Laboratory 5: Find a parking place!

Computer Vision 2022



CV 2022: HW / Projects

Introduction to C++ / OpenCV



- 2. Histogram and Filtering
- 3. Road Line Detection

- Select 1 among 2 and 3
- First «simple» HW: 3 pts
- Provide a very short report or comments in the source
- On/off mark

- 4. Image Mosaicing
- 5. Parking Spaces Det.

- Select 1 among 4 and 5
- Second «advanced» HW: 6 points
- More detailed report with results
- Mark based on solution quality

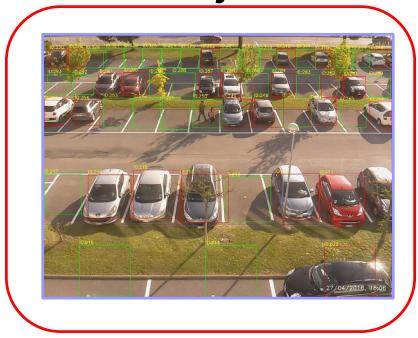
Final Exam (written in classroom): ~23 points

Final mark: $3 + 6 + 23 = \max 32$ points



CV 2022: Final Projects

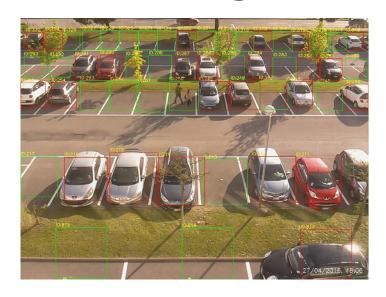




Two options:

- 1. Image mosaicing with feature descriptors (LAB4)
- 2. Detection of free parking spaces (LAB5)





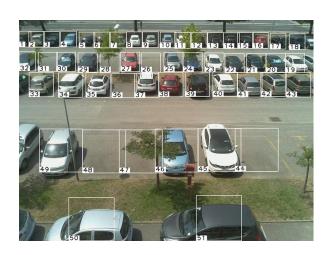
- Find free parking slots in the provided images
- Analyze each slot's region and detect if it contains a car
- Both "traditional" and machine learning based approaches can be used



The Datasets: CNRPark







Subset	Cams	Collection Period	Weather	Frames	Patches
CNRPark	2	July 2015 (2 days)	-\\.\chi\.	242	12,584
CNR-EXT	9	Nov. 2015 - Feb. 2016 (23 days)	÷<	4,081	144,965





- Download from http://cnrpark.it/
- Provides both the full images and the single slot patches
 - ☐ You can use the patches to train binary classifiers based on ML techniques
- The .csv files contains the location of the slots
- File CNRpark+EXT.csv and the .txt files contain the ground truth



The Datasets: PkLot





Parking1a



Parking:



Parking:

- Download from https://web.inf.ufpr.br/vri/databases/parking-lot-database/
- Provides both the full images and the single slot patches
- You can use the patches to train binary classifiers based on ML
- It considers larger parking lots with more slots that can be also rotated in different ways
- The slot positions and the ground truth are inside the .xml files
 - ☐ Have a look at the OpenCV FileStorage class to open .xml files



Parking Slot Detector

- Download the datasets and extract the information you need for the target task
- 2. The datasets are divided into train and test sets
 - ☐ The training set is useful if you use ML-based approaches
- 3. Task: find which parking slots are free and which are occupied
- 4. Possible approaches:
 - □ Run edge/corner/feature detector into the slot and analyse found features
 - Analyse image statistics into the slot
 - □ Extract features (e.g. SIFT, ORB), then use ML classifiers, e.g., SVM or Random Forests
 - Deep learning binary classifier: you can segment the slots, normalize them to a common size and orientation and then feed to the DL classifier (e.g., a 3-4 layer CNN)
 - □ Deep learning object detector (e.g., look for cars or motorbikes)





- You can choose your preferred strategy, any idea different from the proposed ones is welcome
- Develop the approach in C++
 - □ In case of Deep Learning based approaches use Python only for the deep networks module but keep C++ for pre- and post-processing
- Avoid directly cutting and pasting material from the web
 - □ in particular the cnrpark webpage provides a deep network already trained for the task, do not use it
 - □ If for any reason you use material from the web for side activity (e.g., load xml, visualization, pre-available deep nets...) declare it
 - Not declared material from the internet will result in a big penalty
- Recall you need to deliver the code, the report (mandatory for the final project) and some output results