



Assignment Project Exam Help

Entity-Relationship Model – Part 4

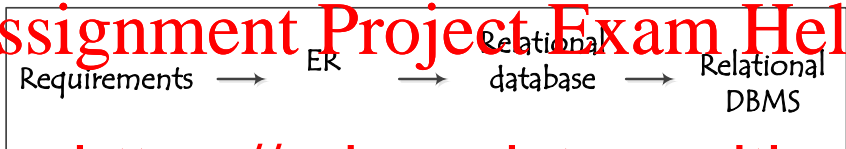
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Recap - Data Modeling

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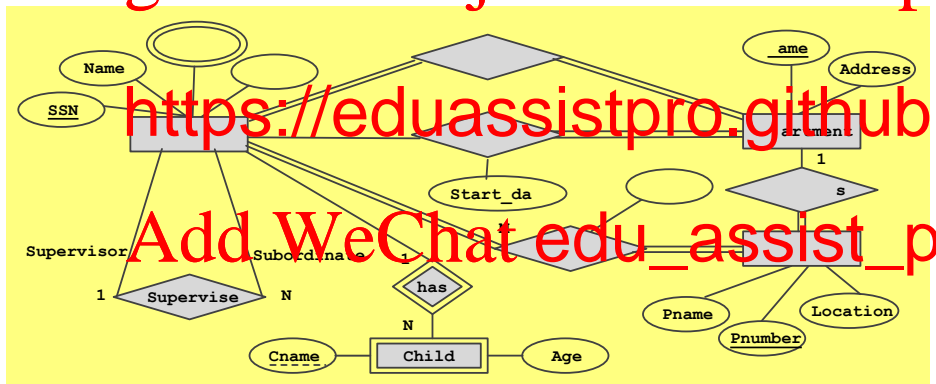
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- ER design is **subjective**:
 - There are many ways to model a given scenario.
 - Analyzing alternative schemas is important.
- Constraints play an important role in designing a good database. But,
 - Not all constraints can be expressed in the ER model;
 - Not all constraints in the ER model can be translated.
- A good database design requires to further refining a relational database schema obtained through translating an ER diagram.



An ER Diagram - The Company Database

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ER-to-Relations Algorithm

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- 7-step algorithm to convert the basic ER model into relations and more steps for the EER model.

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- Foreign key approach
- Merged relation approach
- Cross-reference approach

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Step 4: Mapping of Binary 1:N Relationships

Step 5: Mapping of Binary M:N Relationship Types

Step 6: Mapping of Multi-valued Attributes

Step 7: Mapping of N-ary Relationship Types

Step 8: Mapping of Superclass/Subclass



Step 1: Regular Entity types

- For each regular entity type E , create a relation schema with the attributes of E (ignore multi-valued attributes until Step 6), where
 - PK:** the key attributes of E

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- DEPARTMENT(Name, Address) with PK: {Name}
- PROJECT(Pnumber, Pname, Location) with PK: {Pnumber}
- Note:** These are not necessarily the final relation schemas of DEPARTMENT and PROJECT.



Step 1: Regular Entity types

- How can we translate the regular entity type EMPLOYEE?



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- EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Salary) with PK:

- **Note:**

- This is not the final relation schema of EMPLOYEE (will be further extended later on).
- Multi-valued attributes are ignored until Step 6.



Step 2: Weak Entity Types

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- For each weak entity type E_w , create a relation schema with the attributes of E_w , plus the PK of its identifying entity type, where
 - PK:** the partial key attributes of E_w plus the PK of its identifying entity

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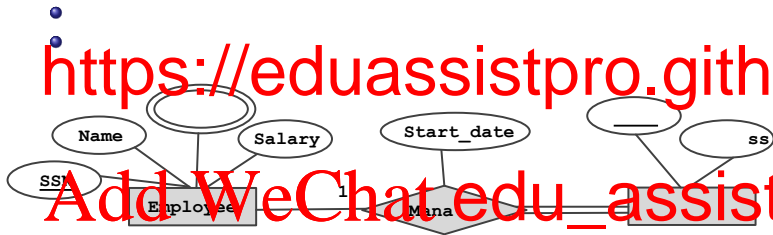


- CHILD(SSN, Cname, Age) with
PK: {SSN, Cname}
FK: [SSN] \subseteq EMPLOYEE[SSN]



Step 3: Binary 1:1 Relationship Types - (Foreign key approach)

- For a 1:1 relationship type R with one total participation, extend the relation schema of the total side entity type by the attributes of R and the PK of the partial-side entity type, where



- DEPARTMENT(Name, Address, Mgr_SSN, Start_date) with
PK: {Name}
FK: [Mgr_SSN] \subseteq EMPLOYEE[SSN].



Step 3: Binary 1:1 Relationship Types - (Merged relation approach)

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- How can we translate the following kind of 1:1 relationship type?



- If participation on both sides is total, we may **of both entity types and the attributes of the relation single relation.**
- EMPLOYEE-DEP(SSN, Name, Salary, Start_date, **Dname**, Address) with PK: {SSN} or {Dname}

Step 3: Binary 1:1 Relationship Types - (Cross-reference approach)

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- How can we translate the following kind of 1:1 relationship type?



- If both sides are partial, we may create a cross-references the PKs of the relation schema

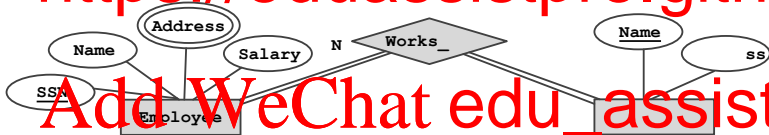
- MANAGES(SSN, Dname, Start_date) with
PK: {SSN} or {Dname}

FKs: [SSN] \subseteq EMPLOYEE[SSN] and [Dname] \subseteq DEPARTMENT[Name]



Step 4: Binary 1:N Relationship Types

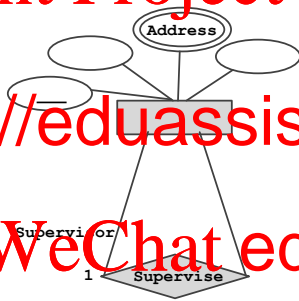
- For each 1:N relationship type R , extend the relation schema of the N-side entity type by the attributes of R and the PK of the 1-side entity type, where



- EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Salary, Dname) with
PK: {SSN}
FK: [Dname] \subseteq DEPARTMENT[Name]

Step 4: Binary 1:N Relationship Types

- How can we translate the 1:N relationship type SUPERVISE?



- EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Salary, Dname, Super_SSN) with
PK: {SSN}
FK: [Dname] \subseteq DEPARTMENT[Name] and [Super_SSN] \subseteq EMPLOYEE[SSN]



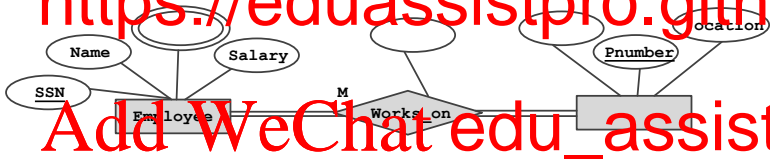
Step 5: Binary M:N Relationship Types

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- For each M:N relationship type R , create a relation schema with the attributes of R plus the PKs of the participating entity types, where



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- WORKS_ON(SSN, Pnumber, Hours) with

PK: {SSN, Pnumber}

FKs: [SSN] \subseteq EMPLOYEE[SSN] and [Pnumber] \subseteq PROJECT[Pnumber]

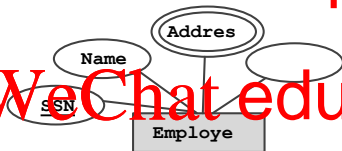


Step 6: Multi-valued Attributes

- For each multi-valued attribute A , create a relation schema with an attribute corresponding to A plus the PK of the entity/relationship type that has A as an attribute, where

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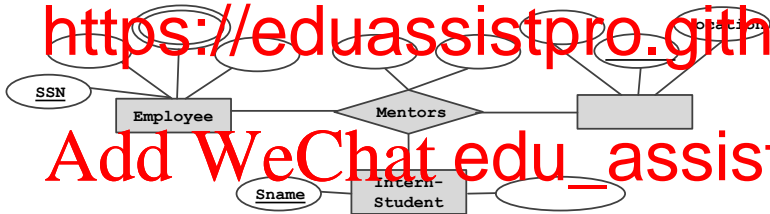


- EMPLOYEE_ADDRESS(SSN, Address) with
PK: {SSN, Address}
FK: [SSN] \subseteq EMPLOYEE[SSN]



Step 7: N-ary Relationship Types

- For each N-ary relationship type R , create a relation schema with the attributes of R , plus the PKs of the participating entity types, where
 - PK:** the combination of the PKs of the participating entity types



- MENTORS(SSN, Sname, Pnumber, From, To) with
 - PK: {SSN, Sname, Pnumber}
 - FK: [SSN] \subseteq EMPLOYEE[SSN], [Sname] \subseteq INTERN_STUDENT[Sname], and [Pnumber] \subseteq PROJECT[Pnumber]



Step 8: Superclass and Subclass

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- For each superclass, **create a relation schema** with its attributes.
- For each subclass, **create a relation schema** with its attributes plus the key at

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- EMPLOYEE(...) (as done

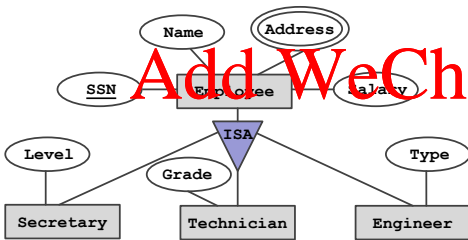
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ENGINEER(SSN, Type),

which all have

PK: {SSN}

FK: [SSN] \subseteq EMPLOYEE[SSN]





ER-to-Relations Algorithm (Recall)

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- The algorithm first convert the basic ER model into relations and then convert superclass/subclass from the EER model into relations.

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- Foreign key approach
- Merged relation appro
- Cross-reference app

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Step 4: Mapping of Binary 1:N Relationship

Step 5: Mapping of Binary M:N Relationship Types

Step 6: Mapping of Multi-valued Attributes

Step 7: Mapping of N-ary Relationship Types

Step 8: Mapping of Superclass/Subclass



A Relational Database Schema - The Company Database

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- EMPLOYEE(SSN , Name, Salary, Phone , Super_SSN)

- WORKS_ON(SSN , Pnumber , Hours)

- D

- P

- EMPLOYEE_ADDRESS(SSN , Address)

- CHILD(SSN , Cname, Age)

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