# MAC Sub-Layer

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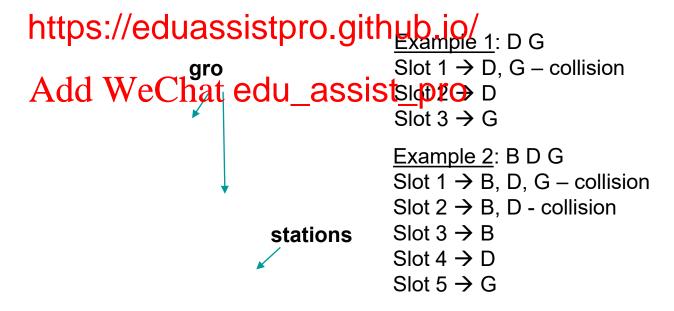
#### Limited Contention Protocols

- Contention model + collision free model?
- Idea: divide stations into groups, within which only a very small number are likely to transmit data.
- Avoid wastage due to idle periods and collisions

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## Adaptive Tree Walk Protocol

- All stations compete for right to transmit, if a collision occurs, binary division is used to resolve contention
- Stations are divided into groups to poll
  - Depth first search under nodes with poll collisions
  - Start search at lower levels if >1 station want to transmit



#### Wireless LAN Protocols

- Wireless complications: stations have coverage regions, which leads to hidden and exposed terminal problems.
- When a station is in the Parise of twentrans mitters or relays, interfer ption.

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- Require detection of transmissions around receiver, not just carrier sensing.
- Transmission Protocols for Wireless LANs (802.11)
  - Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance for Wireless (MACAW)

### Hidden and Exposed Terminals (1)

- Hidden terminals are senders that cannot sense each other but nonetheless collide at intended receiver
  - A and Casei bidden terminals whan stepping to B
  - Want to pre

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## Hidden and Exposed Terminals (2)

- Exposed terminals are senders who can sense each other but still transmit safely (to different receivers)
  - $\neg B \rightarrow A$  and significant perspect exterminal  $\beta$
  - Desirably co rformance https://eduassistpro.github.io/

## MACA(1)

- MACA: Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance
- Sender asks receiver to transmit short control frame
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- Stations neahttps://eduassistpro.giohfutato/e
- Sender can then transmitedu\_assistectiver

## MACA(2)

MACA protocol grants access for A to send to B:

- A sends RTS to B [left]; B replies with CTS [right]
- A can send with exposed but no hidden terminals

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A sends RTS to B; C and E hear and defer for CTS

B replies with CTS; D and E hear and defer for data

### Ethernet

- MAC Sub-Layer Case Study
  - Classic Ethernet Assignment Project Exam Help

    Switched

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### Classic Ethernet

- Each type of Ethernet has a maximum cable length per segment.
- Multiple cable lengths can be connected by repeaters Aspignsicand Evicient Hickard diviges, amplifies and r

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#### Ethernet Frame Format

- MAC protocol is 1-persistent CSMA/CD
  - Random delay (backoff) after collision is computed with BEB (Binary Exponential Backoff, i.e., random number 0 to 2<sup>i</sup> 1)
- Frame formaiss summusers in the later in

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- Preamble (7B) Synchronisation b edu\_assist\_pro
- Start of Frame (1B) FLAG byte
- **Dest. & Source addresses** (6B + 6B) to identify sender and receiver
- Type or Length (2B) specifies which process to give the frame to
- **Data** (0~1500B)
- Pad(0~46B) minimum size of an Ethernet frame is 64 Bytes
- CRC (4B) 32 bits checksum

### Classic Ethernet Minimum Frame Size

- Collisions can occur and take as long as 2τ to detect
  - τ is the time it takes to propagate over the Ethernet
  - Leads to Aninimum frameroizecto Exclinate Electron

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## MAC Addressing

- The MAC Address provides the unique identifier for a physical interface
- 48-bit numberignnoded Projectramenwritep in hexadecimal n

e.g. 00:02:2D: https://eduassistpro.github.io/

#### Ethernet Performance

Channel Efficiency = 
$$\frac{1}{1 + (2BLe)/(cF)}$$

- F: frame length gnment Project Exam Help
- B: bandwidth
- L: cable length https://eduassistpro.github.io/
- c: speed of signal propagation; e .71828
  Optimal case: e contention slots edu\_assist\_pro
- When cF is large, the channel efficiency will be high.
- Increasing network bandwidth or distance (BL) reduces the efficiency for a given frame size.

### Switched Ethernet

- Hubs wire all lines into a single CSMA/CD domain
- Switches isolate each port to a separate domain
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  - No need for C

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### Summary of Multiple Access Protocols

- Contention
  - ALOHA, Slotted ALOHA
  - Carrier SersignMuttiple Agicets Exapelsistent, nonpersistent, p
- Collision Free: https://eduassistpro.github.io/
- Limited Content And Ava other edu\_assist\_pro
- MACA/MACAW (for Wireless LANs): RTS and CTS