

Monday 13 May 2019 9:30 am - 11:00 am (Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes)

DEGREE of MSc

Cryptography and Secure Development (M)

(Answer All Questions)

Assignment project a Exammirelp

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1. (a) Explain why a system of arithmetic based on integers mod n, where n is a positive integer, is useful in encryption. Produce multiplication tables for integers mod 7 and integers mod 8 and use them to explain one weakness of modular arithmetic.

[5]

(b) A message consists of a series of 8-bit ASCII characters. An encryption scheme uses integers mod n=100,000,007 (a prime number). The encryption key e and the decryption key d are random numbers between 2 and n-1. Encryption consists of multiplying by e and decryption multiplying by d. What equation must e and d satisfy? How would you encrypt plaintext P, producing ciphertext C?

[5]

(c) Explain why an arithmetic system using polynomials with coefficients that are either 0 or 1 is more useful than integers mod n for encrypting bitstrings. Show with an example how it is possible to convert a bitstring into a polynomial and back again. How is multiplication defined to make sure that the polynomials don't become too large?

Assignment Project Exam Help [5]

and 25 https://eduassistpro.githubei.01/21, m=12, n

y=24, z=25. The encryption and decryp hmetic mod 26 on the numerical codes and literature based plain text using an English language leadure as the plaintext. The key is taken ly available in libraries. Corresponding letters are added modulo 26 for encryption and subtracted modulo 26 for decryption.

Try and deduce part of the plaintext and key if the corresponding letters in the ciphertext are **lom**. You may assume that high frequency letters are [aehot].

[7]

An organisation has decided to use a public key system that is similar to the RSA system. The only difference is that it uses integers mod n where n is the product of **three** primes not two. This is the only difference. Describe the encryption and decryption operations and show that one is the inverse of the other. State the public and secret keys.

[8]

Summer Diet 1 Continued Overleaf/

4. (a) What is a blockchain and why is it useful? Describe the structure of the blockchain used in BitCoin.

[5]

(b) In the BitCoin system, a large number of individuals and organisations have a copy of the BitCoin blockchain. Why isn't there just one copy? How does BitCoin make sure that all the copies are the same, and what happens if some are different? How is a malicious organisation prevented from entering fraudulent transactions into the blockchain to give themselves ownership of other people's BitCoins?

[5]

(c) Alice has a BitCoin with value 10 BTC and spends 7 BTC with Bob. Describe in detail how she does this. You should explain how Bob makes sure Alice owns the coin and has not already spent it.

[5]

5. (a) Assing expression at the server program will allow the attack to succeed. In each ca

(b) A syste https://eduassistpro.github.of their passwords in a table indexed by their user ID. When their user ID. This is used to retrieve their encryper their encryper their user ID. This is used to retrieve their encryper their encryper their encryper their user into an array. The user their their password line to assist system the encrypted, with the encrypted version beine the compared with the version retrieved from the table and if they are the same the user is allowed into the system. Show with an example how a poor implementation of this system can allow an attacker to get into the system without knowing the user's password using a buffer overflow attack. How can this attack be prevented?

[5]

(c) What is a poisoned null byte attack? Give an example to explain the coding errors that allow it to work? How can it be prevented?

[4]