Assignment 2: Classification

Deadlines

Submission: 5pm, Friday 18th May, 2018 (week 10) *This assignment is worth 20% of your final mark.*

Task description

In this assignment you will implement the K-Nearest Neighbour and Naïve Bayes algorithms and evaluate them on a real dataset using the stratified cross validation method. You will also evaluate the performance of other classifiers on the same dataset using Weka. Finally, you will investigate the effect of feature selection, in particular the Correlation-based Feature Selection method (CFS) from Weka.

Late submissions policy

No late submissions are allowed.

Programming languages

Your implementation can be written in Python, Java, C, C++ or MATLAB. The assignment will be tested on the University State and the purpose of this assignment.

You are not allowed to use any of the built-in classification libraries for the purposes of this assignment.

Submission and https://eduassistpro.github.io/

Your assignment can be completed individually or in pai

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This assignment will be submitted usin system PASTA (https://comp3308.it.usyd.edu.au/PASTA/). In order to connect to the website, you'll need to be connected to the university VPN. You can read this page to find out how to connect to the VPN. PASTA will allow you to make as many submissions as you wish, and each submission will provide you with feedback on each of the components of the assignment. Your last submission before the assignment deadline will be marked, and the mark displayed on PASTA will be the final mark for your code (12 marks).

1. Data

The dataset for this assignment is the Pima Indian Diabetes dataset. It contains 768 instances described by 8 numeric attributes. There are two classes - **yes** and **no**. Each entry in the dataset corresponds to a patient's record; the attributes are personal characteristics and test measurements; the class shows if the person shows signs of diabetes or not. The patients are from Pima Indian heritage, hence the name of the dataset.

A copy of the dataset can be downloaded from Canvas. There are 2 files associated with the dataset. The first file, *.names, describes the data, including the number and the type of the attributes and classes, as well as their meaning. The second file, *.data, contains the data itself. Your task is to predict the class, where the class can be yes or no.

Note: The original dataset can be sourced from UCI Machine Learning Repository. However, you need to use the dataset available on Canvas as it has been modified for consistency.

2. Data preprocessing

Read the **pima-indians-diabetes.names** file and learn more about the meaning of the attributes and the classes. Use Weka's in-built normalisation filter to normalise the values of each attribute to make sure they are in the range [0,1]. The normalisation should be done along each column (attribute), not each row (entry). The class attribute is not normalised – it should remain unchanged. Save the preprocessed file as **pima.csv**.

Warning: In order to ensure that Weka can process the data, you will need to add headers to the data file and save it as a .csv file. You can do this in any text editor. The headers should be removed after preprocessing.

3. Classification algorithms

K-Nearest Neighbour

The K-Nearest Neighbour algorithm should be implemented for any K value and should use Euclidean distance as the distance in the study of the control of the

Naïve Bayes

The Naïve Bayes sho https://eduassistpro.ghablity.density.fondtion. Assume a normal distribution. As before, if there is ever a tie between the two classes, ch

Note: Carefully read sectoded fin Wuc Chart gedu_assistive production output.

4. 10-fold stratified cross-validation

In order to evaluate the performance of the classifiers, you will have to implement 10-fold stratified cross-validation. Your program should be able to show the algorithm's average accuracy over the 10 folds. This information will be required to complete the report.

Your implementation of 10-fold stratified cross-validation will be tested based on your **pima-folds.csv** file. The information about the folds should be stored in **pima-folds.csv** in the following format for each fold:

- Name of the fold, fold1 to fold10.
- Contents of the fold, with each entry on a new line.
- A single blank line to separate the folds from each other.

An example of the **pima-folds.csv** file would look as follows (made up data):

```
fold1
0.588,0.628,0.574,0.263,0.136,0.463,0.054,0.333,yes
0.243,0.274,0.224,0.894,0.113,0.168,0.735,0.321,no

fold2
0.588,0.628,0.574,0.263,0.136,0.463,0.054,0.333,yes
0.243,0.274,0.224,0.894,0.113,0.168,0.735,0.321,no

...
fold10
0.588,0.628,0.574,0.263,0.136,0.463,0.054,0.333,yes
0.243,0.274,0.224,0.894,0.113,0.168,0.735,0.321,no
```

Note: The number of instances per fold should not vary by more than one. If the total number of instances is not divisible by ten, the remaining items should be distributed amongst the folds rather than being placed in one fold.

5. Feature selection

Correlation-based feature selection (CFS) is a method for selecting a subset of the original features (attributes). It searches for the best subset of features, where best is defined by a heuristic which considers how good the individual features are at predicting the class and how much they correlate with the other features good subsets of features contain reatures that are highly correlated with the class and uncorrelate

Load the pima.csv https://eduassistpro.githsusoailable/from the "Select attribute" ethod. Save the CSV file with the reduced number of attributes (this can be don ma-CFS.csv.

Warning: As before, in order ensure weka taratid edu_assist_d to odd Raders.

Once you are done processing, remove the headers

6. Input and output

Input

Your program will need to be named **MyClassifier**, however may be written in any of the languages mentioned in the "Programming languages" section.

Your program should take 3 command line arguments. The first argument is the path to the training data file, the second is the path to the testing data file, and the third is the name of the algorithm to be executed (**NB** for Naïve Bayes and **kNN** for the Nearest Neighbour, where **k** is replaced with a number; e.g. **3NN**).

For example, if you were to make a submission in Java, your main class would be **MyClassifier.java**, and the following are examples of possible inputs to the program:

```
$ java MyClassifier pima.csv examples.csv NB
$ java MyClassifier pima-CFS.csv examples.csv 4NN
```

The input testing data file will consist of several new examples to test your data on. The file will not have headers, will have one example per line, and each line will consist of a normalised value for each of the non-class attributes separated by commas. An example input file would look as follows:

```
0.588,0.628,0.574,0.263,0.136,0.463,0.054,0.333
0.243,0.274,0.224,0.894,0.113,0.168,0.735,0.321
0.738,0.295,0.924,0.113,0.693,0.666,0.486,0.525
```

The following examples show how the program would be run for each of the submission languages, assuming we want to run the NB classifier, the training data is in a file called training.txt, and the testing data is in a file called testing.txt.

Python (version 3.5.3):

```
python MyClassifier.py training.txt testing.txt NB
```

Java (version 1.8):

```
javac MyClassifier.java
java MyClassifier training.txt testing.txt NB
```

c (gcc versi Assignment Project Exam Help

```
c++ (gcc version 6.3. https://eduassistpro.github.io/
```

g++ -c MyClaAsified.clay.cpChat edu_assist_pro

./MyClassifier training.txt testing.tx

MATLAB (R2017b):

```
mcc -m -o MyClassifier -R -nodisplay -R -nojvm MyClassifier
./run_MyClassifier.sh <MATLAB_directory> training.txt testing.txt NB
```

Note: MATLAB must be run this way (compiled first) to speed up MATLAB running submissions. The arguments are passed to your MyClassifier function as strings. For example, the example above will be executed as a function call like this:

```
MyClassifier('training.txt', 'testing.txt', 'NB')
```

Output

Your program will output to standard output (a.k.a. "the console"). The output should be one class value (**yes** or **no**) per line – each line representing your program's classification of the corresponding line in the input file. An example output should look as follows:

```
yes
no
yes
```

Note: These outputs are in no way related to the sample inputs given above. If you have any questions or need any clarifications about program input or output, ask a question on Piazza or ask your tutor. Since your program will be automatically tested by PASTA, it is important that you follow the instructions exactly.

7. Weka evaluation

In Weka select 10-fold cross validation (it is actually 10-fold stratified cross validation) and run the following algorithms: ZeroR, 1R, k-Nearest Neighbor (k-NN; IBk in Weka), Naïve Bayes (NB), Decision Tree (DT; J48 in Weka), Multi-Layer Perceptron (MLP) and Support Vector Machine (SVM; SMO in Weka).

Compare the performance of the Weka's classifiers with your k-Nearest Neighbor and Naïve Bayes classifiers. Do this for the case without feature selection (using **pima.csv**) and with CFS feature selection (using **pima-CFS.csv**).

8. Report

You will have to describe your analysis and findings in a report similar to a research paper. Your report should include 5 sections. There is no minimum or maximum length for the report—you will be marked on the quality of the content that you provide.

Aim

This section should bhttps://eduassistpro.githubyim/tudy is important.

Data
This section should describe the dataset, mentioning t edu_assist_prond-elasses. It should also briefly describe the CFS method and list the attributes selected by the CFS.

Results and discussion

The accuracy results should be presented (in percentage, using 10-fold cross validation) in the following table where My1NN, My3NN and MyNB are your implementations of the 1NN, 3NN and NB algorithms, evaluated using your stratified 10-fold cross validation.

	ZeroR	1R	1NN	3NN	NB	DT	MLP	SVM
No feature selection								
CFS								

	My1NN	My3NN	MyNB
No feature			
selection			
CFS			

In the discussion, compare the performance of the classifiers, with and without feature selection. Compare your implementations of k-NN and NB with Weka's. Discuss the effect of the feature selection – did CFS select a subset of the original features, and if so, did the selected subset make intuitive sense to you? Was feature selection beneficial, i.e. did it improve accuracy, or have any other advantages? Why do you think this is the case? Include anything else that you consider important.

Conclusion

Summarise your main findings and, if possible, suggest future work.

Reflection

Write one or two paragraphs describing the most important thing that you have learned throughout this assignment.

9. Submission Details

This assignment is to be submitted electronically via the PASTA submission system.

Individual submissions setup

The first thing you must do is create an individual group on PASTA. This is due to a limitation of PASTA.

To create a roup, follow the instructions Project Exam Help

- 1. Click on the "Group Management" button (3 people icon), next to the submit button.
- 2. Click on the
- 3. Scroll to the https://eduassistpro.githuboupo/just created.
- 4. Click on "Lock Group" to lock the group and sto

group (optional).

Pair submission Add WeChat edu_assist_pro

The first thing you must do is create/join a group on PASTA. Follow the instructions below:

- 1. Click on the "Group Management" button (3 people icon), next to the submit button.
- 2. If your pair has not yet formed a group on PASTA, click on the plus button in the bottom right to add a new group, otherwise go to step 3.
- 3. Click on "Join Group" next to your group in the "Other Existing Groups" section.
- 4. If you wish to stop anyone from joining your group, click on "Lock Group".

All submissions

Your submission should be zipped together in a single .zip file and include the following:

- The report in PDF format.
- The source code with a main program called MyClassifier. Valid extensions are .java, .py, .c, .cpp, .cc, and .m.
- Three data files: pima.csv, pima-CFS.csv and pima-folds.csv.

A valid submission might look like this:

```
submission.zip
 - pima.csv
  pima-folds.csv
 pima-CSF.csv
   +- report.pdf

    MyClassifier.java

  extrapackage/
   |- MyClass.java
   +- OtherClass.java
```

Upload your submission on PASTA under Assignment 2 - Classification. Make sure you tick the box saying that you're submitting on behalf of your group (even if you're working individually). The submission won't work if you don't.

10. Marking criteria

[12 marks] Code - based on the tests in PASTA; automatic marking

[8 marks] Report:

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- why is t https://eduassistpro.github.io/

[0.5 marks] Data – well explained

- Dataset Addrip We Chat edu_assist_pro
- Attribute selection brief summary of CFS and a list of the selected attributes

[4 marks] Results and discussion

- All results presented
- Correct and deep discussion of the results
- Effect of the feature selection beneficial or not (accuracy, other advantages)
- Comparison between the classifiers (accuracy, other advantages)

[1.5 marks] Conclusions and future work

- Meaningful conclusions based on the results
- Meaningful future work suggested

[0.5 marks] Reflection (meaningful and relevant personal reflection)

[1 marks] English and presentation

- Academic style, grammatical sentences, no spelling mistakes
- Good structure and layout; consistent formatting