# CIS 455/555: Internet and Web Systems

Fall 2020

### **Homework 2: Web Crawling and Stream Processing**

# Mhttps://eduassistpro.github.io/

# Assignment Project Exam Help

## 1. Background

In this assignment, you will explore several port Webter Indeed U\_assist project, by building a topic-specific orawler looks for documents or data matching certain phrases or content in the header or body.

This assignment will e https://eduassistpro.github.io/ou built for Assignment 1

- Expanding a dy

   (or Spark Framework) and allows users to (1) cre
   defined by a set of XPath expressions, and (3) to defined by a set of XPath expressions, and (3) to defined by a set of XPath expressions, and (3) to defined by a set of XPath expressions, and (3) to define defined by a set of XPath expressions, and (3) to define def
- Implementing and expanding a persistent data stor DB) to hold retrieved HTML/XML documents and channel definitions.
- Fleshing out a crawler that traverses the Web, looking for HTML and XML documents that match one of the patterns.

#### In Milestone 2:

- Refactoring the crawler to fit into a stream processing system's basic abstractions;
- Routing documents from the crawler through a stream engine for processing one at a time;
- Writing a pattern matcher that determines if an HTML or XML document matches one of a set of patterns;

The resulting application will be very versatile, able to filter documents into categories with specified keywords. Assignment 2 can build on your application server from Assignment 1. However, if you are not confident that your web server is working well, please use Spark Framework (<a href="http://www.sparkjava.com/">http://www.sparkjava.com/</a>) to test your application. (Using your own server will earn you +5% extra credit. You are allowed to make fixes to it as necessary.)

## 2. Developing and running your code

You should fork, clone, and import the framework code for HW2 using the same process as for HW0 and HW1 (fork from ssh://git@bitbucket.org/upenn-cis555/555-hw2.git to your own private repository, then clone from your repository to your VirtualBox/Vagrant instance). You should, of course, regularly commit code as you make changes so you can revert; and you should periodically push to your own repository on bitbucket, in case your computer crashes.

Initially you will be using the Spark Framework for this assignment, but for extra credit you can run it using your own HW1 framework (

Carefully read the entire a https://eduassistpro.github few/s time thinking about the design of your solution. What classes will you need? How many threads will there be? What will the Anterface good file? Which detastrocines need yndarmination And soon.

We strongly recommend that you regularly check the discussio

to common problems. Assign Adot Meditated edu\_assist\_pro

3. Milestone 1

e, and Crawler

For the first milestone, a pattern matching engither the fed into a pattern matching engither the fed into

# 3.1 Routes-Based Weldnik Welcharledu\_assist\_pro

In preparation for Milestone 2, we will have a Web interfac edu.upenn.cis455.crawler.WebInterface and it should register routes for various behaviors. We have given you a partial implementation of the login handler so you can get started.

- 1. If the user makes a request for a page and is not logged in (has no Session), the server should output the login form, login-form.html. This form should submit a POST message as described below under "log in to existing account."
- 2. If the user is logged in (has a session), requests to the root URL (or /index.html) should present a simple login page showing "Welcome" followed by the user's username. (We will add more functionality in Milestone 2.)

You will see in the provided code how Filters allow you to make decisions about whether the user's request should proceed, or the user should be redirected to the login form. So some of the above should already be present.

Beyond the above, you should build additional routes to support the following functions:

- Create a new account. This should take a POST to URL localhost: 45555/register with two parameters, username and password. Upon success it should return an appropriate success code with a link to the main page and its login screen. On failure, it should return an appropriate error.
- Log into an existing account (multiple users should be able to log in at the same time). This should take a POST to URL localhost: 45555/login with two parameters, username and password. Upon success it should create a new Session with the user's info and return the user to the main page, which should show the logged-in info as above. The Session should time out after 5 minutes of inactivity.
- Log out of the acco
  the user to the login https://eduassistpro.github.io/

Note that you may take advantage of **Sessions** and the various other capabilities of the Spark Framework and/or the ones you developed in Homework 1 Milestone 2. Some of the above functionality is provided, so please look careful Standard and subject to the Ct Exam Help

3.2. Storage of Document and User Credenti

We will use Be kees be in a complete to the complete comple

overview/index.html), which may be downloaded freely from their website, to implement a disk-backed data store. Berkeley D to use as a key-value store; there is ample do to to use as a key-value store; there is ample do to to use as a key-value store; there is ample do to use as a key-value store; there is a to use as a key-value store; there is a to use as a key-value store; there is a to use as a key-value store; there is a to use as a key-value store; there is a to use as a key-value store; the use as a key-val

Your store will hold (at least). dd WeChat edu\_assist\_pro

- the usernames and **encrypted passwords** of regis
- (in Milestone 2) information about user channels
- and the raw content of HTML or XML files retrieved from the Web, as well as the time the file was last checked by the crawler.

If you use the Collections interface, you will create objects, representing your data, that extend java.io.Serializable and store them in objects like StoredSortedMaps. User passwords should instead be saved using SHA-256 hashing. No cleartext passwords should be saved.

The WebInterface program, when run from the command-line, should take as the first argument a path for the BerkeleyDB data storage instance, and as a second argument, a path to your static HTML files. You should create a data storage directory if it does not already exist.

### 3.3. Basic Web Crawler

Your web crawler will initially be a Java application that can be run in Eclipse by creating a Run Configuration (as in HWO) with the goal "clean install exec:java@crawler". From the command

line, you can also run mvn exec:java@crawler. In both cases, the crawler will take the following command-line arguments (in this specific order, and the first three are required):

- 1. The URL of the Web page at which to start. Note that there are several ways to open the URL.
  - a. For plain HTTP URLs you will probably get the best performance by just opening a socket to the port (we've provided the URLInfo class to help parse the pieces out). It is also acceptable to use Java's HTTPUrlConnection.
  - b. For HTTPS URLs you may want to use java.net.URL's openConnection() method and cast to javax.net.ssl.HttpsURLConnection. This in turn has input and output streams as u
- 2. The directory conta nttps://eduassistpro.gds.your store (this will match the path the w https://eduassistpro.gdc.dechot already exist. Your crawler should recursively follow links from the page it starts on.
- 3. The maximum size, in megabytes, of documents to be retrieved from a Web server
- 4. An optional institution the runtier to the before exiting. This will be useful for testing!

The crawler is intended to be underbot at sine by hand edu\_assistive on command. It is, therefore, not necessary to build a somectio eto the crawler, except that the two will share a common database. Note also that BerkeleyDB does not like to share database instances ac one runs at a time.

The crawler traverses li

JSoup (https://jsoup.org/, included with your Maven pack ing the HTML document for occurrences of the pattern had f=WRL" and its subtle edu assist pro

If a link points to another HTML document, it should be retrieved and scanned for links as well. The same is true if it points to an XML or RSS document. **Don't bother crawling images or trying to extract links from XML files.** All retrieved HTML and XML documents should be stored in the BerkeleyDB database (so that the crawler does not have to retrieve them again if they do not change before the next crawl). The crawler **must be careful not to search the same page multiple times during a given crawl**, and it should exit when it has no more pages to crawl. You'll need to understand what parts of functionality are provided and where you need to supplement.

Redundant documents and cyclic crawls: Your crawler should compute an MD5 hash of every document that is fetched, and store this in a "content seen" table in BerkeleyDB. If you crawl a document with a matching hash during the same crawler run, you should not index it or traverse its outgoing links.

When your crawler is processing a new HTML or XML page, it should print a **short status report to the Apache Log4J logger**, using the "**info**" status level. At the very least, you should print: "http://xyz.com/index.html: downloading" (if the page is actually downloaded) or "http://abc.com/def.html: not modified" (if the page is not downloaded because it has not changed). Make sure you follow the above format to comply with the autograder's assumptions.

### 3.4. Politeness

Your crawler must be a considerate Web citizen. First, it must respect the **robots.txt** file, as described in A Standard for Robot Exclusion (<a href="http://www.robotstxt.org/robotstxt.html">http://www.robotstxt.org/robotstxt.html</a>). It must support the **Crawl-Delay** directive (see <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robots.txt">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robots.txt</a>) and "**User-agent**: \*", but it need not support wildcards in the Disallow: paths. Second, it must always send a HEAD request first to determine the type and size of a file on a Web server. If the file has the type text/html or one of the XML MIME types:

- text/xml
- application/xml
- Any mime types that

and if the file is less than or https://eduassistpro.github.jo/ould retrieve the file and process it; otherwise it should ignore it and move on. For more details on XML media types, see RFC 3023 (http://www.ixtf.org/rtc/rfc3023.txt). Your clayler should also not retrieve the file if it has not been modified since the last time it was crawled, but it should still process unchanged files (i.e., match them against XPaths and extract links from them) using the copy in its local database.

We have given you coinc "helper a grant to be the country of the c

Certain web content, sure is free from Penn's came to download but is free from Penn's came a lot of trouble.

User-Agent: cis455crawler in each request.

Add WeChat edu\_assist\_pro

#### 3.5. Test cases

You must develop at least two JUnit tests for storage system and two more for the crawler.

You should next add a Route to enable retrieval of documents from the BDBstore, using the following form:

localhost:45555/lookup?url=...

that takes a GET request with a URL as parameter url, and returns the stored document corresponding to that URL. Think of this as the equivalent of Google's cache. If the document was not crawled, your server should return a 404 error. We will use this interface for testing.

### 3.6. Milestone 1 Submission

Submit a zip file on Canvas as before.

## 4. Milestone 2: Streaming Crawler and Matching Engine

The next milestone will consist of an evaluator for *streams* of document content. You will extend your Milestone 1 project to run on a **stream processing engine** that enables multithreaded execution. You will also extend your application and storage system to enable users to register "subscription channels" with the system. Finally, you will build a stream processing component that checks documents against the various "channels" and outputs results per user.

# 4.1 Rework the Crawler as a "Spout," "Bolt," and Shared Modules in StormLite

Your Milestone 1 project hanttps://eduassistpro.github.io/he crawler and presumably did t aller unit of work that can be parallelized.

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To do this, we'll be using a Cis 455/555-custom emulation of the Apache Storm stream engine, which we call **StormLite** (it should show up in your HW2 repo already).

n StormLite and see **TestWordCount** (in the test directory are parallel of a that produce data one resultant that a bolts that produce to understand how of the Spark Framework, you should be able to use examples of Apache Storm code to understand how StormLite works.

You should **refactor y** https://eduassistpro.github.io/ Supports multiple worker threads but you can control the n d start with 1).

- 1. You will maintain (or update) your continue that edu\_assist\_ne\_processing processing processing
- 2. You will maintain your BerkeleyDB storage system from Milestone 1. This will also be a shared object, at least across some aspects of your Milestone 2 implementation. Again, you may want to use a "singleton factory" pattern.
- 3. The crawler should be placed in a **bolt** its **execute** method gets called once for each URL from the crawler queue. The crawler should output documents one at a time to its output stream. See the **IRichBolt** interface and the example code.
- 4. Now, in our suggested (but not mandatory) architecture, there should be two "downstream" bolts that take documents. (It is perfectly possible to send an output stream to two destinations.)
- 5. Lower branch:
  - a. One **bolt** should have an **execute** method that takes a document, writes it to the BerkeleyDB storage system, and outputs a stream of extracted URLs.
  - b. Next, there should be a **bolt** that filters URLs (using appropriate techniques and data structures) and updates the shared frontier queue.
- 6. Upper branch:
  - a. A second (in parallel) **bolt** should take a document and parse it using JSoup or another parser that takes into account element structure. It should send *streams* of

OccurrenceEvents. This bolt will traverse the entire DOM tree in the DOM, using a standard tree traversal. You will send an OccurrenceEvent each time you traverse to an element node from its parent (**ElementOpen**), each time you traverse to a text node (**Text**), or each time you traverse back up to an element node from its children (**ElementClose**).

b. Finally, there should be a **bolt** that checks for **matches to channels** by using the streams of events. When there is a match, it should update the BerkeleyDB store accordingly.

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Based on the sample https://eduassistpro.gith.ub.io/ct) the documentation on Storm available from Stack Overflow an stream dataflow like the one illustrated above Chat edu\_assist\_pro

You can assume a single crawler queue bolt, but should lo shuffleGrouping specifiers allow you to specify how data gets distributed when there are multiple "executors" such as multiple copies of the crawler, parser, etc.

### 4.2 Extended Routes-based Web Interface

For Milestone 2, you will also enhance the Web application to support the following functions for logged in users.

### 4.2.1. Channels

Now that you have users and HTML or XML, we want to "connect" users with "interesting" content. To do this, any logged in user will be able to create **channels**. A channel is a named pattern describing a class of documents. An example of a channel definition would be

sports : /rss/channel/title[contains(text(), "sports")]

and you can see an example of content that would match the channel at: http://rss.nytimes.com/services/xml/rss/nyt/Sports.xml

Assume that channels and their names are global.

You should implement an interface to create a channel, as a GET call:

localhost:45555/create/{name}?xpath={xpath-pattern}

### 4.2.2. Updated Login Screen

As before, you should have a login/registration form at localhost: 45555/register. Once a user is logged in, you should have a "home page" at localhost: 45555/.

- List all channels ava https://eduassistpro.github.io/at
   Include a link to the door
- localhost:45555/show?channel={name}

Obviously, you with acts add so had both be better the Berkeley Besterage system from use subscriptions and to store which documents correspond to a channel (see Section 3.2 for how this will be populated). How you implement most of the functionality of the Web interface just constraining the URL interfaces. To take the channel must be displayed by the show request.

- For each chan "Channel na https://eduassistpro.git/gubato/by:" followed by th
- For each HTTP or XML (e.g., RSS) document tha
- channel:
- The string "crowled C" friend edu\_assist map ro 19-10-31T17:45:48, i.e. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm rator between the day and the time.
- The string "Location: " followed by the URL of the document.
- O A <div class="document"> element with the contents of the document.
- If the channel does not exist, return a 404.

We expect this application to run on your application server from the HW1. If you did not complete the HW1, or for some other reason do not want to continue to use the application server that you wrote, you may continue to use Spark Java with no penalty.

## 4.3 Pattern Engine as a StormLite Bolt

You need to write a class edu.upenn.cis455.xpathengine.XPathEngineImpl that implements edu.upenn.cis455.xpathengine.XPathEngine (included with the code in Bitbucket), and evaluates a set of XPath expressions on the specified HTML or XML document. Both protocols can be handled similarly, except that HTML, unlike XML, is case insensitive. Once you have tested that individually, you will incorporate it into (call it from) a StormLite **bolt**. We will be focusing *only* on elements, sub-elements, and text nodes.

The implementation object (instance of XPathEngineImpl) should be created via the XPathEngineFactory. The setXPaths method gives the class a number of XPaths to evaluate. The isValid(i) method should return false if the *i*th XPath was invalid, and true otherwise. You should implement the **evaluateEvent()** method:

- 1. This takes an **OccurrenceEvent**, which will have a document ID and a "parse event."
- 2. Given a set of registered XPaths, if the document associated with the event has satisfied (at any point) the XPath, a bit corresponding to that XPath should be set.
- 3. Your XPathEngine will need to store state for each document, to monitor its progress. This state should be initialized ntOpen; it should be updated each time yo document have been https://eduassistpro.github.io/

To make things simpler, we are supporting a very limited subset of XPath, as specified by the following grammar (modulo wie saccything entire should be Exam Help

Assignation (/ step)+

Assignation (/ step)+

Lext () = 1..."

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where nodename is a v

/db/record/name[text() = "Alice"] is valid. Rec cketed conditions are imposed at the same step a a due y, with raw (taplay for a edu\_assist\_pro

Below are some examples of valid XPaths that you need to support (not an exhaustive list):

```
/foo/bar/xyz
/xyz/abc[contains(text(),"someSubstring")]
/a/b/c[text()="theEntireText"]
/d/e/f/foo[text()="something"]/bar
/a/b/c[text() = "whiteSpacesShouldNotMatter"]
```

You should be able to think about these kinds of XPaths as regular expressions over open and close events.

The stream of **OccurrenceEvents** will be coming from a separate parser bolt (in our standard architecture; you can diverge from this if you prefer). You will probably want to create a test bolt when developing the XPath engine. The easiest HTML/XML parser to use in Java is probably a DOM (Document Object Model) parser, e.g., the one from JSoup. Such a parser builds an in-memory data structure holding an entire HTML or XML document. From there, it is easy to walk the tree and output events. You can also look into SAX parsers.

Once your XPath engine works over individual documents, you'll want to write a StormLite bolt whose execute() method instantiates the XPath engine for a given input document (passed in as a tuple), looks up all of the channels defined in the BerkeleyDB database, and for each document that matches an XPath for a channel, records the document as a match to the channel. Subsequently, the Web application interface will be able to show the documents as matches.

### **4.4 Unit Tests**

In addition, you must implement at least 5 unit tests, using the JUnit package (see the section on Testing below for helpful Web page r your code: you can set up a set of basic objects f https://eduassistpro.gith

Your JUnit test suite should or XML document or build a DOM tree), then run a series of unit tests that validate your Web application and your XPath machine in joint portrained at least tourities the perhaps early designed to the some particular functionality) and at least one must be for the Web application and one for the XPath evaluator.

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Your solution must meet the following requirements (please rea

- 1. You must impl 2. Your XPath en https://eduassistpro.gft.ine.interface/
- static method is called.
- 3. Your submission must contain a) the entire source to build your sourc nstructions for building full name and SEAS login name, 2) any extra cre or running.
- 4. Your code must contain a reasonable amount of useful documentation.

Reminder: All the code you submit (other than the dependencies on the JSoup/JTidy/TagSoup parser, the standard Java libraries, and any code we have provided) must have been written by you personally, and you may not collaborate with anyone else on this assignment. Copying code from the web is considered plagiarism.

## 5. Testing the Crawler

### 5.1. 'Sandbox'

We have implemented a small sandbox for you to test your code on. It runs on machines in Penn Engineering, so it will be fast to access, and it will not contain any links out of itself. The start URL of the sandbox is <a href="https://crawltest.cis.upenn.edu/">https://crawltest.cis.upenn.edu/</a>. There should be adequate XML and HTML documents there to test your XPath matching.

### **5.2. JUnit**

In order to encourage modularization and test driven development, you will be required to code test cases using the JUnit package (<a href="http://www.junit.org/">http://www.junit.org/</a>) - a framework that allows you to write and run tests over your modules. A single test case consists of a class of methods, each of which (usually) tests one of your source classes and its methods. A test suite is a class that allows you to run all your test cases as a single program. You can get more information here: <a href="http://www.onjava.com/pub/a/onjava/2004/02/04/juie.html">http://www.onjava.com/pub/a/onjava/2004/02/04/juie.html</a>.

For Milestone 1, you must include 5 test cases and for Milestone 2, a test suite consisting of these 5 and at least 2 more for each of DOM Parser and Path Matcher (for a total of 5 new tests). If your test suite uses any files (e.g., test inputs), pl
path, so your tests will run correctly on the grad https://eduassistpro.github.io/

6. Extra credit Assignment Project Exam Help
There are several enhancements you can add to your assignment for extra credit. In all cases

There are several enhancements you can add to your assignment for extra credit. In all cases, if you implement an improved component, you do not need to implem

cribed above; however, your improved component must still pass our test suite

points if it doe not SA sate private proving from B. dasic CU\_assistic Cu\_assi

# 6.1 BYOF - Bring https://eduassistpro.github.io/

Rather than using Spark Framework, get your Homewor framework. From your Framework at the Statute CU\_assisting work 1 Milestone 2 (with your HW1 repo) to pull your Homework 1 Miles into the appropriate subdirectory for HW1 and run the following to put it into a local Maven repository:

```
mvn clean install
mvn deploy:deploy-file -Dfile=target/homework-1-1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar -
DpomFile=pom.xml -Durl=file:/vagrant/555-hw2/maven-repository/ -
DrepositoryId=maven-repository -DupdateReleaseInfo=true
```

Then modify your Homework 2 **pom.xml** to add:

and of course, remove Spark Framework and change the imports from **spark.Spark.\*** to the appropriate imports for your HW1.

### 6.2. Crawler web interface (+10%)

For 10% extra credit, provide a Web interface for the crawler. An admin user (not all users) should be able to start the crawler at a specific page, set crawler parameters, stop the crawler if it is running, and display statistics about the crawler's execution, such as

- the number of HTML pages scanned for links,
- the number of XML documents retrieved,
- the amount of data downloaded,
- the number of servers visited.
- the number of XML
- the servers with the https://eduassistpro.github.io/

This will entail using some sort of communication between processes, potentially through the storage system or via an HATP-request nment Project Exam Help

## 6.3. User / channel subscriptions (+5%)

For 5% extra Aedit allow users the Company of the Channels to which they are subscribed, in addit a "subscription" interface at: localhos

Here, when a user logs https://eduassistpro.githhelboripodd to all channels.

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