C502 – Operating Systems Tutorial *

Memory Management

- 1. Describe the difference between swapping and paging in the context of virtual memory management.
- 2. What is an associative memory? How does it work and how is it implemented?
- 3. A system implements a paged virtual address space for each process using a one-level page table. The maximum size of an address space is 16 MB. The page table for the running process includes the following entries:

Page	Frame
0	4
1	8
2	16
3	17

ignment Project Exam Help

The page size is 1024 bytes and the maximum physical memory size of the machine is 2 MB.

- (a) How many bits are re
- (b) What is the natitos://eduassistpro.github.io/
 (c) How many bits are there in a virtual address?
- (d) To which physical address will the virtual address 1524 translat
- (e) Which virtual Alexe ill was to nat a column at a column at the colum
- 4. Calculate the access times for a four-level paging system assuming a TLB hit ratio of 80% and 98%. Assume that time for a memory access is 100 ns and for TLB access 20 ns.

How does this compare to a single-level paging system?

5. Compare small and large page sizes for a paged virtual memory system. Consider fragmentation, data structure requirements, page tables, page transfer time, TLB space etc. (Exam question in 2015-16).

^{*}with thanks to Morris Sloman