PROGRAMMING IN HASKELL

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Chapter 1 and 2 - Introduction and First Steps (Original Slides by Graham Hutton)

Programming in Haskell

This course follows the <u>Programming in Haskell book</u>, by Prof. Graham Hutton Assignment Project Exam Help

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Learn you a Haskell for Great Good

Learn you a Haskell for Great Good is a fun and easy to read alternative Assignment Project Exam Help

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... there are two ways of constructing a software design: One w mple that there are obviously nhttps://eduassistpro.githothier way is to make it so complicated t edu_assist_pro obvious deficiencies. The first meth ore difficult.

Tony Hoare, 1980 ACM Turing Award Lecture

The Software Crisis

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- Program development Rat edu_assist_pro
- ? How can we increase our confidence that the finished programs work correctly?

Programming Languages

One approach to the software crisis is to design new programming languages that:

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- Allow progr https://eduassistpro.gidflyb.co/ncisely, and at a high-level of ab Add WeChat edu_assist_pro
- Support reusable software components;

Encourage the use of formal verification;

- Permit rapid prototyping;
- Provide powerful problem-solving tools.

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Functional languages provide a particularly <u>elegant</u> framework in which to address these goals.

What is a Functional Language?

Opinions differ, and it is difficult to give a precise definition, but generally speaking:

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- **Horizonal p https://eduassistpro.github.io/ programming in which the basic methodedu_assistutation is the application of functions to arguments;
- ? A functional language is one that <u>supports</u> and <u>encourages</u> the functional style.

Computing in Imperative Programming

Summing the integers 1 to 10 in Java:

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```
total = 0;https://eduassistpro.github.io/
for (i = 1; i \le 10; ++i)
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total = total+i;
```

The computation method is variable assignment.

Computing in Functional Programming

Summing the integers 1 to 10 in Haskell:

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sum [1.https://eduassistpro.github.io/

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The computation method is <u>function application</u>.

Double function

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double https://eduassistpro.github.io/

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How to compute the result of double 3?

```
double 3
{by definition of double}
3 + 3ssignment Project Exam Help

{arithm https://eduassistpro.github.io/
6
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```

How about?

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double https://eduassistpro.github.io/

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```
double (double 2)
= {by definition of double}
doubseignment Project Exam Help
= {arithhttps://eduassistpro.github.io/
double 4

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= {by definition of
4 + 4
= {arithmetic}
8
```

Summing a list of integers:

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```
sum [] https://eduassistpro.github.io/
```

```
sum (x:XS)d=Wechatledu_assist_pro
```

Calculate the result of:

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sum [1,https://eduassistpro.github.io/

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```
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
```

```
sum [1,2,3]
= {by definition of sum}
1 + Sumple, 31
= {by d https://eduassistpro.github.io/
1 + 2 + sum [3]
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= {by definition of s
1 + 2 + 3 + sum
= {by definition of sum
1 + 2 + 3 + 0
= {arithmetic}
```

1930s:

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Alonzo Church develops the <u>lambda</u> <u>calculus</u>, a simple but powerful theory of functions.

1950s:

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John McCarthy develops <u>Lisp</u>, the first functional language, with some influences from the lambda calculus, but retaining variable assignments.

1960s:

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Peter Landin develops <u>ISWIM</u>, the first pure functional language, based strongly on the lambda calculus, with no assignments.

1970s:

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John Backus develops <u>FP</u>, a functional language that emphasizes higher-order functions and reasoning about programs.

1970s:

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Robin Milner and others develop ML, the first modern functional language, which introduced type inference and polymorphic types.

1970s - 1980s:

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David Turner develops a number of lazy functional languages, culminating in the <u>Miranda</u> system.

1987:

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An international committee of researchers initiates the development of <u>Haskell</u>, a standard lazy functional language.

2003:

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The committee publishes the <u>Haskell 98</u> report, defining a stable version of the language.

2003-date:

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Standard distribution, library support, new language features, development tools, use in industry, influence on other languages, etc.

A Taste of Haskell

```
f [] = []

f (x:xs) = f Xs t t x t Project Exam Help

where

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ys = [a | a \lefta xs, a \lefta Add WeChat edu_assist_pro

zs = [b | b \lefta xs, b >
```



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Chapter 2 - First Steps

Glasgow Haskell Compiler

- **?** GHC is the leading implementation of Haskell, and comprises a compiler and interpreter;
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- The interact https://eduassistpro.ghtpre.ter makes it well suited ototyping;

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- GHC is freely available from:

www.haskell.org/platform

Starting GHC

The GHC interpreter can be started from the Unix command prompt % by simply typing ghci:

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% ghci https://eduassistpro.github.io/

GHCi, version 7Add What Charle edu_assistentsorg/ghc/:? for help

Prelude>

The GHCi prompt > means that the interpreter is ready to evaluate an expression.

For example:

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```
> 2+3*4 https://eduassistpro.github.io/
14 Add WeChat edu_assist_pro
> (2+3)*4
20
> sqrt (3^2 + 4^2)
5.0
```

The Standard Prelude

Haskell comes with a large number of standard library functions. In addition to the familiar numeric functions such as # and *, the library als https://eduassistpro.gefubfunctions on lists.

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Select the first eleme list:

```
> head [1,2,3,4,5]
```

Remove the first element from a list:

```
> tail [1,2,3,4,5] [2,3,4,5]
```

Select the interpretate of anythelp

```
https://eduassistpro.github.io/
> [1,2,3,4,5] !! 2
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```

Select the first n elements of a list:

Remove the first n elements from a list:

```
> drop 3 [1,2,3,4,5] [4,5]
```

Calculatestienment Project Fixam Help

```
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> length [1,2,3,4,5]
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```

Calculate the sum of a list of numbers:

```
> sum [1,2,3,4,5]
```

Calculate the product of a list of numbers:

```
> product [1,2,3,4,5]
120
```

? Append Assignment Project Exam Help

```
https://eduassistpro.github.io/
> [1,2,3] ++ [4,5]
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[1,2,3,4,5]
```

Reverse a list:

```
> reverse [1,2,3,4,5] [5,4,3,2,1]
```

Function Application

In <u>mathematics</u>, function application is denoted using parentheses, and multiplication is often denoted using juxtaposition or space.

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f(a,b) + Add WeChat edu_assist_pro

Apply the function f to a and b, and add the result to the product of c and d.

In <u>Haskell</u>, function application is denoted using space, and multiplication is denoted using *.

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fab+ https://eduassistpro.github.io/ Add WeChat edu_assist_pro

As previously, but in Haskell syntax.

Moreover, function application is assumed to have <u>higher priority</u> than all other operators.

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f a + b https://eduassistpro.github.io/ Add WeChat edu_assist_pro

Means (f a) + b, rather than f (a + b).

Examples

Mathematics Haskell fAssignment Project Exam Help https://eduassistpro.github.io/ Add WeChat edu_assist_pro f(g(x))f (g x) f(x,g(y))f x (g y) f(x)g(y)

Haskell Scripts

- ? As well as the functions in the standard library, you can also define your own functions; Assignment Project Exam Help
- Plant Properties | New functio | https://eduassistpro.gitlescript, a text | file comprisi | Add WeChat edu_assist_pro
- By convention, Haskell scripts usually have a .hs suffix on their filename. This is not mandatory, but is useful for identification purposes.

My First Script

When developing a Haskell script, it is useful to keep two windows open, one running an editor for the script and the other running GHCi.

Start an editor https://eduassistpro.github.jo/function definitholds//acddasedu_assistcrippt as Test.hs:

double x = x + x

quadruple x = double (double x)

Leaving the editor open, in another window start up GHCi with the new script:

```
% ghci Test.hs
           Assignment Project Exam Help
Now both the
                                   d the file
test.hs are loa https://eduassistpro.gifhylmiooth can
be used:
               Add WeChat edu_assist_pro
     > quadruple 10
     40
     > take (double 2) [1,2,3,4,5,6]
     [1,2,3,4]
```

Leaving GHCi open, return to the editor, add the following two definitions, and resave:

```
factorial n = product [1..n]
```

Assignment Project Exam Help average n ngth ns

https://eduassistpro.github.io/

Note: Add WeChat edu_assist_pro

- div is enclosed in <u>back</u> quotes, not forward;
- ? x `f` y is just syntactic sugar for f x y.

GHCi does not automatically detect that the script has been changed, so a <u>reload</u> command must be executed before the new definitions can be used:

```
>:reload
Reading file test. Is
         https://eduassistpro.github.io/
> factorial 10 WeChat edu_assist_pro
3628800
> average [1,2,3,4,5]
```

Naming Requirements

Propertion and argument names must begin with a lower-case letter. For example:

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myFun https://eduassistpro.github.io/ x'

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By convention, list arg sually have an <u>s</u> suffix on their name. For example:







The Layout Rule

In a sequence of definitions, each definition must begin in precisely the same column:

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$$a = 10$$
 https://eduassistpro.gifhubl.fo/
 $b = 20$ Add WeChat edu_assist_pro
 $c = 30$ $c = 30$ $c = 30$







The layout rule avoids the need for explicit syntax to indicate the grouping of definitions.



implicit grouping

explicit grouping

Useful GHCi Commands

```
Command
                <u>Meaning</u>
:load name ssignment Project Exam Help
:reload
             relage://eduassistpro.github.io/
            edit
Add WeChat edu_assist_pro
edit current script
:edit name
:edit
                show type of expr
:type expr
         show all commands
:?
             quit GHCi
:quit
```

Exercises

- (1) Try out slides 2-8 and 14-17 (Chapter 2) using GHCi.
- Fix the syntax errors in the program below, and test your solution using GHCi.

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N = a 'div' length xs where a = 10xs = [1,2,3,4,5] (3) Show how the library function <u>last</u> that selects the last element of a list can be defined using the functions introduced in this lecture.

(4) Can you think of another possible definition? Help

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(5) Add WeChat edu_assist_pro

Similarly, show how the library function <u>init</u> that removes the last element from a list can be defined in two different ways.