Session		: Semester B 2020/21 Quiz 2		
Time allowed		: 65 minutes		
Instructions		: Answers should be hand written and submitted as a pdf.		
Copy the following on the first page of your test answer sheet. "I pledge that the answers in this examination are my own and that I will not seek or obtain an unfair advantage in producing these answers. Specifically, LXAII TEP				
2.	examination; and			O. Grifferson during the one of the student taking the eyice models. assisiv action. O
Name		SID	Signature	

: Topics for Computer Graphics

Qn 1 (25 marks)

Course code & title

- a) If it is desired to simulate accelerate-then-decelerate motion using an empirical function, what is the form of the function and the angle range?
- b) α is the angle of a part in your object. You wish to change α from 40^{o} to 160^{o} in an accelerate-then-decelerate motion in 3 seconds. Write the corresponding *glutIdle* function. Use the empirical function in a) to simulate the motion.

Qn 2 (25 marks)

- a) Draw a green ground plane whose 4 corners are (-150, -150, 2), (150, -150, 2), (150, 150, 2) and (-150, 150, 2). The ground plane has equation Z = 2. Write the function *ground_plane* () which draws the plane.
- b) Draw a blue cube of length 10 sitting on the ground plane with center (0, 0, 7). Write the function *cube* () which draws the cube.
- c) Write OpenGL code to draw the ground plane, the cube and its shadow on the ground plane. The point light source is at (10, 20, 30). Also, show the derivation of the projection matrix.

Qn 3 (25 marks)

- a) In Qn 2, if the light source is changed to a lighting direction $(-1, 1, 2\sqrt{2})$, what should be the 4×4 projection matrix.
- b) Name the type of the projection in a) Project Exam Help
- c) List two limitations for the shadow generated in Qn 2.

https://eduassistpro.github.io/ Add WeChat edu_assist_pro

(**Qn 4** on the next page)

Qn 4 (25 marks)

An OpenGL scene has the following settings for shading calculations:

```
glEnable (GL LIGHTING);
GLdouble V1 [] = \{0.0, -1.0/sqrt(2), 1.0/sqrt(2), 0.0\}
GLdouble\ V2\ [\ ] = \{0.2,\ 0.2,\ 0.2,\ 1.0\}
GLdouble\ V3\ [\ ] = \{0.8,\ 0.8,\ 0.8,\ 1.0\}
GLdouble V4 [] = \{0.8, 0.8, 0.8, 1.0\}
glLightfy (GL LIGHT1, GL POSITION, V1);
glEnable (GL LIGHT1);
glLightfv (GL LIGHT1, GL AMBIENT, V2);
glLightfv (GL LIGHT1, GL DIFFUSE, V3);
glLightfy (GL LIGHT1, GL SPECULAR, V4);
gluLookAt (100, 100, 100, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0);
A plane Z = 0 has the following material pharacteristics: Assignment Project Exam Help GLdouble V5 [] = {0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 1.0}
GLdouble\ V6\ [\ ]=\{0
GLdouble V7 [] = {0 https://eduassistpro.github.io/
glMaterialfv (GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_DIFFUSE, V6);
glMaterialfy (GL FRONT AND BACK, GL SPECU
glMaterialf (GL_FROATO TO MICEL HANNEGU ASSIST DIO
```

- a) Compute the result of back face detection at the point of the plane the camera is pointing at.
- b) Derive the intensity at the point of the plane the camera is pointing at.

--- END ---