## **Computer Architecture**

## **Tutorial 3 – Number Representation and Binary Arithmetic**

- 1) Convert the following binary numbers to decimal: (a) 0110, (b) 1011, (c) 10101010
- 2) Convert the following binary numbers to hexadecimal: (a) 1110, (b) 11011, (c) 1010111101110010
- 3) Convert the following decimal numbers to binary and hexadecimal: (a) 12, (b) 27, (c) 96
- 4) For an 8-bit group, work out the representation for  $-37_{10}$  in
  - a) Sign & Magnitude
  - b) One's Complement
  - c) Two's Complement Project Exam<sub>2</sub>nHelp where m is the number of bits in the bit-group)
  - e) Excess-12
- 5) Express 9876 https://eduassistpro.github.io/
- 6) Form the negative equivalent of the following edu\_assist\_pro
  (a) 00011001, (b) 00011110, (c) 01101000, (d

by comparing the resulting bit-patterns to the originals, can you spot a "short cut" method for the conversion?

## **Computer Architecture**

## **Tutorial 3 – Number Representation and Binary Arithmetic - Answers**

1) Convert the following binary numbers to decimal:

(a) 0110 = 6, (b) 1011 = 11, (c) 10101010 = 170

- 2) Convert the following binary numbers to hexadecimal: (a) 1110 = E, (b) 11011 = 1B, (c) 1010111101110010 = AF72
- 3) Convert the following decimal numbers to binary and hexadecimal: (a) 12 = 1100 & C, (b) 27 = 11011 & 1B, (c) 96 = 1100000 & 60
- 4) For Assirgnmente Projectr Exam Help

  37,0 = 100101
  - a) Sign & Mhttps://eduassistpro.github.io/
  - b) One's Complement 1101101
  - c) Two's Complement WeChat edu\_assist\_pro
  - d) Excess-255

$$-37 = -37 + 255 = 218 = 11011010$$

e) Excess-128

$$-37 = -37 + 128 = 91 = 01011011$$

5) Express 9876510 in Binary Coded Decimal

- 6) Form the negative equivalent of the following 8-bit Two's Complement numbers.
  - (a) 00011001, (b) 00011110, (c) 01101000, (d) 01110100
- (a)  $00011001 = 16 + 8 + 1 = 25_{10}$

"invert the bits and add 1" 11100110 + 1 = 11100111

check:  $11100111 = -128 + (64 + 32 + 4 + 2 + 1) = -25_{10}$ 

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(b) 
$$00011110 = 16 + 8 + 4 + 2 = 30_{10}$$

"invert the bits and add 1" 11100001 + 1 = 11100010

check: 
$$11100010 = -128 + (64 + 32 + 2) = -30_{10}$$

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(c) 
$$01101000 = 64 + 32 + 8 = 104_{10}$$

"invert the bits and add 1" 10010111 + 1 = 10011000

check: 
$$10011000 = -128 + (16 + 8) = -104_{10}$$

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(d) 01110100 = 64 + 32 + 16 + 4 = 11610

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"invert the bits and add 1" 10001011 + 1 10001100

check: 100011

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by comparing the

method for the conversion?

Take another look at the bit patterns: Chat edu\_assist\_pro

positive: 00011001 00011110 01101000 01110100 negative: 11100111 11100010 10011000 10001100

"starting from the rightmost bit (lsb), copy each bit unchanged up to and including the first 1 then invert all the remaining bits"