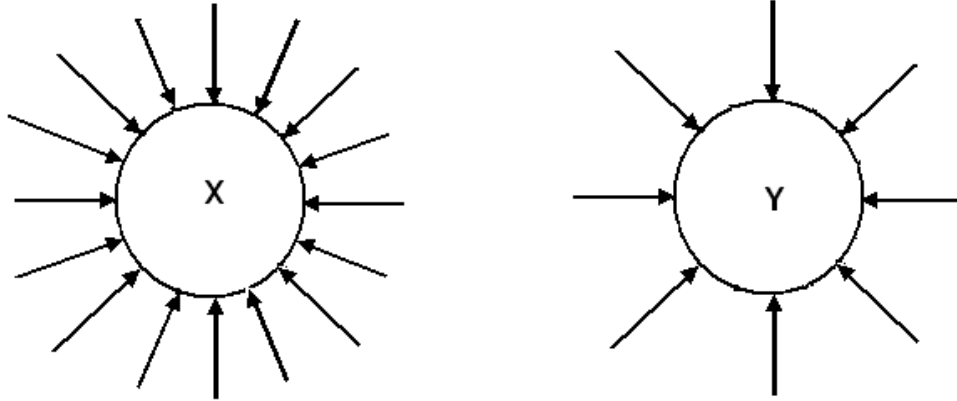


# Motion and Force in a Gravitational Field

## Practise Test Marking Key

1. Imagine that two new planets have been discovered in another solar system, call them **X** and **Y**. They both have the same radius but planet **X** has twice the mass of planet **Y**. On the diagram below, draw in the gravitational fields for each planet. (2 marks)



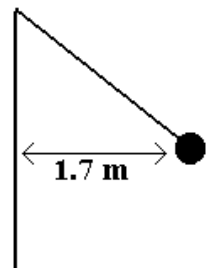
**arrow correct direction – [1 mark]**  
**twice the number of arrows on X as Y – [1 mark]**

2. A hammer thrower has gradually increased the speed of his hammer so that it completes ten revolution in 22.0 s. The hammer of mass 7.26 kg may be considered to be moving in a horizontal circle of 1.70 m radius. What force is exerted on the hammer thrower's arm? (4 marks)

**10 rev = 22 s**  
**1 rev = 2.2 s**  
**T = 2.2 s**  
**r = 1.70 m**  
**m = 7.26 kg**

$$v = \frac{2\pi r}{T} = \frac{2 \times \pi \times 1.70}{2.2}$$

$$v = 4.8552 \text{ ms}^{-1} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$



$$F_w = mg$$

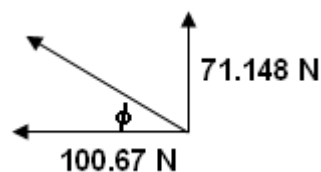
$$= 7.26 \times 9.8$$

$$= 71.148 \text{ N}$$

**[1 mark]**

$$F_c = \frac{mv^2}{r} = \frac{7.26 \times 4.8552^2}{1.70}$$

$$F_c = 100.67 \text{ N} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$



$$F_T = \sqrt{(71.148^2 + 100.67^2)}$$

$$F_T = 123.27 \text{ N}$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1} (71.148 \div 100.67)$$

$$\phi = 35.3^\circ$$

**$F_T = 101 \text{ N } 35.3^\circ \text{ above horizontal}$**   
**[1 mark]**

3. Discuss one important use for satellites that are evident in our daily lives. (2 marks)

**Important use such as:**

**Various answers such as Communication, Meteorological satellites, TV, etc.**

**Evident in our lives:**

**Depends on answer above but a brief discussion on how evident in our lives.**

4. Ben, whose total mass is  $1.20 \times 10^2$  kg (Ben and space suit) is on a space walk 725 km above the Earth. Assuming that the force of the nearby space ship is insignificant compared to the force of the Earth,

- a. What gravitational acceleration does Ben experience on his space walk? (2 marks)

$$m = 120 \text{ kg}$$

$$g' = \frac{6.67 \times 10^{-11} \times 5.98 \times 10^{24}}{(7095000)^2}$$

$$r = r_E + r_B$$

$$= 6.37 \times 10^6 + 725000$$

$$= 7095000 \text{ m} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$m_E = 5.98 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$$

$$g' = 7.92 \text{ ms}^{-2} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

- b. What gravitational force is on Ben? (2 marks)

$$F_g = \frac{Gm_E m_B}{r^2}$$

$$F_g = \frac{6.67 \times 10^{-11} \times 5.98 \times 10^{24} \times 120}{(7045000)^2} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$F_g = 951 \text{ N} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

5. The mass of Jupiter is  $1.90 \times 10^{27}$  kg and its diameter is 142 984 km. What altitude would a satellite have if its orbital speed is  $3.00 \times 10^4 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ ? (3 marks)

$$m_J = 1.9 \times 10^{27} \text{ kg}$$

$$F_c = F_g$$

$$r_T = r_J + r_s$$

$$\frac{m_s v^2}{r} = \frac{Gm_J m_s}{r^2} \quad \text{cancel } m_s \text{ and } r$$

$$v = 3.0 \times 10^4 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$r_T = \frac{Gm_J}{v^2} = \frac{6.67 \times 10^{-11} \times 1.9 \times 10^{27}}{(3.0 \times 10^4)^2} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$r_T = 140811111 \text{ m}$$

$$r_s = r_T - r_J$$

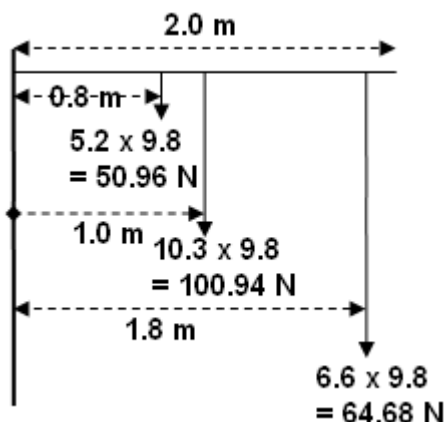
$$= 140811111 - 71492000$$

$$= 69319111$$

[1 mark]

$$\text{altitude of satellite is } 6.93 \times 10^7 \text{ m} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

6. A shopkeeper wants to hang two signs from a 10.3 kg horizontal pole fixed to the wall. The first sign has a mass of 5.20 kg and is to be hung 0.800 m from the wall. The second sign has a mass of 6.60 kg and is to be hung 0.200 m from the end of the pole. The pole is 2.00 m in length. If the fixture at the wall can withstand a torque of  $2.50 \times 10^2$  Nm, will the shopkeeper need to add additional support to the pole? (3 marks)



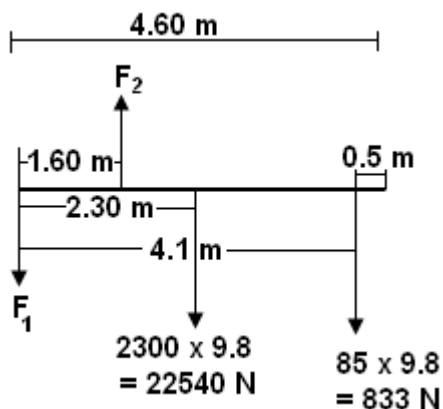
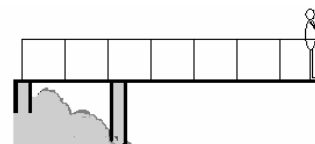
$$\tau = (0.8 \times 50.96) + (1.0 \times 100.94) + (64.68 \times 1.8) \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$= 40.768 + 100.94 + 116.424$$

$$= 258.132 \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

As the torque is greater than 150 Nm provided, the shopkeeper will need to add additional support. [1 mark]

7. Alan (mass 85.0 kg) is standing 0.500 m from the end of a 4.60 m viewing platform which extends out over a scenic river. The  $2.30 \times 10^3$  kg platform is supported by two supports, one at the start of the platform and one 1.60 m from the start as shown. Determine the force on each support. (4 marks)



Take moments about  $F_1$

$$\Sigma CM = \Sigma ACM$$

$$(22540 \times 2.3) + (833 \times 4.1) = F_2 \times 1.6$$

$$51842 + 3620.3 = 1.6F_2$$

$$55462.3 = 1.6F_2$$

$$F_2 = 34664 \text{ N}$$

F up = F down

$$F_2 = F_1 + 22540 + 833$$

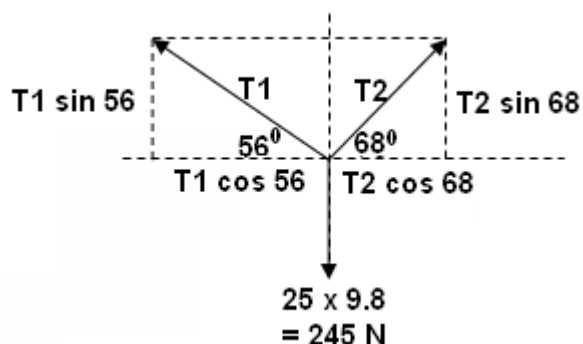
$$34664 = F_1 + 23373$$

$$F_1 = 11291 \text{ N}$$

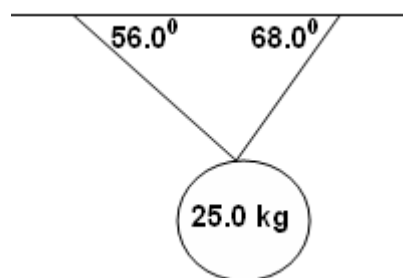
$$F_1 = 1.13 \times 10^4 \text{ N down} \quad [2 \text{ marks}]$$

$$F_2 = 3.47 \times 10^4 \text{ N up} \quad [2 \text{ marks}]$$

8. A mirror ball hangs from the ceiling at a local nightclub. The two supporting wires have angles of  $68.0^\circ$  and  $56.0^\circ$  to the horizontal. The mirror ball has a mass of  $25.0 \text{ kg}$ . Calculate the tension in each wire including a diagram. (5 marks)



[1 mark]



Horizontal components:

$$T_1 \cos 56 = T_2 \cos 68$$

$$0.5592T_1 = 0.3746T_2$$

$$T_2 = 1.4927T_1$$

[1 mark]

Vertical components:

$$T_1 \sin 56 + T_2 \sin 68 = 245$$

$$\text{but } T_2 = 1.4927T_1$$

so

$$T_1 \sin 56 + (1.4927T_1) \sin 68 = 245 \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$0.829T_1 + 1.384T_1 = 245$$

$$2.213T_1 = 245$$

$$T_1 = 111 \text{ N}$$

[1 mark]

Resolve for  $T_2$ :

$$T_2 = 1.4927T_1$$

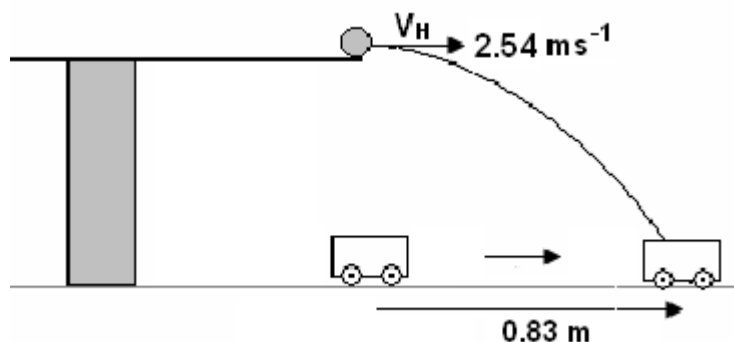
$$T_2 = 1.4927 \times 110.7$$

$$= 165 \text{ N}$$

[1 mark]

$$T_1 = 111 \text{ N and } T_2 = 165 \text{ N}$$

9. Young Johnny and his brother Sam are playing a new game. Johnny rolls a large ball bearing along the top of a table with a constant velocity of  $2.54 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  while his brother pushes a small trolley along the ground below. The idea of the game is to get the ball bearing to land in the trolley after leaving the table. This occurs when the trolley and ball are in the position shown and the trolley is released  $0.83 \text{ m}$  away from where it will catch the ball bearing. Calculate the height of the table. (4 marks)



The time for both events to occur will be the same

$$u_H = 2.54 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$s_H = 0.830 \text{ m}$$

$$t = \frac{s_H}{v_H} = \frac{0.83}{2.54} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$t = 0.32677 \text{ s} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$s_v = ?$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

$$s_v = u_v t + \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$= 0 + (4.9 \times 0.32677^2)$$

[1 mark]

$t = 0.72047 \text{ s}$   
 $u_v = 0 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

$= 0.523 \text{ m}$

so the table is 0.523 m high. [1 mark]

10. The following shows a beach ball thrown a long distance from one person to another without air resistance.

- a. If there were air resistance, and the two people didn't move, would the second still catch the beach ball? **NO** [1 mark]
- b. Draw the possible path of the beach ball with air resistance to justify your answer. (1 mark)

