The distributive property states that a(b+c)=ab+ac, for all $a,b,c\in\mathbb{R}$ The equivalence class of a is [a]

The set A is defined to be $\{1, 2, 3\}$.

The movie ticket costs \$11.50.

$$\left(\frac{2}{x^2 - 1}\right) \tag{1}$$

$$\left[\frac{2}{x^2 - 1}\right] \tag{2}$$

$$\left\{\frac{2}{x^2 - 1}\right\} \tag{3}$$

$$\left\langle \frac{2}{x^2 - 1} \right\rangle \tag{4}$$

$$\left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{x=1} \tag{5}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{1}{1+x}\right)}\right) \tag{6}$$

Tables