

Edoardo Briganti

 Italian

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 <https://edoardobriganti.github.io>

 [Github Repository](#)

 [Edoardo Briganti](#)

Fields of Interest

- ◇ Macroeconomics.
- ◇ Fiscal and Monetary Policy.

Education

- 09/2018 – current
- ◇ **Ph.D Economics, University of California, San Diego.** Expected Graduation: June 2024.
Committee: Valerie Ramey (Chair), James Hamilton, Nir Jaimovich, Johannes Wieland, Munesob Lee.
- 09/2014 – 03/2017
- 12/2013 – 05/2014
- ◇ **M.Sc. Economics, Bocconi University.** Grade: 110 cum Laude/110.
- ◇ **Exchange Program, University of Victoria** Dep. of Economics (Canada, BC).
- 09/2011 – 09/2014
- ◇ **B.Sc. Economics, Bocconi University.**

Working Experience


Teaching and Research

- 09/2019 - Today
- ◇ **Teaching Assistant**, UC San Diego. (Macroeconomics, Econometrics, Operations Research).
- 03/2017 – 06/2018
- ◇ **Research Assistant**, Bocconi University (for Prof. Carlo Favero).
- 02/2018 – 06/2018
- ◇ **Teaching Assistant**, Bocconi University (Statistics).










Private Sector

- 06/2022 – 08/2022
- ◇ **Internship, Economist/Data Scientist** at Wayfair. Boston (USA).
- 01/2016 – 04/2016
- ◇ **Internship, Investment Consultant** at Leopard Capital. Phonm Penh (Cambodia).

Grants and Scholarship

- ◇ **2023 - Best Teaching Assistant Award** from UC San Diego: 500\$.
- ◇ **2019 and 2020 - Graduate Summer Research** from UC San Diego: 4,000\$.
- ◇ **2017 - Giorgio Mortara Scholarship** from **Banca d'Italia** (27,000€ + UC San Diego first year PhD Tuition).
Find my M.Sc thesis title among the list of winners on the Banca d'Italia's website, [here](#)  ("Chaos in Capital Accumulation Path with Non Linear Aggregators").

Skills

Languages	◇ Italian (Native) - English (Proficient) - French (Basic).
Macroeconomic Modeling	◇ Multi-sector RBC Model with IO Network, NK, TANK, HANK, Medium Scale NK.
Time Series Econometrics	◇ VAR (SVAR, EVAR, Proxy-SVAR), Local Projections (LP), Local Projections Instrumental Variables (LP-IV), ARIMA models, Kalman Filter, Spatial Panel Autoregression, Bayesian MCMC, Markov Chain Regime Switching Models, Structural Breaks (Chow tests).
Causal Inference	◇ Difference-in-Difference, Instrumental Variables, Regression Discontinuity.
Discrete Choice Models	◇ Probit, Logit, Multinomial.
Statistical Software	◇  Stata,  Matlab, Dynare,  Python,  R (Basic).
DBSM	◇  Google Big Query,  MySQL.
Others	◇  Github -  LaTeX-  MS Office.

Working Papers

- ◇ **(JMP) On the Effect of Government Purchases and Their Transmission Mechanism.** I construct a novel quarterly series of US military prime contracts from 1947Q1 onward. I order this new variable first in a VAR to identify government spending shocks. This approach has several benefits relative to other existing methods. In particular, military contracts: (i) account for anticipation effects of government spending (G), (ii) do not require a narrative analysis, (iii) preserve statistical power in samples after the Korean war and (iv) are highly concentrated in a few public companies, providing clear visibility into the direct recipients of government funds. Positive shocks to military contracts increase output, inventories (capturing contractor production not yet recorded in G), non-durable plus service consumption and output-per-hour. Other components of GDP either do not respond or have responses which vary by horizons and samples. The findings are rationalized using a two-sector RBC model with "learning-by-doing," a distinct trait of military item production.
- ◇ **Why Does GDP Move Before Government Spending? It Is All in the Measurement** with Victor Sellemi ([Link to the paper](#)). We find that the early impact of defense news shocks on GDP is due to arise in business inventories, as contractors ramp up production for new defense contracts. These contracts do not affect government spending (G) until payment-on-delivery, which occurs 2/3 quarters later. Novel data on defense procurement obligations reveals that contract awards Granger-cause shocks to G identified via Cholesky decomposition, but not defense news shocks. We show that Cholesky shocks to G miss early changes in inventories, and thus result in lower multiplier estimates relative to defense news shocks.
- ◇ **The Network Effect of Fiscal Adjustments** with Carlo Favero and Madina Karamysheva ([Link to the paper](#)). We study the effects of fiscal consolidations in the United States and their propagation in the production network. We use a narrative approach to identify fiscal adjustments which are exogenous to output fluctuations. Then we apply spatial econometric techniques to separate the total effect of fiscal adjustments into a direct and network component. We find that fiscal adjustments based on increased taxation are more recessionary than those based on spending cuts. Moreover, one quarter of the difference in their total output effect is explained by the stronger network propagation of taxes relative to government spending.