

DHAKA UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, GAZIPUR



Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Course No.: CSE-4624

Course Title: Artificial Intelligence Sessional

Knowledge Representation Lab Homework 1

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Problem-1: Solution

1.Which furniture is in the room?furniture(desk).

furniture(chair).

furniture(wardrobe).

furniture(bed).

furniture(bookshelf).

is_in_room(Furniture) :-

 furniture(Furniture),

 write(Furniture), write(' is in the room. '), nl.

Output:



```
is_in_room(_)  
desk is in the room.  
true  
chair is in the room.  
wardrobe is in the room.  
bed is in the room.  
bookshelf is in the room.  
?- is_in_room(_)
```

2.How many doors, windows, tables, ... are in the room?

num_doors(1).

num_windows(2).

num_tables(0).

count_items_in_room(Doors, Windows, Tables) :-

 num_doors(Doors),

 num_windows(Windows),

 num_tables(Tables).

Output:

mysolver(Doors, Windows, Tables)			
Doors	Windows	Tables	
1	2	0	1

?- mysolver(Doors, Windows, Tables)

3. Where is the table, the chair, ... ?

location(table, room).

location(chair, room).

mysolver(Item, Location) :-

location(Item, Location),

write("The "), write(Item), write(' is '), write(Location), write('.').

Output:

The table is room.	
Location	
room	1
room	2
The chair is room.	

?- mysolver(_, Location).

4. What is to the left (right) of the table, ... (with respect to the center of the room)?

furniture(table).
furniture(window2).

left_of(window2, table).

mysolver(Item, LeftItem) :-
 left_of(LeftItem, Item),
 write('To the left of the '), write(Item), write(' is the '), write(LeftItem), write('.').

Output:

To the left of the table is the window2.	
Left_Item	
window2	1
?- mysolver(table, Left_Item)	

6.What is in the corner 1, ... ?

in_corner(wardrobe, 1).

mysolver(Corner, Object) :-
 in_corner(Object, Corner).

Output:

mysolver(1, X).	
X	
wardrobe	1
?- mysolver(1, X).	

Problem-2:Solution

likes(Person, Animal) :- owns(Person, Animal). % If someone owns an animal, they like it

enjoys(Animal, Action) :- animal(Animal). % Animals enjoy some action (unspecified here)

does(Person, Action) :- likes(Person, X), enjoys(X, Action).

owns(mary, fido). % Mary owns Fido

animal(fido). % Fido is an animal

Problem-3 Solution

% here is Facts

man(mominul).

man(shohag).

man(sumon).

woman(selina).

woman(jenifa).

woman(farhana).

father(mominul, shohag).

father(mominul, sumon).

mother(selina, shohag).

mother(selina, sumon).

father(mominul, jenifa).

mother(mimi,jenifa).

% here is my Rules

parent(P, C) :- father(P, C).

parent(P, C) :- mother(P, C).

parents(F, M, C) :- father(F, C), mother(M, C).

child(C, P) :- parent(P, C).

son(S, P) :- child(S, P), man(S).

daughter(D, P) :- child(D, P), woman(D).

grandfather(GP, GC) :- father(GP, P), parent(P, GC).

grandmother(GM, GC) :- mother(GM, P), parent(P, GC).

grandchild(GC, G) :- child(GC, P), child(P, G).

brother(B, SB) :- man(B), parent(P, B), parent(P, SB), B \= SB.

sister(S, SB) :- woman(S), parent(P, S), parent(P, SB), S \= SB.

uncle(U, N) :- man(U), parent(P, N), brother(U, P).

aunt(A, N) :- woman(A), parent(P, N), sister(A, P).

ancestor(A, X) :- parent(A, X).

ancestor(A, X) :- parent(P, X), ancestor(A, P).

descendant(D, X) :- child(D, X).

descendant(D, X) :- child(D, P), descendant(D, P).

related(X, Y) :- ancestor(A, X), ancestor(A, Y), X \= Y.

Output:

Singleton variables: [X]	
Ancestor	
mominul	1
mimi	2
false	
?- ancestor(Ancestor, jenifa)	

Problem-4:Solution

% Base case: Fibonacci of 0 is 0
fibonacci(0, 0).

% Base case: Fibonacci of 1 is 1
fibonacci(1, 1).

fibonacci(N, F) :-

N > 1,

N1 is N - 1,

N2 is N - 2,

fibonacci(N1, F1),

fibonacci(N2, F2),

F is F1 + F2.

Output:

Result				
21				1
Next	10	100	1,000	Stop
?- fibonacci(8, Result).				