

Test papers may only be reproduced within the purchasing school according to the advertised Conditions of Sale. Test papers should be withdrawn after use and stored securely in the school until 14<sup>th</sup> October 2021.

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor before reading any further.

### **Important note to candidates**

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in the WACE examinations.

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction tape/fluid, erasers, ruler, highlighters.

To be provided by the supervisor  
Formula Sheet (relained from Section One)  
This Question/Answer booklet

### **Material required/recommended for this section**

Time allowed for this section  
Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes  
Working time for paper: one hundred minutes

Teacher's Name:

Student Name:

Calculator-assumed  
Section Two:

## **MATHEMATICS METHODS UNITS 3 & 4**

Question/Answer booklet

Examination 2021  
Semester Two

Insert School Logo

**Structure of this paper**

	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be attempted	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of exam
Section One Calculator-free	10	10	50	50	35
Section Two Calculator—assumed	12	12	100	100	65
				150	100

**Instructions to candidates**

1. The rules for the conduct of Western Australian external examinations are detailed in the *Year 12 Information Handbook 2021*. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
2. Answer the questions according to the following instructions.

**Show all your working clearly.** Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat an answer to any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.

It is recommended that you **do not use pencil**, except in diagrams.

3. You must be careful to confine your responses to the specific questions asked and to follow any instructions that are specific to a particular question.
4. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
  - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
  - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the question that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
5. The Formula Sheet is **not** handed in with your Question/Answer Booklet.

(2 marks)

- (b) Evaluate the maximum profit.

(2 marks)

- (a) Determine the length of time the company should continue mining until the profit is at a maximum.

A diamond mining company has its marginal cost,  $M_c$ , and marginal revenue,  $M_r$ , functions

in millions of dollars such that  $M_c(t) = 0.3t + 2$  and  $M_r(t) = -0.4t + 8$  where  $t$  is the

time in years. The initial establishment costs amounted to \$12 million.

### Question 11 (4 marks)

Working time: 100 minutes

This section has twelve (12) questions. Attempt all questions. Write your answers in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the question(s) that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.

- Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the page number of the question(s) that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
- Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.

Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your

responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.

spaces provided.

This section has twelve (12) questions. Attempt all questions. Write your answers in the

### Section Two: Calculator-assumed 65% (100 marks)

**Question 12 (11 marks)**

- (a) An RBT roadblock is set up by the police to check if drivers are under the blood alcohol limit. Explain why this can be considered a Bernoulli trial.

(2 marks)

- (b) It has been determined that 5% of drivers checked at a certain roadblock are over the blood alcohol limit and 1.3% of drivers checked do not wear seat belts. It has also been observed that the two infractions are independent of each other. A police officer stops 10 drivers at random.

- (i) Calculate the probability that exactly three of the drivers are over the blood alcohol limit or do not wear seat belts. (Hint: Let  $X$  be the RV drivers over the blood alcohol limit; Let  $Y$  be the RV drivers do not wear seat belts.)

(3 marks)

- (ii) Calculate the probability that at least one of the drivers checked does not wear seat belts.

(1 mark)

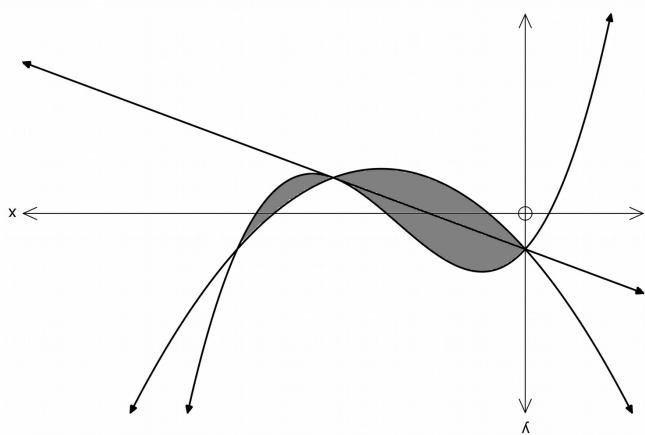
- (iii) If 275 drivers are checked, calculate the number of expected drivers over the blood alcohol limit and the associated standard deviation.

(2 marks)

- (iv) Another random sample of drivers is selected where the random variable  $Y$  is the number of drivers who do not wear seat belts. Find the maximum value of  $n$  such that the probability that there is at least one driver not wearing a seat belt is no more than 60%.

(3 marks)

Question number(s): .....

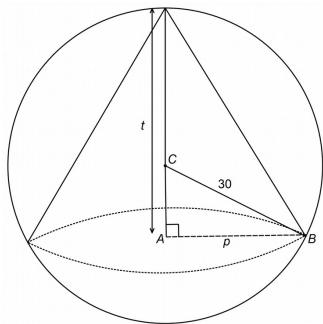


Two curves with equations  $y = x^3 - 4x^2 + 3x + 1$  and  $y = x^2$  intersect as shown below. The line passing through the points of intersection of the curves has the equation  $y = 1 - x$ .

Determine the fraction of the shaded area which lies below the line  $y = 1 - x$ . (4 marks)

**Question 14 (11 marks)**

A right circular cone with radius  $p$  and height  $t$  is machined (cut out) from a solid sphere (with centre C) with a radius of 30 cm as shown in the sketch.



- (a) Show that the volume of the cone can be written as

$$V(t) = 20\pi t^2 - \frac{1}{3}\pi t^3. \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

- (b) Use calculus methods to determine the value of  $t$  for which the volume of the cone will be a maximum.

(3 marks)

**Question 22 (12 marks)**

When  $t = 0$ , a particle travelling in a straight line with a velocity of 20 units/sec, is 12 units to the right of the origin. The acceleration of the particle is given by  $a(t) = -192\cos(4t) - 80\sin(4t)$ .

- (a) Determine the maximum velocity of the particle.

(3 marks)

- (b) Determine whether the particle is increasing or decreasing its speed at  $t = 2$  seconds.

(3 marks)

- (c) Determine the displacement of the particle at  $t = 2$  seconds.

(2 marks)

- (d) Determine the net change in displacement during the fifth second.

(2 marks)

- (e) Determine the total distance the particle has travelled in the first 5 seconds.

(2 marks)

End of Questions

## (Question 14 continued)

- (a) A nutritionist found that in a random sample of 80 students, 28 students indicated that they had not eaten breakfast before going to school.
- (b) Find the point estimate for the population proportion of students who have not eaten breakfast before going to school.
- (c) What percentage of the sphere was used to obtain this cone having the maximum volume?

- (d) If the radius of the sphere decreases by 1.5%, use the incremental formula to find the corresponding percentage decrease in the volume of the sphere.
- (e) Determine the margin of error for the above interval.

(iii) If the confidence interval increases to a 99% level, show that the interval width increases by 31.45%.

- (ii) Determine the margin of error for the above interval.
- (iii) If the confidence interval increases to a 99% level, show that the interval width increases by 31.45%.

- (c) Determine the sample size required to achieve a margin of error of 2% in an approximate 95% confidence interval for the proportion of students who go to school without eating breakfast.

- (d) The nutritionist collects a further forty samples and finds 95% confidence intervals for each sample proportion. How many of these intervals would contain the true proportion of students who do not eat breakfast before going to school? (1 mark)

**Question 15 (8 marks)**

A supermarket has been investigating how long customers have to wait at the checkout. During any half hour period, the percentage  $P\%$ , of customers who wait for less than  $t$  minutes, can be modelled by  $P = 100(1 - e^{-kt})$ , where  $k$  is a constant.

- (a) If 50% of customers wait for less than 3 minutes, show that the value of  $k = -0.23105$ .  
(1 mark)

- (b) Calculate the percentage of customers who wait for 5 minutes or longer.  
(2 marks)

Sachi, a Year 12 Mathematics Methods student, decides to divide this function by 100 and then model the waiting time as a cumulative probability density function.

- (c) (i) Justify this student's decision for the 30 minute domain given.  
(2 marks)

- (ii) Show, using the cumulative probability density function, that the probability of waiting for less than a quarter of an hour is approximately 0.97.  
(1 mark)

- (iii) Determine the probability of a customer waiting for less than 5 minutes given they have waited for less than 10 minutes.  
(2 marks)

**Question 20 (7 marks)**

$\ln\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x^3}}\right)$  is  $\frac{1}{2x+2} - \frac{3}{2x}$ .  
(3 marks)

- (a) Show clearly that the derivative of

- (b) The  $pH$  scale measures the acidity of a solution. The  $pH$  value (hydrogen potential) is given by

$$pH = \log_{10} \frac{1}{[H_3O^+]}, \text{ where } [H_3O^+] \text{ is the hydronium ion concentration in moles per litre.}$$

Most foods are acidic which means they have a  $pH < 7$ .

- (i) The  $pH$  of bananas ranges from 4.5 to 4.7.  
Show, by using exponential equations, that the corresponding bounds

for  $[H_3O^+]$  range from approximately 0.00003 to 0.00002 moles per litre.  
(2 marks)

- (ii) The cerebrospinal fluid in the brain has a hydronium ion content of about  $4.8 \times 10^{-8}$  moles per litre. Determine whether or not brain fluid is acidic and state its  $pH$ .  
(2 marks)

Question 19 (12 marks)

A beaker of liquid was placed in a fridge. The rate of cooling was given by

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = -k(T - T_f), \quad k > 0$$

where  $T_f$  is the constant temperature in the fridge,  $T_0$  is the starting temperature and  $T$  is the temperature of the liquid at time  $t$  (minutes).

- The constant temperature in the fridge is  $4^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
  - When first placed in the fridge, the temperature of the liquid was  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
  - At 12 noon, the temperature of the liquid was  $9.8^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
  - At 12:15 pm, the temperature of the liquid had dropped to  $6.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Therefore, given that  $T(t) = 21e^{-0.04t} + 4$ , determine at what time, to the nearest minute, the liquid was placed in the fridge. (4 marks)

(iii) State the parameters of the distribution. (2 marks)

(iii) Determine the probability that more than  $\frac{1}{8}$  of the people surveyed are unemployed.

(iv) Determine the percentage of people surveyed who would be in the lower quartile of the distribution. (2 marks)

(b) The waiting time for application with an employment agency is uniformly distributed over the interval 5 to 20 days. The waiting time of several samples of forty job seekers were recorded.

(ii) Find the probability that a randomly chosen job seeker fails to wait at the most 18 days to get an appointment. (1 mark)

(iii) Find the expected waiting time and describe the probability distribution of the sample proportion of forty job seekers with waiting times exceeding the expected waiting time.

(iii) Find the probability that a randomly chosen sample has a sample proportion of job seekers with waiting time exceeding the expected waiting time of no more than 70%.

**Question 17 (14 marks)**

A plantation of a certain type of tree is planted for the Australian forest and wood industry. The height ( $h$  cm) of this certain tree at time  $t$  years is modelled by the equation

$$h = 115\ln(2t + 1) + 3$$

- (a) How many times faster (to 1 decimal place) is a six-year old tree growing than a 50-year-old tree? (2 marks)

- (b) (i) An area of the plantation contains only six-year old trees. A sample of these six-year old trees is measured. A forest ranger parks his car at the side of the road and measures the heights of the closest 25 trees. Explain the bias in this sample. (2 marks)

- (ii) Describe a sampling technique which could be used to minimise bias. (2 marks)

- (c) (i) A fair sample of these six-year old trees are measured. The heights are normally distributed with a mean of  $\mu$  cm and a standard deviation of 12 cm. It is found that 0.94% of the trees have a height over 326 cm. Find the value of the mean. (3 marks)

- (ii) Hence, or otherwise, comment on the suitability of the equation modelling the height of the trees. (1 mark)

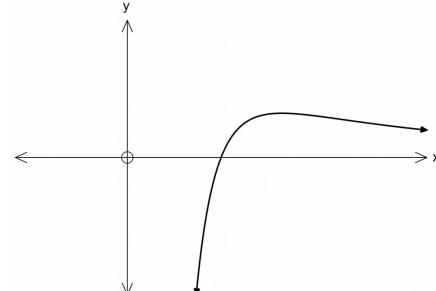
- (iii) Five trees from the sample appear to have a fungus disease. Find the probability that none of them are over 326 cm. (1 mark)

## (Question 17 continued)

- (d) From a random sample of 400 mature trees, 132 can be felled to produce luxury furniture. Find a 99% confidence interval for the proportion of all the mature trees which can be felled to produce luxury furniture and interpret the interval in this context. (3 marks)

**Question 18 (3 marks)**

The function  $y = \frac{\ln x}{x^2}$  is shown below.



Given the following ordered pairs, approximate the area under the curve from  $x = 1$  to  $x = 2$  using the average of circumscribed and inscribed rectangles.

$x$	1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2
$y$	0	0.127	0.172	0.184	0.181	0.173