

# Assignment Project Exam Help

More Fault Tolerant Consensus

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University of Auckland

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# Assignment Project Exam Help

① TurpinCoan Sync Multi

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② BenOr Async Stop

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TurpinCoan Init aka Round 0 (Process  $\#i$ )

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- Initial choice:  $x \in V$

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- Proposal:  $y \in V \cup \perp = \perp$

- Candidate:  $z \in V \cup \perp = \perp$

- Vote:  $\hat{v} \in \{0, 1\} = 0$

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TurpinCoan Round 1 (Process  $\#i$ )

- Send  $x$  to all processes

- Let  $W \subseteq V \cup \perp =$  multiset of all received messages

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- Else, keep  $y = \perp$

- $y \in V \cup \perp$  is our preference

- Note: all non-faulty processes select the same  $y \in V \cup \perp$

- $aaab \Rightarrow y = a, aaac \Rightarrow y = a$

- $aaab \Rightarrow y = a, aacb \Rightarrow y = \perp$

TurpinCoan Round 2 (Process  $\#i$ )

- Send  $y \in V \cup \perp$  to all processes

- Let  $W \subseteq V \cup \perp \equiv$  multiset of all received messages

- $W = N$  : sync,

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- Else if  $\exists v \in V, \arg \max_v |W|_v$ , arbi

( $\hat{z} = 0$ )

- We do NOT vote for candidate  $z \in V$ , but this may be the final decision

- Else i.e.  $|W| \cap V = \emptyset$ . ( $z = \perp, \hat{v} = 0$ )

- No candidate, no vote

TurpinCoan Round 3, ... (Process  $\#i$ )

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# TurpinCoan Other Agreement Examples

The three loyal processes start with  $aab$ ,  $a, b \in V$ , the last process

is faulty

- Variant agreement:  $z = a \quad V$

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- $aabb \Rightarrow y = \perp, aa \perp \underline{b} \Rightarrow z = a$

- Variant agreement  $z = v_0 \in V$

- $aaba \Rightarrow y = a, aa \perp \underline{a} \Rightarrow z = a, \hat{v} = 1, 1100 \Rightarrow 0$

- $aaba \Rightarrow y = a, aa \perp \underline{a} \Rightarrow z = a, \hat{v} = 1, 1100 \Rightarrow 0$

- $aabb \Rightarrow y = \perp, aa \perp \underline{b} \Rightarrow z = a, \hat{v} = 0, 1100 \Rightarrow 0$



# TurpinCoan Other Agreement Examples

The three loyal processes start with  $abc$ ,  $a, b, c \in V$ , the last process is faulty

- Agreement:  $z = v_0 \in V$

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- $abc\underline{b} \Rightarrow y = \perp, \perp \perp \perp \underline{e} \Rightarrow z = f, \hat{v} = 0, 000 \underline{\quad} 0$

- Agreement may be impossible with just one round

- $aab\underline{a} \cdots \Rightarrow z = a, \hat{v} = 1, 110\underline{1} \Rightarrow 1$

- $aab\underline{a} \cdots \Rightarrow z = a, \hat{v} = 1, 110\underline{1} \Rightarrow 1$

- $aab\underline{b} \cdots \Rightarrow z = b, \hat{v} = 0, 110\underline{1} \Rightarrow 1$

## BenOr Async Stop

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- FLP: no agreement in the **async** model, even if one **single**

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- Way around: stronger model, and weaker termination

- Stronger model: processes use **random**

- Weaker termination: eventual terminat

BenOr Init aka Round 0 (Process  $\#i$ )

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- Initial choice:  $x \in \{0, 1\}$

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- Proposal:  $y \in \{0, 1, \perp\} = \perp$

- Step:  $s \geq 0 \Rightarrow 0$  unbounded

- Each step has two rounds

BenOr Step  $s$ , Round 1 (Process  $\#i$ )

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- Send  $(I, s, x)$  to all processes
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  - If all  $m \in M$  have same value  $v \in$
  - Else,  $y \leftarrow \perp$
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BenOr Step  $s$ , Round 2 (Process  $\#i$ )

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- Send  $(I[s], v)$  to all processes
- If  $x = v$ , then  $x = v$  and  $\text{decide}$

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- If  $x \neq v$ , then  $x = v$  (if not already), and  $\text{continue}$

- If at least  $N - 2F = F + 1$  processes  $p_i$  have  $x = v$ , then  $x = v$ , but do not decide
- Else i.e.  $x = \text{random} \in \{0, 1\}$ .