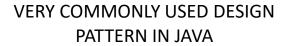
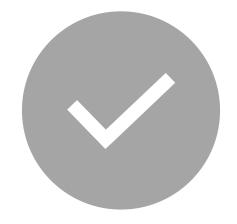
* Factory Pattern
Method

CSCI 2020 Edmond Lee

Overview







OFFERS AN EFFICIENT WAY TO CREATE OBJECTS



CAN CREATE MULTIPLE OBJECTS USING THE SAME INTERFACE/ABSTRACT CLASS

Why Use it





Helps to avoid any duplications when creating objects and classes



Program is more modular as objects/sub-classes not dependent on specific implementations of its interfaces

When To Use

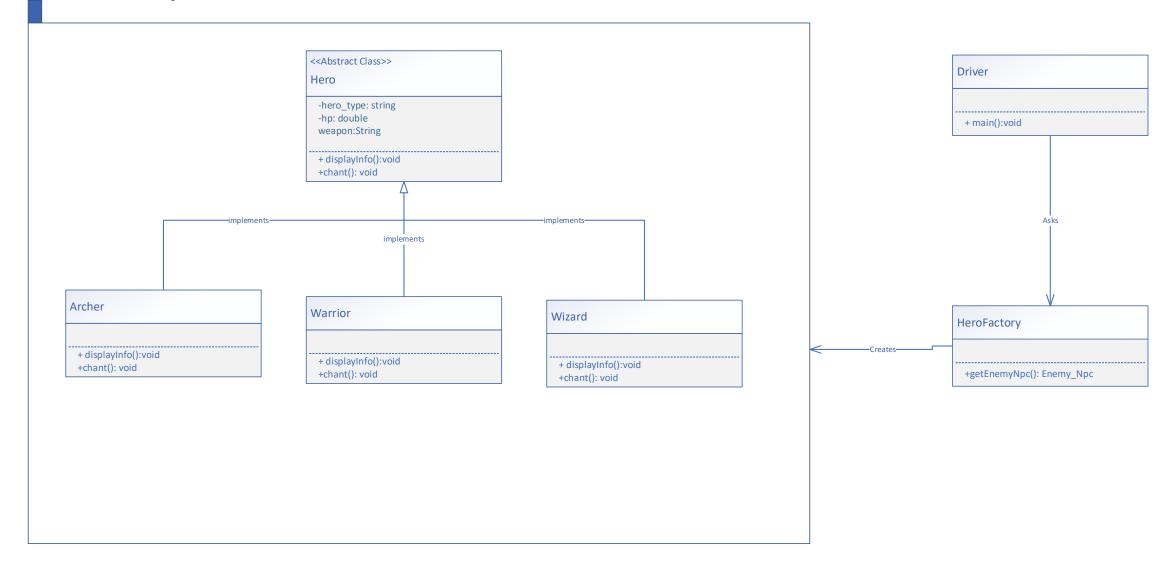
 When a Class does not know what sub-class/objects will be created beforehand

When a Class needs its subclasses to specify the object/subclass to be created

How it Works

- An interface/ abstract class is created and used as a template
- Specific Classes are created that implement the parent abstract class/interface
- A "Factory Class" is used generate objects from the Specific Classes

Sample Structure





Still Confused?

Example

We are creating the next best RPG game The Final Fantasy

The user gets to choose what type of Hero to create

How does the program know which Hero type to create?

Lets Find Out

<<Abstract Class>> Hero -hero_type: string -hp: double weapon:String + displayInfo():void +chant(): void

```
public abstract class Hero
{
    /***
    * GENERIC attribues for each enemey NPC

    */

private String hero_type;
private String weapon;
double hp;

public abstract void chant();

/***
    * GETTERS

    */
    public void displayInfo()
    {...*/
    public String getHeroType() { return hero_type; }

    public String getHeroType() { return weapon; }

    public String getHeroType() { return hero_type; }

    public String double getHp() { return hero_type; }

    public void setHeroType(String enemy_type) { this.hero_type = enemy_type; }

    public void setHeroType(String weapon) { this.weapon = weapon; }

    public void setHeroType(String weapon) { this.weapon = weapon; }

    public void setHeroType(String weapon) { this.weapon = weapon; }
    public void setHeroType(String weapon) { this.weapon = weapon; }
    public void setHeroType(String weapon) { this.weapon = weapon; }
    public void setHeroType(String weapon) { this.weapon = weapon; }
    public void setHeroType(String weapon) { this.weapon = weapon; }
    public void setHeroType(String weapon) { this.weapon = weapon; }
}
```

Template

First Create Abstract Class/Interface

In our case it's Generic Hero

Specific Classes

Create Specific Classes that implement/extend the template

In our case we will create 3 Specific Hero Classes: Archer, Warrior, Wizzard

```
+ displayInfo():void
+chant(): void
```

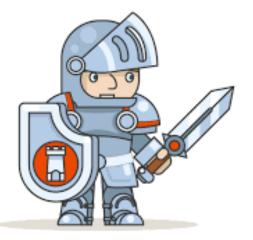
```
public class Archer extends Hero
{
    /***
    * Default constructor for an Archer EnemyNPC type
    */
    public Archer()
    {
        setHeroType("Archer");
        setWeapon("Bow and Arrow");
        setHp(50);
    }

    /***
    * Chant method for Archer

* */
@Override
public void chant()
    {
        System.out.println("Archer Chant: I AM ARCHER I LIKE ARROWS!!");
    }
}
```



Specific Classes: Archer



```
+ displayInfo():void
+chant(): void
```

```
public class Warrior extends Hero
{
    /***
    * Default constructor for an Wizzard EnemyNPC type
    */
    public Warrior()
{
        setHeroType("Warrior");
        setWeapon("Sword and Shield");
        setHp(80);
}

/***
    * Displays Warrior Chat
    */
    @Override
    public void chant()
{
        System.out.println("Warrior Chant: I AM WARRIOR I Like Sword!!");
}
```

Specific Classes: Warrior



```
public class Wizzard extends Hero
{
    /***
    * Default constructor for an Wizzard EnemyNPC type
    */
    public Wizzard()
    {
        setHeroType("Mizzard");
        setWeapon("Wand and Spell Book");
        setHp(40);
    }
}

/*** ...*/
@Override
public void chant()
{
        System.out.println("Wizzard Chant: I AM WIZZARD I Like Magic!!");
}
}
```

Specific Classes: Warrior

+getEnemyNpc(): Enemy Npc

```
public class HeroFactory
{
    // Factory class
    public Hero HeroFactory(String hero)
    {
        if (hero==null)
        {
            return null;
        }

        // Used to create an Archer NPC
        if(hero.equalsIgnoreCase( anotherString: "Archer"))
        {
            return new Archer();
        }

        // Used to create WIZZARD NPC
        else if (hero.equalsIgnoreCase( anotherString: "wizzard"))
        {
            return new Wizzard();
        }

        // Used to create warrior NPC
        else if (hero.equalsIgnoreCase( anotherString: "warrior"))
        {
            return new Warrior();
        }
}
```

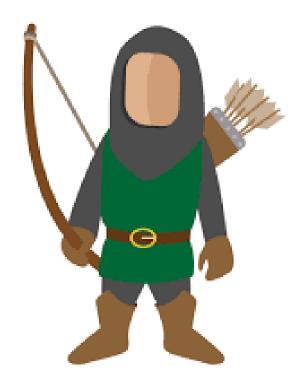
Factory Class

A Factory Class is created and used to determine which class to use when creating the object

```
public static void main(String[] args)
   int user_hero=0;
   HeroFactory npcFactory = new HeroFactory();
   System.out.println("FACTORY DEMO");
   System.out.println("Select Hero Type to create");
   System.out.println("1. Archer");
   System.out.println("2. Wizzard");
   System.out.println("3. Warrior");
   System.out.print("Choose from Options (1-3): ");
   Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
   user_hero= input.nextInt();
   System.out.println();
   if(user_hero==1)
       Hero hero1= npcFactory.HeroFactory("archer");
       hero1.displayInfo();
       hero1.chant();
   else if (user_hero==2)
   else if (user_hero==3)
```

Final Product

- User can decide which Hero Type to build
- The factory will choose the appropriate class to call when creating the object based on users input



FACTORY DEMO

Select Hero Type to create

1. Archer

2. Wizzard

3. Warrior

Choose from Options (1-3): 1

Hero Info:

Hero: Archer

Hero Weapon: Bow and Arrow

Hero HP: 50.0

Archer Chant: I AM ARCHER I LIKE ARROWS!!

Final Product

Resources Cited

- Java Point. (n.d.). *Factory Method Pattern*. Retrieved March 1, 2022, from https://www.javatpoint.com/factory-method-design-pattern
- Refactoring Guru. (n.d.). *Factory Method*. Retrieved March 1, 2022, from https://refactoring.guru/design-patterns/factory-method
- Teo, I. (2011, December 16). *Understanding the Factory Method Design Pattern*. Retrieved March 1, 2022, from Sitepoint: https://www.sitepoint.com/understanding-the-factory-method-design-pattern/
- Tutorials point. (n.d.). *Design Pattern Factory Pattern*. Retrieved March 1, 2022, from https://www.tutorialspoint.com/design_pattern/factory_pattern.htm