

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor before reading any further.

Important note to candidates

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unruled sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in the WACE examinations

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

To be provided by the candidate

This Question/Answer Booklet

Formula Sheet (retained from Section One)

Materials required/recommended for this section

Working time for this section: one hundred minutes

Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes

Time allowed for this section

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Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes

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SOLUTIONS

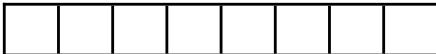
Question/Answer Booklet

Semester One Examination, 2015

MATHEMATICS 3C
Section Two:
Calculator-assumed

Student Number: _____
in figures

in words



Your name

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Working time for this section: one hundred minutes

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Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of exam
Section One: Calculator-free	7	7	50	50	33½
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	12	12	100	100	66½
Total			150	100	

Additional working space

Question number: _____

Instructions to candidates

1. The rules for the conduct of Western Australian external examinations are detailed in the *Year 12 Information Handbook 2015*. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer Booklet.
3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.
4. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
 - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
 - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the question that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
5. **Show all your working clearly.** Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
6. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil**, except in diagrams.
7. The Formula Sheet is **not** to be handed in with your Question/Answer Booklet.

Question 19 (100 Marks)

Section Two: Calculator-assumed

This section has twelve (12) questions. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time: 100 minutes.

Calculator-Assumed

MATHEMATICS 3C

Question 8 (6 marks)

A business has been selling 420 units of a printer model each week at a price of \$270 each. From past experience the business knows that for every \$10 discount offered to buyers on their website, the number of units sold will increase by 20 per week.

(a) When x integer increments of the \$10 discount are applied to the original printer price of \$270 in a week

270 - 10x

(i) write an expression in terms of x for the unit price. (1 mark)

\$270

(ii) write an expression in terms of x for the number of units sold. (1 mark)

420 + 20x

(iii) show that the printer revenue function is given by $r(x) = 50(2268 + 12x - x^2)$ (1 mark)

$= 50(2268 + 12x - x^2)$
 $= 113400 + 600x - 50x^2$
 $r(x) = (270 - 5x)(420 + 10x)$

achieving use of calculus, determine the maximum weekly revenue the business can

(b) showing use of calculus, determine the maximum weekly revenue the business can achieve from sales of this printer model. (3 marks)

$r(6) = \$115200$
 $= 0 \text{ when } x = 6$

Question 9 (7 marks)

Section Two: Calculator-assumed

This section has twelve (12) questions. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time: 100 minutes.

Calculator-Assumed

MATHEMATICS 3C

Question 10 (2 marks)

Write down an integral that, if evaluated, would calculate the shaded area trapped between the graphs of $y = f(x)$ and $y = g(x)$. (2 marks)

$\int_0^6 [g(x) - f(x)] dx$

Question 11 (2 marks)

Show that the graphs of $y = f(x)$ and $y = h(x)$ intersect when $x = 0$ and $x = m + 3$.

$x(x - 3 - m) = 0 \Leftrightarrow x = 0, x = m + 3$
 $x^2 - 3x - mx = 0$
 $x^2 - 3x + 3 = mx + 3$

Question 12 (3 marks)

Determine the value of m . (3 marks)

$972 = \frac{6}{\epsilon} (m + 3)(3x^2 - 3x + 3) \int_0^{m+3}$
 $m = 15$

Using CAS:

$$\begin{aligned} 972 &= \frac{6}{\epsilon} (m + 3)(3x^2 - 3x + 3) \int_0^{m+3} \\ &972 = \int_0^{m+3} (mx + 3) - (x^2 - 3x + 3) dx \end{aligned}$$

Question 9
(10 marks)

The rate of decay of the concentration of a pollutant measured at a particular location in a river

can be modelled by the differential equation $\frac{dC}{dt} = -kC$, where C is the concentration in parts per million at time t , in days, and k is a constant.

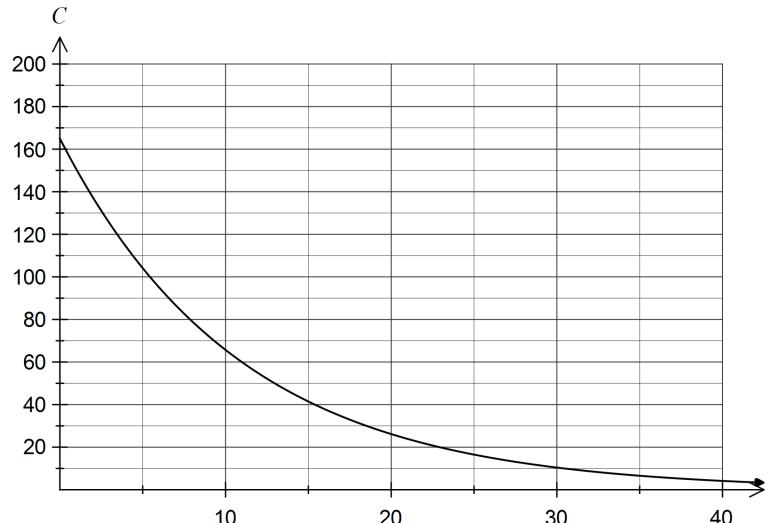
- (a) Given that the concentration of pollutant decreased by a factor of 10 over a period of 25 days, determine the value of k to four decimal places. (3 marks)

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{C}{C_0} &= e^{-kt} \\ 0.1 &= e^{-k(25)} \\ k &= 0.0921034 \\ &\approx 0.0921 \text{ (4 dp)}\end{aligned}$$

- (b) Given that the initial concentration of the pollutant was 165 parts per million, write down an equation for C in terms of t . (1 mark)

$$C = 165e^{-0.0921t}$$

- (c) Sketch the graph of C against t on the axes below. (2 marks)



- (d) Calculate the interquartile range of the weights of standard loaves from the bakery. (3 marks)

Standard loaves comprise 86.4% of production.

$$0.8640 \div 4 = 0.2160$$

$$P(X < 450) = 0.1056$$

$$\begin{aligned}P(X < Q_1) &= 0.1056 + 0.216 = 0.3216 \\ Q_1 &= 462.6\end{aligned}$$

$$P(X > 500) = 0.0304$$

$$\begin{aligned}P(X > Q_3) &= 0.0304 + 0.2160 = 0.2464 \\ Q_3 &= 481.0\end{aligned}$$

$$Q_3 - Q_1 = 481.0 - 462.6 = 18.4 \text{ g}$$

(2 marks)

- (d) The harmful effects of the pollutant are thought to become negligible after the concentration of pollutant first falls below 0.5 parts per million.
- (i) Determine how many days, to the nearest day, it will take for this to occur.
- (a) What is the probability that a randomly selected loaf produced by the bakery weighs 450 g?

$$P(450 < X < 450) = 0$$

(1 mark)

A bakery packages a loaf of bread as a standard if its weights between 450 g and 500 g. The weights of all loaves produced by the bakery are normally distributed with a mean of 470 g and a standard deviation of 16 g.

$$\begin{aligned} 0.5 &= 16.5e^{-0.0921t} \\ t &= 62.963 \end{aligned}$$

≈ 63 days

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

- (ii) At this time, determine the rate that the concentration of pollutant is changing.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dC}{dt} &= -KC \\ &= -0.0921(0.5) \\ &= -0.04605 \\ &\text{Decreasing at } 0.04605 \text{ ppm/day.} \end{aligned}$$

(2 marks)

- (b) Determine the probability that a randomly selected standard loaf weighs less than 470 g.

$$P(450 < X < 500) = 0.864$$

(1 mark)

(iii) Is a standard loaf?

$$\begin{aligned} P(X < 470 | 450 < X < 500) &= \frac{P(450 < X < 470)}{P(450 < X < 500)} \\ &= \frac{0.3944}{0.8640} \\ &= 0.4565 \end{aligned}$$

(2 marks)

- (c) In a batch of 250 loaves, how many would be expected to weigh less than a standard loaf?

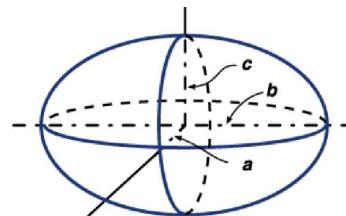
$$\begin{aligned} 250 \times 0.1056 &= 26.4 \\ P(X < 450) &= 0.1056 \\ &\approx 26 \text{ loaves} \end{aligned}$$

(9 marks)

Question 10

A general ellipsoid has semi-axes lengths a , b and c , as shown in the diagram below and has

$$V = \frac{4\pi abc}{3}$$



Consider the ellipsoid where the relationship between the semi-axes lengths is that b is three times a , and that the sum of a and c is 42 cm.

- (a) Show that the volume of this ellipsoid is given by $168\pi a^2 - 4\pi a^3$. (2 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4\pi abc}{3} \\ &= \frac{4\pi a(3a)(42 - a)}{3} \\ &= 168\pi a^2 - 4\pi a^3 \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Use calculus to determine the dimensions of the ellipsoid that maximise its volume and state the maximum volume, rounded to three significant figures. (4 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dV}{da} &= 336\pi a - 12\pi a^2 \\ 336\pi a - 12\pi a^2 &= 0 \Rightarrow a = 0, a = 28 \\ a &= 28 \\ b &= 84 \\ c &= 14 \\ V &= 43904\pi \\ &\approx 138000 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ (3 sf)} \end{aligned}$$

Question 17

(9 marks)

- (a) Records of a company that has a large workforce indicate that 35 percent of employees take sick leave during any given year.

If the records of five employees are selected at random from the previous year, what is the probability that

- (i) exactly four of the five took sick leave? (2 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} X &= \text{number from group of 5} \\ X &\sim B(5, 0.35) \end{aligned}$$

$$P(X = 4) = 0.0488$$

- (ii) fewer than three took sick leave? (2 marks)

$$P(X \leq 2) = 0.7648$$

- (b) Amongst the 20 management staff of the company, seven of them had taken sick leave during the previous year.

If five of these staff are selected at random, what is the probability that

- (i) two or less took sick leave? (3 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} Y &= \text{number from group of 5 staff taking sick leave} \\ P(Y \leq 2) &= P(X = 0) + P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) \\ &= \frac{7}{20} \cdot \frac{13}{C_5} + \frac{7}{20} \cdot \frac{13}{C_4} \cdot \frac{1}{C_5} + \frac{7}{20} \cdot \frac{13}{C_3} \cdot \frac{1}{C_4} \cdot \frac{1}{C_5} \\ &= \frac{1287 + 5005 + 6006}{15504} \\ &= \frac{12298}{15504} = \frac{6149}{7752} \approx 0.7932 \end{aligned}$$

- (ii) none of the staff took sick leave, given that two or less took sick leave? (2 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} P(Y = 0 | Y \leq 2) &= \frac{1287}{15504} \div \frac{12298}{15504} \\ &= \frac{1287}{12298} = \frac{9}{86} \approx 0.1047 \end{aligned}$$

(3 marks)

$$\int_1^2 2x + f(x) dx = \int_1^2 2x dx + \int_1^2 f(x) dx$$

$$= \left[x^2 \right]_1^2 + \left[-\frac{1}{2}x^2 \right]_1^2$$

$$= 2^2 - 1^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}(2)^2 - \frac{1}{2}(1)^2 \right)$$

$$= 4 - 1 + (-2) - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= 4 - 1 - 2 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{7}{2}$$

(iii)

(2 marks)

$$\int_0^1 f(x) dx = \int_0^1 x dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} - 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

(ii)

(2 marks)

$$\int_2^2 f(x) dx = 0$$

(i)

(b) Determine the value of

$$1 + 2 = 3 \text{ sq units}$$

(1 mark)

.

A decrease in volume of 1131 cm^3 .

$$dV = \frac{dA}{da} da$$

$$= (336\pi a - 12\pi a^2) da$$

$$= 360\pi a$$

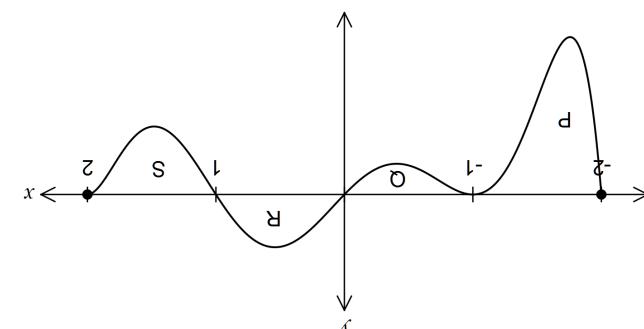
$$\approx 1131 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$a = 30$$

$$da = 0.5$$

- (c) Use the increments formula $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{da} \frac{da}{dx}$ to estimate the change in volume of the ellipsoid when a increases from 30 cm to 30.5 cm.

The areas of regions P, Q, R and S enclosed by the curve and the x -axis for $-1 \leq x \leq 1$. The areas of regions P, Q, R and S enclosed by the curve and the x -axis for $-1 \leq x \leq 1$, 2 and 3 square units respectively.



(8 marks)

The graph of the function $y = f(x)$ is shown below over the domain $-2 \leq x \leq 2$.

(9 marks)

Question 11

An automated bakery produces packets of Cherry Top biscuits, a wafer coated in icing with a glace cherry on top. A minor fault of the production process means that 15% of the biscuits are double tops – they have an extra glace cherry on top. 16 biscuits chosen at random from the production line are placed in each packet.

Let X be the number of double tops in a single packet of Cherry Tops.

- (a) Is X a discrete or continuous random variable? Justify your answer. (2 marks)

Discrete. The only values that X can take are the integers 0, 1, 2, ..., 15 and 16.

- (b) State the probability distribution of X and the mean and standard deviation of this distribution. (3 marks)

$$X \sim B(16, 0.15)$$

$$\bar{X} = 16 \times 0.15 \\ = 2.4$$

$$sd = \sqrt{16 \times 0.15 \times (1 - 0.15)} \\ = 1.428$$

- (c) Determine the probability that a randomly chosen packet of Cherry Tops

- (i) contains exactly one double top. (1 mark)

$$P(X = 1) = 0.2097$$

- (ii) contains three double tops, given that it contains at least three double tops. (2 marks)

$$P(X = 3 | X \geq 3) = \frac{0.228511}{0.438621} = 0.521$$

- (d) What is the most likely number of double tops that a packet of Cherry Tops will contain? (1 mark)

Two.

$$(P(X = 2) = 0.2775)$$

- (d) Determine the probability that, on any one day of the festival, five or more intervals will be less than seven minutes long. (2 marks)

$$X = \text{Number of intervals that are less than 7 minutes long} \\ X \sim B(14, \frac{4}{11})$$

$$P(X \geq 5) = 0.6189$$

- (e) Determine the value of t for which $P(T < t) = P(T > 4t)$. (2 marks)

$$P(T < t) = \frac{t - 3}{11}$$

$$P(T > 4t) = \frac{14 - 4t}{11}$$

$$\frac{t - 3}{11} = \frac{14 - 4t}{11} \Rightarrow t = \frac{17}{5} = 3.4 \text{ minutes}$$

(6 marks)

The job of quality control inspectors at a factory is to test components coming off an assembly line and either pass or fail them. Records indicate that the inspectors fail one out of every ten components that are not faulty, and that they pass one out of every 20 components that are

components coming off the assembly line to be faulty.

(a) Determine the exact probability that the inspectors will fail a randomly chosen component coming off the assembly line.

(a) Sketch the probability density function $f(t)$ for the interval between each firing on the axes below.

(b) Determine the exact probability that the inspectors will fail a randomly chosen component coming off the assembly line.

(3 marks)

(2 marks)

$P(F \cup I) = \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{19}{20} = \frac{19}{240}$
 $P(F \cap I) = \frac{11}{12} \times \frac{1}{10} = \frac{11}{120}$
 $P(I) = \frac{19}{240} + \frac{11}{120} = \frac{41}{240}$

$F = \text{Faulty}, I = \text{Inspector fails}$

$f(t)$

(b) Given that the inspectsors pass a component, calculate the exact probability that the component is actually faulty.

$$P(F \cap T) = \frac{1}{199} \times \frac{20}{12} = \frac{1}{199} \div \frac{240}{240} = \frac{1}{199}$$

(c) If the water cannon is fired 15 times per day, how many intervals will there be between these 15 blasts? (1 mark)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{7}{4} \\
 &= \frac{11}{4} \div \frac{7}{11} \\
 &= \frac{p(T > 10)}{p(6 < T < 10)} \\
 &= \frac{p(T > 6 | T < 10)}{p(T < 10)}
 \end{aligned}$$

(iii) at least six minutes given that it is less than 10 minutes. (2 marks)

$$P(T > 7) = \frac{14 - 7}{14 - 3} = \frac{7}{11}$$

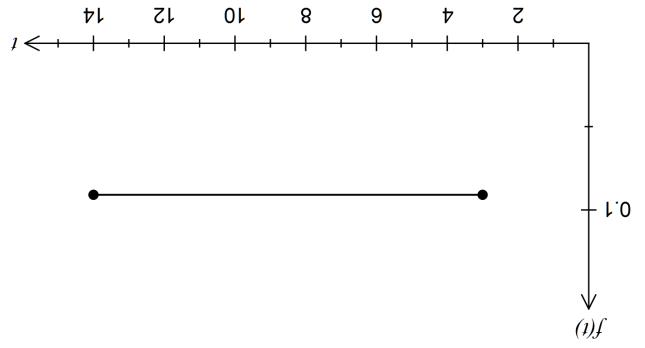
(i) at least seven minutes.
(1 mark)

$$P(F \cup I) = \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{19}{20} = \frac{19}{240}$$

$$P(F \cap I) = \frac{11}{12} \times \frac{1}{10} = \frac{11}{120}$$

$$P(I) = \frac{19}{240} + \frac{11}{120} = \frac{41}{240}$$

(a) Sketch the probability density function $f(x)$ for the interval between each firing on the axes below.



(6 marks)

MATHEMATICS 3C

(9 marks)

Question 13

(a) Let $f(x) = \left(1 - \frac{3}{2x}\right)^x$.

(i) Evaluate $f(100)$.

(1 mark)

$$f(100) \approx 0.221$$

(ii) Explain what happens to the value of $f(x)$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$.

(2 marks)

$$\text{As } x \text{ increases the value of } f(x) \rightarrow e^{-\frac{3}{2}}.$$

(b) If $y = \sqrt{u}$, $u = 3v - 2$ and $v = e^{2x}$ (i) use the chain rule with Leibniz notation to determine $\frac{dy}{dx}$, giving your answer solely in terms of x . (4 marks)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \times \frac{du}{dv} \times \frac{dv}{dx}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{u}} \times 3 \times 2e^{2x}$$

$$= \frac{3e^{2x}}{\sqrt{u}}$$

$$= \frac{3e^{2x}}{\sqrt{3v - 2}}$$

$$= \frac{3e^{2x}}{\sqrt{3e^{2x} - 2}}$$

(ii) determine the value of $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ when $x = 0$.

(2 marks)

$$y = \sqrt{3e^{2x} - 2}$$

$$\text{Using CAS, } \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -3$$

Question 14

(8 marks)

For two events, A and B , $P(A) = a$, $P(A \cup B) = 0.9$ and $P(A \cap \bar{B}) = 0.2$.(a) Determine an expression for $P(\bar{A} \cap B)$ in terms of a .

(2 marks)

$$P(B) + 0.2 = 0.9 \Rightarrow P(B) = 0.7$$

$$P(A \cap B) = a - 0.2$$

$$P(\bar{A} \cap B) = 0.7 - (a - 0.2) \\ = 0.9 - a$$

(b) Determine $P(A|\bar{B})$.

(1 mark)

$$P(A|\bar{B}) = \frac{0.2}{1 - 0.7} = \frac{2}{3}$$

(c) Determine the value of a under each of the following conditions.(i) $P(A \cap B) = 0.1$.

(1 mark)

$$P(A \cap B) = a - 0.2 = 0.1 =$$

(ii) $P(B|A) = 0.1$.

(2 marks)

$$P(B|A) = \frac{a - 0.2}{a}$$

$$0.1 = \frac{a - 0.2}{a} \Rightarrow a = \frac{2}{9}$$

(iii) A and B are independent.

(2 marks)

$$a \times 0.7 = a - 0.2$$

$$a = \frac{2}{3}$$