We will use httpClient with our service.

This offloads data management from the component to a dedicated service and retrieves book data via HttpClient from a fake JSON server.

Steps:

Set Up a Fake API:

- Use json-server with a db.json file containing your book data.
- Run json-server to serve the data at a specific URL (e.g., http://localhost:3000/books).

2. Book Inventory Service:

 Create a service (BookInventoryService) that uses Angular's HttpClient to GET and DELETE book data from the fake API.

3. **Book Inventory Component:**

- Inject the service and HttpClientModule.
- In ngOnInit(), subscribe to the service's getInventory() to retrieve data.
- Use the service's deleteBook() method to remove books and refresh the list.

4. Update main.ts:

Add HttpClientModule providers.

1. Set Up a Fake JSON Server

You can use <u>ison-server</u> to quickly simulate a REST API. Follow these steps:

a. Install json-server Globally (or as a Dev Dependency)

```
npm install -g json-server
Or install as a dev dependency:
```

```
{\tt npm\ install\ json-server\ --save-dev}
```

b. Create a db.json File

Create a file named db.json in your project root with sample data. For example:

```
"books": [
 {
   "ISBN": "978-1492056205",
   "title": "Angular Up & Running",
    "author": "Shyam Seshadri",
   "year": 2018,
   "price": 39.99,
    "featured": true,
   "coverImages": ["/assets/angular-up-and-running.png"]
 },
  {
   "ISBN": "978-1593279509",
   "title": "Eloquent JavaScript, 3rd Edition",
    "author": "Marijn Haverbeke",
    "year": 2018,
    "price": 29.99,
   "featured": false,
   "coverImages": ["/assets/eloquent-javascript.jpg"]
 },
   "ISBN": "978-1491904244",
   "title": "You Don't Know JS Yet: Get Started",
    "author": "Kyle Simpson",
    "year": 2020,
   "price": 34.99,
    "featured": false,
   "coverImages": ["/assets/ydkjs-cover.jpg"]
 },
    "ISBN": "978-1449331818",
    "title": "Learning JavaScript Design Patterns",
    "author": "Addy Osmani",
    "year": 2012,
    "price": 25.99,
    "featured": true,
    "coverImages": ["/assets/js-design-patterns.png"]
```

```
}
}
c. Run the JSON Server
```

Start json-server to serve data from db.json:

```
json-server --watch db.json
By default, the server runs on http://localhost:3000, and your books will be available at http://localhost:3000/books.
```

2. Create/Update the Book Inventory Service

Create a service that uses HttpClient to fetch the book data.

a. Generate the Service (Optional)

If you haven't already, generate the service:

```
ng generate service book-inventory/book-inventory
b. Update the Service Code
```

File: src/app/book-inventory/book-inventory.service.ts

```
import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';
import { Observable } from 'rxjs';
import { Book } from '../book';

@Injectable({
   providedIn: 'root'
})
export class BookInventoryService {
   private apiUrl = 'http://localhost:3000/books'; // URL to
json-server

   constructor(private http: HttpClient) { }
```

```
// Retrieve the inventory as an observable
getInventory(): Observable<Book[]> {
    return this.http.get<Book[]>(this.apiUrl);
}
```

- We define an apiUrl pointing to your fake API.
- getInventory() returns an Observable<Book[]>.

3. Update the Book Inventory Component

Modify your component to use the service instead of hard-coded data.

a. Import HttpClientModule

Since HttpClient is required, ensure that HttpClientModule is imported in your bootstrap (for standalone components, include it in your main.ts or in your component's imports). For a standalone component, update the imports array.

b. Update the Component Code

File: src/app/book-inventory/book-inventory.component.ts

```
import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';
import { Book } from '../book';
import { CommonModule } from '@angular/common';
import { FormsModule } from '@angular/forms';
import { HttpClientModule } from '@angular/common/http';
import { HoverHighlightDirective } from './hover-
highlight.directive';
import { BookFilterPipe } from '../book-filter.pipe';
import { BookInventoryService } from './book-
inventory.service';

@Component({
   selector: 'app-book-inventory',
   standalone: true,
```

```
imports: [CommonModule, FormsModule, HttpClientModule,
HoverHighlightDirective, BookFilterPipe],
  templateUrl: './book-inventory.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./book-inventory.component.css']
})
export class BookInventoryComponent implements OnInit {
  currentDate: Date = new Date();
  searchTerm: string = '';
  inventory: Book[] = [];
  constructor(private bookService: BookInventoryService) {}
  ngOnInit(): void {
    this.getBooks();
  }
  // Retrieve the inventory from the service
  getBooks(): void {
    this.bookService.getInventory().subscribe({
      next: (books: Book[]) => this.inventory = books,
      error: (err) => console.error('Error fetching
inventory', err)
    });
  }
  trackByISBN(index: number, book: Book): string {
    return book. ISBN;
  }
```

Explanation:

- HttpClientModule: Added to imports so HttpClient works in the standalone component.
- Service Injection: Inject BookInventoryService in the constructor.
- Retrieving Data: In ngOnInit(), call getBooks() to subscribe to the observable returned by the service.
- **Deleting a Book:** Call the service's deleteBook() method and refresh the inventory afterward.

4. Add the providers to main.ts:

```
// src/main.ts
import { bootstrapApplication } from '@angular/platform-
browser';
import { provideRouter } from '@angular/router';
import { importProvidersFrom } from '@angular/core';
import { HttpClientModule } from '@angular/common/http';
import { AppComponent } from './app/app.component';
import { appRoutes } from './app/app.routes';
bootstrapApplication(AppComponent, {
 providers: [
    provideRouter(appRoutes),
    importProvidersFrom(HttpClientModule) // This ensures
HttpClient is provided globally
  1
}).catch(err => console.error(err));
```