Comp 251: Mid-term examination #2

Instructor: Jérôme Waldispühl

October 28th, 2020.

- Answer the questions on Crowdmark.
- You have 3 hours to complete this exam and 30 extra minutes to account for any technical issue. You must initiate your submission within 3 hours from the start. If you meet any difficulty while uploading your solution 15 minutes before the end of the submission timeframe (3h + 30min), email us at cs251@cs.mcgill.ca with you solution. We will NOT proceed to any manual upload or address any request beyond this time-point.
- You can podate your submission on Crowdmark during the timeframe of the dxam.
- The clarity and presentation of your answers is part of the grading. Answers poorly presented may not be graded. This inc

 ded. It is your responsibility t
- Keep the size of any ttps://eduassistpro.github.io/al issues.
- Unless specified, all answers must be explained.
- Partial answers will receive credity.
- The conciseness of your answer is part of the grading. Quanswassist_pro r poorly structured will be penalized.
- This is an open book examination.
- It is strictly forbidden to use any external help, including online tutoring systems, or to provide aid to someone else. You are not allowed to communicate to anyone during the exam.
- It is strictly forbidden to share or disseminate this exam or any information related to this exam.
- This exam contains a mandatory academic integrity statement that you should agree with and sign. We will not grade the exam otherwise.
- This exam contains 12 pages.

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	Total
Points:	10	20	30	15	25	100
Score:						

Statement of Academic Integrity

In submitting this exam, I confirm that my conduct during this exam adheres to the Code of conduct and academic integrity (https://www.mcgill.ca/students/srr/academicrights). I confirm that I did NOT act in such a way that would constitute cheating, misrepresentation, or unfairness, including but not limited to, using unauthorized aids and assistance, personating another person, and committing plagiarism. I will not share or disseminate this exam on any platform or through personal communication.

Write your name and date to sign this statement. We will not grade your exam if you do not agree with and sign this statement.

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Short answers

- 1. True or False? Circle your answers. No justification. Wrong answers will receive a penalty of -1.
 - (a) (2 points) When using open addressing, the load factor α cannot exceed 1.
 - A. True B. False
 - (b) (2 points) We run the depth-first search algorithm (DFS) on a graph G and identify a back edge. Thus, G has at least one cycle.
 - A. True B. False
 - (c) (2 points) Given a partition of the vertices of a weighted undirected graph, the cut has one and only one light edge.
 - A. True B. False
 - (d) (2 points) We run the Dijkstra's algorithm on a graph with a negative-weight cycle. Then, the algorithm may not terminate.
 - A. True B. False
 - (e) (2 points) A bipartite graph has no cycle.
 - A. True B. False

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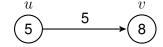
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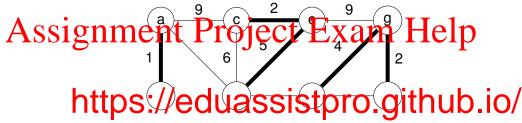
Multiple choice

- 2. Multiple choice questions. No justification. No penalty for wrong answers. A question has at least one correct answer but can also have multiple correct answers. Full credits is given if and only if you identify all correct answers and do not include wrong ones.
 - (a) (4 points) We relax the following edge (u, v) during the execution of the Dijkstra algorithm. We show *shortest path estimate* δ before relaxation of the edge inside the vertices. What will be the value of the shortest path estimate $\delta(v)$ of v after relaxing this edge?

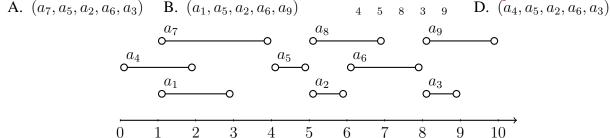
A. 5 B. 8 C. 10 D. 13



(b) (4 points) We are in the middle of the execution of the Kruskal's algorithm for computing a minimal spanning tree (MST) of the graph below. The bold edges have already been selected to be in the solution found so far by the Kruskal algorithm, and the edge (d, e) has just been added to the MST (i.e. under construction). Which edge will be the next one to be added to the MST? A. (c, d) B. (a, b) C. (d, f) D. (f, h)



(c) (4 points) What is the longest series of activities (i.e. number of ac by the greedy algorithm for colving the scheduling proble compatible activities (I.G. en M. cast 2 nat edu_assist_pro

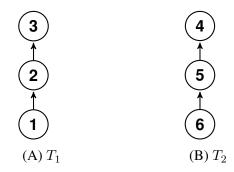


(d) (4 points) Which of the following propositions is/are **NOT** valid topological orders of the vertices of the direct acyclic graph below.

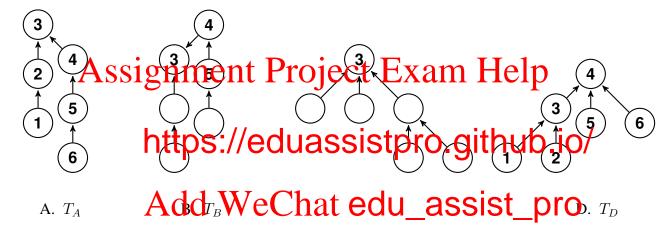


A. a, b, c, d, e, f B. a, b, c, e, f, d C. a, d, b, c, e, f D. e, f, a, b, d, c E. b, c, a, d, e, f

(e) (4 points) We use a tree representation to model disjoint sets, and implement unions as *union-by-height* with path compression. We have the two following trees T_1 and T_2 representing two distinct disjoint sets.

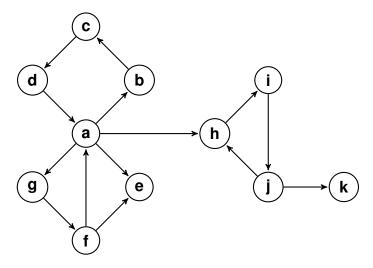


We perform the union of the set containing 6 with the set containing 1 (i.e. union (6,1)). Which of the options below is/are possible output(s)?



Strongly Connected Components

3. Consider the un-weighted directed graph G = (V, E) below.



(a) (5 points) Show the strongly connected components (SCC) of G. Give your answer as the lists of vertices that belong to the same SCC. Each vertex must belong to one and only one SCC. Your answer must save that the initial humber of Section is still called the left.

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(b) (5 points) Build the component graph $G^{SCC} = (V^{SCC}, E^{SCC})$ of G. You can draw it or give its set of vertices V^{SCC} and edges E^{SCC} . No justification needed.

(c) (5 points) Describe an algorithm that computes the component graph. Your algorithm r as efficient as possible.					
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. ,	(5 points) Give the complexity of your algorithm. The complexity must be represented using an asymptotic notation (i.e. big O) and it must be a tight bound of the worst case running time of your proposed algorithm. No justification needed.				

(e)	(10 points) We will show that during a Depth-First Search (DFS), all vertices that belong to the same strongly connected component are in the same Depth-First Search Tree (i.e. the tree representing the edges used by the DFS algorithms to explore the graph). Let u be the first vertex to be visited in a DFS search of a given SCC, and let v be another vertex of the same SCC that is not a <i>descendant</i> of u (i.e. in the same DFS tree). Show that it will lead to a contradiction (Hint: you can use a theorem introduced in class).				
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Single-source shortest paths

- 4. Suppose that we are given a weighted, directed graph G = (V, E) in which edges that leave the source vertex s may have negative weights, all other edge weights are nonnegative, and there are no negative-weight cycles. We also assume that the graph has no self-loop.

 In this question we will argue that Dijkstra's algorithm correctly finds shortest paths from s in this graph (Hint: remember the argument using positive weights in the proof of the Dijkstra's algorithm). To do that you will solve the following questions:
 - (a) (5 points) Recall the proof of the Dijkstra's algorithm for computing the single source shortest path we have seen in class (Lecture 14). Indicate which part of this proof rely on the assumption that the graph does not have negative weight cycle.

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(b) (10 points) Explain wh

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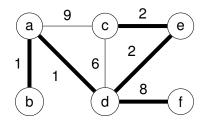
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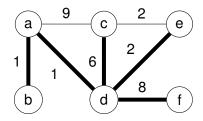
d above.

Minimum Spanning Tree

5. Let G = (V, E, w) be a weighted connected undirected graph, where w(u, v) is the weight of an edge (u, v). We define $U \subseteq V$ a sub-set of vertices of G. Consider the set S_U all the spanning trees of G such that all vertices in U are leaves of the spanning tree (Note: the trees may also have leaves that are not in U). We want to compute the minimum spanning tree in S_U .

We illustrate below this problem with an example. The two graphs show a solution of the problems on the same graph but with two different sets U. The bold edges show the edges of the (constrained) MST. On the left, we set $U = \emptyset$, which is the unconstrained problem and thus the regular MST. On the right, we set $U = \{e\}$, which forces the vertex e to be a leaf of the MST.





(a) (5 points) Using the connected weighted graph showed above. Propose a set of vertex U of minimal cardinalty (separation printing an appropriate printing and propose a set of vertex U of minimal cardinalty (separation printing an appropriate printing and propose a set of vertex U of minimal cardinalty (separation printing and printi

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(b) (4 points) Consider the Prim's algorithm as seen in class. Explain when and how this algorithm would incorrectly insert a new edge during the execution of an instance of the constrain MST problem (i.e. an edge that would violate the property that a vertex in *U* must be a leaf).

such that once a vertex u of U is inserted in the partial solution \mathcal{A} (i.e. the "growing" MST in the Prim's algorithm), we do not update the priority queue Q with other edges connected to u (i.e. we do not consider the other edges connected to u). Let $u \in U$ be a vertex of U connected in \mathcal{A} with an edge (x,u) ($x \notin U$). Assume it exists anothe edge (y,u) ($y \notin U$) such that $w(y,u) < w(x,u)$. When could this happen?
(8 points) Consider the graph $G' = (V \setminus U, E \setminus \{(u, v) u \in U\})$ (i.e. the graph that contains on vertices that are not in U . The operator "\" is a set subtraction). Propose a method using the graph G and the graph G are leaves of the minimum spanning tree). Your solution must also states when and ho solution should be to contain G and G are leaves of the minimum spanning tree). Your solution must also solution should be to contain G and G are leaves of the minimum spanning tree).
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(e) (4 points) Give the worst case running time complexity of your algorithm. Justify your answ If needed, you can use the running time complexity results of an algorithm seen in class.
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