11. Protection in the OS

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Segments

- It really makes no difference whether a bug that destroys somebody else's data is an accidental mistake or malicious.
 - a faulty process may also try to execute data or perform operations on machine code
- Solution is to ensure that physical memory areas used for different purposes are protected from each other. This is the primary function of the MMU.
- Paged virtual mem mplement but:
 - Pages are fixed shttps://eduassistpro.github.io/
 - Areas we want t ined by process logic
- Introduce idea of seanceds WielCarat edu_assiste proory in a process address space of any size determ ess logic:
- In virtual memory systems, a segment must be an integral number of pages.
- When a process is executing, it is not allowed to modify any word in memory that isn't within a segment owned by the process
- MMU *protection* operates at segment level, *physical placement* at page level.

Violations of Memory Protection

- All memory accesses must be checked to see if a segment violation has occurred.
 - If so a memory fault is signalled.
 - In a virtual memory system the handler will check if a page fault has occurred, but if there is no page on disk for this access, process is aborted before damage is done.
- Since this must be done every memory cycle it must be done by the MMU.
- The MMU maintai https://eduassistpro.github.lo/active segment, the MMU generates a memory
 The MMU is a device with its own regist ou_assist_pro
 by the CPU.
- - What if a faulty or malicious program accesses the MMU?
 - The MMU must be especially protected...
 - Only the OS should be allowed to modify the MMU.
 - How do we stop other programs from doing so?

User and System Mode

- Hardware support is needed to control access to the MMU
 - At all times, the processor is either in user mode or in system mode
 - The instructions that access the MMU are called privileged instructions
 - Privileged instructions can only be executed in system mode
- To implement this, the CPU contains a flip flop (called the CPU mode bit) which indicates and glandle that the legister.
- The hardware exec ws:
 - If system mode, p https://eduassistpro.github.io/
 - If user mode, cause an exception which tran iately to the OS
- It is essential to ensured that West hat edu_assistion to system mode.
- User processes must not be able to chang stem mode without passing control back to the OS. (To do otherwise would be a hacker's dream!)
- On every exception the CPU automatically flips to system mode. The OS controls the location and content of all handler routines.
- A privileged instruction is used to set user mode before a user process is run.

More on System Mode

- Every operation that might be dangerous must be executed in system mode
 - Only the Operating System is allowed to perform these operations
 - The user program can only request such an operation to be performed
- Every I/O operation is potentially dangerous
 - I/O is complicated go hun care tik Prif is are to be themselves lelp
 - Users don't want to write I/O code anyway, since it's so complicated
 - Incorrect I/O coul estroying data en vour progra https://eduassistpro.github.io/ it really does is build a
- When your progra request: a data structure that describes w _____ ants to perform. ____ Then your program executes a TRAP at edu_assist_pro

 - The OS takes control from your program and examines the request you made.
 - If a legitimate request (e.g. read a line from my own file) OS then executes privileged instructions to perform the action
 - If not legitimate (e.g. read data from somebody else's file) OS refuses the action!

Levels of Protection

- We have examined the low level basis of protection
 - Implementation requires cooperation between hardware and OS.
 - But there are many higher levels of protection which an OS uses to determine whether a requested operation is legitimate (protection policy). Assignment Project Exam Help
 We want to have both
- - Security so tha
 Flexibility so t
 https://eduassistpro.github.io/ th convenience
- When an OS supports the wife chiefs edu_assist roses belongs to a specific user and each user has a leve hat determines what his/her processes are allowed to do
 - Administrator (root) can do almost anything
 - Ordinary users can modify only their own data and read data of other users who permit it.

Files

- Data in secondary memory is stored in files.
 - A file is a set of logically associated sectors.
- The MMU and system/user modes give protection to information in memory while a program is running Assignment Project Exam Help
 Data that is stored permanently in files needs file protection, which is
- Data that is stored permanently in files needs file protection, which is enforced by the ohttps://eduassistpro.github.io/
- File access is ess
 - User programs areabsolived phaitedu_assisting now I/O.
 - To do I/O, a user program sends a re rating system.
 - The OS checks the request, to determine whether the user is the owner of the file; if the request is OK, the OS performs the actual machine language instructions to do the I/O