

Universidad del Papaloapan

Campus Loma Bonita

Teoría de la Computación

Proyecto:

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Fecha:

02/12/24

```
Package WS.curso.Scrum.CTRL;
```

```
Import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class NewClass {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        int n, i;
```

```
        System.out.print("Introduce un número: ");
```

```
        Scanner leer = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        n = leer.nextInt();
```

```
        for(i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
```

```
            System.out.println(i);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

<PALRE> -> Palabra reservada del lenguaje (e.g., public, class, void, etc.)

<OPESP> -> Operador o símbolo especial (e.g., ;, {, }, (,), etc.)

<OPEREL> -> Operador relacional (e.g., =, <=, <, >)

<OPASI> -> Operador de asignación (=)

<OPARI> -> Operador aritmético (e.g., +, -, *, /)

<OPIND> -> Operador de incremento o decremento (++ , --)

<OPREL> -> Operador relacional extendido (e.g., ==, >=)

<NUM> -> Números (0–9)

<LTR> -> Letras (mayúsculas o minúsculas, A–Z, a–z)

<ID> -> Identificadores válidos (e.g., nombres de clases, variables, objetos)

<String> -> Literal de cadena entre comillas (e.g., "Introduce un número: ")

<CLASS> -> Estructura general de una clase

<MAIN> -> Método principal (public static void main(String[] args))

<DECLS> -> Declaraciones de variables (int n, i;)

<PRINTIN> -> Instrucción para imprimir (e.g., System.out.print(...))

<SCANNERDECL> -> Declaración y creación de un objeto Scanner

<ASSIGN> -> Asignación de valores a una variable

<FOR> -> Declaración de un ciclo for

<FORBLOCK> -> Instrucciones dentro del bloque del ciclo for

Ejemplo valido

Package WS.curso.Scrum.CTRL;

Import java.util.Scanner;

```
public class NewClass {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        int n, i;  
  
        System.out.print("Introduce un número: ");  
        Scanner leer = new Scanner(System.in);  
  
        n = leer.nextInt();  
  
        for(i = 0; i <= n; i++) {  
  
            System.out.println(i);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

S -> <PKG> <Import> <CLASS>

<PKG> -> <PALRE> <ID> <OPESP>

<PKG> -> package <ID> <OPESP>

<PKG> -> package WS.curso.Scrum.CTRL <OPESP>

<PKG> -> package WS.curso.Scrum.CTRL;

<Import> -> <PALRE> <ID> <OPESP>

<Import> -> import <ID> <OPESP>

<Import> -> import java.util.Scanner <OPESP>

<Import> -> import java.util.Scanner;

<CLASS> -> <PALRE> <PALRE> <IDCLASS>

<CLASS> -> public <PALRE> <IDCLASS>

<CLASS> -> public class <IDCLASS>

<CLASS> -> public class <ID> <CLASSR>

<CLASS> -> public class NewClass <CLASSR>

<CLASS> -> public class NewClass <OPESP> <CRPCLASS> <OPESP>

<CLASS> -> public class NewClass { <CRPCLASS> <OPESP> <- queda pendiente '}'

<CRPCLASS> -> <PALRE> <DCVRL> <CRPOCLASSR> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public <PALRE> <MAIN> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static <PALRE> <METHOD> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void <METHOD> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main <OPESP> <METODR> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main (<METODR> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main (String [] args) <OPESP> <CRPMN> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main (String [] args) { <CRPMN> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> <ID> <OPASI> <CRPMNR> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> int n, i; <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> Scanner leer = new Scanner(System.in); <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> n = leer.nextInt(); <OPESP> <OPESP>

```
<CRPMN> -> for (i = 0; i <= n; i++) { <PRINT> <OPESP> <OPESP>
```

```
<CRPMN> -> System.out.println(i); <OPESP> <OPESP>
```

```
<CRPMN> -> } <OPESP> <OPESP>
```

```
<CRPMN> -> } <OPESP> <OPESP>
```

```
<CRPMN> -> } <OPESP> <OPESP>
```

2 ejemplos no validos

Ejemplo 1

```
Package WS.curso.Scrum.CTRL;
```

```
Import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class {    <- no tiene nombre la clase marcara error por esa falta.
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        int n, i;
```

```
        System.out.print("Introduce un número: ");
```

```
        Scanner leer = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        n = leer.nextInt();
```

```
        for(i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
```

```
            System.out.println(i);
```

```

    }
}
}

```

S -> <PKG> <Import> <CLASS>

<PKG> -> <PALRE> <ID> <OPESP>

<PKG> -> package <ID> <OPESP>

<PKG> -> package WS.curso.Scrum.CTRL <OPESP>

<PKG> -> package WS.curso.Scrum.CTRL;

<Import> -> <PALRE> <ID> <OPESP>

<Import> -> import <ID> <OPESP>

<Import> -> import java.util.Scanner <OPESP>

<Import> -> import java.util.Scanner;

<CLASS> -> <PALRE> <PALRE> <IDCLASS>

<CLASS> -> public <PALRE> <IDCLASS>

<CLASS> -> public class <IDCLASS>

<CLASS> -> public class <CLASSR> no tiene nombre la clase el programa marcara error.

<CLASS> -> public class <CLASSR>

<CLASS> -> public class <OPESP> <CRPCLASS> <OPESP>

<CLASS> -> public class { <CRPCLASS> <OPESP> <- queda pendiente '}'

<CRPCLASS> -> <PALRE> <DCVRL> <CRPOCLASSR> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public <PALRE> <MAIN> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static <PALRE> <METHOD> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void <METHOD> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main <OPESP> <METODR> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main (<METODR> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main (String [] args) <OPESP> <CRPMN> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main (String [] args) { <CRPMN> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> <ID> <OPASI> <CRPMNR> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> int n, i; <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> Scanner leer = new Scanner(System.in); <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> n = leer.nextInt(); <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> for (i = 0; i <= n; i++) { <PRINT> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> System.out.println(i); <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> } <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> } <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> } <OPESP> <OPESP>

Ejemplo 2 de la derivación no valida

Package WS.curso.Scrum.CTRL;

Import java.util.Scanner:

public class NewClass {

public static void main(String[] args { // Falta el paréntesis de cierre ')'.

int n, i;

System.out.print("Introduce un número: ");
Scanner leer = new Scanner(System.in);

n = leer.nextInt();

for(i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
System.out.println(i);
}
}

}

S -> <PKG> <Import> <CLASS>

<PKG> -> <PALRE> <ID> <OPESP>

<PKG> -> package <ID> <OPESP>

<PKG> -> package WS.curso.Scrum.CTRL <OPESP>

<PKG> -> package WS.curso.Scrum.CTRL;

<Import> -> <PALRE> <ID> <OPESP>

<Import> -> import <ID> <OPESP>

<Import> -> import java.util.Scanner <OPESP>

<Import> -> import java.util.Scanner;

<CLASS> -> <PALRE> <PALRE> <IDCLASS>

<CLASS> -> public <PALRE> <IDCLASS>

<CLASS> -> public class <IDCLASS>

<CLASS> -> public class <CLASSR>

<CLASS> -> public class <OPESP> <CRPCLASS> <OPESP>

<CLASS> -> public class NewClass <OPESP> <CRPCLASS> <OPESP>

<CLASS> -> public class NewClass { <CRPCLASS> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> <PALRE> <DCVRL> <CRPOCLASSR> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public <PALRE> <MAIN> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static <PALRE> <METOD> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void <METOD> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main <OPESP> <METODR> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main (<METODR> <OPESP> <OPESP> <- Falta el cierre del paréntesis en la declaración.

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main (String [] args) <OPESP> <CRPMN> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPCLASS> -> public static void main (String [] args) { <CRPMN> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> <ID> <OPASI> <CRPMNR> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> int n, i; <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> Scanner leer = new Scanner(System.in); <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> n = leer.nextInt(); <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> for (i = 0; i <= n; i++) { <PRINT> <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> System.out.println(i); <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> } <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> } <OPESP> <OPESP>

<CRPMN> -> } <OPESP> <OPESP>