

Czech Technical University  
Faculty of Nuclear Sciences and Physical  
Engineering

Department of Mathematics  
Branch of Studies: Applied Information Technology



Design of an Information System for  
Support of Forensic Audit

Bachelor's Degree Project

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Academic Year: 2015

Před svázáním místo téhle stránky 

vložíte zadání práce
----------------------

 s podpisem děkana (bude to jediný oboustranný list ve Vaší práci) !!!!

## **Declaration**

I declare that this Bachelor Project is all my own work and I have cited all sources I have used in the bibliography.

In Prague .....

.....  
Edita Pešková

## **Acknowledgements**

I wish to thank to my supervisor for his inspiring feedback, my family for their patience and support in my studies and anyone who encouraged me in this project.

Edita Pešková

*Název práce:*

**Návrh informačního systému pro podporu forenzního auditu**

*Autor:* Edita Pešková

*Obor:* Applied Information Technology

*Druh práce:* Bakalářská práce

*Vedoucí práce:* Mgr. Karel Macek, Ph.D.

Oddělení ekonometrie, Ústav teorie informace a automatizace

*Konzultant:* —

*Abstrakt:* Tato bakalářská práce předkládá návrh systému a naznačuje požadavky, které jsou potřebné aby byl popsán smysl a cíle technik digitálního forenzního vyšetřování, vykonávaných forenzními auditory, účetními a inpektory firem. Pomocí různorodých postupů, nástrojů a technik rozpoznáváme v jakých případech mohou nástroje forenzního auditu poskytnout auditorům potřebné informace k provedení forenzního auditu. Bakalářská práce představuje požadavky, které musí splňovat vlastní informační systém použitelný pro podporu vyšetřování a také poskytuje detailní návrh tohoto systému.

*Klíčová slova:* Forenzní audit, Vyšetřování, Návrh systému, Databáze, Sběr dat

*Title:*

**Design of an Information System for Support of Forensic Audit**

*Author:* Edita Pešková

*Abstract:* This bachelor project proposes a system design and suggests requirements that are needed in order to describe the purpose and goals of the digital forensic investigation techniques carried out by the forensic auditors, accountants and examiners of companies. Using various procedures, tools and techniques we identify where the forensic audit tools and the system can provide the auditors necessary information to carry out forensic audit. This bachelor thesis provides requirements that our own information system usable to support forensic audit must follow and also provides a detailed design of this system.

*Key words:* Forensic audit, Investigation, System design, Database, Data collection

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# Introduction

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language. klicova slova: forenzni audit, unik penez, prosetreni spolecnosti, vyhledavani dukazu, pocitacova podpora, aplikace podporujici forenzni audit, vizualizace procesu vysetrovani, report o vysetrovanem pripadu, metodika forenzniho auditu, navrh informacniho systemu, ...



# Chapter 1

## Forensic audit and its computer support

na zacatek shrnout co vsechno obsahuje tato kapitola. asi tak takhle:

This chapter strives to define and explain the meaning of the term "forensic audit" as well as other terms related to this field. We demonstrate typical roles and outline the process. az bude kapitola dopsana, zkontrolavat, zda toto odpovida

### 1.1 Matters of forensic audit

nelibi se mi, pridat do jinych casti a zrusit Forensic audit is a specialization within a field of accounting that examines and evaluates evidence concerning unproven statements for possible use as evidence in court. Forensic audit is usually used in case there is a suspicion in certain company there is a crime being committed. The background of the investigated case is rather diverse. A customer can be, for example, a CEO who wants to examine the functioning of one of the sub-divisions of a controlling company. There can be a suspicion of some fraudulent activity or the need of forensic audit can be closely unspecified.

### 1.2 What is forensic audit

The term "forensic" can be defined in multiple ways. According to merriam-webster dictionary citace <http://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/forensic> the definition is "relating to the use of scientific knowledge or methods in solving crimes". The term "audit" is explained in the same dictionary as "a complete and careful examination of the financial records of a business or person". citace <http://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/audit>

The essence of forensic audit is to discover and investigate fraudulent intentions and fraudulent behavior.

A common mistake in the definition of forensic audit is to confuse it with financial audit. The aim of financial audit is to verify whether financial statements are fairly stated in accordance with accounting standards. Financial auditors search for material errors or other misstatements in the accountancy.

On the other hand the ultimate goal of forensic audit is to examine existing or gained suspicion and procure evidence concerning possible fraudulent behavior. Deceptive scenarios are discovered in the process of forensic audit and evidence together with a documentation that is usable for subsequent course of action is gathered. As a matter of principle forensic auditors are not expected to express their opinion on the guilt or innocence of suspects.

### 1.3 When to use forensic audit

asi spis nez priklady popsati za jakych situaci... Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

### 1.4 How to prepare for a forensic audit

v hrubych rysech jak to probiha (to co uz mam sem patri), na zaklade toho, co jsem zjistila, FA funguje takto:...

On the basis of what we have found the process of forensic audit works as follows. When it is decided that certain situation will be investigated in forensic audit it is important to prevent all investigated individuals to access all related documents and electronic evidence. It is also recommended to limit their access to corporate information systems.

Next step is to formulate properly the assignment. To define the extent and expectations on the outcome of forensic audit. To prevent a misunderstanding the assignment should be as specific and detailed as possible. It is best to choose the right audit company according to references and their experience with similar cases as the one we have specified.

When a client contacts an audit company with an assignment they usually schedule a meeting together formulate and sign and accept the assignment. The ordering party should be prepared to provide access to corresponding electronic and paper-like documentation as well as accept the fact that auditors are going to question employees and case-related person. On the other hand the audit company undertakes

to refrain from sharing all the confidential information with third parties. A team of specialists that are convenient to the assignment is formed and the inspection is launched.

The following steps of the precise method of forensic audit are not definite. The ability to adapt in new situations is one of many essential capabilities for the team of forensic auditors. The variety of investigated cases is so vast that there is no universally valid and precise course of action in the same time. Therefore on this place we present only general methodology of forensic audit. Several selected methods of forensic audit will be described later in this document. [link na spravne misto!](#)

## 1.5 General methodology of forensic audit

In this section we present basic phases that are used while performing forensic audit. This process is most commonly divided into four stages: Accumulation, Examination, Analysis and Reporting. This basic methodology starts after the selection of the audit company and after the specification of the assignment; at the same time when the real work of forensic auditors begins.

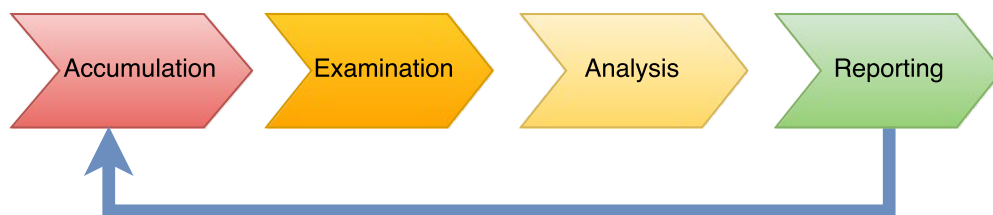


Figure 1.1: [General methodology of forensic audit](#)

**Accumulation:** The main purpose of this stage is to acquire as much usable data as possible. It means recognize possible sources of data and provide backup record. All the sources of data and information, including necessary cross examination and other sources of evidence, should be utilized in this phase. All the information from the conceivable sources of pertinent information should be gained.

**Examination:** Examinations include forensically preparing all the gathered data. This can be done using a blend of computerized and manual systems to survey and concentrate specifically compelling information.

**Analysis:** The following period of the procedure is to investigate the consequences of the examination, using legitimately reasonable routines and systems. The aim is to infer helpful data that addresses the inquiries that were the impulse for performing the accumulation and examination. [grrrrrr...](#)

**Reporting:** The last stage is reporting the consequences of the investigation, which may include depicting the activities utilized, clarifying how devices and methods were chosen, figuring out what different activities should be performed and giving proposals to change to approaches, rules, techniques, apparatuses, and different parts of the measurable procedure.

## 1.6 use case diagram

### komentar k diagramu

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## 1.7 co sem jeste zahrnout:

VIZE: Rozdelit obecne druhy odhalovaneho chovani. Zahrnout vseobecne veskerou tresnout cinnost - nejspis podle zakona? Z techto oblasti vyelimimovat vsechny, pro ktere nema cenu uvazovat pocitacovou podporu (nasilne ciny, prepadeni, kradeze hmotneho majetku, pravni dokumenty? atd.).

Zbyle tak nejak rozdelit do skupin podle toho, jaky druh pocitacove podpory je obecne vyuzitelny. Pak se mozna pokusit k sobe priradit dany precin a metodu. Z metod nechci zminovat konkretni SW, ale spise obecne oblasti reseni - jak vyuzivame data mining, fuzzy logiku, strojove uceni (nebo alespon co to je a ze se take muze vyuzit), kvantitativne analyticky SW, forenzni toolkity na obnovu dat a podobne.

DOTAZ: Z predchozi vize chci prejit v dalsi kapitole zpet k obecne metodologii a diagramu z ARISu. Nevim, jak na to plynule navazat aby to davalo celkove hlavu a patu. Snad me jeste neco napadne.

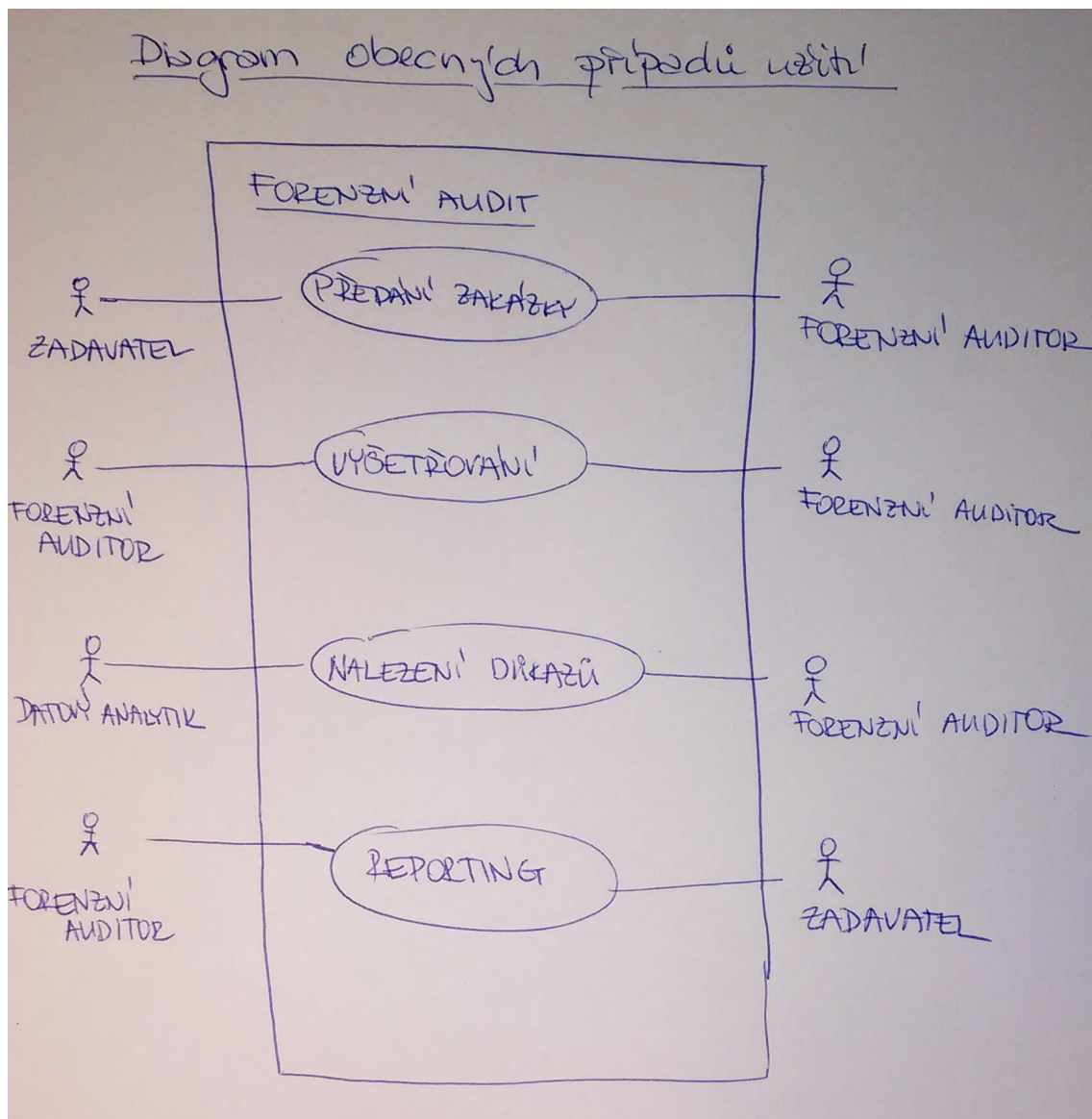


Figure 1.2: Velký obrazek všech zainteresovaných stran - f.auditor, datový analytik pro FA, zákazník (zadavatel, materská společnost)

# Chapter 2

## Original methodology for the (computer aided) forensic audit

Jsem si vedoma, ze jsem clovek, ktery to nikdy nedelal (= omezena znalost). Toto je jak to chapu. Toto neni jak by to nekdo mel delat. Toto je seriozni pokus popsati proces forenznihho auditu. PROCESNI DIAGRAMY!!!

vystupem = okomentovany obrazek, ktery dava hlavu a patu

s Use case diagrammem pak kontaktovat praxi

We are aware to have only limited knowledge of forensic audit and no practical experience. This chapter should not be considered as a manual explaining how forensic audit should be done. However, this is rather a serious attempt to describe the process of forensic audit.

### 2.1 The phase of preparation of the forensic-audit process

Before the process of forensic audit starts there is a block of organizational or administrative affairs that needs to be AJ done

It all starts in a institution where there is a suspicion of an act that is not following required rules. The institution might be of various kinds. A example can be an international corporation suspecting one of local branches from a money leakage. dalsi priklady?

The rules might be either internal regulation or corporate policies or even given by law. Basically any kind of misbehavior can be investigated by forensic audit. Given the background of the case the ordering party might also be of multiple kinds and from various branches of economy. They usually suspect possible internal or external risks that can be represented by fraudsters or people committing some other type of crime. Generally the ordering party is the head of a given company. Some specific cases are: CEO of certain company, new holder of an existing company,

authorized representative of a supervisory board etc.. However forensic audit can be also assigned by a court or the police.

After the decision to perform forensic audit the ordering party contacts the audit company and they negotiate with a business representative about the sphere of the contract, price and deadlines. If there is no agreement it is probable that the ordering party contacts another audit company. It is important to familiarize the ordering party with the fact that while conducting forensic audit the auditors might need access to various confidential information concerning the ordering company. On the other hand the audit company undertakes not to manipulate with this data in a protective way and not to expose it to the risk of misuse. If both parties agree with the conditions the contract is made and the case is accepted.

In the audit company there is a team of specialists established according to the character of the case. It is important to be aware of conflict of interest in this phase. Members of the team must not be related in any way to the original case. Members of the team can be forensic auditors, data analytics, specialists in any particular field (biometry, data recovery, criminology, law, etc.), consultants and assistants.

When the team of auditors is established the next thing is creating a document for record of the investigation. It also serves as a documentation. It is also common to create a nickname for important subjects and for the case to provide security of the confidential information. This is the end of all the administration that needs to be done before the actual forensic audit.

## 2.2 Accumulation of data

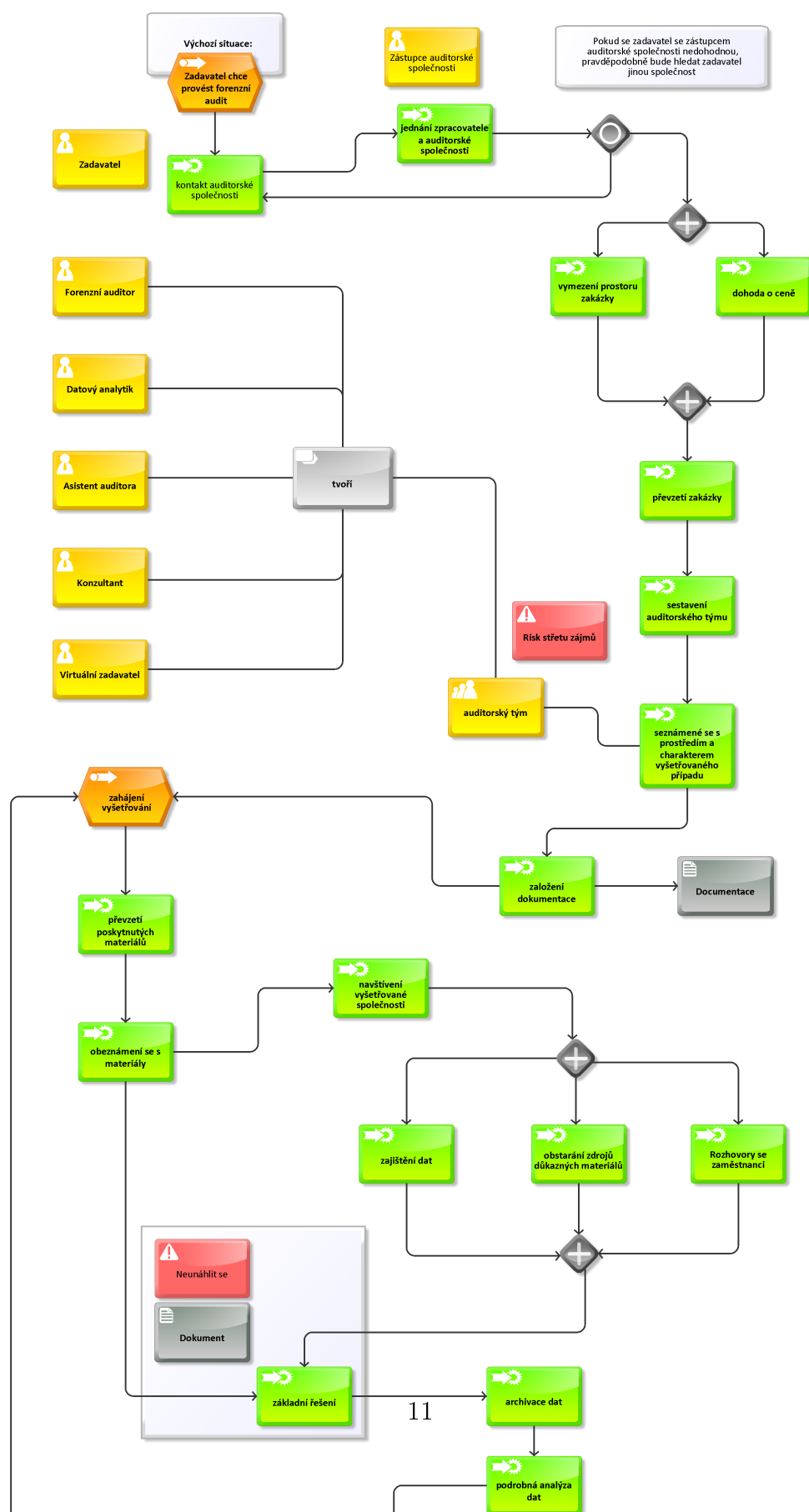
In the beginning of the investigation the team needs to gain an insight into the background situation of the case. They can learn it from materials they have been provided by the client. An appropriate strategy for investigation is created. It means, that all the relevant methods are taken account of and the best are chosen.

In all the cases it is important to secure all the documents, data repositories and all other possible sources of (digital) evidence. Any unauthorized person must not have a chance to manipulate with any possible evidence. For this reason backups of all the digital information are made. According to a FBI statistics the average investigated case size is approximately 500 GB. [citace \(ariu- paper, zdroj 13\)](#) In fact there are usually two copies of the data. The first is utterly for backup and the second can be used for analysis and work with the data.

The investigating team needs to evaluate all possible available sources of important information access and gain the data. If the case is somehow special it might be needed to authorize an specialist to collect specific pieces of evidence. An example could be fingerprint recording.

timble diagramem bude problem, budu ho muset prnutit aby se rozdělil na víc stran

# Metodologie forenzního auditu





# Chapter 3

tato kapitola by asi mela obsahovat odvodnene pozadavky na vlastni metodiku, pouzitelnou ve FA s ohledem na ostatni pristupy a metodiky

jaky je rozdil mezi metodikou, kterou uz mam vytvorenou v arisu a touto vlastni metodikou?-> je to totez

## 3.1 Pribuzne metodiky

### 3.1.1 Obecný project management (zde je projektem FA projekt)

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### 3.1.2 Obecné zpracování objednávky (zde je objednávkou FA projekt)

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of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

## **3.2 Specifické požadavky pro FA**

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### **3.2.1 Zohlednění rizik**

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

### **3.2.2 Zohlednění různých dat**

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

### **3.2.3 Zohlednění různých způsobů zpracování a interpretace dat**

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information.

Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

## Chapter 4

# Design of an information system for support of forensic audit

vsechno o tom systemu jako takovem, ale tak, aby to navazovalo na predchozi...?

prostredi webu + silne zabezpeceni, reporty, export, pdf

maly informativni obrazek, který poskytne uzivateli informaci o tom, co se stalo

! pripojit pripady uziti vcetne zavislosti

jedna se o aplikaci, která provazi celým projektem (zadáním) forenzního auditu. sice existují i jiné nástroje pro podporu takovýchto projektů, ale projekt má úseky a nám jde o integraci porízených výsledků

# Chapter 5

## Discussion

### 5.1 Further improvements

- pokryt dalsi administrativni casti (zacatek, konec)
- detailnejsi navrh a implementace
- detailnejsi osetreni rizik
- zamysleni nad sdilenim zkusenosti (duvernost vs. rust expertyzy auditorske spolecnosti)
- vyuziti mimo FA - jina administrativa + moduly pro vyuziti policii / soudy

pouzitelne technologie!

# Attachment A

## Contents of the CD

### The text of this bachelor project in pdf

The text of this bachelor project is saved as `BP_Peskova.pdf` in root folder.