

No other items may be used in this section of the examination. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor before reading any further.

Important note to candidates

Special items: nil

Standard items: pens, pencils, pencil sharpener, eraser, correction fluid/tape, ruler, highlighters

To be provided by the candidate

Materials required/recommended for this section

Reading time before commencing work: five minutes
Working time for this section: fifty minutes

Time allowed for this section

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Student Number: In figures

Your name

In words

Section One:
Calculator-free
MATHEMATICS 3C/3D

SOLUTIONS

Question/Answer Booklet
Trial WACE Examination, 2011

SCHOOL

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Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of exam
Section One: Calculator-free	8	8	50	40	33
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	12	12	100	80	67
Total				120	100

Additional working space

Question number: _____

Instructions to candidates

1. The rules for the conduct of Western Australian external examinations are detailed in the *Year 12 Information Handbook 2011*. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
2. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question/Answer Booklet. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
 - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
 - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the question(s) that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
3. **Show all your working clearly.** Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat an answer to any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
4. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil**, except in diagrams.

Question 8
(40 Marks)

This section has **eight (8)** questions. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time for this section is 50 minutes.

Question 8
(6 marks)

The variables k and m are both integers such that $m^2 + 3 = 2k$.

(a) Use counter-examples to disprove any two of the three conjectures listed below. (2 marks)

- m can be any even integer.

$m=2$ then $k=3.5$ which is not an integer, so statement false.

- m can be any odd integer.

(Statement true, so no counter-examples exist)

Question 1
(4 marks)

$-3 \leq x \leq 3$.

Find the minimum and maximum values of $f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 12x + 27$ over the interval

$$\begin{aligned} f(-3) &= -18 \\ f(-1) &= 34 \quad (\text{local max}) \\ f(2) &= 7 \quad (\text{local min}) \\ f(3) &= 18 \end{aligned}$$

Hence minimum value is -18 and maximum value is 34.

- (b) Using the fact that any odd integer can be written in the form $2n+1$ or otherwise, prove that k is always the sum of three square numbers.

$2k$ is even and hence $m^2 + 3$ must be even.
Since 3 is odd then m^2 must be odd, and so m must also be odd.

$$\begin{aligned} 2k &= m^2 + 3 \\ &= (2n+1)^2 + 3 \\ &= 4n^2 + 4n + 4 \\ &= 4(n^2 + n + 1) \\ &= 4n^2 + 2n + 2 \\ &= 2(n^2 + n + 1) \\ &= 2n^2 + 2n + 2 \end{aligned}$$



Question 2

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of x for each of the following.

(a) $y = x(1 + 2e^{3x})$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + 2e^{3x} + 6xe^{3x}$$

✓ ✓

(b) $y = \int_1^x t^2 + t - 1 \, dt$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + x - 1$$

✓

(c) $y = z^3 - z$ and $z = x^2 - 9$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dz} &= 3z^2 - 1 \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{dz}{dx} = 2x \\ \frac{dy}{dx} &= (3(x^2 - 9)^2 - 1) \times 2x \\ &= 6x(x^2 - 9)^2 - 2x\end{aligned}$$

(5 marks)

(2 marks)

(1 mark)

(2 marks)

Question 2

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of x for each of the following.

(a) $y = x(1 + 2e^{3x})$

(2 marks)

(1 mark)

(2 marks)

Question 7

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of x for each of the following.

(a) $y = x(1 + 2e^{3x})$

(2 marks)

(1 mark)

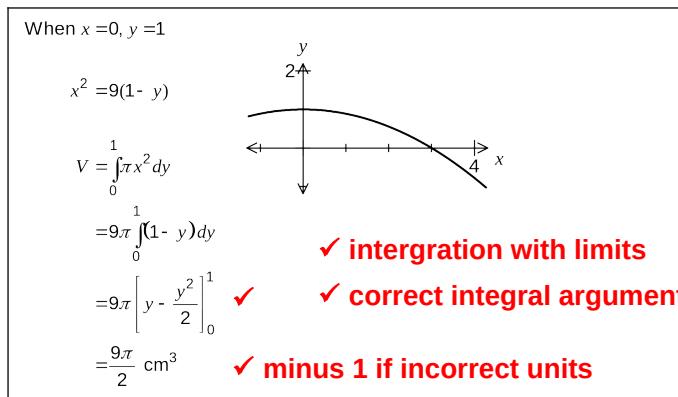
(2 marks)

Question 7

The region in the first quadrant bounded by $x = 0$, $y = 0$ and $y = 1 - \frac{x^2}{9}$ is rotated 360° about the y -axis. If x and y are distances measured in centimetres, find the volume of the solid formed.

(4 marks)

The region in the first quadrant bounded by $x = 0$, $y = 0$ and $y = 1 - \frac{x^2}{9}$ is rotated 360° about the y -axis. If x and y are distances measured in centimetres, find the volume of the solid formed.



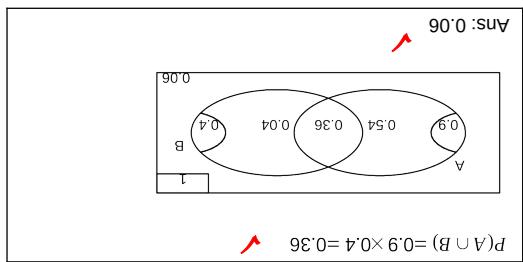
(2 marks)

(c) Show that A and B are also independent.

$$\begin{aligned} P(A \cup B) &= 0.9 \times 0.4 = 0.36 \\ P(A)P(B) &= 0.9 \times 0.4 = 0.36 \end{aligned}$$

Ans: 0.06

(1 mark)

(a) Find $P(\underline{A} \cup \underline{B})$.

(2 marks)

Two independent events A and B are such that $P(A) = 0.9$ and $P(B) = 0.4$.

Question 3 (5 marks)

+C in (a) and (b)
✓ minus 1 if not at least one

$$\frac{2}{5}e^{-0.2y} + C$$

$$\frac{5}{2}e^{-0.2y} + C$$

(a) Determine $\int_0^5 2e^{-0.2y} dy$.

(1 mark)

Question 6 (5 marks)

CALCULATOR-FREE

MATHEMATICS 3C/3D

$$\frac{2}{5}e^{-0.2y} + C$$

$$\frac{5}{2}e^{-0.2y} + C$$

$$-2e^{-0.2y} + C$$

$$\frac{8}{(1-2t+t^2)^4} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(1-2t+t^2)^4 + C$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 (1-2t+t^2)^4 dt$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{2}(1-2t+t^2)^5 \right]_{-1}^1$$

Question 4

Two functions are defined as $f(x) = \sqrt{x - 1}$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x - 1}$.

- (a) Evaluate $g \circ f\left(\frac{13}{9}\right)$.

$$\begin{aligned}f\left(\frac{13}{4}\right) &= \sqrt{\frac{13}{9} - 1} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{9}} = \frac{2}{3} \\g\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) &= \frac{1}{\frac{2}{3} - 1} = 1 \div \frac{1}{3} = -3\end{aligned}$$

(2 marks)

- (b) Find in simplified form $g \circ g(x)$.

$$\begin{aligned}g \circ g(x) &= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{x-1} - 1} \\&= 1 \div \frac{1-(x-1)}{x-1} \\&= \frac{x-1}{2-x}\end{aligned}$$

(2 marks)

- (c) Determine the domain of $f(g(x))$.

(3 marks)

$$\begin{aligned}f(g(x)) &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{x-1} - 1} \\&\text{Require that } \frac{1}{x-1} - 1 \geq 0 \\&\frac{1-(x-1)}{x-1} \geq 0 \\&\frac{2-x}{x-1} \geq 0 \\&\text{Hence domain is } 1 < x \leq 2.\end{aligned}$$

Question 5

Solve the system of equations

$$\begin{aligned}c + 2a &= 3 + 4b \\a + 2b + 2c &= 4 \\5a + 3c &= 5 + 2b\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}2a - 4b + c &= 3 \\a + 2b + 2c &= 4 \\5a - 2b + 3c &= 5 \\i + 2ii & \\4a + 5c &= 11 \\ii + iii & \\6a + 5c &= 9 \\- 2a &= 2 \\a &= -1 \\c &= 3 \\b &= -0.5\end{aligned}$$