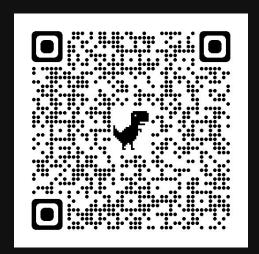
ACM Spring 2022 CSIP 4







Introduction





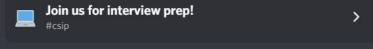


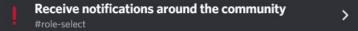


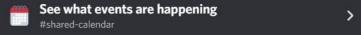


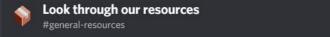
Welcome to Association for Computing Machinery @ UGA

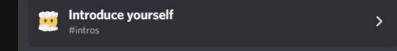
TOP THINGS TO DO HERE









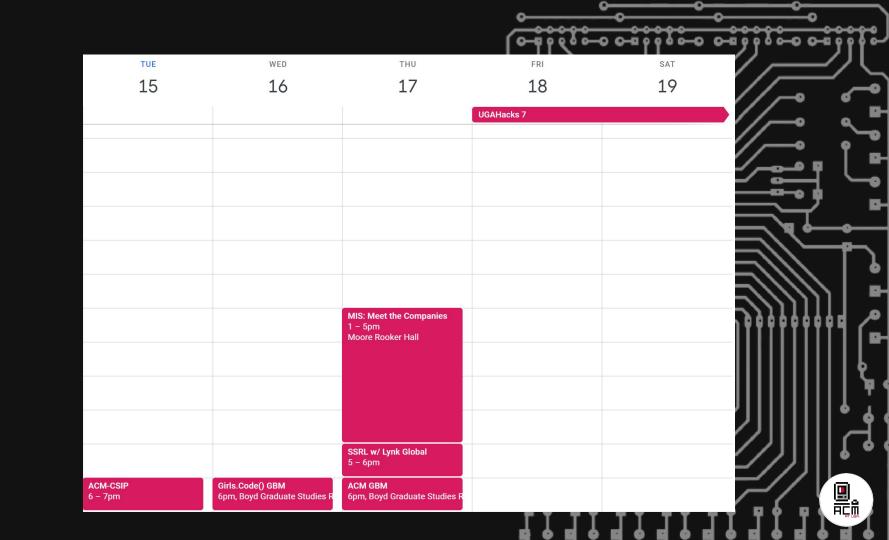


I'll just look around for now

Upcoming Events







MENTAL HEALTH RESOURCES which is he should all some and some and some as a second

Company Research





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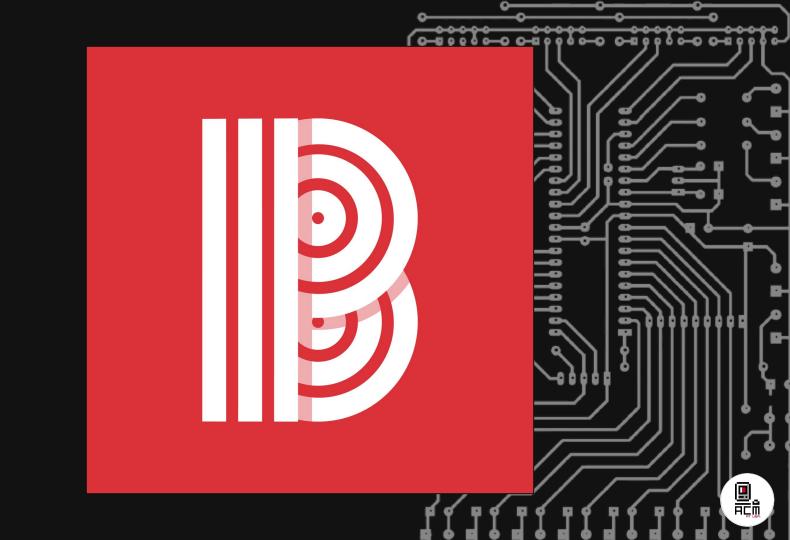






This event is supported in part by the President's Venture Fund through the generous gifts of University of Georgia donors.







Practice





217. Contains Duplicate Easy △ 3789 ♀ 926 ♥ Add to List △ Share Given an integer array nums, return true if any value appears at least twice in the array, and return false if every element is distinct. Example 1: **Input:** nums = [1,2,3,1]Output: true Example 2: **Input:** nums = [1,2,3,4]Output: false Example 3: **Input:** nums = [1,1,1,3,3,4,3,2,4,2]Output: true

1. Two Sum

Given an array of integers nums and an integer target, return indices of the two numbers such that they add up to target.

You may assume that each input would have **exactly one solution**, and you may not use the same element twice.

You can return the answer in any order.

Example 1:

Input: nums = [2,7,11,15], target = 9
Output: [0,1]
Explanation: Because nums[0] + nums[1] == 9, we return [0, 1].

Example 2:

Input: nums = [3,2,4], target = 6
Output: [1,2]

Example 3:

Input: nums = [3,3], target = 6
Output: [0,1]

Conclusion





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