# Calculator Free Logarithm Laws and Solving Equations

Time: 45 minutes Total Marks: 45 Your Score: \ 45



## Question One: [2, 2, 2, 2 = 8 marks] CF

Express each of the following as a single logarithm:

 $(a) \qquad 2\log 3 + \log 2 - \log 6$ 

$$(b) \qquad 2\log_x y - 3\log_x y + 6$$

$$3\log_n m + 4\log_n n - 3\log_n t$$
 (5)

$${}^{2}x \operatorname{gol} + {}^{2}(x \operatorname{gol}) \div {}^{2}(x \operatorname{gol}) \qquad (b)$$

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Mathematics Methods Unit 4

$$\frac{\log 1}{\log x} = x$$

$$001 = x^{-2}$$

$$001 = x^{-2}$$

$$001 = x^{-2}$$

$$001 = x^{-2}$$

$$011 = x^{-2}$$

 $\xi = {}^{x} + \xi$   $\xi = gol = 4 gol x$ 

02 nI = x - 2 02 nI - 2 = x

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#### Question Two: [3, 3, 3 = 9 marks]CF

Evaluate each of the following showing full working:

- (a)  $3\log_2 6 \log_2 27$
- $1.5\log_8 4$ (b)
- (c)

#### Question Three: [1, 3 = 4 marks] CF

If  $\log x = y$ , where x is positive, express each of the following in terms of y.

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- (a)  $\log x^2$
- $\log xm^3 3\log m$

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Question Four: [2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 3 = 24 marks]CF

Solve each of the following equations, showing all working.

(a) 
$$\log_{y} 64 = 2$$

$$y^2 = 64$$

$$y = 8 (y > 0)$$

(b) 
$$8x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 12x^{\frac{1}{3}} = 40$$

$$20x^{\frac{1}{3}} = 40$$

$$x^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2$$

$$x = 8$$

$$x = 8$$

$$x = 8$$

$$\log_5 x + \log_2 8 = 0$$

$$\log_5 x + 3\log_2 2 = 0$$

$$\log_2 x = -3$$

$$\log_5 x = -3$$

$$x = 5^{-3}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{125} \quad \checkmark$$

(d) 
$$\frac{10^{x+2}}{100^{4x}} = 10000^{x-1}$$

$$\frac{10^{x+2}}{10^{8x}} = 10^{4x-4}$$

$$10^{2-7x} = 10^{4x-4}$$

$$2-7x = 4x-4$$

$$6 = 11x$$

$$x = \frac{6}{11} \quad \checkmark$$

(e) 
$$3^{x+1} = 12$$

$$(x+1)\log 3 = \log 12 \quad \checkmark$$

$$x+1 = \frac{\log 12}{\log 3}$$

$$x = \frac{\log 12}{\log 3} - 1 \quad \checkmark$$

Question Four: [2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 3 = 24 marks]  $\mathbf{CE}$ 

Solve each of the following equations, showing all working.

(a) 
$$\log_y 64 = 2$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \chi \Delta \mathbf{1} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \chi \mathbf{8}$$
 (d)

$$(c) \qquad \log_2 x + \log_2 8 = 0$$

$$\frac{1-x00001}{1000^{4x}} = \frac{100000^{x-1}}{100000^{x-1}}$$

$$\Omega I = {}^{1+x} \mathcal{E} \qquad (9)$$

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Mathematics Methods Unit 4

Question Two: [3, 3, 3 = 9 marks]

Evaluate each of the following showing full working:

$$V_{c} = \log_{2} 21C - \log_{2} 21 =$$

$$8 \text{ gol} =$$

$$V_{c} = \log_{2} 2 \text{ gol} =$$

$$V_{c} = 0$$

(c) 
$$\frac{\log 135 - \log 5}{\log 3^2}$$

$$\frac{\epsilon gol2}{\epsilon golE} = \frac{\epsilon golE}{\epsilon gol2}$$

$$= \frac{3\log 3}{2\log 2} = \frac{3\log 3}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

If  $\log x = y$ , where x is positive, express each of the following in terms of y.

$$x \operatorname{gol} 2 =$$

$$m \operatorname{gol} \xi - ^{\varepsilon} m x \operatorname{gol} =$$

$$m \operatorname{gol} \xi - ^{\varepsilon} m x \operatorname{gol} =$$

$$(d)$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} u \operatorname{gol} c - m \operatorname{gol} c + x \operatorname{gol} =$$

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(f) 
$$2^{x-3} = 5^{2x+1}$$

(g) 
$$4^{2x} - 4^x - 6 = 0$$

(h) 
$$5e^{2-x} = 100$$

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# Mathematics Methods Unit 4



### SOLUTIONS Calculator Free Logarithm Laws and Solving Equations

Time: 45 minutes Total Marks: 45 Your Score: / 45

### **Question One:** [2, 2, 2, 2 = 8 marks]

CF

Express each of the following as a single logarithm:

(a) 
$$2\log 3 + \log 2 - \log 6$$
  
=  $\log 9 + \log 2 - \log 6$   
=  $\log 18 - \log 6$   
=  $\log 3$ 

(b) 
$$2\log_x y - 3\log_x y + 6$$

$$= \log_x y^2 - \log_x y^3 + 6\log_x x \checkmark$$

$$= \log_x \frac{1}{y} + \log_x x^6$$

$$= \log_x \frac{x^6}{y} \checkmark$$

(c) 
$$3\log_a m + 4\log_a n - 5\log_a t$$

$$= \log_a m^3 + \log_a n^4 - \log_a t^5$$

$$= \log_a \frac{m^3 n^4}{t^5}$$

(d) 
$$(\log x)^3 \div (\log x)^2 + \log x^2$$
  
=  $\log x + \log x^2$   
=  $\log x^3$ 

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