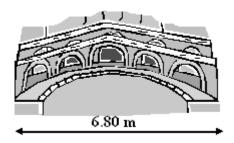
2APHY: Motion and Force: Unit Test. QUESTIONS

Name:	OUESTIONS	(40 marks)	
i idilic.	QCESTIONS	(IO III III)	

1. Stephenie is in Venice on a round the world tour. She travels across an old arched bridge to get to her favourite café. The arch bridge has a walkway with an arched length of 7.50 m but a bridge span of only 6.80 m.



If it takes Stephanie 4.50 s to cross the bridge, calculate:

a. Stephanie's speed. (2 marks)

b. Stephanie's velocity. (2 marks)

2. Victoria works in Coles doing night fill. She has to lift three 1.50 kg boxes of laundry detergent from the floor to the shelf 1.10 m above the floor. If it took 1.50 seconds to lift all boxes at once to the shelf, what power was required? (2 marks)

3. A hot-air balloon, total mass 9.00×10^1 kg has a horizontal ground velocity of 105 kmh^{-1} . As it increases its altitude to 2.00×10^3 m, its gravitational potential energy is increased by 17.64 MJ. How much work was done? (Note: M is mega which is 1×10^6) (2 mark)

4.	Michael is a world champion runner and can reach a maximum velocity of at least 10.1 ms ⁻¹ . If Michael's mass is 58.0 kg, determine his kinetic energy. (2 marks)	
5.	Casey is walking to the shops. He is walking along at a fast but comfortable velocity. He then starts to climb a hill and finds that to maintain the same velocity is much harder. Using your understanding of physics, explain why it is harder to walk up a hill than to walk on a flat path. (2 marks)	í ,
6	Simon and Shaun are at the Royal Show on the bumper cars. The	
υ.	two boys have the same mass as do the bumper cars so the total mass of each is car and rider is 170 kg. Simon is heading east towards Shaun at 3.50 ms ⁻¹ and hits Shaun's car head on. Simon's car rebounds at 1.90 ms ⁻¹ and Shaun's car rebounds at 2.50 ms ⁻¹ . What was the initial velocity of Shaun's car? (2 marks)	,

She con	e is riding her bicycle (28.0 kg) at a constant velocity of 50.4 kmh ⁻¹ on a flat surface. The oblined frictional forces are 45.0 N. She maintains her velocity for 12.0 s.
a.	What force does Jasmine need to overcome in order to move with a constant velocity? (2 mark)
b.	Calculate the work done by Jasmine. (2 marks)
c.	What is Jasmines's power output? (2 marks)
d.	On the diagram of Matthew, show the forces acting on him and label them appropriately. (2
	marks)

8.	William tel an equal an	non-physics student, is asked by his mum to help push a car trailer out of the way. Is his mum that there is no point as Newton's Third Law states that every force produces ad opposite force so if he pushes the car trailer, the car pushes back so nothing moves. Swton's Third Law to William and why he is able to push the car trailer out of the way. (3)
9.	suitcase has on Mars.	If to Mars for his holidays. (Mars has an acceleration due to gravity of 3.4 ms ⁻²). His is a mass of 25 kg on Earth. Simon notices that his suitcase is always much easier to carry Calculate the mass and weight of Simon's suitcase on Mars. (2 marks)
	b.	Why do you think that Simon's suitcase is easier to carry on Mars? (1 marks)
10.	-	al of the car is being used when force acting on the car is in the opposite direction as the car's velocity
	b. the net	force and velocity are in the same direction?
11.	with a velo	ster is used to strip paint from a house. The sand blaster throws the sand against the walk city of 50.0 ms ⁻¹ , and it rebounds in the opposite direction at an average velocity of 8.00 the average force on the house if 0.2 kg hits it each second. (2 marks)

-	Ryan is on a sightseeing tour in a helicop 18 kmh ⁻¹ , Ryan looks out of the window 140 m above the ground when they fell o	and his 100 g sunglasses fall off. I	f the glasses were
b.	o. The glasses landed in soft sand. If it to sunglasses? (2 marks) Note: The wrong time was in the ques		
C.	Calculate the glasses acceleration between	en hitting the ground and stopping.	(2 marks)
d.	Calculate the displacement of the glasse	es between hitting the ground and s	topping. (2 mark)

BONUS QUESTION: Not to be attempted unless the test is finished.

Dangerous Dan is travelling along the road at a constant 90 kmh⁻¹ (unfortunately for Dan the speed limit is 60 kmh⁻¹). Dan's car passes policeman Bob who on his stationary police bike just as Bob starts to accelerate his bike at 6.8 ms⁻² to catch Dan and book him. How far will the car travel before the police bike reaches it? (3 marks)