

Homework 3

Submission instructions.

- Submissions are due on Thursday 09/24 at 10.00pm ET
- Please upload scans of your solution in GradeScope (via Canvas)

Instructions

- Please solve all non-MATLAB problems using **only** paper and pen, without resorting to a computer.
 - Please show all necessary steps to get the final answer. However, there is no need to be overly elaborate. Crisp and complete answers.
 - For all MATLAB problems, include all code written to generate solutions.
 - Please post all questions on the discussion board on the Piazza course website.
 - If you feel some information is missing, you are welcome to make reasonable assumptions and proceed. Sometimes the omissions are intentional. Needless to say, only reasonable assumptions will be accepted.
1. (*Some elementary radon transforms and properties*) Consider an image $f(x, y)$ and its radon transform $r(\theta, \alpha)$.
 - a) If $f(x, y)$ is rotationally-invariant, show that $r(\theta, \alpha) = r(\alpha)$, i.e., the radon transform is not a function of the projection angle θ .
 - b) Let $r(\alpha) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-\frac{\alpha^2}{2}}$. Derive $f(x, y)$.
 2. (*Scaling and Radon Transforms*) Let the Radon transform of the image $i_1(x, y)$ be $r_1(\alpha, \theta)$. Let $i_2(x, y) = i_1(ax, ay)$, be a scaled image.
Find an expression for $r_2(\alpha, \theta)$, the Radon transform of $i_2(x, y)$, in terms of r_1 .
 3. (*Translations and Radon Transforms*) Let the Radon transform of an image $i_1(x, y)$ be $r_1(\alpha, \theta)$. Let $i_2(x, y) = i_1(x - a, y - b)$.
Find an expression for $r_2(\alpha, \theta)$, the Radon transform of $i_2(x, y)$, in terms of r_1 and other quantities.
 4. (*Implement filtered backprojection*) In `hw03.mat`, you are given radon transform measurements in the variable `rad`, corresponding to values in `alpha` and `theta`. Implement filtered backprojection.

Notes:

- (a) You are restricted to basic commands like `fft`, `fft2`, `conv`, `conv2`, `meshgrid`, `interp2`, and other basic commands. Specifically, you cannot use commands that do radon inversion like `iradon`.
- (b) Follow the steps laid out in the lecture: (1) 1D Fourier transform of line integral, (2) Ramp filtering, (3) Inverse FT, and finally (4) Backprojection.
- (c) Attend recitation

Problems below wont be graded. We wont release solutions as well. We are happy to verify yours, if you post on piazza, and discuss them

- 5. Suppose that image $f(x, y)$ has radon transform $r_f(\alpha, \theta)$, and the image $g(x, y)$ has radon transform $r_g(\alpha, \theta)$. Suppose that $r_g(\alpha, \theta) = \frac{d}{d\theta} r_f(\alpha, \theta)$. Derive an expression relating $g(x, y)$ to $f(x, y)$.
- 6. Suppose that image $f(x, y)$ has radon transform $r_f(\alpha, \theta)$, and the image $g(x, y)$ has radon transform $r_g(\alpha, \theta)$. Suppose that $g(x, y) = \frac{d}{dx} f(x, y)$. Derive an expression relating r_g in terms of r_f .
- 7. You are given the radon transform of an image. Derive an analytical expression for the image. It is ok if the values in your expression are approximate.

