

MATHS 3CD

REVISION  
BOOKLET 3

Name : \_\_\_\_\_

## SECTION 1: Calculator Free (50 Marks)

### Question 1 [5 marks]

Find the minimum and maximum values of  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 12x + 27$  over the interval  $-3 \leq x \leq 3$ .

### Question 2 [6 marks]

Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in terms of  $x$  for each of the following.

(a)  $y = x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 3$  [1 mark]

(b)  $y = x(1 + 2e^{3x})$  [2 marks]

(c)  $y = \int_1^x t^2 + t - 1 \, dt$  [1 mark]

(d)  $y = z^3 - z$  and  $z = x^2 - 9$  [2 marks]

### Question 20 [7 marks]

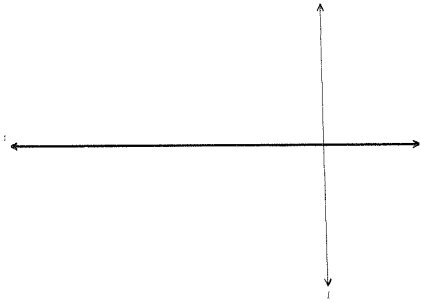
A teacher introduced the following probability experiment to her class. Five cards with the letters A, B, C, D and E are thoroughly shuffled and then the letter on the top card noted. This trial is repeated a total of 20 times to complete the experiment.

Let  $X$  be the random variable 'the number of times the card with the letter A is drawn in one experiment'.

- (a) Explain why  $X$  is a discrete random variable, and state the parameters of the binomial distribution which  $X$  follows. [2 marks]

- (b) Find  $P(0 < X \leq 4)$ . [1 mark]

- (c) A large number of students each carry out the experiment above  $k$  times and then they share with their class the mean of their  $k$  experiments,  $\bar{X}$ . If approximately 90% of the means of the students' experiments are less than 4.354, use the central limit theorem to estimate  $k$ . [4 marks]



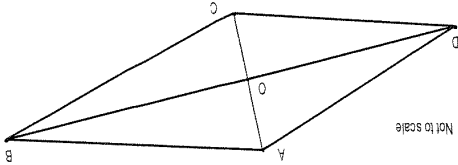
Sketch the curves  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$ , showing the **exact** coordinates of all axis-intercepts, turning points and points of inflection.

Another function  $g(x) = 20 - 8x$  is a tangent to  $f(x)$  in the first quadrant.

**Question 19 [10 marks]**

A function  $f(x)$  has derivative given by  $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 16x + 5$ .

If  $OA = 3$  cm,  $OB = 15$  cm,  $AC = 8$  cm and  $BD = 24$  cm, prove that  $AD$  is parallel to  $BC$ .



**Question 18 [6 marks]**

The diagonals  $AC$  and  $BD$  of a quadrilateral  $ABCD$  intersect at  $O$ .

**Question 3 [6 marks]**

(a) Find  $P(A \cup B)$ .

Two independent events  $A$  and  $B$  are such that  $P(A) = 0.9$  and  $P(B) = 0.4$ .

(b) Find  $P(\overline{B} \mid \overline{A \cup B})$ .

(c) Show that  $\overline{A}$  and  $B$  are also independent.

**Question 4 [8 marks]**

Two functions are defined as  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$  and  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{x-1}$ .

(a) Evaluate  $g \circ f\left(\frac{13}{9}\right)$ .

(b) Find in simplified form  $g \circ g(x)$ .

(c) Determine the domain of  $f(g(x))$ .

**Question 5 [5 marks]**

Solve the system of equations

$$c + 2a = 3 + 4b$$

$$a + 2b + 2c = 4$$

$$5a + 3c = 5 + 2b$$

**Question 6 [7 marks]**

(a) Determine  $\int \frac{2e^{-0.2y}}{5} dy$ . [2 marks]

(b) Determine  $\int (t-1)(1-2t+t^2)^3 dt$ . [3 marks]

(c) Evaluate  $\int_1^6 \frac{3}{x^2} dx$ . [2 marks]

**Question 17 [14 marks]**

A bottling machine fills bottles of water. The content,  $X$  mL, of the bottles is a normally distributed random variable with a mean of 391 mL and a standard deviation of 8.15 mL.

It is known that 1 out of every 200 bottles that the machine fills has less than the stated contents on the bottle label.

24 bottles are packed in a carton and 48 cartons are loaded onto a shipping pallet.

(a) What is the probability that a bottle contains more than 375 mL of water? [2 marks]

(b) What are the stated contents on the bottle label? [2 marks]

(c) What is the probability that a carton does not contain any bottles with less than the stated contents? [3 marks]

(d) What is the probability that a pallet contains at least one bottle with less than the stated contents? [2 marks]

(e) The bottling company randomly choose a pallet from the stockyard. The mean content of all the bottles from this pallet is 389.9 mL.

(i) Construct a 90% confidence interval for the mean content of all bottles. [4 marks]

(ii) Should the interval be of concern to the bottling company? [1 mark]

**Question 16** [9 marks]  
The velocity  $v(t)$  ms<sup>-1</sup> of a body moving along a straight track after  $t$  seconds, is given by

$$v(t) = \frac{t^2 + 2t + 3}{t^2 + 1}, \quad t \geq 0.$$

(a) Find the acceleration of the body after 4 seconds. [1 mark]

(b) Explain why the body is never stationary over the given domain. [2 marks]

(c) If  $x(t)$  m is the displacement of the body from a fixed point on the track and  $x(1) = 5$  determine  $x(4)$ . [2 marks]

(d) The average speed of the body over the first  $T$  seconds is  $1.2 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . Determine the value of  $T$ . [4 marks]

**Question 7** [6 marks]

The region in the first quadrant bounded by  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 0$  and  $y = 1 - \frac{9}{x^2}$  is rotated  $360^\circ$  about the  $y$ -axis. If  $x$  and  $y$  are distances measured in centimetres, find the volume of the solid formed.

**Question 8** [7 marks]

The variables  $k$  and  $m$  are both integers such that  $m^2 + 3 = 2k$ .

(a) Use counter-examples to disprove any two of the three conjectures listed below. [2 marks]

•  $m$  can be any even integer.

•  $m$  can be any odd integer.

•  $m$  must be a positive odd integer.

(b) Using the fact that any odd integer can be written in the form  $2n + 1$  or otherwise, prove that  $k$  is always the sum of three square numbers. [5 marks]

## SECTION 2: Calculator Assumed (100 Marks)

### Question 9 [6 marks]

In a production facility, the lengths of metal rods are recorded to the nearest 5 mm. The rounding error,  $E$  mm, is the difference of the actual rod length minus the rounded length and is uniformly distributed between -2.5 mm and 2.5 mm.

- (a) State the probability density function for  $E$ . [2 marks]
- (b) Determine
- (i)  $P(E = 1)$  [1 mark]
- (ii)  $P(E > -1.5 | E \leq 2)$  [2 marks]
- (c) What is the probability that a randomly chosen rod with a recorded length of 135 mm has a real length of a least 136 mm? [1 mark]

### Question 15 [10 marks]

- (a) A team of 3 students is chosen at random from a group of 4 girls and 5 boys for a TV game show. What is the probability that the team chosen consists of more boys than girls? [2 marks]
- (b) In one of the games, the team choose one of four closed doors. The doors then open to reveal a prize placed at random behind just one of them. The team keep the prize if they are correct. How many rounds of this game must the team play so that the probability of them obtaining at least one prize is greater than 0.95? [4 marks]
- (c) At the close of the show, the team can select one of two boxes to keep as another prize. Inside each of the boxes are five sealed envelopes, each containing a voucher. In one of the boxes, four of the vouchers are worth \$10 000 and the fifth \$100, whilst in the other box two of the vouchers are worth \$10 000 and the other three, \$100 each.
- The team is allowed to choose an envelope from one of the boxes and open it. They must then decide whether to keep that box or choose the other one. The team plan to keep the box that the envelope they opened came from if it contains a \$10 000 voucher. Otherwise they will take the other box.
- What is the probability that the team wins more than \$30 000? [4 marks]

Question 13 [6 marks]

Two functions are defined by  $f(x) = e^x$  and  $g(x) = e^{1-2x}$ .

- (a) Describe, in order, the transformations which must be applied to the graph of  $f(x)$  to obtain the graph of  $g(x)$ .
- [2 marks]

- (b) Determine the domain and range of  $g(f(x))$ .
- [4 marks]

Question 14 [8 marks]

A cubical six-sided dice is known to be biased. It is thrown 3 times and the number of sixes is noted. This experiment is then repeated 200 times in all and the results are shown in the table.

Number of sixes	0	1	2	3
Frequency	67	93	33	7

- (a) What is the mean number of sixes?
- [2 marks]

- (b) What is the probability of obtaining a six when this dice is thrown?
- [2 marks]

- (c) Use a suitable binomial distribution to calculate the theoretical frequency distribution for the number of sixes in 200 such experiments and comment on how well your distribution models the experimental results above.
- [4 marks]

Question 10 [7 marks]

From an analysis of the median house price ( $M$ ) in a city on July 1 each year from 1980 until 2010, it was observed that  $\frac{dM}{dt} = 0.0772M$ , where  $t$  is the time in years since July 1 1980.

- (a) According to this model, how long did it take for house prices to double?
- [2 marks]

It was also observed that the median house price was \$440 000 in 2008.

- (b) What was the instantaneous rate of change of the median house price at this time?
- [1 mark]

- (c) What was the median house price in 1988, to the nearest thousand dollars?
- [2 marks]

- (d) What was the average rate of change of the median house price between 1988 and 2008?
- [2 marks]

**Question 11** [8 marks]

Oil is poured onto the surface of a large tank of water at a rate of  $0.7 \text{ cm}^3$  per second. It spreads out on the surface to form a circular slick of uniform thickness  $1.5 \text{ mm}$  which can be modelled by a thin cylindrical shape.

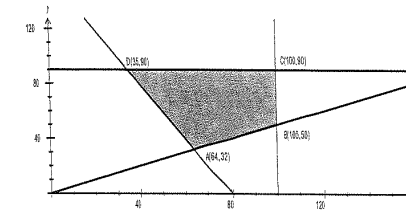
- (a) At what rate is the radius of the slick increasing one minute after pouring began? [5 marks]

- (b) Use the incremental formula  $\partial y \approx \frac{dy}{dx} \times \partial x$  to estimate the time the slick will take to increase in radius from  $55 \text{ cm}$  to  $55.5 \text{ cm}$ . [3 marks]

**Question 12** [9 marks]

A drink company make a fresh fruit drink every day using a combination of apples and pears. The recipe requires that the weight of apples must be no more than twice that of pears and at the same time the weight of the pears together with twice the weight of apples must be at least  $160 \text{ kg}$ . Daily supplies are limited to  $100 \text{ kg}$  of apples and  $90 \text{ kg}$  of pears.

With  $x$  representing the weight of apples used and  $y$  the weight of pears, the feasible region for this information is shown on the graph below.



From a practical point of view, the company have another constraint such that twice the weight of the apples added to three times the weight of pears must be at least  $280 \text{ kg}$ .

- (a) Add this fifth constraint to the graph above and clearly label the vertices of the new feasible region. [3 marks]

- (b) If the price of apples is  $\$1.80$  per kg and pears  $\$2.20$  per kg, find the minimum daily cost of fruit whilst satisfying all the above constraints. [3 marks]

- (c) Consider the situation where the price of apples fell to  $\$1.70$  per kg but the price of pears fell considerably more. Given that the vertex in part (b) still yielded the minimum cost, what would be the minimum price of pears on this day? [3 marks]