

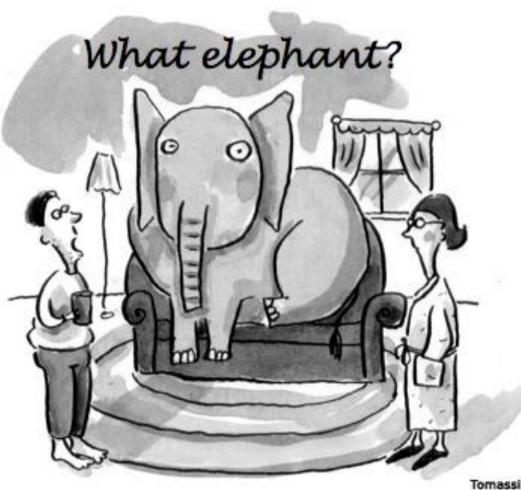
Collected Ramblings on Neural Machine Translation

Marcin Junczys-Dowmunt MTM19, Edinburgh

Translator

About compute





Know your data! (and fix it)

Intelligent Selection of Language Model Training Data

Robert C. Moore William Lewis

Microsoft Research Redmond, WA 98052, USA

{bobmoore, wilewis}@microsoft.com

Dual Conditional Cross-Entropy Filtering of Noisy Parallel Corpora

Marcin Junczys-Dowmunt

Microsoft 1 Microsoft Way Redmond, WA 98121, USA

Some math

Cross-Entropy Difference:

$$H_I(x) - H_N(x)$$

Dual Cross-Entropy Score:

$$|H_A(y|x) - H_B(x|y)| + \frac{1}{2}(H_A(y|x) + H_B(x|y))$$

WMT18 - Data-Filtering Shared Task

Dataset	newstest2016	newstest2017
WMT18	33.9	29.0
Random	16.2	14.1
LangID+Random	26.6	23.3
LangID+Adeq	35.1	30.2
Ablation: no LangID	15.4	12.7
Ablation: no AbsDiff	33.8	29.3
Ablation: no CE-Weight	31.7	27.4
LangID+Adeq+Dom	36.0	31.0

WMT19 training data – The Good

0.9630 0.7797

Photos: Juanmi Alemany, Henri van der Stelt, Carlos Bernabeu, Jose Augusto Silva y David Acuña.

Fotos: Juanmi Alemany, Henri van der Stelt, Carlos Bernabeu, Jose Augusto Silva y David Acuña.

0.9625 0.2594

Any EU citizen, resident, or an enterprise or association in a Member State, can lodge a complaint with the Ombudsman. Alle Bürger, Einwohner, Unternehmen oder Verbände in einem Mitgliedstaat können sich beim Bürgerbeauftragten beschweren.

0.9620 0.3164

Other cities are Huambo, Lobito, Lucapa, Benguela, Lubango, Malanje and Cabinda. Andere Städte sind Huambo, Lobito, Lucapa, Benguela, Lubango, Malanje und Cabinda.

0.9551 1.0000

Turkey is a bridge between Europe and Asia.

Die Türkei ist eine Brücke zwischen Europa und Asien.

WMT19 training data — The Bad

0.0000 0.0005

Wir hatten 4 Nächte gebucht, sind aber nach 1 Nacht wieder abgereist.

I thoroughly enjoyed my stay there.

0.0000 0.0005

Staff were pleasant and helpful. Room was clean and tidy.

Staff were incredibly friendly and helpful.

0.0000 0.0004

- establish the relative proportions of the components present (mass balance), and permit the soil residue of concern and to which non-target species are or may be exposed, to
- extractable substances not identified, and non-extractable residues in soil.

0.0000 0.0004

In the simplest case, a secretive st remy en provence rental is overstepped to an historically isp projecting one of the cards translated above, and the isp uses this utilizatio

Therefore, ip cannot collect thought insignificant totally.

WMT19 training data — The Ugly

0.0000 1.0000

02/02/2010 Mutually beneficial solution to the Cyprus problem "within reach, ... 07/12/2009 UNO-Generalsekretär Ban Ki-moon: Erklärung zum Internationalen Ta ...

0.0000 1.0000

100 ambitious Lupo drivers give Lupo a warm welcome. Gemeinsame Weiterfahrt bis nach Wolfsburg, angeführt von einem "Polizei-Lupo".

0.0000 1.0000

100 modern guestrooms with the 4*sup comfort.

Seit 50 Jahren in der gleichen Besitzerfamilie.

0.0000 1.0000

15 rooms and 4 suites with whirlpool or steam bath provide truly high-quality living comfort.

Originalstücke schönster Tiroler Bauernstuben und heimische Handwerkskunst prägen das Interieur.

Improving Neural Machine Translation Models with Monolingual Data

Rico Sennrich and Barry Haddow and Alexandra Birch

School of Informatics, University of Edinburgh

{rico.sennrich,a.birch}@ed.ac.uk,bhaddow@inf.ed.ac.uk

Understanding Back-Translation at Scale

Sergey Edunov $^{\triangle}$ Myle Ott $^{\triangle}$ Michael Auli $^{\triangle}$ David Grangier $^{\nabla*}$ $^{\triangle}$ Facebook AI Research, Menlo Park, CA & New York, NY. $^{\nabla}$ Google Brain, Mountain View, CA.

Effects of noised back-translation

System	2016	2017	2018
WMT18-Microsoft	38.6	31.3	46.5
WMT18-FAIR	-	32.7	44.9
WMT19-baseline	37.7	30.3	46.5
+ data-filtering	38.3	31.1	46.6
+ noisy back-translation	38.9	32.8	46.3
+ fine-tuning	40.6	33.6	48.9

Effects of noised back-translation

System	en	de	both
WMT18-Microsoft	41.1	35.5	39.1
WMT18-FAIR	-	-	-
WMT19-baseline	41.8	32.5	38.2
+ data-filtering	41.7	34.0	39.0
+ noisy back-translation	38.9	40.4	39.7
+ fine-tuning	42.2	39.2	41.2

Neural Machine Translation of Rare Words with Subword Units

Rico Sennrich and Barry Haddow and Alexandra Birch

School of Informatics, University of Edinburgh

{rico.sennrich, a.birch}@ed.ac.uk, bhaddow@inf.ed.ac.uk

SentencePiece: A simple and language independent subword tokenizer and detokenizer for Neural Text Processing

Taku Kudo

John Richardson

Google, Inc.

{taku, johnri}@google.com

Applying SentencePiece

Obama receives Netanyahu

The relationship between Obama and Netanyahu is not exactly friendly.

The two wanted to talk about the implementation of the international agreement and about Teheran's destabilising activities in the Middle East.

The meeting was also planned to cover the conflict with the Palestinians and the disputed two state solution.

Relations between Obama and Netanyahu have been strained for years.

```
_Obama _receives _Netanyahu _ The _relationship _between _Obama _and _Netanyahu _is _not _exactly _friendly . _ The _two _wanted _to _talk _about _the _implementation _of _the _international _agreement _and _about _Teheran 's _de stabil ising _activities _in _the _Middle _East . _ The _meeting _was _also _planned _to _cover _the _conflict _with _the _Palestinians _and _the _dispute d _two _state _solution . _ Relations _between _Obama _and _Netanyahu _have _been _strain ed _for _years .
```

BPE versus SentencePiece

```
cat newstest2016.en-de.en | \
./tokenizer.perl -l en -a | \
./apply_bpe.py -c bpe.ende | \
./marian-decoder -c config.yml \
sed 's/\@\@ //g' | \
./detokenizer.perl -l de > newstest2016.en-de.out
```

BPE versus SentencePiece

```
cat newstest2016.en-de.en | \
./marian-decoder -c config.yml > newstest2016.en-de.out
```

BPE versus SentencePiece

BPE	SentencePiece
Poli@@ zei ch@@ ef	_Polizei chef
ver@@ hän@@ g nis@@ vollen	_ver h äng nis vollen
Universit@@ a@@ t s @-@ Mitarbeiter	_Universität s - Mitarbeiter
Schie@@ B en	_Schieß en
be su@@ cht en	_besucht en
auf@@ gere@@ g	_a uf gereg t
Be@@ urlau@@ b ung	_Be urlaub ung

Build strong baselines! (don't lie to yourself)

Six Challenges for Neural Machine Translation

Philipp Koehn

Computer Science Department Johns Hopkins University phi@jhu.edu

Rebecca Knowles

Computer Science Department Johns Hopkins University rknowles@jhu.edu

Six challenges for Neural Machine Translation

- 1. Low quality for out of domain-input
- 2. Lower quality than SMT for low-resource settings
- 3. Worse for rare words in inflectional languages
- 4. Lower quality for sentences above 60 tokens
- 5. Attention is not word alignment
- 6. Beam-search deteriorates with larger beams

Stronger Baselines for Trustable Results in Neural Machine Translation

Michael Denkowski

Amazon.com, Inc.

mdenkows@amazon.com

Graham Neubig

Carnegie Mellon University

gneubig@cs.cmu.edu

Stronger baselines

"New research regularly introduces architectural and algorithmic improvements that lead to significant gains over 'vanilla' NMT implementations. However, these new techniques are rarely evaluated in the context of previously published techniques, specifically those that are widely used in state-of-the art production and shared-task systems. As a result, it is often difficult to determine whether improvements from research will carry over to systems deployed for real-world use."

Stronger baselines

- Training using Adam with multiple restarts and learning rate annealing
- Sub-word translation via byte pair encoding
- Decoding with ensembles of independently trained models

Diverse ensembling

System	en	de	both
WMT18-Microsoft (ensemble)	42.5	36.2	40.1
(a) WMT19 – parallel only	41.6	33.4	38.4
(b) WMT19 – fine-tuned	42.1	40.4	41.7
(4 x a)	42.5	34.5	39.4
(4 x b)	43.2	41.1	42.8
(a) + (b)	43.2	38.6	41.7
$(4 \times a) + (4 \times b)$	44.0	38.5	42.0
$0.3 (4 \times a) + 1.0 (4 \times b)$	43.8	40.3	42.7

A Call for Clarity in Reporting BLEU Scores

Matt Post

Amazon Research Berlin, Germany

```
./sacrebleu.py -t wmt16 -l ende --echo src | \
./marian-decoder -c config.yml | \
./sacrebleu.py -t wmt16 -l ende
```

Choose your model! (and your toolkit)

Attention Is All You Need

Ashish Vaswani*

Google Brain avaswani@google.com

Noam Shazeer*

Google Brain noam@google.com

Niki Parmar*

Google Research nikip@google.com

Jakob Uszkoreit*

Google Research usz@google.com

Llion Jones*

Google Research llion@google.com

Aidan N. Gomez* †

University of Toronto aidan@cs.toronto.edu

Łukasz Kaiser*

Google Brain lukaszkaiser@google.com

Illia Polosukhin* ‡

illia.polosukhin@gmail.com

Human parity!(?)

Achieving Human Parity on Automatic Chinese to English News Translation

Hany Hassan, Anthony Aue, Chang Chen, Vishal Chowdhary, Jonathan Clark, Christian Federmann, Xuedong Huang, Marcin Junczys-Dowmunt, William Lewis, Mu Li, Shujie Liu, Tie-Yan Liu, Renqian Luo, Arul Menezes, Tao Qin, Frank Seide, Xu Tan, Fei Tian, Lijun Wu, Shuangzhi Wu, Yingce Xia, Dongdong Zhang, Zhirui Zhang, and Ming Zhou

Microsoft AI & Research

Has Machine Translation Achieved Human Parity? A Case for Document-level Evaluation

Samuel Läubli¹ Rico Sennrich^{1,2} Martin Volk¹

¹Institute of Computational Linguistics, University of Zurich {laeubli, volk}@cl.uzh.ch

²School of Informatics, University of Edinburgh rico.sennrich@ed.ac.uk

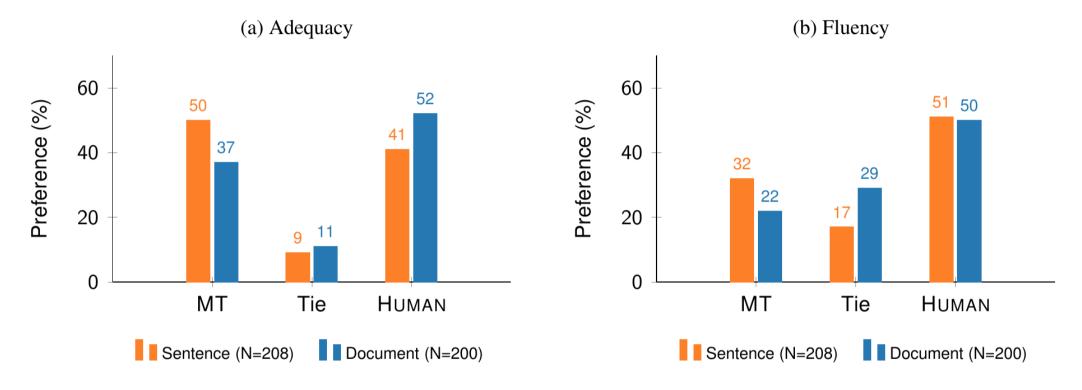


Figure 1: Raters prefer human translation more strongly in entire documents. When evaluating isolated sentences in terms of adequacy, there is no statistically significant difference between HUMAN and MT; in all other settings, raters show a statistically significant preference for HUMAN.

Scale up!

BERT: Pre-training of Deep Bidirectional Transformers for Language Understanding

Jacob Devlin Ming-Wei Chang Kenton Lee Kristina Toutanova
Google AI Language

{jacobdevlin, mingweichang, kentonl, kristout}@google.com

Language Models are Unsupervised Multitask Learners

Alec Radford * 1 Jeffrey Wu * 1 Rewon Child 1 David Luan 1 Dario Amodei ** 1 Ilya Sutskever ** 1

English Input – Document-level

<BEG> In 911 Call, Professor Admits to Shooting Girlfriend<SEP> In a 911 call, his voice only slightly shaky, college professor Shannon Lamb told police he had shot his girlfriend and officers needed to get over to their house. < SEP > Lamb made a point to say his "sweet dog" was there alive and probably upset, and said the dead woman's family contacts could be found on her phone. <SEP > Inside the home, officers found Amy Prentiss' body and a hand-written note scribbled on a white legal pad: "I am so very sorry I wish I could take it back I loved Amy and she is the only woman who ever loved me," read the letter authorities say was signed by Lamb. < SEP > There was no indication that Lamb, who was teaching two online classes for Delta State University in Cleveland, Mississippi, had already traveled 300 miles to the school's campus, where police believe he shot and killed a well-liked history professor, Ethan Schmidt, in the doorway to his office. <SEP > Delta State University police chief Lynn Buford said university officials heard about the shooting at 10:18 a.m. < SEP > He said Lamb made the fateful 911 call sometime after that. < SEP > By the end of the day, there would be one more death: Lamb took his own life as police closed in on him. < SEP > A day after the school shooting forced students and faculty to hide behind locked doors, authorities were still trying to piece together what motivated Lamb. < SEP > The details released by investigators at both ends of the state as well as students and staff who knew him helped paint a picture of a talented but possibly troubled teacher. < SEP > Students said they looked forward to his class. < SEP > Police in Gautier, where Prentiss died, said he had no history of violence or criminal record. < SEP > Schmidt himself had included Lamb in a book he wrote where he acknowledged the "wonderful people" he shared his academic life with. < SEP > Both taught in the Division of Social Sciences and History, which lists 17 faculty members, and many students took courses from both. < SEP > At the same time, there were some inclinations of problems. < SEP > < BRK >

German Translation – Document-level

<BEG> In 911-Anruf gibt Professor zu, Freundin erschossen zu haben<SEP> In einem 911-Anruf sei seine Stimme nur leicht wackelig gewesen, sagte College-Professor Shannon Lamb der Polizei, er habe seine Freundin erschossen und Beamte hätten in ihr Haus eindringen müssen. < SEP > Lamb gab zu Protokoll, sein "süßer Hund" sei lebend da gewesen und vermutlich aufgebracht gewesen und sagte, die Familienkontakte der toten Frau seien auf ihrem Handy gefunden worden. < SEP > Im Inneren des Hauses fanden Beamte die Leiche von Amy Prentiss und einen handschriftlichen Zettel, der auf ein weißes Polster gekritzelt war: "Es tut mir so leid, dass ich wünschte, ich könnte sie zurücknehmen, ich liebte Amy und sie ist die einzige Frau, die mich jemals geliebt hat", hieß es in dem Brief, den die Behörden unterschrieben hatten. < SEP > Es gab keine Hinweise darauf, dass Lamb, der zwei Online-Kurse für die Delta State University in Cleveland, Mississippi, unterrichtete, bereits 300 Meilen zum Campus der Schule gereist war, wo er nach Polizeiangaben einen beliebten Geschichtsprofessor, Ethan Schmidt, in der Tür zu seinem Büro erschossen haben soll. < SEP > Der Polizeichef der Delta State University, Lynn Buford, sagte, die Beamten der Universität hätten von der Schießerei um 10.18 Uhr gehört. < SEP > Er sagte, Lamb habe den schicksalhaften 911-Anruf irgendwann danach gemacht. < SEP > Am Ende des Tages werde es einen weiteren Tod geben: Lamb habe sich das Leben genommen, als die Polizei ihn eingeschlossen habe. < SEP > Einen Tag nach der Schießerei in der Schule, die Studenten und Dozenten gezwungen hatte, sich hinter verschlossenen Türen zu verstecken, versuchten die Behörden noch immer zusammenzufügen, was Lamb motivierte. < SEP > Die von den Ermittlern an beiden Enden des Staates veröffentlichten Details sowie Studenten und Angestellte, die ihn kannten, halfen dabei, ein Bild eines talentierten, aber möglicherweise aufgewühlten Lehrers zu malen. <SEP > Studenten sagten, sie freuten sich auf seine Klasse. <SEP > Die Polizei in Gautier, wo Prentiss starb, sagte, er habe keine Geschichte von Gewalt oder Vorstrafen gehabt. < SEP > Schmidt selbst hatte Lamb in ein von ihm verfasstes Buch aufgenommen, in dem er die "wunderbaren Menschen" würdigte, mit denen er sein akademisches Leben teilte. < SEP > Beide lehrten in der Abteilung für Sozialwissenschaften und Geschichte, die 17 Fakultätsmitglieder auflistet, und viele Studenten nahmen Kurse von beiden. < SEP > Gleichzeitig gab es einige Neigungen zu Problemen. < SEP > < BRK >

English Translation – Document-level

In 911-Anruf gibt Professor zu, Freundin erschossen zu haben

In einem 911-Anruf sei seine Stimme nur leicht wackelig gewesen, sagte College-Professor Shannon Lamb der Polizei, er habe seine Freundin erschossen und Beamte hätten in ihr Haus eindringen müssen.

Lamb gab zu Protokoll, sein "süßer Hund" sei lebend da gewesen und vermutlich aufgebracht gewesen und sagte, die Familienkontakte der toten Frau seien auf ihrem Handy gefunden worden.

Im Inneren des Hauses fanden Beamte die Leiche von Amy Prentiss und einen handschriftlichen Zettel, der auf ein weißes Polster gekritzelt war: "Es tut mir so leid, dass ich wünschte, ich könnte sie zurücknehmen, ich liebte Amy und sie ist die einzige Frau, die mich jemals geliebt hat", hieß es in dem Brief, den die Behörden unterschrieben hatten.

Es gab keine Hinweise darauf, dass Lamb, der zwei Online-Kurse für die Delta State University in Cleveland, Mississippi, unterrichtete, bereits 300 Meilen zum Campus der Schule gereist war, wo er nach Polizeiangaben einen beliebten Geschichtsprofessor, Ethan Schmidt, in der Tür zu seinem Büro erschossen haben soll.

Der Polizeichef der Delta State University, Lynn Buford, sagte, die Beamten der Universität hätten von der Schießerei um 10.18 Uhr gehört.

Er sagte, Lamb habe den schicksalhaften 911-Anruf irgendwann danach gemacht.

Am Ende des Tages werde es einen weiteren Tod geben: Lamb habe sich das Leben genommen, als die Polizei ihn eingeschlossen habe.

Model	Parameters	Layers	Dim
BERT/GPT-2	117M	12	768/4096
BERT/GPT-2	345M	24	1024/4096
GPT-2	762M	36	1280/4096
GPT-2	1542M	48	1600/4096

Model	Parameters	Layers	Dim
Nematus RNN	25M (95MB)	1/1 (2/2)	512/1024
Transformer (Base)	30M (117MB)	6/6	512/2048
Transformer (Big)	209M (790MB)	6/6	1024/4096
Transformer (Bigger)	386M (1,471MB)	12/12	1024/4096
Transformer (Even Bigger)	570M	18/18	1024/4096
Transformer (Biggest)	750M	24/24	1024/4096

Scale down!

Sequence-Level Knowledge Distillation

Yoon Kim

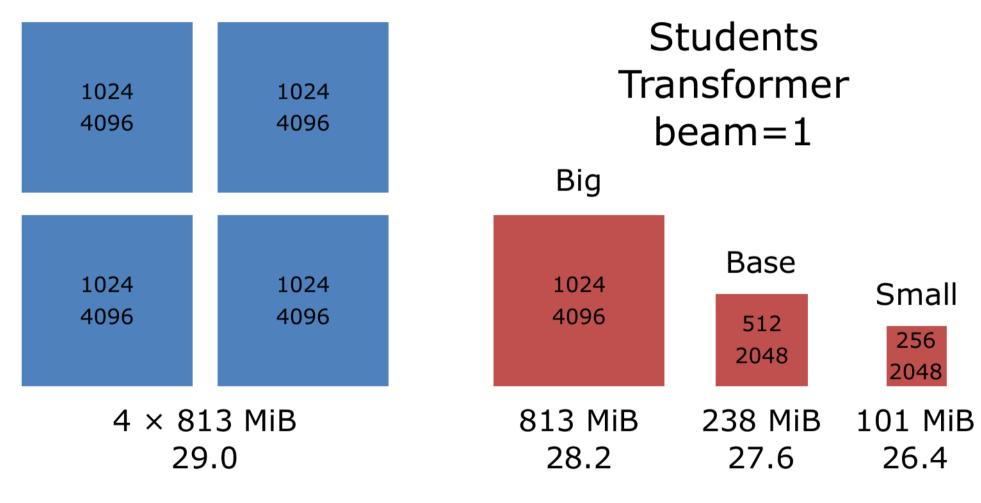
Alexander M. Rush

yoonkim@seas.harvard.edu

srush@seas.harvard.edu

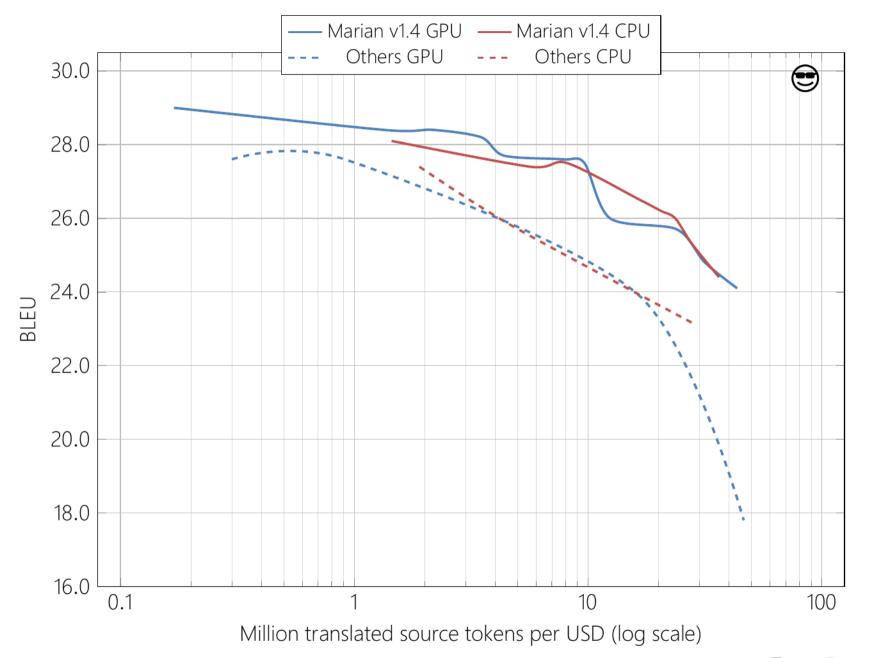
School of Engineering and Applied Sciences
Harvard University
Cambridge, MA, USA

Teacher Transformer Big



(Scale preserving)





Good luck!



Microsoft.com/Translator





facebook.com/BingTranslator