CO526 Databases Course Work 1: SQL

Due in noon Friday 16th February 2018

The tables below gives details of a **family_history** database. In the **person** table, people are identified by their name, and always have their gender, date of birth (dob) and place of birth (born_in) recorded. In addition, each person may optionally have recorded the name of their father, and the name of their mother. If the person has died, then the date of death dod must be present. Note that only a fragment of the data held in the database is listed below.

			person			
<u>name</u>	gender	dob	dod?	father?	mother?	born_in
Alice	F	1885-02-25	1969-12-05	null	null	Windsor
Andrew	М	1960-02-19	null	Philip	Elizabeth II	London
Andrew of Greece	М	1882-02-02	1944-12-03	George I of Greece	null	Athens
Anne (Princess)	F	1950-08-15	null	Philip	Elizabeth II	London
Charles	М	1948-11-14	null	Philip	Elizabeth II	London

Assignment Project Exam Help

In addition, there is a tabl

monarch (i.e. a Khattos://eduassistpro.github.colorion
the monarch belong ttos://eduassistpro.github.colorion
the date any coronation of the monarch. If null appears in coronation then the person had no
coronation. Each monarch remains head of state until the succes

narch. Note
that the value of null appearing the lower indicates in
example Oliver Cronwoll who liked the real filtroct. Utring assistance in the 17th Centuary.

monarch				
<u>name</u>	house?	accession	coronation?	
James I	Stuart	1603-03-24	1603-07-25	
Charles I	Stuart	1625-03-27	1626-02-02	
Oliver Cromwell	null	1649-01-30	null	
Richard Cromwell	null	1658-09-03	null	
Charles II	Stuart	1659-05-25	1626-02-02	
James II	Stuart	1685-02-06	1685-04-23	

Finally, there is a table prime_minister, recording the party the person led whilst Prime Minister, and the date of entry into office. A person remains Prime Minister until the date of entry to office of the next Prime Minister. Note a person may have more than one period in office.

prime_minister							
<u>name</u>	party	<u>entry</u>					
David Cameron	Conservative	2010-05-11					
Gordon Brown	Labour	2007-06-27					
Tony Blair	Labour	1997-05-02					
John Major	Conservative	1990-11-28					
Margaret Thatcher	Conservative	1979-05-04					
James Callaghan	Labour	1976-04-05					
Harold Wilson	Labour	1974-03-04					
Edward Heath	Conservative	1970-06-19					

prime_minister(name) $\stackrel{fk}{\Rightarrow}$ person(name)

Submission

To gain full marks, answers to the following questions should make full use of ANSI SQL commands to write compact and efficient queries, and be laid out such that structure of the query is clear. The queries must also run correctly on the Postgres version of the database, and be submitted electronically to CATE as single batch file db_2018_cw1.sql by the coursework deadline. A template version of the file is available on CATE for download. The queries in the file must be given in the order of the questions below, with the comment present in the template file left unchanged, and the query terminated by a single semi-colon.

To test your answer against the Postgres version of the database, you should run the command:

```
psql -h db.doc.ic.ac.uk -d family_history -U lab -W -f db_2018_cw1.sql
```

Note that 60% of the marks will be awarded for correctness, and 40% of the marks for style, including efficiency, how concise the queries are, appropriate use of indentation, use of Capital letters for the course as a supposed to using equals in the WHERE clause.

Questions https://eduassistpro.github.io/

The first four questions test knowledge of SQL as an implementation and the last four questions est knowledge of SQL as an implementation tional Algebra, and the last four questions est knowledge of SQL as an implementation tional Algebra, and the last four questions est knowledge of SQL as an implementation tional Algebra, and the last four questions est knowledge of SQL as an implementation to a square of SQL as an implementation to a square of SQL as a square of

Style marks to apply once over the whole exercise

- (A)Loose 4 marks if more than one instance of using commas to sepate tables in FROM clause, rather than using JOIN. If no use or only one use is made of JOIN, then loose 8 marks.
- (B)Loose 8 marks if all keywords in lower case.
- ©Loose 8 marks if no use of indentation is made, loose 4 marks if inconsistent use of indentation is made
- (D)Loose 4 marks for any solution that uses temporary tables when the temporary table is used only once. Using temporary tables prevents query optimisation between the temporary table and the main query. CTE (WITH) statements can be used.

Style marks to apply once per query

(E) Loose 3 marks each time an unnessary subquery is used (ie where instead the same result could be achieved by joining inside the same SELECT, or where the result of a subquery does not require processing by the outer query).

Correctness marks to apply once per query

- (F)Loose 5 marks for each query that does not run due to syntax errors
- (G)Loose 2 marks for each question that omits an ORDER BY
- (H)Loose 3 marks for each missing WHERE or HAVING condition
- Loose 3 marks for each question failing to return columns in order requested by question, or failing to return the requested columns.
 - 1. Write an SQL query that returns the scheme (name,father,mother) ordered by name containing the name of all people known to have died before both their father and mother, together with the name of the mother and the name of the father.

10

12

```
SELECT person name,
       father.name AS father,
       mother name AS mother
FROM
       person
       JOIN person AS father
            person.father=father.name
       JOIN person AS mother
            person . mother=mother . name
WHFRF
       person.dod<father.dod
AND
       person dod<mother dod
ORDER BY person name
```

2. Write an SQL query returning the scheme (name) ordered by name that lists all people that have either been a King, Queen or Prime Minister.

ignment Project Exam Help

WHERE house IS NOT NULL

UNION

"https://eduassistpro.github.io/ ORDER BY name

ULoose 4 marks if JOIN used instead of UNI
(K)Loose 2 marks of usin VIFINCT in the Second assisting visit visit second. the duplicates).

(E) Applies here if this UNION is put inside a SELECT to get rid of duplicates (unnecessary since UNION does that by default) or to join/check membership of person (unnessary because of the foreign keys).

3. A King or Queen is said to abdicate if their reign ceases before their death. Write an an SQL query returning the scheme (name) ordered by name that lists the name of all Kings or Queens that have abdicated

```
SELECT
         monarch name
FROM
         monarch
         JOIN person
              monarch name=person name
WHERE
         EXISTS (SELECT *
                        monarch AS next_monarch
                 WHERE
                        next_monarch.accession>monarch.accession
                 AND
                         person .dod>next_monarch .accession )
         monarch.house IS NOT NULL
ORDER BY monarch.name
```

(L)Loose 3 marks for listing Mary II who reigned jointly with William III, and died before William III (and thus did not abdicate, despite the next monarch being after her death).

4. Write a query that returns the scheme (house, name, accession) ordered by accession that lists house and name of monarchs who were the first of a house to accede to the throne. Maximum marks will be given only to answers that use either the ALL or SOME operators.

12

5. Write an SQL query that returns the scheme (first_name,popularity) ordered in descending order of popularity, and then alphabetical order of first_name. Your answer should also exclude first names that only occur once in the database. A first name is taken to mean the first word appearing the name column of person.

Assignment Project Exam Help

https://eduassistpro.gith@b.io/hame)-1)

GROUP BY first_name
HAVING AUTO GIVE Chat edu_assist_pro

MLoose 5 marks for not using standard SQL string functions but instead using non standard functions such as CHARINDEX.

NLoose 2 marks for getting the string breaks wrong, so that letters are missing from names, or spaces added to the end of names.

6. Write an SQL query that returns the scheme (house, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth) ordered by house listing the number of monarchs of each royal house that acceded to the throne in the 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th centuries.

16

```
SELECT house.
        COUNT(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(YEAR FROM accession) BETWEEN 1600 AND 1699
                    THEN accession ELSE null END) AS seventeenth,
        COUNT(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(YEAR FROM accession) BETWEEN 1700 AND 1799
                    THEN accession ELSE null END) AS eighteenth.
        COUNT(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(YEAR FROM accession) BETWEEN 1800 AND 1899
                    THEN accession ELSE null END) AS nineteenth,
        COUNT(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(YEAR FROM accession) BETWEEN 1900 AND 1999
                    THEN accession ELSE null END) AS twentieth
FROM
        monarch
        house IS NOT NULL
WHERE
GROUP BY house
ORDER BY house
It is acceptable to use comparison operators between dates instead of the EXTRACT function
to get the year.
OLoose 2 marks for converting the date to a string and using string comparisons (or
CAverting back to numeric form the comparison). Proceed regree if query using UNION given.
```

7. Write an SQL que as father the tree the square of the s second born, etc). For men with no children, the man shoul child and born WeChat edu_assist_pro SELECT person name AS father, child.name AS child, **CASE** WHEN child.name IS NOT NULL THEN RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY child father ORDER by child dob) ELSE null END AS born **FROM** person LEFT JOIN person AS child ON person.name=child.father person.gender='M' WHERE ORDER BY person.name,

Note that the question does not specify a sort order where the rank is tied, and hence George IV and William IV may appear in either order as children of George III.

- QLoose 4 marks for ranking joint birth dates lower (ie if joint seconds are listed as joint thirds).
- (R)Loose 3 marks for including women (!) as fathers.
- 8. Write an SQL query that returns the scheme (monarch,prime_minister), ordered by monarch and prime minister, that lists prime ministers that held office during the reign of the monarch.

```
SELECT DISTINCT monarch.name AS monarch,
                       prime_minister.name AS prime_minister
                      monarch CROSS JOIN prime_minister
WHERE — No later prime minister coming before the monarch acceded
                      NOT EXISTS (SELECT *
                                                                                    prime_minister AS later_prime_minister
                                                             WHERE later_prime_minister.entry <= monarch.accession
                                                                                   later_prime_minister.entry>prime_minister.entry)
                      — No monarch before this prime ministers entry
AND
                      NOT EXISTS (SELECT *
                                                             FROM
                                                                               monarch AS later_monarch
                                                            WHERE prime_minister.entry>=later_monarch.accession
                                                                                    later_monarch.accession>monarch.accession)
                      monarch house IS NOT NULL
ORDER BY monarch.
                       prime_minister
Shoose 4 for excluding prime ministers that servered over the start and or end of a reign, and hence for example nits under the law in level by th
(T)Loose 3 for excluding the current monarch (and thus having no results for Elizabeth II)
Note that the
minister or m
                            https://eduassistpro.github.io/
                            Add WeChat edu_assist_pro
```