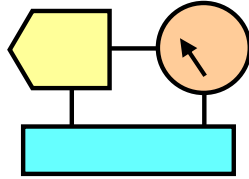


APPLIED ELECTRONICS

Part D:

Class exercises 3

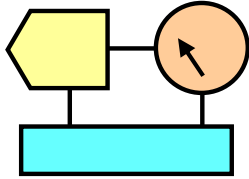
**Analog-Digital and Digital-Analog
conversion systems**



Problem 1 – Assignment

A/D conversion

- Plot the block diagram of a system for A/D conversion of signals from 4 channels. The input signals have dynamics $[1\text{ V} - 2\text{ V}]$ and bandwidth $0 - 15\text{ kHz}$. The system must use one A/D converter (dynamics $[0 - 5\text{ V}]$ and $T_c = 500\text{ ns}$) and one S/H with acquisition time $T_{\text{acq}} = 700\text{ ns}$.
- Determine the maximum and minimum sampling frequency.
- Draw the circuit of the conditioning amplifier (if it is necessary) and calculate the value of the resistors of the circuit.
- If the input signals are sine waves with dynamics $[1\text{ V} - 2\text{ V}]$, calculate the minimum number of bit to guarantee $\text{SNR}_q > 35\text{ dB}$.
- If the input sine wave has amplitude V_p variable in the range between 0.5 V and 2.5 V (i.e: $V_{p\text{min}} = 0.5\text{ V}$ and $V_{p\text{max}} = 2.5\text{ V}$) and average value equal to 1.5 V , calculate the minimum number of bits of the A/D to guarantee $\text{SNR}_q > 35\text{ dB}$.



Problem 2 – Assignment

D/A conversion

(NOTE: circuit of LAB 3)

Given the circuit shown in the figure where the CD4029 is a counter with $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ and OA is an operational amplifier with $V_{CC} = \pm 10\text{ V}$, calculate the resistors to satisfy the following conditions:

- Full scale output voltage $V_{fs} = -5\text{ V}$
- Error in the MSB output voltage due to the “equivalent resistance of the switches” less than $\frac{1}{2}$ LSB.

CD4029 output pin

