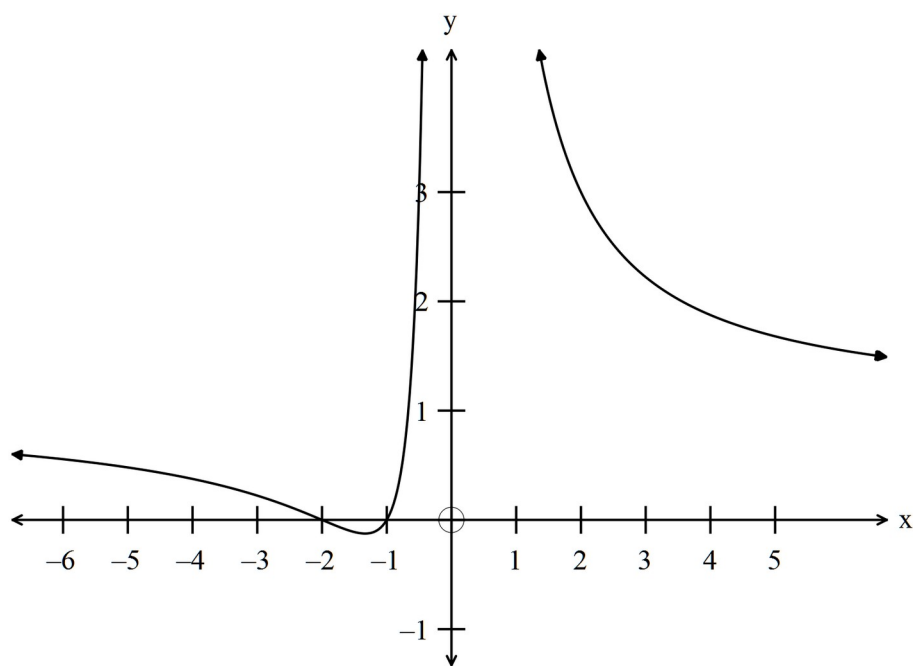
$$(c) \quad \text{Hence solve } -2|x| + 2 = |1 - x| \text{ algebraically, showing all working.} \quad (2)$$

15. (3 marks)

The graph below has the equation $y = \frac{(x - a)(x - b)}{(x - c)^2}$.

Determine the values of a, b and c .

(3)



16. (5 marks)

Use de Moivre's Theorem to prove that $\cos(5\theta) = 16\cos^5(\theta) - 20\cos^3(\theta) + 5\cos(\theta)$.
(5)

END OF SECTION TWO