# Decisions in Assignment Project Exam Help Language

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Assignment Project Exam Help ions we've seen so far https://eduassistpro.githphiiopulate data.

Add WeChat edu\_assismproter we must have the ability to make decisions.

## Decisions in High-Level Languages

- Conditional Statements: if, if-else, switch
- Loops: while, do while for Exam Help
- Equality and Inequal https://eduassistpro.github.io/

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## Branches

From if-else/switch to assembly

#### Conditional Statement in HLL

```
if-else in C/Java
   (condition) clause
                                 // C: Rewrite with goto
   (condition)
                  Assignment Project Exam Help goto L1
  clause1
                      https://eduassistpro.gifffdb.io/
                            VeChat edu_assist_pro
else
  clause2
                                 L2:
```

Same meaning in C No goto in Java

#### Conditional Branches in MIPS

Branch if (registers are) equal: beq reg1, reg2, label

```
// C
if (reg1 == reg2\hat{\signment Project Exam Help\) if $s1 == $s2
goto label1;
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```

Branch if (registers are) hot equal: edu\_assist1preg2, label

```
// C
if (reg1 != reg2)
goto label1;

# MIPS
# go to label1 if $s1 != $s2
bne $s1 $s2 label1
```

#### **Unconditional Branch**

Jump Instruction: Jump directly to a label

```
// C goto Assignment Project Exam Helpump goto label; bel https://eduassistpro.github.io/
```

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Technically, the following instruction is the same.

There is an important difference. We will see in MIPS representation!

```
# beq version
beq $0, $0, label
```

#### Conditional Statement in HLL

```
// C and Java
if ( i == j ) {
    f = g + h;
} else {
    f = g - h;
}
```

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## Compiling if-else into MIPS

```
// C and Java
if ( i == j ) {
    f = g + h;
} else {
    f = g - h;
}
```

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compiler automatically creates labels to handle decisions (branches).

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#### Registers

```
$s0 f
$s1 g
$s2 h
$s3 i
$s4 j
```

```
# MIPS dd WeChat edu_assist_pro
```

```
beq $s3 $s4 True # branch i == j

sub $s0, $s1, $s2 # f = g - h (false)

j Exit # jump to Exit

True: add $s0, $s1, $s2 # f = g + h (true)

Exit:
```

#### The Switch Statement in HLL

Choose among four alternatives depending on whethership Project Exam Help: f=i+j; break; the value 0, 1, 2 or 3.

```
Switch Statement
              switch
                     1: f=q+h; break;
https://eduassistpro.qithub.io/f=g-h; break;
                      3: f=i-j; break;
```

```
Rewrite it with if-else Chat edu_assist_pro
        (k==0) f = i + j;
else if (k==1) f = q + h;
else if (k==2) f = q - h;
else if (k==3) f = i - j;
```



# Loops in C and Assembly

HLL has three types of Assignment Project Exam Help loops: while, do-w can be rewritten a https://eduassistpro.github.io/

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MIPS: There are multiple ways to write a loop with conditional branch

#### Loops in HHL: 3 ways

```
Example: Sum of Series
sum = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5
```

```
/ while
int i = 1;
int N = 5;
int sum = 0;
while (i \le N)
  sum += i ;
  <u>i++</u>;
```

```
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 in
in https://eduassistpro.github.io/int i = 1;
int N = 5;
 intAdd WeChatedu_assist_proint sum = 0;
 for (i=1 ; i<=N ; i++)</pre>
    sum += i ;
```

```
do {
  sum += i ;
  <u>i++</u>;
 while (i<=N);
```

#### From do-while to goto

```
Example: Sum of Series
sum = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5
                                    int i = 1;
                  Assignment Project Exam Help ;
 int N = 5;
                      https://eduassistpro.github.io/
 int sum = 0;
                      Add WeChat edu_assist_itproth goto in C
 // do-while loop in C
                                    Loop: sum = sum + i;
 do
                                           i = i + 1;
   sum = sum + i;
                                      goto Loop ;
```

## From do-while to MIPS assembly

```
// do-while loop in C
do {
    sum = sum + Assignment Project Exam Help
    i = i + 1;
} while ( i != N https://eduassistpro.github.jo/op;
// Rewrite it with goto in C
Loop: sum = sum + i;

compared to the sum + i;

// Rewrite it with goto in C
Loop: sum = sum + i;

// compared to the sum + i;
```

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```
Registers

$s1 i
$s2 N
$s3 sum
```

```
# MIPS code
Loop: add $s3, $s3, $s1 # sum = sum + i
addi $s1, $s1, 1 # i = i + 1
bne $s1, $s2, Loop # go to Loop if i != N
```

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# Inequalities

So far, we only test equalities. What about inequalities?

#### Inequalities in MIPS

beg and bne only tested equalities

```
if ( i == j )Assignment Project Exam Help$s2 label1
if ( i != j )
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```

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• We need to test <, <=, >, >=

```
if ( i < j )
if ( i <= j )
if ( i >= j )
if ( i >= j )
```



#### Inequalities in MIPS: slt

Syntax:

slt reg1 reg2 reg3 Exam Help

-Compare reg2 a

- Place the resu https://eduassistpro.github.io/

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```
// HLL style
if ( reg2 < reg3 )
  reg1 = 1 ;
else
  reg1 = 0 ;</pre>
```

CarryOut CarryOut CarryOut Carryin → Overflow

Carryin

Remember "Set on Less Than" From ALU?

## Inequalities in MIPS: from *goto* to MIPS



```
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```

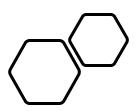
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```
Registers
$s0
$s1
$t0
```

```
# MIPS: branch to Le edu_assist_pro $s1
slt $t0, $s0, $s1 # if $s0<$s1 (g<h), $t0 = 1
bne $t0, $0, Less # branch if $t0 != 0
```

\$0 always contains 0

bne and beg often use it for comparison after an slt instruction.



#### Inequalities in MIPS

We have now seen slt for < what Exam Help about >, <= and >=

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MIPS philosophy: **Simpler is Better!** Can we implement them using just slt and beq/bne

## Four Combinations of slt and beq/bne

```
slt $t0, $s0, $s1  # $t0 = 1 if $s0 < $s1 (g < h)
bne $t0, $0, Less  # if $t0 != 0, goto Less (g < h)
```

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```
slt $t0, $s1, $s0  # $t0 = 1 i  $s0 (h > g) bne $t0, $0, Gtr  # if $t0 != 0 goto Gtr ( g > h )
```

```
slt $t0, $s1, $s0  # $t0 = 1 if $s1 < $s0 (g > h)
beq $t0, $0, Leq  # if $t0 == 0, goto Leq (g <= h)
```

#### Pseudo-instructions for Inequalities

Too complicated? Good News!

MARS translates pseudo-instructions into MIPS instructions

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## Assignment Project Exam Help

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## Immediates in Inequalities

• Syntax:

• slti is the immedia https://eduassistpro.github.io/

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```
// C
if (g >= 1)
goto Loop;
```

```
# MIPS slti $t0, $s0, 1  # $t0 = 1 if $s0 < 1 beq $t0, $0, Loop # goto Loop if $t0 == 0
```

#### Unsigned Immediates in Inequalities

• Syntax:

```
sltu Result Source1 Source2
Assignment Project Exam Help
sltui Result
```

• Set result to 1 or 0

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```
# MIPS
slti $t0, $s0, $s1  # $t0 = 1 if $s0 < $s1
sltui $t0, $s0, 5  # $t0 = 1 if $s0 < 5
```

#### Immediates in Inequalities



```
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```

**FFFF FFFA** 

```
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0000 FFFA
slt $t0, $s0, $s1

sltu $t1, $s0, $s1

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e of $t0, $t1?
```

#### Review and More Information

- High-level languages
  - Conditional statement: if-else, switch Assignment Project Exam Help Loop: while,
- MIPS uses condition https://eduassistpro.github.io/
  - Equality: beq, Add, WeChat edu\_assist\_pro
  - Inequality: slt, slti, sltiu, sltiu
  - Jump: j
- Textbook Section 2.7
- Try it out in MARS