

Q Search

lio Manual 3.8.0 Topics >

Qt Design Studio Manual > Repeater3D

# Repeater3D

**Note:** The **Repeater3D** component is released as a tech preview feature in Qt Design Studio 2.2, and its functionality will be improved in future releases.

The Repeater3D component is used to create multiple similar items. Like other view types, Repeater3D needs a model and a delegate. The delegate sets the item to use and the model sets the structure of the items in the Repeater3D component.

The model can be any of the supported data models. Additionally, like delegates for other views, a delegate for the **Repeater3D** can access its index within the repeater, as well as the model data relevant to the delegate.

**Note: Repeater3D** owns all items it instantiates. Removing or dynamically destroying an item created by **Repeater3D** results in unpredictable behavior.

Note: Repeater3D can only repeat objects derived from Nodes.

For more information, see Repeater3D in the Qt Quick 3D documentation.

## Repeater3D Properties

#### Model

The **Model** property specifies the model providing data for the repeater. You can only use the **Model** property in the **Properties** view to set a numeric model or to bind to QML based models. You can use the Code view to define any of the supported data models as the value of the **Model** property:

- A number that indicates the number of delegates to be created by the repeater.
- A model, such as a **ListModel** component, or a QAbstractItemModel subclass.
- A string list.
- > An object list.

The type of model affects the properties that are exposed to the delegate.

#### Delegate

The **Delegate** property specifies a template defining each object instantiated by the repeater. Currently, the



If the model is a model object, such as a ListModel, the delegate can access all model roles as named properties, in the same way that delegates do for view classes like **ListView**.

## Adding a Repeater3D Component with a Numeric Model

This section explains how to add a Repeater3D component with a numeric model to your Qt Design Studio project.

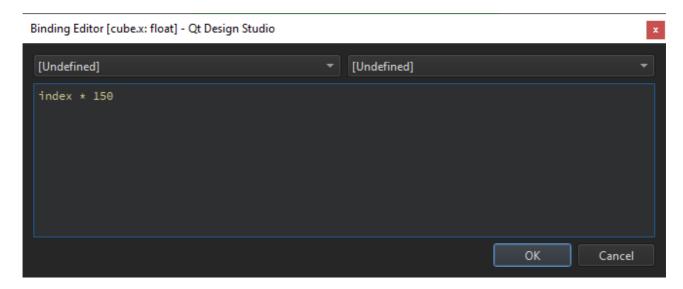
To add a Repeater3D component:

- 1. Drag a Repeater3D component from Components to scene in Navigator.
- 2. Select repeater3D in Navigator and in Properties, set Model to 4.

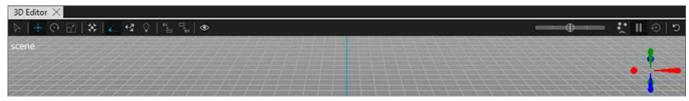


Now, you have set up the **Repeater3D** component to use a numeric model that draws four instances of the same item. Next, you need to add the item to draw. In this example we are using a **Cube**.

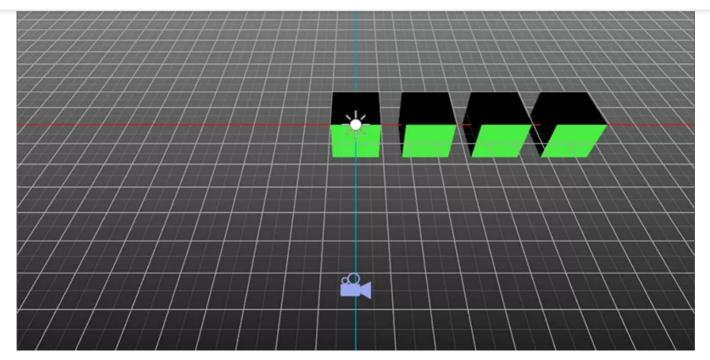
- 1. From **Components**, drag a **Cube** to *repeater3D* in **Navigator**. Now, four cubes are drawn to the scene, but they are drawn to the exact same place.
- 2. Select *cube* in **Navigator** and in **Properties** select next to **Translation** > **X**.
- 3. Select **Set binding** to open **Binding Editor**.
- 4. In the binding editor, enter index \* 150. This sets the X location to increase by 150 for each of the cube instances.



5. Select **OK** and go to the **3D** view to see the result.







## Adding a Repeater3D Component with a List Model

This section explains how to add a Repeater3D component with a ListModel to your Qt Design Studio project:

To add a Repeater3D component:

- 1. Drag a Repeater3D component from Components to scene in Navigator.
- 2. You need to enter the QML code for the **ListModel** manually. Go to the **Code** view and enter the following code somewhere inside the root object:

```
ListModel {
    id: planetModel
    ListElement {
        name: "Mars"
        radius: 3.39
    }
    ListElement {
        name: "Earth"
        radius: 6.37
    }
    ListElement {
        name: "Venus"
        radius: 6.05
    }
}
```

The default root object for a Qt Design Studio project is **Rectangle**, so you can paste the **ListModel** code, for example, like this:

```
Rectangle {
```



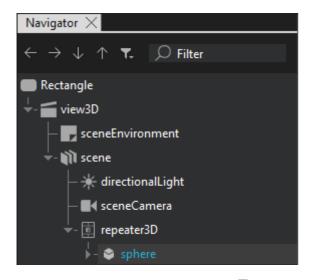
```
ListModel {
    id: planetModel
    ListElement {
        name: "Mars"
        radius: 3.39
    ListElement {
        name: "Earth"
        radius: 6.37
    ListElement {
        name: "Venus"
        radius: 6.05
    }
}
View3D {
    id: view3D
    anchors.fill: parent
```

3. In the **Code** view, add model: planetModel to the **Repeater3D** object to tell that you want to use your **ListModel** as the model for the **Repeater3D** object.

```
Repeater3D {
   id: repeater3D
   model: planetModel
}
```

Now, you have set up the **Repeater3D** component to use a **ListModel** to draw the items. Next, you need to add the item to draw. In this example we are using a **Sphere**.

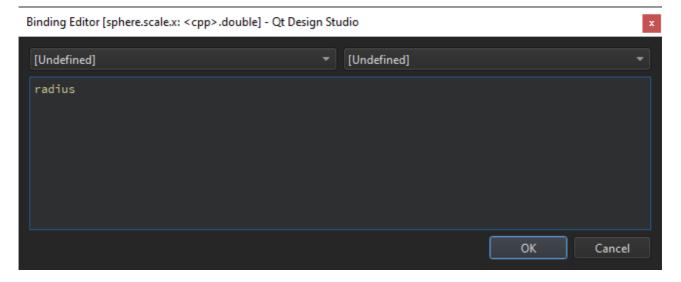
1. From **Components**, drag a **Sphere** to *repeater3D* in **Navigator**.



2. Select *sphere* in **Navigator** and select **next** to **Scale** > **X**.



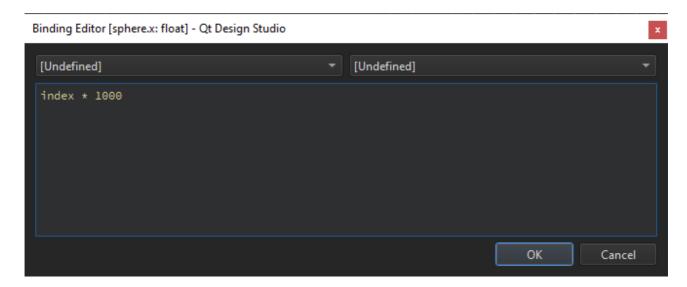
or the sphere instances.



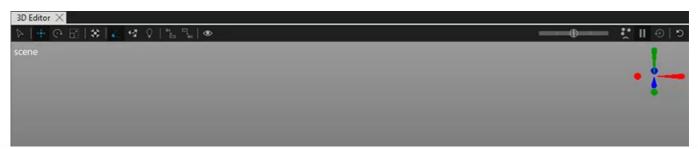
- 5. Select OK.
- 6. Repeat steps 2 to 5 for Scale > Y and Scale > Z.

Now, three spheres of different size are drawn but they are drawn in the same position so you need to change the position to see all spheres.

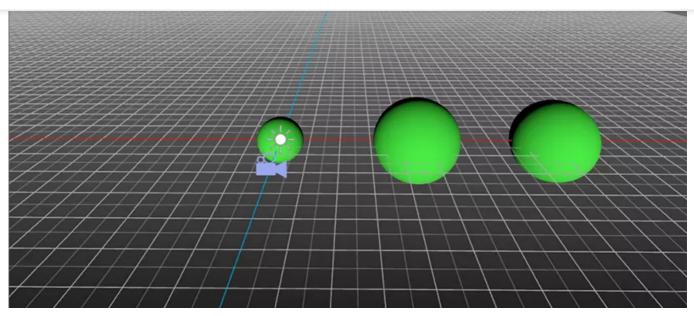
- 1. Select *sphere* in **Navigator** and select next to **Translation** > **X**.
- 2. Select **Set binding** to open **Binding Editor**.
- 3. In the binding editor, enter index \* 1000. This sets the X location to increase by 1000 for each of the sphere instances.



4. Select **OK** and go to the **3D** view to see the result. You need to zoom out to see all the spheres.







< Morph Target Loader3D >













### Company

About Us

Investors

Newsroom

Careers

Office Locations

### Licensing

Terms & Conditions

Open Source

FAQ

### Support

**Support Services** 

**Professional Services** 

Partners

Training

#### For Customers

Support Center

Downloads

Qt Login

Contact Us

**Customer Success** 



### Community

Contribute to Qt

Forum

Wiki

Downloads

Marketplace

© 2022 The Qt Company

Feedback Sign In