

# Interfaces

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Java

What if we wanted to a Warrior or Wizard?  
But reference them the same?

We want to have a variable in our program that holds objects from different classes. There are many ways to do this in Java.

**ROLE**



We are going to explore  
***interfaces*** to do this

# What is an interface?

An interface is a specification of the methods that an object must support.

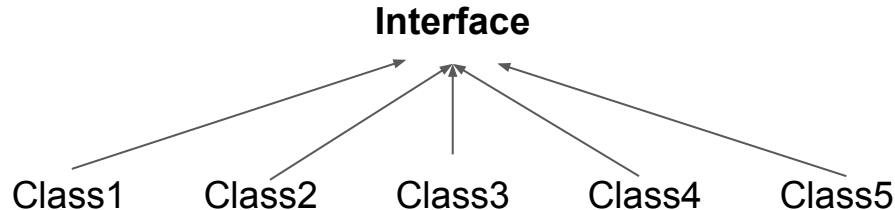
What does that mean???

# What is an interface?

In essence, it's what the slides have been defining for you!

An interface is:

An outline of what methods should be implemented in the class that succeeds it.




Let's look at one!

Just like a class!

**Doesn't implement** the  
methods themselves,  
**just outlines**

Usually "class" goes here



```
public interface FarmAnimal{  
    public void noise();  
    public void sleep();  
}
```



**Spooky  
semicolon!**

What if this were a class?


```
public interface FarmAnimal{  
    public void noise();  
    public void sleep();  
}
```

```
public class FarmAnimal{  
    public void noise(){  
        System.out.println("NOISE");  
    }  
    public void sleep(){  
        System.out.println("The animal sleeps");  
    }  
}
```

**Compare the differences between the two.**

So how do we know our class uses an interface?

```
public class Chicken implements FarmAnimal{  
}
```



New Keyword “implements”

```
public interface FarmAnimal{  
    public void noise();  
    public void sleep();  
}
```



Since Chicken implements FarmAnimal  
Chicken **MUST** have the methods outlined

```
public class Chicken implements FarmAnimal{  
    public void noise(){  
        System.out.println("BWAK");  
    }  
    public void sleep(){  
        System.out.println("The chicken sleeps");  
    }  
}
```

```
public interface FarmAnimal{  
    public void noise();  
    public void sleep();  
}
```

Since Chicken implements FarmAnimal  
Chicken **MUST** have the methods outlined,  
though they can be different

```
public class Chicken implements FarmAnimal{  
    public void noise(){  
        System.out.println("BWAK");  
    }  
    public void sleep(){  
        System.out.println("The chicken sleeps");  
    }  
}
```

```
public interface FarmAnimal{  
    public void noise();  
    public void sleep();  
}
```

# Where does the interface go in your folder?

It should be inside your package!  
Call package pkg at the top!

pkg  
    FarmAnimal.java  
    Chicken.java  
    Duck.java  
starter.java

```
package pkg;  
import java.util.Scanner;  
import java.util.Random;  
  
public interface FarmAnimal{  
    public void noise();  
    public void sleep();  
}
```

# Now how to use it!

In your main, now you can  
reference two classes within  
the same variable!

Don't be afraid  
to try it with arrays!

```
FarmAnimal x = new Chicken();  
FarmAnimal y = new Duck();  
x.noise();  
y.noise();
```

## Lab: Role Interface

Create the Role interface.

1. Wizard and Warrior implements Role
2. Your personal role should also implement Role
3. Figure out what methods should be outlined
  - a. You now can have **1 attack method.**

In main

1. Create a Role array of size 3.
2. Create three different objects inside
3. Print all of their names/art