



Assignment: Notebook for Peer Assignment

Introduction

Using this Python notebook you will:

1. Understand three Chicago datasets
2. Load the three datasets into three tables in a Db2 database
3. Execute SQL queries to answer assignment questions

Understand the datasets

To complete the assignment problems in this notebook you will be using three datasets that are available on the city of Chicago's Data Portal:

1. [Socioeconomic Indicators in Chicago](#)
2. [Chicago Public Schools](#)
3. [Chicago Crime Data](#)

1. Socioeconomic Indicators in Chicago

This dataset contains a selection of six socioeconomic indicators of public health significance and a "hardship index," for each Chicago community area, for the years 2008 – 2012.

A detailed description of this dataset and the original dataset can be obtained from the Chicago Data Portal at:
<https://data.cityofchicago.org/Health-Human-Services/Census-Data-Selected-socioeconomic-indicators-in-C/kn9c-c2s2>

2. Chicago Public Schools

This dataset shows all school level performance data used to create CPS School Report Cards for the 2011-2012 school year. This dataset is provided by the city of Chicago's Data Portal.

A detailed description of this dataset and the original dataset can be obtained from the Chicago Data Portal at:
<https://data.cityofchicago.org/Education/Chicago-Public-Schools-Progress-Report-Cards-2011-/9xs2-f89t>

3. Chicago Crime Data

This dataset reflects reported incidents of crime (with the exception of murders where data exists for each victim) that occurred in the City of Chicago from 2001 to present, minus the most recent seven days.

A detailed description of this dataset and the original dataset can be obtained from the Chicago Data Portal at:
<https://data.cityofchicago.org/Public-Safety/Crimes-2001-to-present/ijzp-q8t2>

Download the datasets

This assignment requires you to have these three tables populated with a subset of the whole datasets.

In many cases the dataset to be analyzed is available as a .CSV (comma separated values) file, perhaps on the internet. Click on the links below to download and save the datasets (.CSV files):

- [Chicago Census Data](#)
- [Chicago Public Schools](#)
- [Chicago Crime Data](#)

NOTE: For the learners who are encountering issues with loading from .csv in DB2 on Firefox, you can download the .txt files and load the data with those:

- [Chicago Census Data](#)
- [Chicago Public Schools](#)
- [Chicago Crime Data](#)

NOTE: Ensure you have downloaded the datasets using the links above instead of directly from the Chicago Data Portal. The versions linked here are subsets of the original datasets and have some of the column names modified to be more database friendly which will make it easier to complete this assignment.

Store the datasets in database tables

To analyze the data using SQL, it first needs to be stored in the database.

While it is easier to read the dataset into a Pandas dataframe and then PERSIST it into the database as we saw in Week 3 Lab 3, it results in mapping to default datatypes which may not be optimal for SQL querying. For example a long textual field may map to a CLOB instead of a VARCHAR.

Therefore, **it is highly recommended to manually load the table using the database console LOAD tool, as indicated in Week 2 Lab 1 Part II.** The only difference with that lab is that in Step 5 of the instructions you will need to click on create "(+) New Table" and specify the name of the table you want to create and then click "Next".

LOAD DATA

Source Target Define Finalize

You are loading the file ChicagoCensusData.csv

Select a load target Refresh

Schema	Table	Create a new Table
Find a schema	Find a table in MXC01472	CENSUS_DATA
AUDIT	CHICAGO_CRIME_DATA	Create
DB2INST1	CHICAGO_PUBLIC_SCHOOLS	
ERRORSCHEMA <i>Sample</i>		

Back Next

Now open the Db2 console, open the LOAD tool, Select / Drag the .CSV file for the first dataset, Next create a New Table, and then follow the steps on-screen instructions to load the data. Name the new tables as follows:

1. **CENSUS_DATA**
2. **CHICAGO_PUBLIC_SCHOOLS**
3. **CHICAGO_CRIME_DATA**

Connect to the database

Let us first load the SQL extension and establish a connection with the database

The following required modules are pre-installed in the Skills Network Labs environment. However if you run this notebook commands in a different Jupyter environment (e.g. Watson Studio or Ananconda) you may need to install these libraries by removing the `#` sign before `!pip` in the code cell below.

```
In [9]: # These libraries are pre-installed in SN Labs. If running in another environment please uncomment lines below to ins
!pip install --force-reinstall ibm_db==3.1.0 ibm_db_sa==0.3.3
# Ensure we don't load_ext with sqlalchemy>=1.4 (incompadible)
!pip uninstall sqlalchemy==1.4 -y && pip install sqlalchemy==1.3.24
!pip install ipython-sql
```

```
Collecting ibm_db==3.1.0
  Using cached ibm_db-3.1.0-cp37-cp37m-linux_x86_64.whl
Collecting ibm_db_sa==0.3.3
  Using cached ibm_db_sa-0.3.3-py3-none-any.whl
Collecting sqlalchemy>=0.7.3
  Using cached SQLAlchemy-2.0.5.post1-cp37-cp37m-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (2.7 MB)
Collecting importlib-metadata
  Using cached importlib_metadata-6.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (21 kB)
Collecting typing-extensions>=4.2.0
  Using cached typing_extensions-4.5.0-py3-none-any.whl (27 kB)
Collecting greenlet!=0.4.17
  Using cached greenlet-2.0.2-cp37-cp37m-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (566 kB)
Collecting zipp>=0.5
  Using cached zipp-3.15.0-py3-none-any.whl (6.8 kB)
Installing collected packages: ibm_db, zipp, typing-extensions, greenlet, importlib-metadata, sqlalchemy, ibm_db_sa
Attempting uninstall: ibm_db
  Found existing installation: ibm-db 3.1.0
  Uninstalling ibm-db-3.1.0:
    Successfully uninstalled ibm-db-3.1.0
Attempting uninstall: zipp
  Found existing installation: zipp 3.15.0
  Uninstalling zipp-3.15.0:
    Successfully uninstalled zipp-3.15.0
Attempting uninstall: typing-extensions
  Found existing installation: typing_extensions 4.5.0
  Uninstalling typing_extensions-4.5.0:
    Successfully uninstalled typing_extensions-4.5.0
Attempting uninstall: greenlet
  Found existing installation: greenlet 2.0.2
  Uninstalling greenlet-2.0.2:
    Successfully uninstalled greenlet-2.0.2
Attempting uninstall: importlib-metadata
  Found existing installation: importlib-metadata 6.0.0
  Uninstalling importlib-metadata-6.0.0:
    Successfully uninstalled importlib-metadata-6.0.0
Attempting uninstall: sqlalchemy
  Found existing installation: SQLAlchemy 1.3.24
  Uninstalling SQLAlchemy-1.3.24:
    Successfully uninstalled SQLAlchemy-1.3.24
Attempting uninstall: ibm_db_sa
  Found existing installation: ibm-db-sa 0.3.3
  Uninstalling ibm-db-sa-0.3.3:
```

Successfully uninstalled ibm-db-sa-0.3.3

ERROR: pip's dependency resolver does not currently take into account all the packages that are installed. This behaviour is the source of the following dependency conflicts.

dash 2.7.0 requires dash-core-components==2.0.0, which is not installed.

dash 2.7.0 requires dash-html-components==2.0.0, which is not installed.

dash 2.7.0 requires dash-table==5.0.0, which is not installed.

Successfully installed greenlet-2.0.2 ibm_db-3.1.0 ibm_db_sa-0.3.3 importlib-metadata-6.0.0 sqlalchemy-2.0.5.post1 typing-extensions-4.5.0 zipp-3.15.0

Found existing installation: SQLAlchemy 2.0.5.post1

Uninstalling SQLAlchemy-2.0.5.post1:

Successfully uninstalled SQLAlchemy-2.0.5.post1

Collecting sqlalchemy==1.3.24

Using cached SQLAlchemy-1.3.24-cp37-cp37m-manylinux2010_x86_64.whl (1.3 MB)

Installing collected packages: sqlalchemy

Successfully installed sqlalchemy-1.3.24

Requirement already satisfied: ipython-sql in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (0.3.9)

Requirement already satisfied: ipython>=1.0 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (7.33.0)

Requirement already satisfied: ipython-genutils>=0.1.0 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (0.2.0)

Requirement already satisfied: prettytable in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (3.5.0)

Requirement already satisfied: six in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (1.16.0)

Requirement already satisfied: sqlalchemy>=0.6.7 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (1.3.24)

Requirement already satisfied: sqlparse in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (0.4.3)

Requirement already satisfied: jedi>=0.16 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.18.2)

Requirement already satisfied: prompt-toolkit!=3.0.0,!3.0.1,<3.1.0,>=2.0.0 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (3.0.33)

Requirement already satisfied: pexpect>4.3 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (4.8.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pickleshare in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.7.5)

Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=4.2 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (5.6.0)

Requirement already satisfied: backcall in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.2.0)

Requirement already satisfied: decorator in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (5.1.1)

Requirement already satisfied: pygments in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (2.13.0)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools>=18.5 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (65.5.1)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib-inline in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.1.6)
Requirement already satisfied: wcwidth in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from prettytable->ipython-sql) (0.2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from prettytable->ipython-sql) (6.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: parso<0.9.0,>=0.8.0 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from jedi>=0.16->ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.8.3)
Requirement already satisfied: ptyprocess>=0.5 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pexpect>4.3->ipython>=1.0->ipython-sql) (0.7.0)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.6.4 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from importlib-metadata->prettytable->ipython-sql) (4.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from importlib-metadata->prettytable->ipython-sql) (3.15.0)

In [2]: `%load_ext sql`

In the next cell enter your db2 connection string. Recall you created Service Credentials for your Db2 instance in first lab in Week 3. From your Db2 service credentials copy everything after db2:// (except the double quote at the end) and paste it in the cell below after `ibm_db_sa://`


```

"db2": {
  "authentication": {
    "method": "direct",
    "password": " ",
    "username": "qdg93144"
  },
  "certificate": {
    "certificate_base64": "LS0tLS1CRUdJTiB0RVJUSUZJQ0FURSB0LS0tck1JSURFakN0QWZxZ0F3SUJBZ0lKQVA1S0R3ZTNCTkxiTUEwR0NTcUdTSWIZRFFQkN3VUFNQjR4SERBUJnT1YKQkFNTUwBEN
UU0JEYkc5MVp0QkVZWJ0Ww1GelpYTXdIaGN0TWpBd01qSTVNRFF5TVRBeVdoY05NekF3TWpJGpNRFF5TVRBeVdqQWVNUnd3R2d2RFRZRUUREQk5KUWswZ1EYeHZkV1FnUkdGMF1XSmhjM1Z6TU1JQk1qQU5CZ2txCmhz
Uc5dzBCQVFFRkF0T0NBUThtBTU1JQkNnS0NB0UUVBdXUvbitpWw9xdkdGNU8xSGpEa1psK25iYjE4UkR4ZGwKTzRUL3FoUGMxMTREY1FUK0p1RXdhbG13aG1jTGxaQnF2QWFMb1hzbmhzSVF0MG01L0x5YzdBY291VXNmSGR
0QwpDVGcrSUsxbjBrdDMzTHM3d1dTakxqVE96N3M3M1ZUSU5yYmx3cnRIRUlvM1JWtkV6SkNHYW5LSXdxZWZVSUtrCldNM1R0SD15cnFsSGN0Z2pIU1FmRkVTRm1YaHJiODhSQmd0amIva0xtVGpCaTFBeEVadwNobWZ2Q
VRmNEN0Y3EKY21QcHNqdDBPTnI0YnhJMVRyUWwEemNiN1hMSFBRlW91SUprdnVzMUZvaTEySmRNM1MzK31abFZPMUZmZkU3bWpKMjhUdGJoZ3JGOGtIU0NMSk1vTTF5Z3FZPG90Vm5QOC9EOWZhamNN01Wd2V4a01SOTN
KR1FJREFRQUJvMU13Cl1VUQRWRCZ05WSFE0RUZnUVV1Q3JZanFJQzc1VUpxVmZEMdh1ZWdqeDZiUmN3SHdZRFZSMGpCQmd3Rm9BVWVdc1kKanFJQzc1VUpxVmZEMdh1ZWdqeDZiUmN3RHdZRFZSMFRBUUgVQkFvd0F3RUIve
kF0QmdrcWhraUc5dzBCQVFFRkF0T0NBUThtBTU1JQkNnS0NB0UUVBdXUvbitpWw9xdkdGNU8xSGpEa1psK25iYjE4UkR4ZGwKTzRUL3FoUGMxMTREY1FUK0p1RXdhbG13aG1jTGxaQnF2QWFMb1hzbmhzSVF0MG01L0x5YzdBY291VXNmSGR
PekIyWmE2S1YzQTVscEttMwdjV3VHYzMKK1UzVTFzT0d1Ujd3ZFVjU0TVU4aERvNi9sVHRMRVB2Mnc3V1NPS1FDK013ejgrTFJMdjVHVS5BN1JySWNhKwozM0wzNnB4ZEttd1pLYThWcnBnMXJ3QzRnY3d1YUhhYmUNEWE
E42K0JibzhvW65Ywkh6UG91c1dYS1BoaGdXZ2J5CkN0cUdIK0NWnNq1eFg3b05NS3VNSUNQVZndnNLWnRqeTQ5VW51NVZzZbHQ0b1J3dTF1bGdzRDNjek1tYj1LREQKNH81REFvYTZyMktZZE4xVxkuN3F3VG1TbD1TU05
RPT0KLS0tLS1FTkQg00VSVE1GSUNBVEU0LS0tLQo=",
    "name": "1cbbb1b6-3a1a-4d49-9262-3102a8f7a7c8"
  },
  "composed": [
    "db2://qdg93144: @54a2f15b-5c0f-46df-8954-7e38e612c2bd.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:32733/bludb?authSource=admin&replicaSet=r
eplset"
  ],
  "database": "bludb",
  "host_ios": [
    "54a2f15b-5c0f-46df-8954-7e38e612c2bd.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:30592"
  ],
  "hosts": [
    {
      "hostname": " ",
      "port": 32733
    }
  ],
  "jdbc_url": [
    "jdbc:db2://54a2f15b-5c0f-46df-8954-7e38e612c2bd.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:32733/bludb:user=<userid>;password=<your_password>;sslConnecti
on=true;"
  ],
  "auth": " /bludb"
}

```

In [3]: *# Remember the connection string is of the format:*
%sql ibm_db_sa://my-username:my-password@my-hostname:my-port/my-db-name?security=SSL
Enter the connection string for your Db2 on Cloud database instance below
%sql ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:yCbCdAmoNkScYXTP@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdon

Out[3]: 'Connected: nlc77149@bludb'

Problems

Now write and execute SQL queries to solve assignment problems

Problem 1

Find the total number of crimes recorded in the CRIME table.

In [16]: **%sql** SELECT COUNT(CASE_NUMBER) FROM CHICAGO_CRIME_DATA;

```
* ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:***@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:3245
9/bludb
Done.
```

```
Out[16]: 1
533
```

Problem 2

List community areas with per capita income less than 11000.

```
In [19]: %sql SELECT COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME, PER_CAPITA_INCOME FROM CENSUS_DATA WHERE PER_CAPITA_INCOME < 11000;

* ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:***@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:3245
9/bludb
Done.
```

```
Out[19]: community_area_name  per_capita_income
-----
          West Garfield Park      10934
          South Lawndale          10402
          Fuller Park             10432
          Riverdale               8201
```

Problem 3

List all case numbers for crimes involving minors?(children are not considered minors for the purposes of crime analysis)

```
In [20]: %sql SELECT DISTINCT CASE_NUMBER, DESCRIPTION FROM CHICAGO_CRIME_DATA WHERE DESCRIPTION LIKE '%MINOR%';

* ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:***@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:3245
9/bludb
Done.
```

```
Out[20]: case_number          description
-----
      HK238408  ILLEGAL CONSUMPTION BY MINOR
      HL266884  SELL/GIVE/DEL LIQUOR TO MINOR
```

Problem 4

List all kidnapping crimes involving a child?

In [21]: `%sql SELECT DISTINCT CASE_NUMBER, DATE, DESCRIPTION FROM CHICAGO_CRIME_DATA WHERE PRIMARY_TYPE='KIDNAPPING'`

* ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:***@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:32459/bludb
Done.

Out[21]:

case_number	DATE	description
HN144152	2007-01-26	CHILD ABDUCTION/STRANGER

Problem 5

What kinds of crimes were recorded at schools?

In [22]: `%%sql SELECT DISTINCT(PRIMARY_TYPE)
FROM CHICAGO_CRIME_DATA
WHERE LOCATION_DESCRIPTION LIKE '%SCHOOL%';`

* ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:***@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:32459/bludb
Done.

Out[22]:

primary_type
ASSAULT
BATTERY
CRIMINAL DAMAGE
CRIMINAL TRESPA
NARCOTICS
PUBLIC PEACE VI

Problem 6

List the average safety score for each type of school.

In [26]: `%%sql SELECT ELEMENTARY__MIDDLE__OR_HIGH_SCHOOL type_of_school,
AVG(SAFETY_SCORE) as AVERAGE_SAFETY_SCORE
FROM CHICAGO_PUBLIC_SCHOOLS
GROUP BY ELEMENTARY__MIDDLE__OR_HIGH_SCHOOL`

* ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:***@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:32459/bludb
Done.

Out[26]: **type_of_school average_safety_score**

ES	49
HS	49
MS	48

Problem 7

List 5 community areas with highest % of households below poverty line

In [27]: `%%sql SELECT COMMUNITY_AREA_NAME, PERCENT_HOUSEHOLDS_BELOW_POVERTY FROM CENSUS_DATA
ORDER BY PERCENT_HOUSEHOLDS_BELOW_POVERTY DESC
LIMIT 5`

* ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:***@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:32459/bludb
Done.

Out[27]: **community_area_name percent_households_below_poverty**

Riverdale	56.5
Fuller Park	51.2
Englewood	46.6
North Lawndale	43.1
East Garfield Park	42.4

Problem 8

Which community area is most crime prone?

```
In [31]: %%sql SELECT community_area_number, COUNT(COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER) AS qtd_crimes
          FROM CHICAGO_CRIME_DATA
          GROUP BY COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER
          ORDER BY COUNT(COMMUNITY_AREA_NUMBER) DESC
          LIMIT 1;
```

```
* ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:***@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:3245
9/bludb
Done.
```

```
Out[31]: community_area_number  qtd_crimes
          -----
                25                43
```

Double-click [here](#) for a hint

Problem 9

Use a sub-query to find the name of the community area with highest hardship index

```
In [4]: %%sql SELECT community_area_number, community_area_name
          FROM CENSUS_DATA
          WHERE HARDSHIP_INDEX = (SELECT max(HARDSHIP_INDEX)
                                FROM CENSUS_DATA);
```

```
* ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:***@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:3245
9/bludb
Done.
```

```
Out[4]: community_area_number  community_area_name
          -----
                54            Riverdale
```

Problem 10

Use a sub-query to determine the Community Area Name with most number of crimes?

```
In [5]: %%sql SELECT b.community_area_number,
          b.community_area_name,
          count(1) total_crimes
```

```

FROM CHICAGO_CRIME_DATA a,
      CENSUS_DATA b
WHERE a.community_area_number = b.community_area_number
GROUP BY b.community_area_number, b.community_area_name
ORDER BY total_crimes desc
LIMIT 1;

```

```

* ibm_db_sa://nlc77149:***@9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.clogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud:3245
9/bludb
Done.

```

```

Out[5]: community_area_number  community_area_name  total_crimes
          25                Austin                43

```

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Malika Singla

Change log

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2021-11-17	2.6	Lakshmi	Updated library
2021-05-19	2.4	Lakshmi Holla	Updated the question
2021-04-30	2.3	Malika Singla	Updated the libraries

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2021-01-15	2.2	Rav Ahuja	Removed problem 11 and fixed changelog
2020-11-25	2.1	Ramesh Sannareddy	Updated the problem statements, and datasets
2020-09-05	2.0	Malika Singla	Moved lab to course repo in GitLab
2018-07-18	1.0	Rav Ahuja	Several updates including loading instructions
2018-05-04	0.1	Hima Vasudevan	Created initial version

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