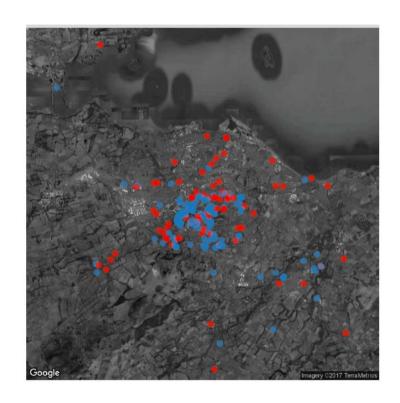
# **Plotting Postcodes on Maps**



EdinbR User Group, 20 Sep 2017 Nevil Hopley

#### **Newbie Notes**

- R user since January 2017
- Previously programmed in BASIC, Assembly Code, Pascal, Lua
- Teaching since 1993
- Taught S6 AH Statistics since 1999
- Interested in Data Visualisation
- EdinbR Talk: Breakdown Plots (June 2017)

**Nevil Hopley** 

#### **Online Help**

http://www.milanor.net/blog/maps-in-r-introduction-drawing-the-map-of-europe/

http://www.milanor.net/blog/maps-in-r-plotting-data-points-on-a-map/

http://www.milanor.net/blog/maps-in-r-choropleth-maps/

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/29036809/plotting-uk-postcodes-on-a-map-in-r

https://stevendkay.wordpress.com/2010/04/21/plotting-postcode-density-heatmaps-in-r/

#### **UK Postcode Data**

https://www.freemaptools.com/download-uk-postcode-lat-lng.htm

## R Packages Used

library(ggplot2)
library(ggmap)
library(mapproj)
require(RColorBrewer)

## Postcode Data Frame: postcodes\_df

Contains 1,741,532 postcodes with their latitudes and longitudes

```
> head(postcodes_df)
id postcode latitude longitude
1  1 AB10 1XG 57.14417 -2.114848
2  2 AB10 6RN 57.13788 -2.121487
3  3 AB10 7JB 57.12427 -2.127190
4  4 AB11 5QN 57.14270 -2.093295
5  5 AB11 6UL 57.13755 -2.112233
6  6 AB11 8RQ 57.13598 -2.072115
```

## Tidy up Postcode Data Frame

```
# strip spaces from Postcodes
postcodes_df$postcode <- mapply(function(b) gsub(" ","",b), b = postcodes_df$postcode)
# remove 'id' column as not needed
postcodes_df <- within(postcodes_df, rm(id))</pre>
```

mapply(...) versus unlist(lapply(...))

## **Pupil Postcodes Data Frame: df**

```
df[order(df$Pupil_Postcode),]$Pupil_Postcode
 [1] "33626"
                            "AB39 ZNU"
                "55124"
                                        "AB39 2NU"
                                                   "AB51 5HQ"
                                                               "AB51 5HQ"
[10] "EG10 5XD" "EG10 5XD"
                            "EH1 1PG" "EH1 2EL"
                                                   "EH1 2EL"
                                                               "EH1 2PW"
[19] "EH1 3PP"
               "EH1 3PX"
                          "EH1 3PY" "EH1 3PY"
                                                   "EH1 3RN"
                                                               "EH1 3RP"
[28] "EH10 4SG" "EH10 1DA" "EH10 4AH" "EH10 4AL"
                                                   "EH10 4AN"
                                                               "EH10 4AN"
[37] "EH10 4BL" "EH10 4BL" "EH10 4BL" "EH10 4BL"
                                                               "EH10 4BN"
                                                   "EH10 4BN"
[46] "EH10 4BQ" "EH10 4BQ" "EH10 4BQ" "EH10 4BQ"
                                                   "EH10 4B0"
                                                               "EH10 4BR"
[55] "EH10 4BS" "EH10 4BS" "EH10 4BS"
                                                   "EH10 4BS"
                                                               "EH10 4BS"
                                       "EH10 4BS"
[64] "EH10 4BW" "EH10 4BW"
                            "EH10 4BW"
                                        "EH10 4BW"
                                                    "EH10 4BW"
                                                               "EH10 4BW"
[73] "EH10 4DL" "EH10 4DL"
                            "EH10 4DL"
                                        "EH10 4DP"
                                                    "EH10 4DP"
                                                               "EH10 4D0"
```

Spot the dirty Postcodes!

```
# strip spaces from Pupil_Postcodes
df$Pupil_Postcode <- mapply(function(b) gsub(" ","",b), b = df$Pupil_Postcode)</pre>
```

#### **Merge Data Frames**

**postcodes\_df\$postcode** contains UK postcode (and access to Latitude & Longitude)

df\$Pupil\_Postcode contains postcode of pupil (and access to other data about the pupil)

```
# join latitude and longitude to df via postcode id
# (all.x = TRUE) stops new rows being introduced
df <- merge(df, postcodes_df, by.x = 'Pupil_Postcode', by.y = 'postcode', all.x = TRUE)</pre>
```

# get\_map for Background Image

location an address, longitude/latitude pair (in that order), or left/bottom/right/top bound-

ing box

zoom map zoom, an integer from 3 (continent) to 21 (building), default value 10 (city).

openstreetmaps limits a zoom of 18, and the limit on stamen maps depends on the maptype. "auto" automatically determines the zoom for bounding box specifications, and is defaulted to 10 with center/zoom specifications. maps of

the whole world currently not supported.

scale scale argument of get\_googlemap or get\_openstreetmap

maptype character string providing map theme. options available are "terrain", "terrain-

background", "satellite", "roadmap", and "hybrid" (google maps), "terrain", "wa-

tercolor", and "toner" (stamen maps), or a positive integer for cloudmade maps

(see ?get\_cloudmademap)

source Google Maps ("google"), OpenStreetMap ("osm"), Stamen Maps ("stamen"), or

CloudMade maps ("cloudmade")

#### ggmap to Plot Data onto map

```
ggmap(map) +

geom_point(data = subset(df, subset = Year_join_S1 > 2000 & Year_leave_S6 <2023),

mapping = aes(x = longitude, y = latitude, colour = Analysis_Internal_External),

size = 0.8,

shape = 20,

alpha = 0.8,

position = "jitter") +

scale_colour_brewer(palette = "Set1", direction = 1)

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

Shapes:

□ ○ △ + × ◇ ▽ ☑ ★ ◆ ⊕ ☑ □ △ ▲ ◆ ● ● ○ □ ◇ △ ▽

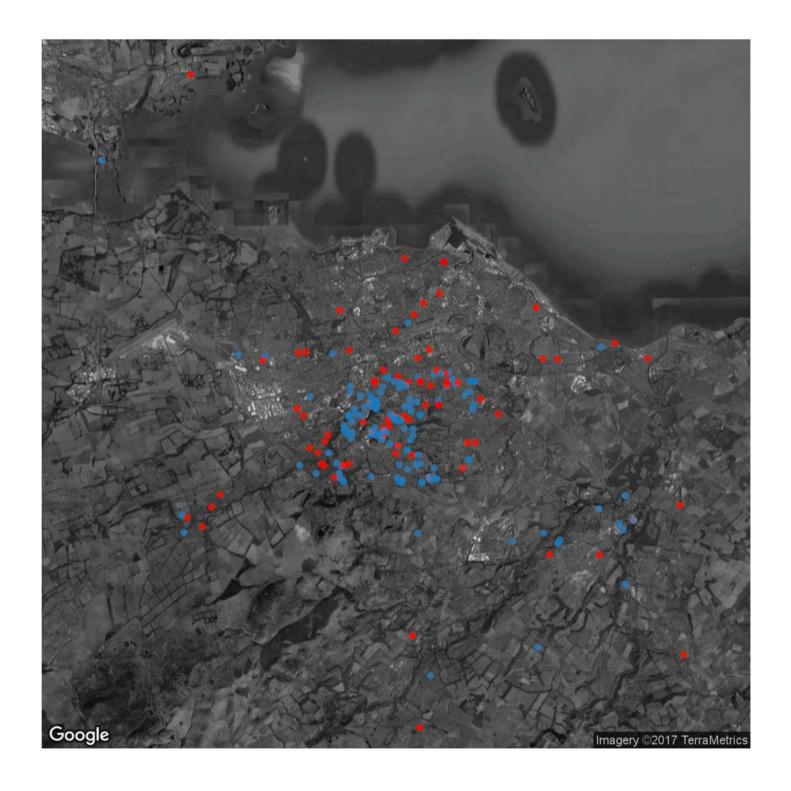
Colour Brewer Palettes:

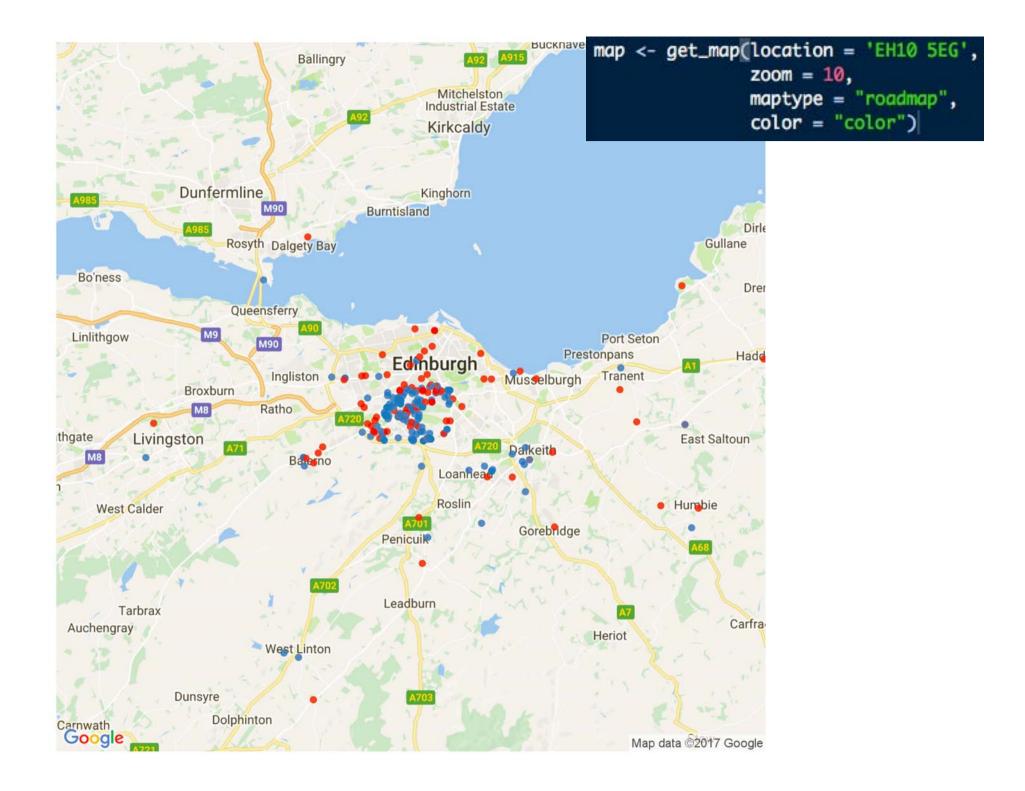
Set3

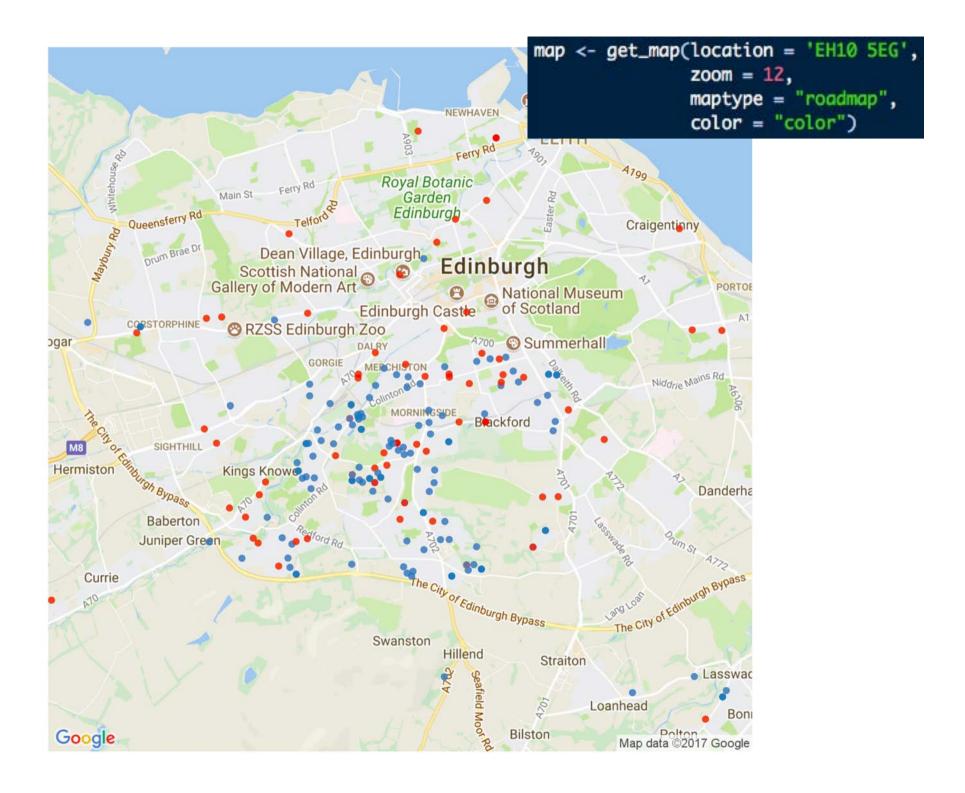
Set2

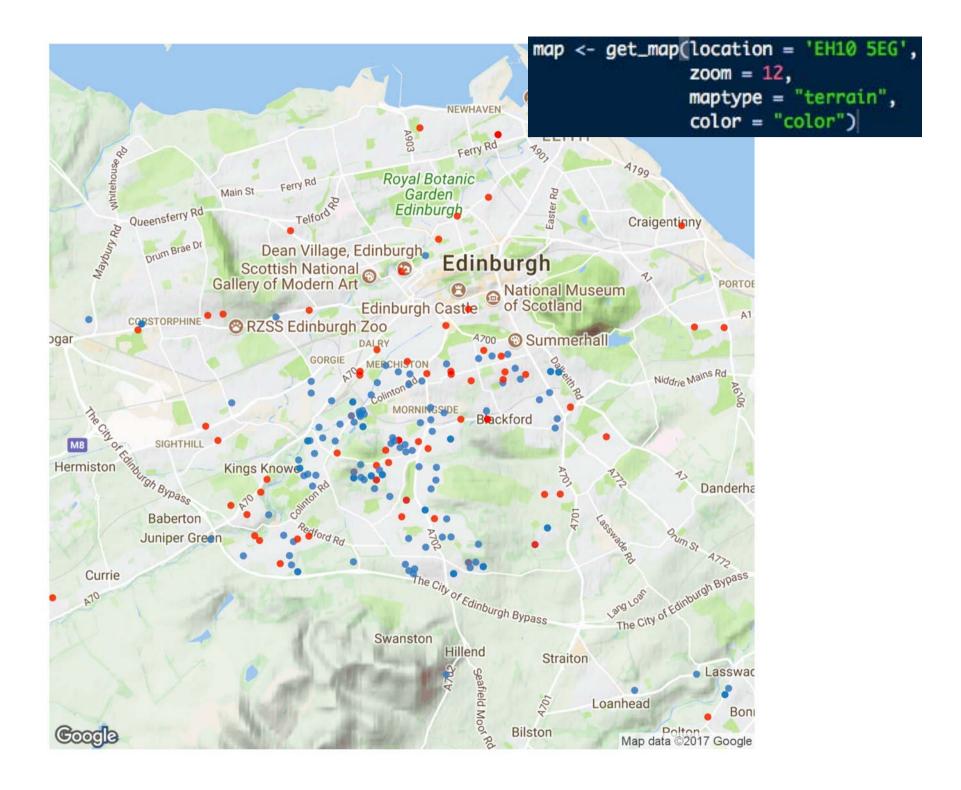
Set1
```

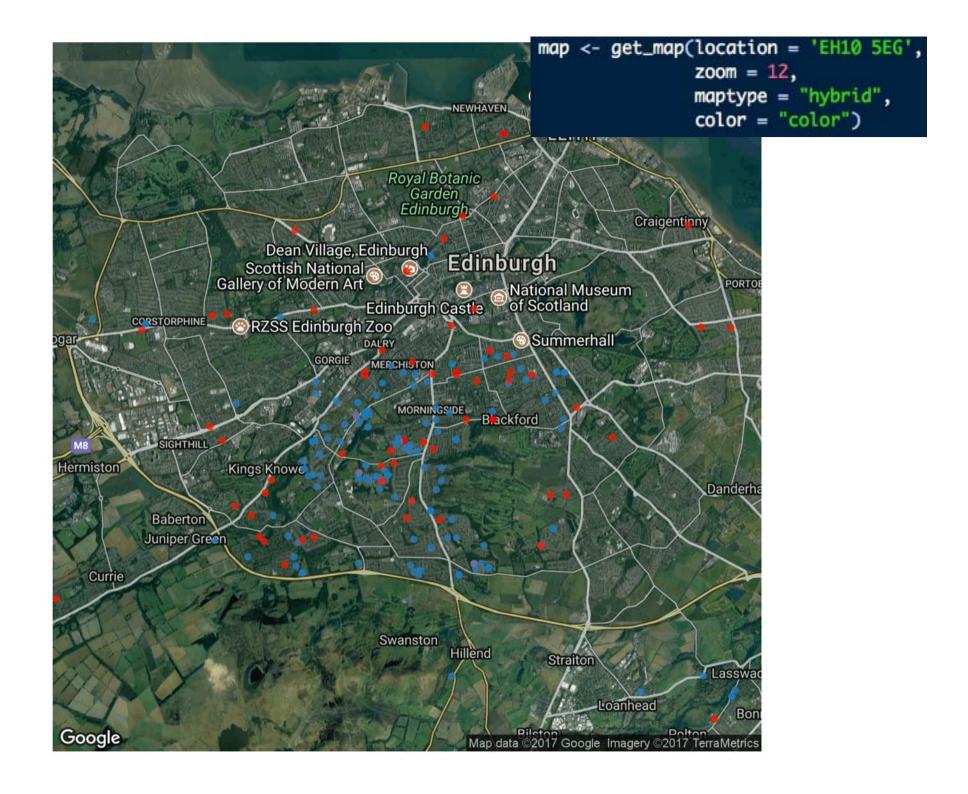
Tidy up axes and add a couple of facets....

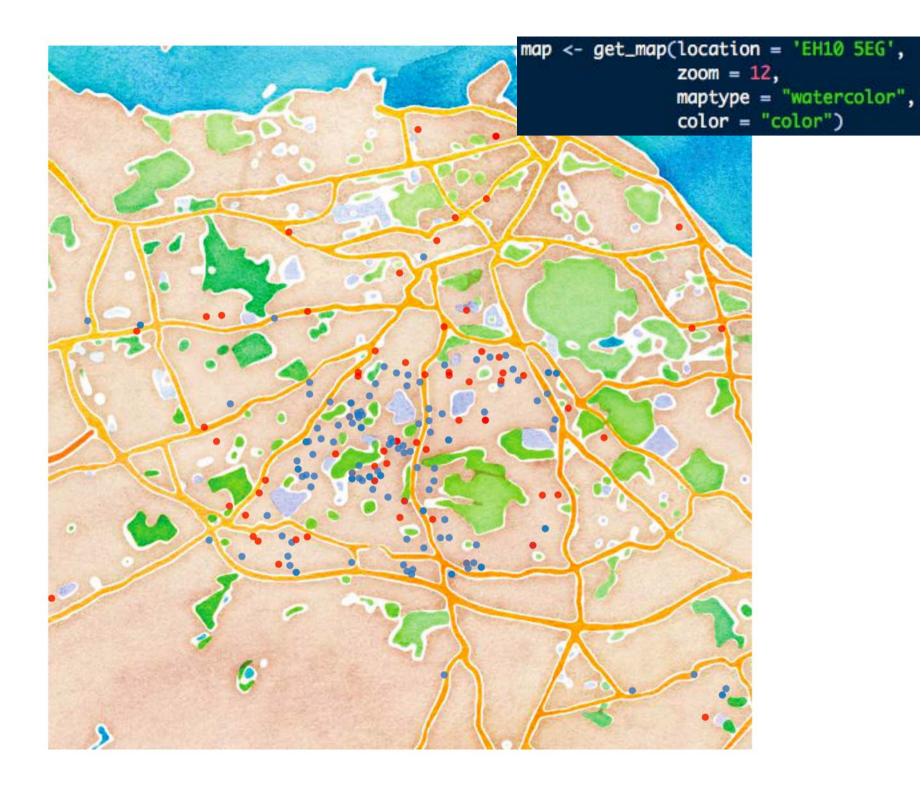


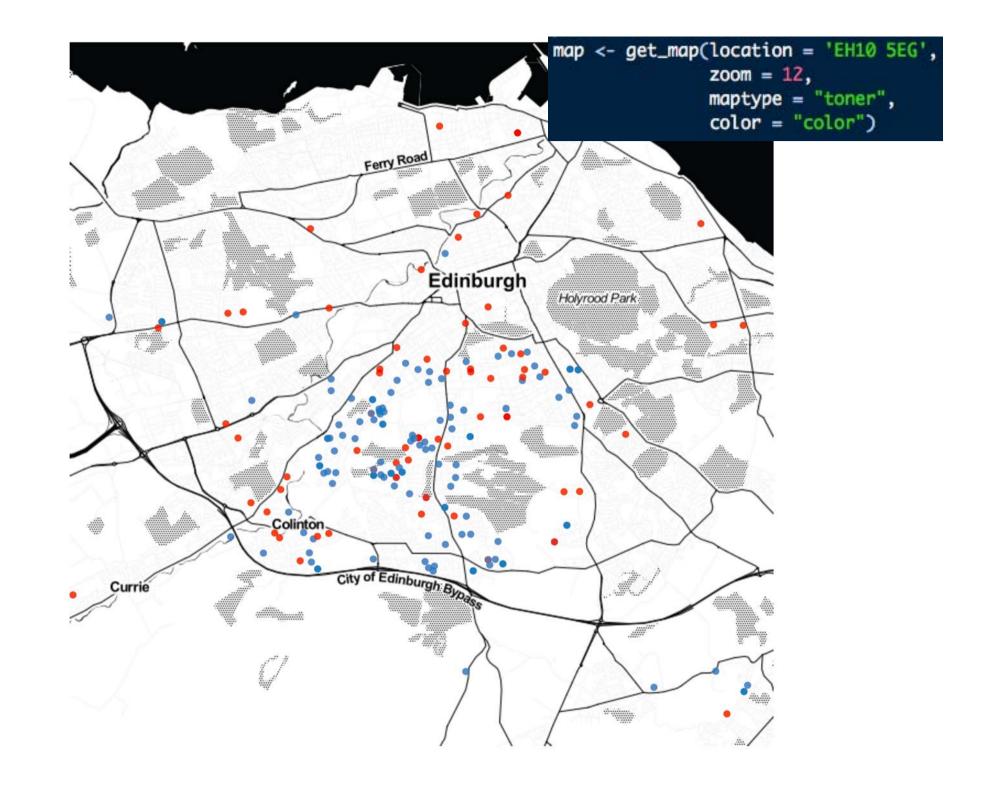












#### **Post-Mortem**

Comments?

**Questions?** 

**Suggestions?** 

**Criticisms?** 

Advice?

....all welcome!

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