

**Toshiba Personal Computer**  
**Satellite A300**  
**Satellite Pro A300**  
**EQUIUM A300**  
**SATEGO A300**

**(PSAG8x/PSAG9x/PSAGAx)**  
**(PSAGBx/ PSAGQx/PSAGRx)**  
**(PSAGCx/PSAGDx/PSAGEx)**  
**(PSAGFx/ PSAGUx/PSAGVx)**

**Maintenance Manual**

**TOSHIBA CORPORATION**

S/ No

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Toshiba Satellite A300/Satellite Pro A300/EQUIUM A300/SATEGO A300 Maintenance Manual

First edition March 2008

## **Disclaimer**

The information presented in this manual has been reviewed and validated for accuracy. The included set of instructions and descriptions are accurate for the Satellite A300/Satellite Pro A300/EQUIUM A300/SATEGO A300 at the time of this manual's production. However, succeeding computers and manuals are subject to change without notice. Therefore, Toshiba assumes no liability for damages incurred directly or indirectly from errors, omissions, or discrepancies between any succeeding product and this manual.

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## Preface

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This maintenance manual describes how to perform hardware service maintenance for the Toshiba Personal Computer Satellite A300D/Satellite Pro A300D/EQUIUM A300D / SATEGO A300D, referred to as Satellite A300/Satellite Pro A300/EQUIUM A300/SATEGO A300 in this manual.

The procedures described in this manual are intended to help service technicians isolate faulty Field Replaceable Units (FRUs) and replace them in the field.

### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Four types of messages are used in this manual to bring important information to your attention. Each of these messages will be italicized and identified as shown below.

**DANGER:** “Danger” indicates the existence of a hazard that could result in death or serious bodily injury, if the safety instruction is not observed.

**WARNING:** “Warning” indicates the existence of a hazard that could result in bodily injury, if the safety instruction is not observed.

**CAUTION:** “Caution” indicates the existence of a hazard that could result in property damage, if the safety instruction is not observed.

**NOTE:** “Note” contains general information that relates to your safe maintenance service.

Improper repair of the computer may result in safety hazards. Toshiba requires service technicians and authorized dealers or service providers to ensure the following safety precautions are adhered to strictly.

- ❑ Be sure to fasten screws securely with the right screwdriver. If a screw is not fully fastened, it could come loose, creating a danger of a short circuit, which could cause overheating, smoke or fire.
- ❑ If you replace the battery pack, RTC battery or backup battery, be sure to use only the same model battery or an equivalent battery recommended by Toshiba. Installation of the wrong battery can cause the battery to explode.

The manual is divided into the following parts:

- |            |  |
|------------|--|
| Chapter 1  | Hardware Overview describes the Satellite A300/Satellite Pro A300/EQUIUM A300/SATEGO A300 system unit and each FRU.  |
| Chapter 2  | Troubleshooting Procedures explains how to diagnose and resolve FRU problems.  |
| Chapter 3  | Test and Diagnostics describes how to perform test and diagnostic operations for maintenance service.  |
| Chapter 4  | Replacement Procedures describes the removal and replacement of the FRUs.  |
| Appendices | The appendices describe the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>□ Handling the LCD module</li><li>□ Board layout</li><li>□ Pin Assignments</li><li>□ Keyboard scan/character codes</li><li>□ Key layout</li><li>□ BIOS Rewrite Procedures</li><li>□ EC/KBC Rewrite Procedures</li></ul> |

## **Conventions**

This manual uses the following formats to describe, identify, and highlight terms and operating procedures.

### *Acronyms*

On the first appearance and whenever necessary for clarification acronyms are enclosed in parentheses following their definition. For example:

Read Only Memory (ROM)

### *Keys*

Keys are used in the text to describe many operations. The key top symbol as it appears on the keyboard is printed in **boldface** type.

### *Key operation*

Some operations require you to simultaneously use two or more keys. We identify such operations by the key top symbols separated by a plus (+) sign. For example, **Ctrl + Pause (Break)** means you must hold down **Ctrl** and at the same time press **Pause (Break)**. If three keys are used, hold down the first two and at the same time press the third.

### *User input*

Text that you are instructed to type in is shown in the boldface type below:

**DISKCOPY A: B:**

### *The display*

Text generated by the XXXXX that appears on its display is presented in the type face below:

Format complete  
System transferred

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# **Chapter 1**

## **Hardware Overview**

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## **Chapter 1    Contents**

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## **1.1 Features**

The Toshiba Satellite A300/Satellite Pro A300/EQUIUM A300/SATEGO A300 is a full size notebook PC based on the Penryn / Pentium and Merom processor, providing high-speed processing capabilities and advanced features. The computer employs a Lithium Ion battery that allows it to be battery-operated for a longer period of time. The display uses 15.4-inch WXGA LCD panel, at a resolution of 1280 by 800 pixels. The Micro-FCPGA socket supports BTO/CTO for the CPU so that the system can be designed to suit your needs.

The computer has the following features.

Processor

The CPU is the Penryn Processor .

Penryn Core2 Duo Processor (1066MHz)  
P8400(2.26G)/P8600(2.40G) Hz  
P9500(2.53G)/T9400(2.53G) Hz  
T9600(2.80G) Hz

Host Bridge System Controller

System Controller: Intel Cantiga PM45/GM45/GL40 + ICH9M

Graphics

Intel GM45/GL40 integrated graphic or PM45 with ATI M82XT/M86M.

Memory

The computer has two SO-DIMMs slot comes standard with DDRII-667/800MHz module. It supports PC2-5300/6400 and uses SO-DIMMs (DDRII SDRAM) driven at 1.8 V, accepting BTO/CTO for your memory requirements. It can incorporate up to 8 GB for PM/GM45 and 4GB of main memory for GL40.

Using the following sizes of memory modules:

- 512 MB (64Mx64)/667/800 MHZ
- 1024 MB (128Mx64)/667/800 MHZ
- 2048 MB (256Mx64)/667/800 MHZ

- 4096 MB (512Mx64)/667/800 MHZ

Hard Disk Drive (HDD)

The computer accommodates 9.5 mm and 12.5mm height HDD with following storage capacities:

- 120 GB (9.5 mm thick) SATA (5,400rpm)
- 160 GB (9.5 mm thick) SATA (5,400rpm)
- 200 GB (9.5 mm thick) SATA (4,200rpm/5,400rpm)
- 250 GB (9.5 mm thick) SATA (5,400rpm)
- 250 GB (12.5 mm thick) SATA (4,200rpm)
- 300 GB (12.5 mm thick) SATA (4,200rpm)
- 320 GB (9.5 mm thick) SATA (5,400rpm)
- 400 GB (12.5 mm thick) SATA (4,200rpm)
- 500 GB (12.5 mm thick) SATA (4,200rpm/5,400rpm)

ODD

The computer accommodates a fixed 12.7 mm SATA ODD with one of following types:

- DVD Super Multi +-R Double Layer drive
- DVD Super Multi +-R Double Layer with Label Flash

Display

The LCD displays available come with one of following types:

- 15.4" WXGA CSV 1-Lamp 200nits color display, resolution 1280×800
- 15.4" WXGA+ CSV 1-Lamp 200nits color display, resolution 1280×800
- 15.4" WXGA 500 CSV WV 72% 2-Lamps display, resolution 1280×800

Keyboard

The keyboard has 31 kinds' countries key.

Battery

The computer has a removable 3/6/9 Cell Lithium Ion battery pack .

Universal Serial Bus (USB) Ports

The computer has four USB 2.0 ports. It is supported to daisy-chain a maximum of 127 USB devices. The serial data transfer rate is 480 Mbps or 12 Mbps and 1.5 Mbps. These ports support PnP installation and hot plugging.

External Monitor Port

A 15-pin external monitor port is provided, through which the computer automatically recognizes an external VESA DDC 2B compatible monitor.

Multiple Digital Media Card Slot

This computer is equipped with Multiple Digital Media Card Slot that can accommodate SD/ Mini-SD/ Micro-SD/ SD-IO/ SDHC/ MS/ MS Pro/ MMC/ XD memory cards. This slot is for your memory card requirements to provide memory card read on your computer

Toshiba Pointing Device

Toshiba Pointing Device has one kind of Normal touchpad and one kind of Wide Lux touchpad with LED light bar for mainstream ID only.

Sound System

The ALC268 integrated audio controller supports multimedia. The sound system contains the following:

- Stereo speakers
- Headphone / SPDIF combo jack
- Internal microphone
- External microphone jack

LAN (BTO)

The internal LAN board supports 10/100Mbit or 1Gbit, enabling connection to a LAN at up to 1Gbps. It also supports Wake-up on LAN from S3/S4/S5 and PXE boot support. The LAN board has RJ45 jack to directly accommodate a LAN cable.

Wireless LAN

The internal Mini Card slot supports IEEE802.11bg (ROW) / IEEE802.11ag (MOW)/ IEEE802.11ag (ROW)/ IEEE802.11ag (JPN)/ IEEE802.11agn (MOW)/ IEEE802.11agn (ROW) card. The Antenna has two or three wires dual band antenna support for BTO.

Internal Modem (BTO)

The computer contains a MDC, enabling data and fax communication. It supports ITU- T V.90 (for rest countries)/V.92 (America, Canada, UK, Germany & France). The transfer rates are 56 Kbps for data reception, 33.6 Kbps for data transmission and 14,400 bps for fax transmission. Note, however, that the actual speed depends on the line quality. The RJ11 modem jack is used to accommodate a telephone line.

IEEE 1394

The IEEE 1394 serial data transfer rate is 400 Mbps, this port supports hot plugging.

Finger Print (BTO)

This product has a fingerprint utility installed for the purpose of enrolling and recognizing fingerprints. By enrolling the ID and password to the fingerprint authentication device, it is no longer necessary to input the password from the keyboard. Just by swiping the finger against the fingerprint sensor.

PCI Express Slot

The ICH9-M provides PCI Express root ports which are compliant to the PCI Express Base Specification, Revision 1.0a. The root port supports 2.5 Gb/s bandwidth in each direction (5 Gb/s concurrent) and two virtual channels for full isochronous data support.

CD Key (BTO)

The CD Key supports to play Audio CD directly.

Internal Camera (BTO with Microphone)

The computer has an internal camera. The camera has VGA (fixed focus) for low end ID or 1.3Mpix resolution (Auto macro or w/o Auto macro) for mainstream ID support.

FELICA card reader (for JAPAN BTO)

The felica card reader writes and reads data to and from contactless Felica IC cards. Having no need for physical contact with the card, the reader/writer is immune to performance deterioration caused by wear and contamination, providing easy maintenance and long term reliability.

The computer has Felica card reader and support BTO for Japan model only.

**HDMI Out Port (BTO)**

A HDMI monitor can be connected to the HDMI out port on the computer.

The computer has HDMI out port and support BTO.

**S Video Out Port**

The S Video out port lets you transfer video data to external devices.

**FM Tuner Port (Exclusive with Modem/Felica)**

The FM Tuner Port lets you connect an external FM Antenna.

**ROBSON Mini Card (BTO)**

Robson is Intel's platform non-volatile memory (NVM) disk-cache accelerator which delivers a fast cold boot as well resume from hibernate while saving power. It also accelerates application loading and run time thru intelligent file caching.

- Figures 1-1/1-2/1-3 and 1-4 show the computer and its system unit configuration, respectively.

## ID Specification

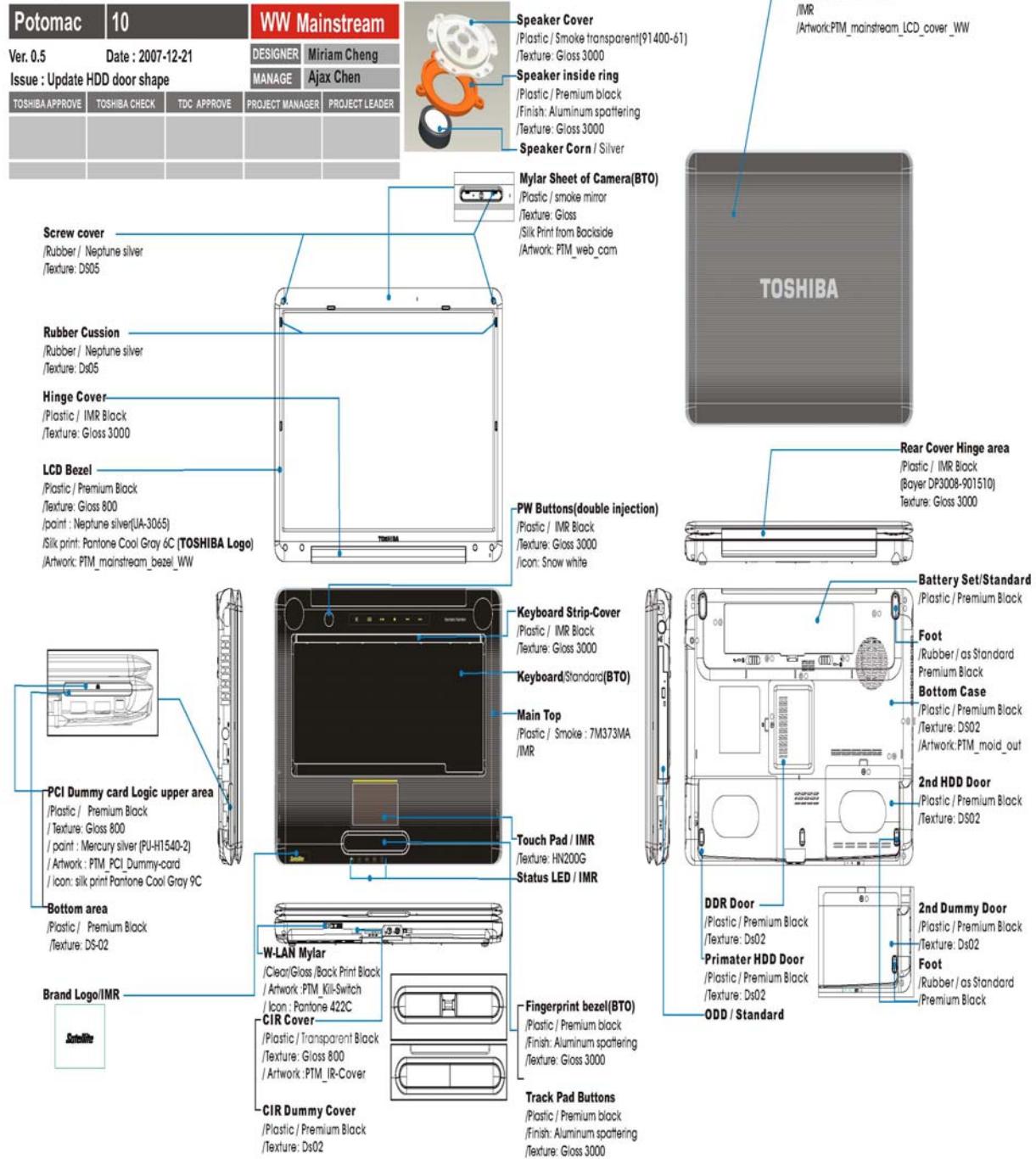


Figure 1-1 ID Parts Description Placement

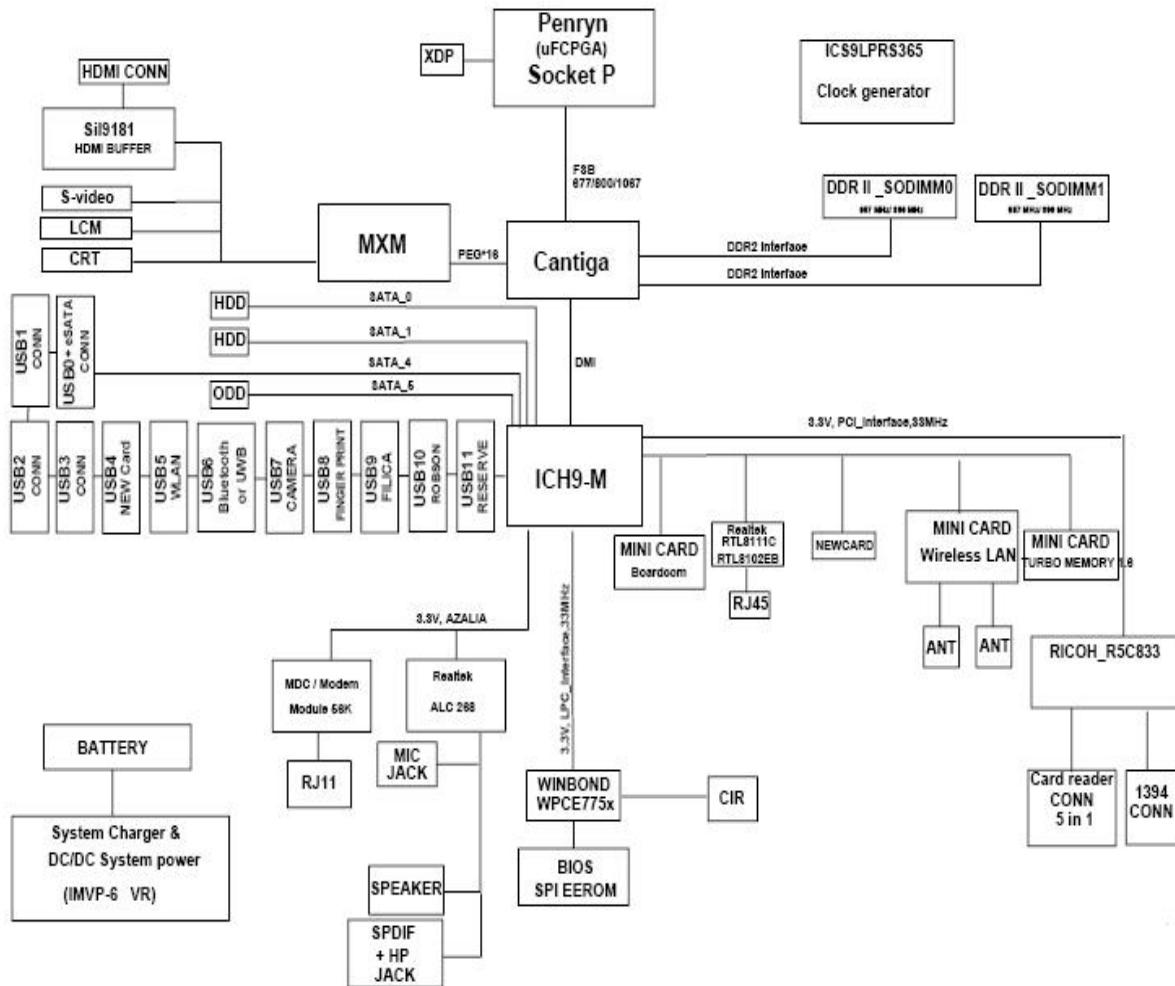


Figure 1-2 Computer Block Diagram

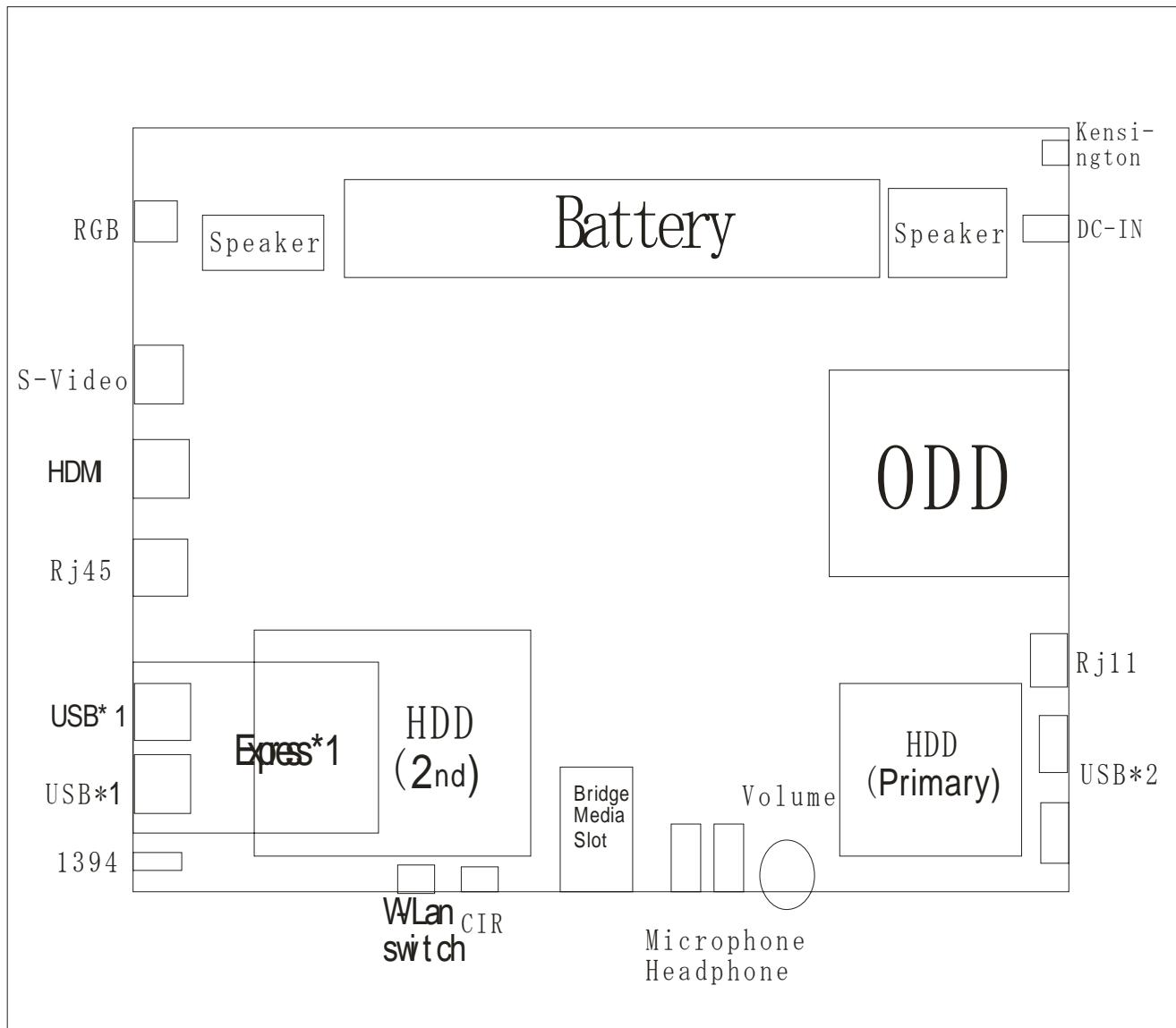


Figure 1-3 System Board Configurations

## 1.2 System Unit Components

Figure 1-4 is Block Diagram of the System Unit.

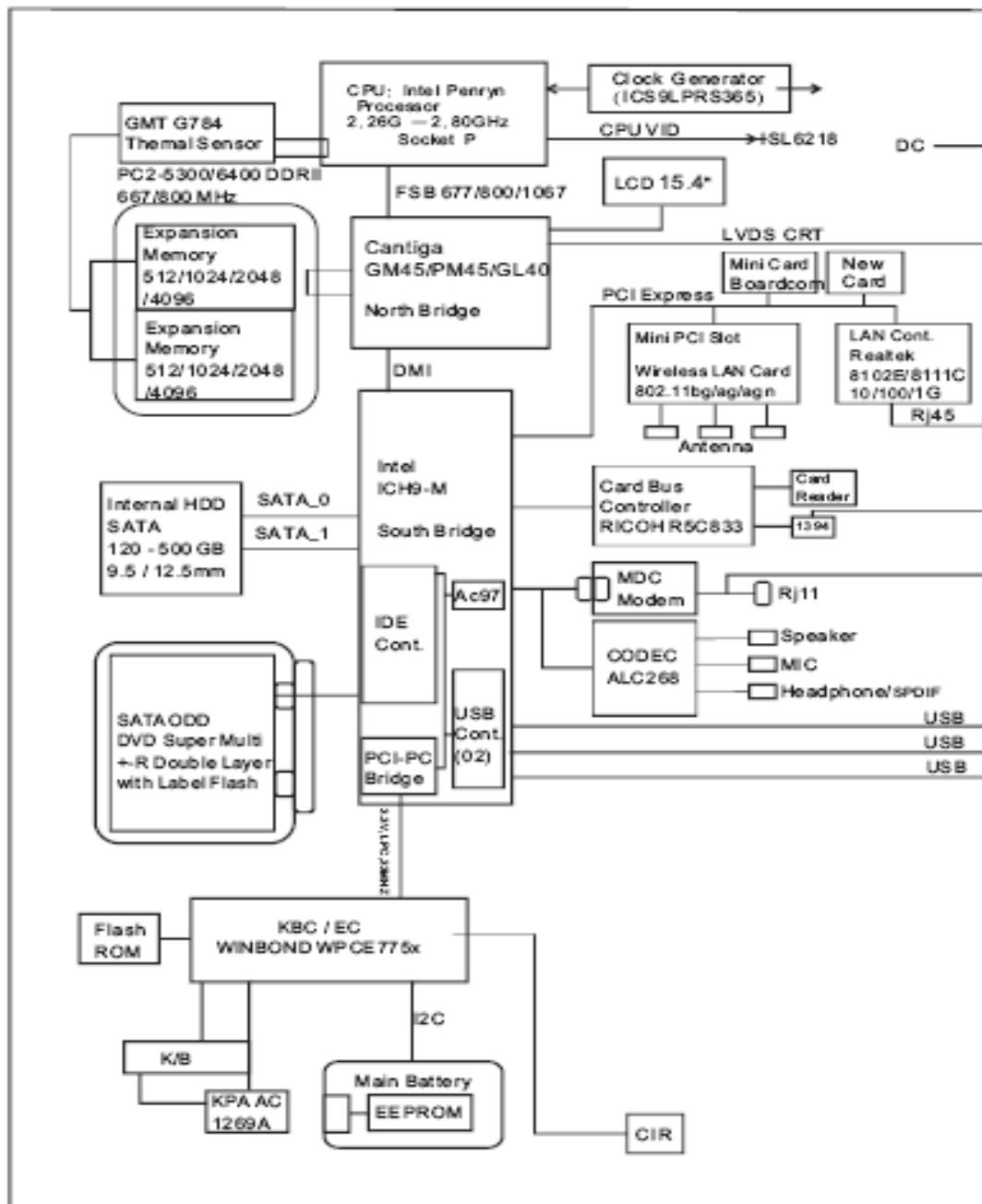


Figure 1-4 System Unit Block Diagram

The system unit of the computer consists of the following components:

Processor: Core2 Duo / Dual Core Processor and Merom Celeron Processor.

- Core2 Duo Processor (1066MHz)
  - Core speed: 2.26/2.40/2.53/2.80GHz
  - System bus: 1066 MHz
  - On-die level 2 cache: 3 MB (P8400/P8600)
  - On-die level 2 cache: 6 MB (P9500/T9400/T9600)

Memory

Two expansion memory slots are provided. They can hold 512/1024/2048/4096MB expansion memory modules available as options to grow up to 4GB for GL40 and 8 GB for PM/GM 45.

- PC2-5300(667MHz)/ PC2-6400(800MHZ)DDRII SDRAM supported
- 512/1024/2048/4096MB modules supported
  - 512 MB ( 64M x 64)
  - 1024 MB (128M x 64)
  - 2048 MB (256M x 64)
  - 4096 MB (512M x 64)
- 1.8 volt operation
- No parity bit
- 64-bit data transfer

BIOS ROM (Flash EEPROM)

- 8Mb x 1 chip (1024KB flash parts)
  - NvStorage size : 128K
  - NvStorage free space : 93K
  - FV00 size : 680K
  - FV00 free space : 21K
  - FV01 size : 64K
  - FV01 free space : 45K
  - FV02 size : 128K
  - FV02 free space : 11K

System Controllers

- North Bridge: Intel PM45/GM45/GL40
  - CPU Interface and Control

- System Memory Support
  - PCI Express\* Graphics (PEG) Interface
  - Integrated Display Interface Support
  - Internal Graphics Features
  - Direct Media Interface (DMI)
  - Power Management
  - Security and Manageability
  - Serial ATA Interface
  - ICH9 Audio Control
- South Bridge: Intel ICH9-M
    - Direct Media Interface (DMI)
    - PCI Express\* Interface
    - Serial ATA (SATA) Controller
    - Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI)
    - Intel Matrix Storage Technology
    - PCI Bus Interface
    - Interrupt controller
    - Low Pin Count (LPC) Interface
    - Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)
    - Compatibility Modules
    - Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller (APIC)
    - Universal Serial Bus (USB) Controller
    - LAN Controller
    - RTC
    - GPIO
    - Enhanced Power Management
    - Intel I/O Virtualization (VT-d) Support
    - System Management Bus (SMBus 2.0)
    - Intel High Definition Audio Controller
    - Enhanced DMA Controller

□ Card Bus Controller

- R5C833
  - PCI-1394 bridge interface
  - SD/Mini SD/SD-IO/MS/MS Pro/MMC/XD Card Controller
  - PCI Bus interface

□ Audio Controller

Realtek ALC268 integrated audio controller supports multimedia. The sound system feature contains the following:

- 2 Stereo DACs support 16/20/24-bit PCM format for stereo audio playback.

- 2 stereo ADCs support 16/20-bit PCM format for two stereo independent sound inputs.
  - 16/20/24-bit S/PDIF-OUT supports 44.1K/48K/88.2K/96K/192KHz sample rate.
  - All ADCs support 44.1K/48K/96KHZ sample rate.
  - 4 GPIOs(GPIO0/GPIO3 are digital GPIO shared with digital MIC interface, GPIO1/GPIO2 are analog) for customized applications.
  - High quality analog differential CD input.
  - 2 jack detection pins each designed to detect up to 4 jacks.
  - Supports hardware digital volume control for digital microphone input.
  - Supports external PCBEEP input and built-in digital BEEP generator.
- 

#### □ KBC/EC (Keyboard Controller/Embedded Controller)

A single KBC WPCE775x chip is used to serve as KBC/ EC and Super IO.

- KBC
  - Scan controller function
  - Interface controller function
- EC
  - Power supply sequence control
  - Overheat shutdown support
  - LED control
  - Beep control
  - Device ON/OFF
  - Cooling fan speed control
  - Universal I/O port
  - Battery capacity check
  - Flash memory reprogramming function
  - EC access interface
  - I2C communication control

#### □ Battery EEPROM

- 24C02 equivalent (128 words x 16 bits, I2C interface) integrated in battery pack.
  - Storing records of battery use

#### □ Clock Generator

- ICS9LPRS365
  - Generating the clock signal required for the system

#### □ Modem Controller

Built-in MDC card with Askey / Foxconn. Functions of modem controller:

- Digital signal conductor protection
- Ring wake-up support
- Azalia interface
- Communication codes supported:
  - For data communication:  
V.90 (China)/V.92, data rates: 28kbps/56kbps  
V.34 extended rates: 33.6K/2400/V.32 turbo, V.32 bits and fallbacks
  - For fax:  
V.17, V.27, V.29, V.34 and V.21 Channel 2  
V.253 Class 1 fax

#### □ LAN Controller

- Realtek 8102E 10/100Mbit or 8111C 10/100Mbit/1Gbit
  - IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX compliant physical layer interface
  - IEEE 802.3u Auto-Negotiation support
  - Digital Adaptive Equalization control
  - 10BASE-T auto-polarity correction
  - LAN Connect interface
  - Automatic detection of “unplugged mode”
  - Remote boot (PXE 2.1)
  - Smart power down when link is not detected

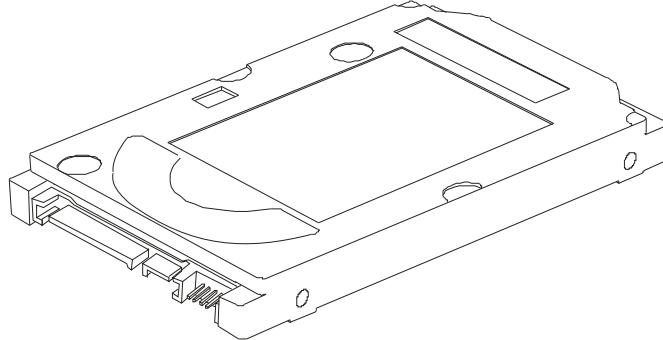
#### □ Wireless LAN Controller

- Support following 3 kinds of mini PCI wireless LAN cards
  - IEEE 802.11bg
  - IEEE 802.11ag
  - IEEE 802.11agn
- Data Rate
  - IEEE 802.11bg: Standard 54M bps
  - IEEE 802.11ag: Standard 54M bps
  - IEEE 802.11agn: Standard 130M bps
- Frequency Channel
  - IEEE802.11bg: 2.4GHz
  - IEEE802.11ag: 2.4GHz / 5.4GHz
  - IEEE802.11agn: 2.4GHz / 5.4GHz

## 1.3 2.5-inch HDD

The computer contains an extremely low-profile and lightweight, high-performance HDD. The HDD incorporates 9.5 mm and 12.5 mm height magnetic disk and mini-Winchester type magnetic heads. The HDD interface conforms to Serial ATA. Storage capacities supported are 120, 160, 200, 250, 300, 320, 400,500 GB.

The HDD is shown in Figure 1-5 and some of its specifications are listed in Table 1-1.



*Figure 1-5 SATA HDD*

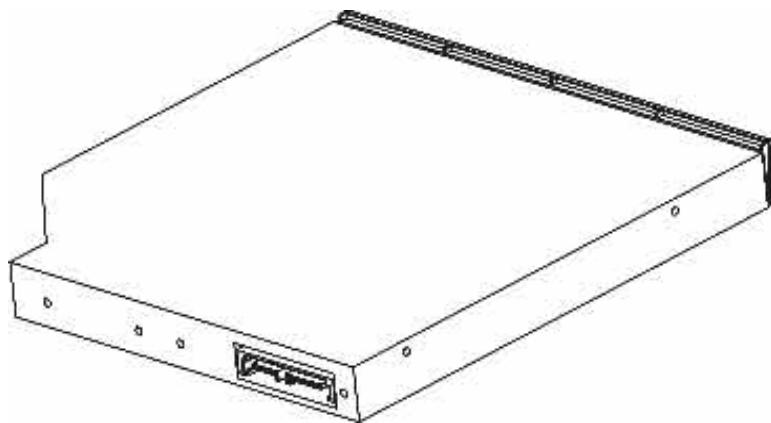
*Table 1-1 HDD Specifications*

Item	Specifications			
<b>Capacity (GB)</b>	<b>120 GB</b>		<b>160 GB</b>	
<b>Rotational Speed (RPM)</b>	5400 rpm		5400 rpm	4200 rpm 5400 rpm
<b>Height</b>	9.5 mm		9.5 mm	
<b>User Data Sectors</b>	234,442,648		312,581,808	
<b>Bytes / Sector</b>	512		512	
Item	Specifications			
<b>Capacity (GB)</b>	<b>250 GB</b>		<b>300 GB</b>	
<b>Rotational Speed (RPM)</b>	4200 rpm	5400 rpm	4200 rpm	5400 rpm
<b>Height</b>	12.5 mm	9.5 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm
<b>User Data Sectors</b>	488,397,168		586,072,368	
<b>Bytes / Sector</b>	512		512	
Item	Specifications			
<b>Capacity (GB)</b>	<b>400 GB</b>		<b>500 GB</b>	
<b>Rotational Speed (RPM)</b>	4200 rpm		4200 rpm	5400 rpm
<b>Height</b>	12.5 mm		12.5 mm	
<b>User Data Sectors</b>	781,422,768		976,773,168	
<b>Bytes / Sector</b>	512		512	

## 1.4 DVD Super Multi (+-R Double Layer)

The DVD Super Multi drive accepts 12-cm (4.72-inch) and 8-cm (3.15-inch) discs. At maximum, the drive can play back a DVD at 8x speed, read CD-ROM at 24x speed, and write CD-R at 24x speed, CD-RW at 4x speed, US CD-RW at 16x speed, High Speed CD-RW at 10x speed, DVD-R at 8x speed, DVD-RW at 6x speed, DVD+R at 8x speed, DVD+R (Double Layer) at 4x speed, DVD-R (Double Layer) at 4x speed, DVD+RW at 8x speed and DVD-RAM at 5x speed. The DVD interface conforms to Serial ATA.

The DVD Super Multi drive is shown in Figure 1-6 and its specifications are listed in Table 1-2.



*Figure 1-6 DVD Super Multi drive*

*Table 1-2 DVD Super Multi Drive Specifications*

Item	DVD-ROM mode	CD-ROM mode
Data Transfer Rate (Mbytes/s)	33.3 (Ultra-DMA transfer mode 2) 16.7 (PIO mode 4, Multiword DMA mode 2)	
Access Time (ms)	160 ms	150 ms
Random Seek Time	150 ms	140 ms
Data Buffer Size (Mbytes)	2MB	
Formats Supported	DVD: DVD-VIDEO, DVD-ROM, DVD-R, DVD-RW, DVD-RAM, DVD+R, DVD+-R (Double Layer), DVD+RW. CD: CD-DA, CD-ROM, CD-R, CD-RW, Mixed-CD, HS CD-RW, US CD-RW, Photo CD (Multi-Session), Video CD, CD-Extra (CD+), CD-Text..	

## 1.5 Power Supply

The power supply unit provides many different voltages for the system board and performs the following functions:

1. Power input monitor
  - Checks whether the DC power supply (AC adapter) is connected to the computer.
  - Checks whether the battery pack is connected to the computer.
  - Monitors the DC power supply input voltage (AC Adapter output voltage).
2. Power supply's internal control
  - Turns on and off the battery pack charging power supply.
  - Issues a charging current instruction to the PWM control IC of the battery pack charging power supply.
  - Controls the supply of DC power supply input (AC Adapter output) to the power supply unit.
  - Controls the supply of power to the system block (load/logic circuit side).
  - Controls forced shutdown if the power supply malfunctions.
3. Logic circuit control
  - Instructs the gate array to enable/disable tuning the power on.
  - Controls power-on/off operation.
4. Status display
  - Turns on the Power LED (in white or Green or Orange blink).
  - Battery indicator (in white or Green or Orange blink).
5. External interface
  - Performs communication through the I2C bus (via the internal EC/KBC).
  - Transfers the power supply operation mode.
6. Output monitor
  - Monitors the voltage output to the system block (load/logic circuit side).
  - Monitors the voltage, over voltage, input/output current of the battery pack.
  - Monitors the internal temperature of the battery pack.
  - Monitors the supply voltage from the AC adapter.

## 1.6 Batteries

The computer has the following three types of batteries:

- Main Battery Pack
- Real Time Clock (RTC) Battery

Table 1-3 lists the specifications of these batteries.

*Table 1-3 Battery specifications*

<b>Battery Type</b>		<b>Material</b>	<b>Output voltage</b>	<b>Capacity</b>
<b>Main Battery Pack</b>	3 Cell	Lithium Ion	10.8 V	2000 mAh
	6 Cell	Lithium Ion	10.8 V	4000 mAh
	9 Cell	Lithium Ion	10.8 V	6000 mAh
<b>RTC Battery</b>		Lithium Ion	3.0 V	14 mAh

### 1.1.1 Main Battery

The main battery pack serves as the computer's main power source when the AC adapter is not attached. The main battery maintains the state of the computer so that it can resume it.

### 1.1.2 Battery Charging Control

Battery charging is controlled by WINBOND 775C. When the AC adapter and battery pack are attached to the computer, the 775C controls the charge on/off state and detects a full charge.

- Battery Charge

When the AC adapter is attached, the battery is charged by off-state charge when the system is powered off or by on-state charge when it is powered on.

Table 1-4 Quick/Normal charging time

State	Charge Time	
Off-State Charge	3/6/9 Cell	About 4 hours max
On-State Charge	3/6/9 Cell	About 4~10 hours max

**NOTE:** The time required for normal charge depends on the power consumption by the system. Using the fluorescent lamp and frequently accessing the disk consume much power and lengthen the charge time.

Any of the following cases stops battery charge:

- 7. 1. The battery becomes fully charged.
- 8. 2. The AC adapter or battery pack is removed.
- 9. 3. The battery or AC adapter voltage is abnormal.
- 10.

Detection of full charge

A full charge is detected only when the battery is being charged by quick or normal charge. A full charge is detected when either of the following conditions is met:

- 11. 1. The current in the battery charging circuit drops below the predetermined value.
- 12. 2. The charging time exceeds the fixed limit.
- 13.

### 1.1.3 RTC Battery

The RTC battery provides power to keep the current date, time and other system information in memory while the computer is turned off.

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## **Chapter 2**

# **Troubleshooting**

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## **2.1 Outline**

This chapter describes the fault diagnosis procedures for field replaceable units (FRUs) in the computer.

The FRUs covered here are as follows:

- |                    |              |              |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. System board    | 2. HDD       | 3. Keyboard  |
| 4. Display         | 5. ODD drive | 6. LAN       |
| 7. Finger Print    | 8. Speaker   | 9. IEEE 1394 |
| 10. Cooling module |              |              |

See Chapter 4 for the procedures to replace FRUs and Chapter 3 for the procedures to use test programs

The following tools are required to perform the diagnostic procedures:

1. Diagnostics (maintenance test program) disk
2. Phillips screwdrivers (2 mm, 2.5 mm)
3. Cleaning disk kit (for ODD drive cleaning)
4. Bootable CD
5. Multimeter
6. External monitor
7. Headphone
8. Microphone
9. A-BEX TEST DVD
10. Music CD
11. DVD TSD-1 (TOSHIBA EMI DVD Test Media)

## 2.2 Basic Flowchart

The basic flowchart in Figure 2-1 serves as a guide for identifying a possibly faulty FRU.

Before going through the diagnostic flowchart steps, verify the following:

- ❑ Ask the user if a password has been registered and, if so, ask him or her to enter the password. If the user has forgotten the system password, use a jump wire to make a short circuit on M/B **B500** location, then turn the computer power on. When booted, the computer overrides password protection and automatically erases the current password.
- ❑ Make sure the Windows® Vista Home Edition has been installed on the HDD. Any other operating system can cause the computer to malfunction.
- ❑ Make sure any piece of optional equipment has been installed.

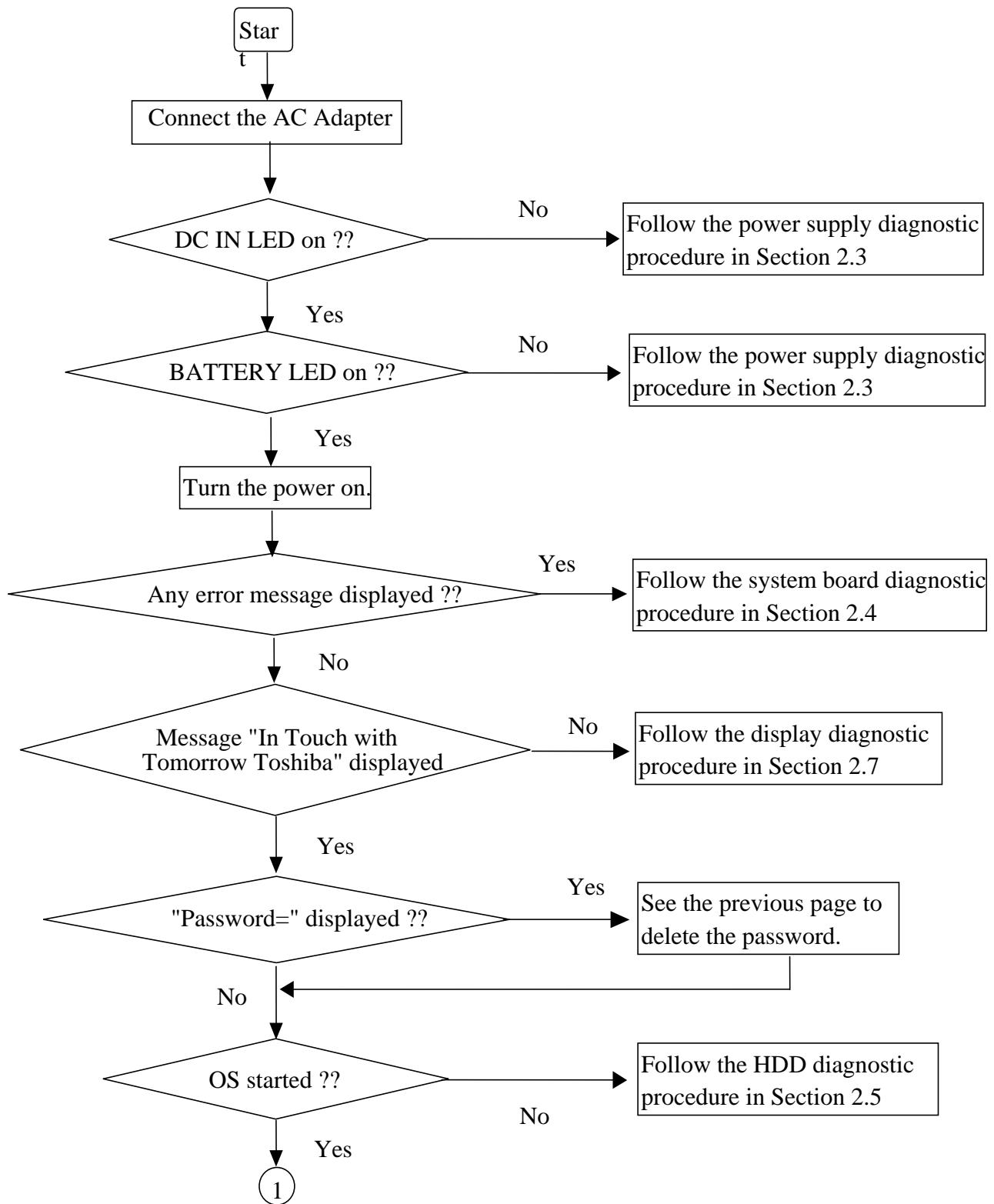


Figure 2-1 Basic flowchart(1/2)

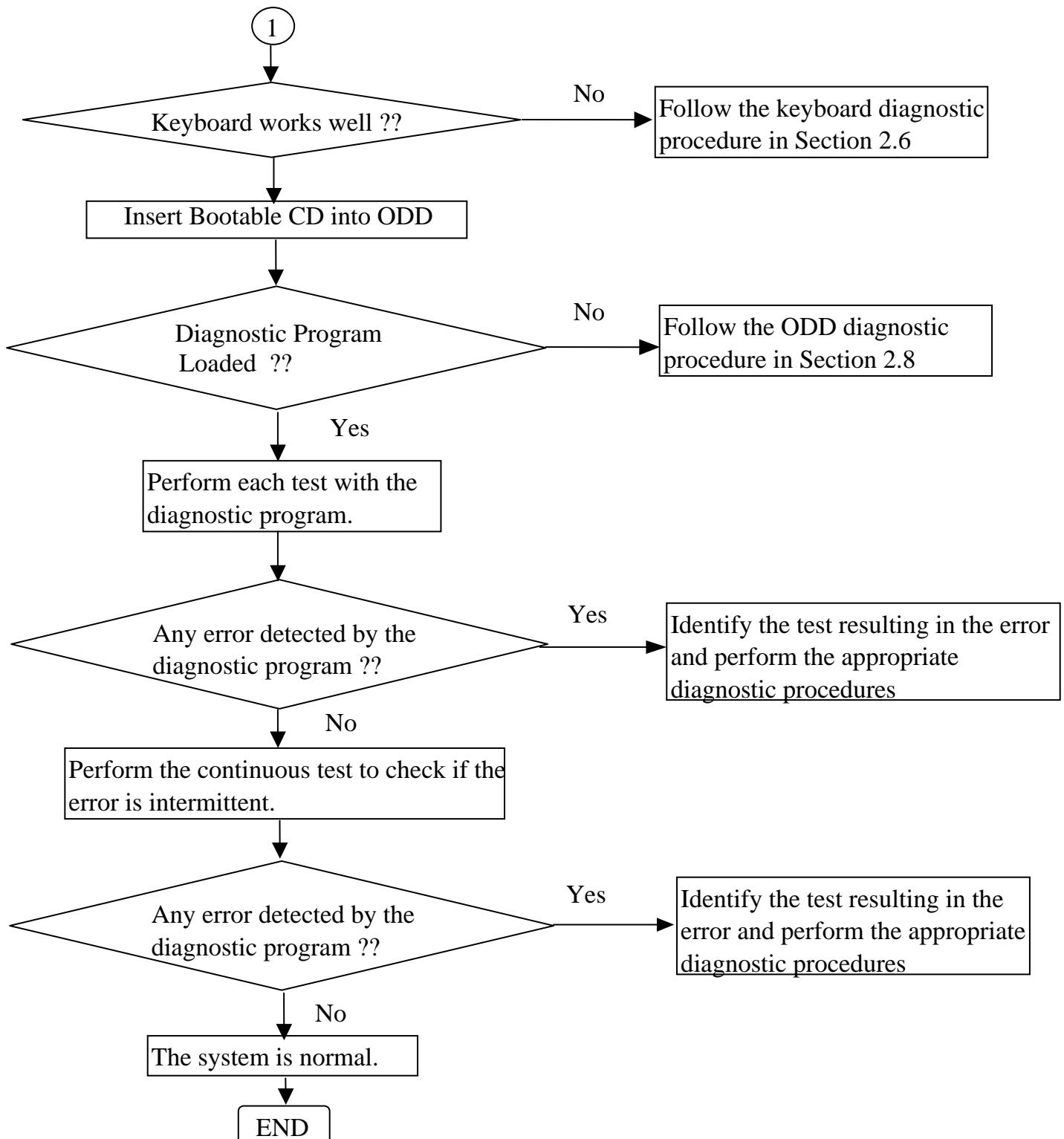


Figure 2-1 Basic flowchart (2/2)

If the diagnostic program cannot detect an error, the error may be intermittent. Run the continuous test program repeatedly to isolate the problem. Check the log utilities function to confirm which diagnostic test detected the error, then perform the appropriate troubleshooting procedures as follows:

1. If an error is detected by the System test, Memory test, Async test, Printer test, Sound test, or Real Timer test, follow the system board troubleshooting procedures in Section 2.4.
2. If an error is detected by the Hard Disk test, follow the HDD troubleshooting procedures in Section 2.5.
3. If an error is detected by the Keyboard test, follow the keyboard troubleshooting procedures in Section 2.6.
4. If an error is detected by the Display test, follow the display troubleshooting procedures in Section 2.7.
5. If an error is detected by the ODD test, follow the ODD troubleshooting procedures in Section 2.8.
6. If an error is detected by the LAN test, follow the LAN troubleshooting procedures in section 2.9.
7. If an error is detected by the Finger Print test, follow the Finger Print troubleshooting procedures in section 2.10.
8. If an error is detected by the Speaker test, follow the Speaker troubleshooting procedures in section 2.11.
9. If an error is detected by the IEEE 1394 test, follow the IEEE 1394 troubleshooting procedures in section 2.12.
10. If an error is detected by the Fan On/Off test, follow the cooling module troubleshooting procedures in Section 2.13.

## 2.3 Power Supply

The power supply in the computer controls many functions and components. To check if the power supply is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 Power Icon Check

Procedure 2 Connection Check

Procedure 3 Replacement Check

### Procedure 1 Power Icon Check

The following two power LEDs indicate the power supply status:

- Battery LED
- DC IN LED

The power supply controller displays the power supply status through the Battery and DC IN LEDs as in the tables below.

- Battery LED

Battery LED	Power supply status
On in Amber	Battery being charged
On in White	Battery fully charged, with AC adapter connected
Blinking in Amber (at equal intervals)	Battery low *1 while driving the computer
Off	Else

DC IN LED

DC IN LED	Power supply status
On in White	DC power being supplied (from the AC adapter)
Off	Battery damage and can't charge during DC-in.
Off	Else

If the DC IN LED off, follow the steps below:

1. Remove the battery pack and the AC adapter to shut off power supply to the computer.
2. Attach the battery and AC adapter back again.

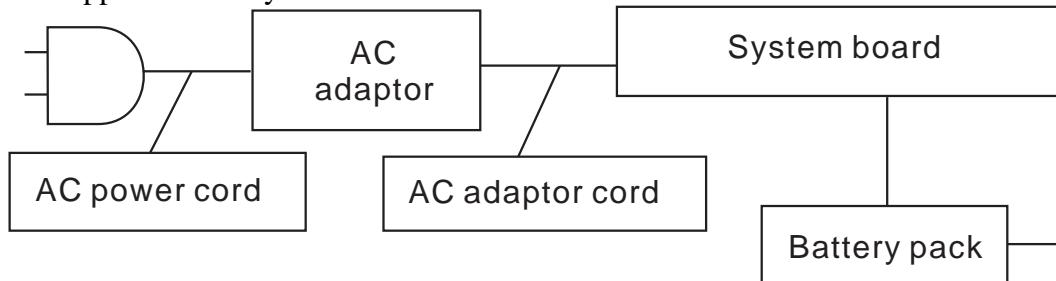
If the LED still off, follows the steps below:

Check 1      Make sure the DC IN LED goes on in White. If it does not, go to Procedure 2.

Check 2      Make sure the Battery LED goes on in Amber or White. If it does not, go to Procedure 3.

**Procedure 2 Connection Check**

Power is supplied to the system board as illustrated below:



Follow the steps below to check whether each connector has been connected correctly:

- Check 1** Make sure the AC adaptor and AC power cord have been firmly plugged into the DC IN socket and wall outlet, respectively. When they have been connected correctly, perform Check 2.
- Check 2** Connect a new AC adaptor and AC power cord.
- If the DC IN LED does not go on, go to Procedure 3.
  - If the battery LED does not go on, perform Check 3.
- Check 3** Make sure the battery pack has been correctly installed in the computer. If the battery LED does not go on while the battery pack has been installed correctly, go to Procedure 3.

**Procedure 3 Replacement Check**

The system board, power supply board, or CPU may be faulty. Disassemble the computer according to Chapter 4 and follow the steps below:

- Check 1** Replace the power supply board with a new one. If the battery pack is still not working properly, perform Check 2.
- Check 2** Replace the system board with a new one. If the battery pack is still not working properly, perform Check 3.
- Check 3** Replace the CPU with a new one.

## 2.4 System Board

To check if the system board is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 Message Check

Procedure 2 Test Program Check

Procedure 3 Replacement Check

### Procedure 1 Message Check

When the power is turned on, the system performs the self-diagnostic Power On Self Test (POST) embedded in the BIOS ROM. The POST tests and initializes each IC on the system board.

- If an error message appears on the display, perform Check 1.
- If there is no error message, go to Procedure 2.
- If FREE-DOS or Windows Vista Home Edition is loaded normally, go to Procedure 3.

**Check 1**    If the following error message is displayed on the screen, press the **F1** key as prompted. These errors occur when the system configuration preserved in the RTC memory (generally called CMOS memory) does not match the actual configuration or when the data is lost.  
If you press the **F1** key as prompted by the message, the TSETUP screen appears to set the system configuration. If the error message appears frequently when the power is turned on, replace the RTC battery. If any other error message is displayed, perform Check 2.

\*\*\* Bad RTC battery \*\*\*  
Check system. Then press [F1] key

**Check 2**    If the following error message is displayed on the screen, press any key as prompted by the message.  
The error message appears when either data stored in RAM to be resumed is lost because the battery has been exhausted or the system board is faulty.  
If any other error message displays, perform Check 3.

**Check 3**    Resume failure and press any key to continue.

**Procedure 2 Test Program Check**

The maintenance test program contains several programs for diagnosing the system board and CPU. Execute the following test programs using the procedures described in Chapter 3.

1. System test
2. Memory test
3. Keyboard test
4. Display test
5. Hard Disk test
6. Mouse test
7. ODD test
8. Sound test
9. LAN test

If an error is detected during these tests, go to Procedure 3.

**Procedure 3 Replacement Check**

The system board, memory, or CPU may be defective. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and replace the system board, memory module or CPU with a new one.

## 2.5 HDD

To check if the 9.5mm or 12.5mm HDD is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 Message Check

Procedure 2 Partition Check

Procedure 3 Format Check

Procedure 4 Test Program Check

Procedure 5 Connector Check and Replacement Check

**CAUTION:** *The contents of the HDD will be erased when the HDD diagnostic test or formatting is executed. Save the required contents of the HDD to floppy disks or other storage drive in advance.*

### Procedure 1 Message Check

When the computer's HDD does not function properly, some of the following error messages may appear on the display. Follow the steps below to check the HDD.

**Check 1** If either of the following messages appears, go to Procedure 2. If the following messages do not appear, perform Check 3.

Insert system disk in drive  
Press any key when ready .....  
or  
Non-System disk or disk error  
Replace and press any key

**Check 2** Check TSETUP to see if the Hard Disk option has been set to "Not used". If so, choose another setting and restart the computer. If the problem persists, go to Procedure 2.

### Procedure 2 Partition Check

Boot from the DOS system. Perform the following checks:

**Check 1** Type **C:** and press the **Enter** key. If you cannot change to drive C, perform Check 2. If you can change to drive C, perform Check 3.

**Check 2** Type **FDISK** and press the **Enter** key. Choose "Display partition information" from the FDISK menu. If drive C is listed, perform Check 3. If drive C is not listed, return to the FDISK menu and choose the option to

create a DOS partition on drive C. Then restart the computer.. If the problem persists, go to Procedure 3.

**Check 3** If drive C is listed as active in the FDISK menu, perform Check 4. If drive C is not listed as active, return to the FDISK menu and choose the option to set the active partition for drive C. Then restart the computer. If the problem persists, perform Check 4.

**Check 4** Enter DIR C: and press the Enter key. If the following message is displayed, go to Procedure 3. If contents of drive C are listed on the display, perform Check 5.

Invalid media type reading drive C  
Abort, Retry, Fail?

**Check 5** Use the SYS command in the DOS system to install system files. If the following message appears on the display, the system files have been transferred to the HDD. Restart the computer. If the problem persists, go to Procedure 3.

System transferred

**NOTE:** If the computer is running Windows Vista Home edition and the hard disk capacity is more than 512 MB, the FDISK program will ask if you need support for a partition larger than 2 GB. Select Y for large partition support; however, be sure to read the precaution regarding access by other operating systems.

### Procedure 3 Format Check

The 2.5-inch HDD is formatted using the low-level format program and the FREE-DOS FORMAT program. Using these programs, follow the steps below to format the HDD.

**Check 1** Enter FORMAT C:/S/U to format the HDD and transfer system files. If the following message appears on the display, the HDD has been formatted.

Format complete

If you cannot format the HDD using the test program, go to Procedure 4.

#### **Procedure 4 Test Program Check**

Run the HDD test program stored on the maintenance test program disk for all test items.

See Chapter 3 for details on how to use the test program.

If an error is detected during the HDD test, an error code and status will be displayed. The error codes and their status names are listed in Table 2-1. If an error code is not generated and the problem still exists, go to Procedure 5.

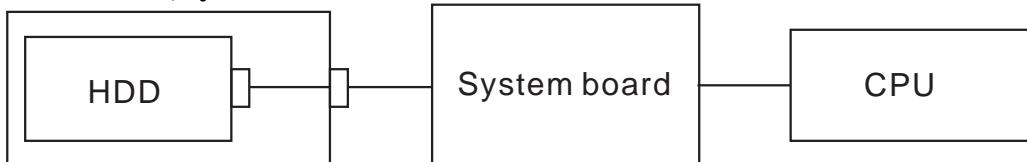
*Table 2- 1 HDD error code and status*

Code	Status
1	Get Parameter Fail !
2	Read Old Data Error
3	Write Pattern Error
4	Read Back Data Error
5	Data Compare Error
6	Restore Data Error
7	Read Verify Error
9	Seek Error
10	Disk Controller Self Test Failed
11	Disk Controller Test unexpected interrupt Failed
12	Disk Controller action Test Failed
13	Disk dos not support SMART
14	Disk read attribute threshold error
15	Disk read attribute value error
16	Disk SMART attribute value error

**Procedure 5 Connector Check and Replacement Check**

The HDD or system board may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and perform the following checks:

- Check 1**    **Make sure the following connectors have been firmly connected to the HDD, system board and CPU.**



If any connector is loose or off, reconnect it firmly and return to Procedure 1.  
If there is still an error, perform Check 2.

- Check 2**    **The HDD may be damaged. Replace it with a new one following the disassembling instructions in Chapter 4. If the problem persists, perform Check 3.**
- Check 3**    **The System board may be damaged. Replace it with a new one following the disassembling instructions in Chapter 4. If the problem persists, perform Check 4.**
- Check 4**    **The CPU may be damaged. Replace it with a new one following the disassembling instructions in Chapter 4.**

## 2.6 Keyboard

To check if the computer's keyboard is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 Test Program Check

Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

### Procedure 1 Test Program Check

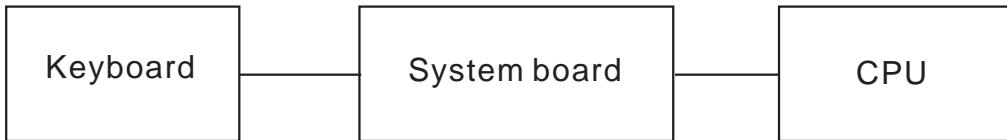
Execute the Keyboard test available as part of the maintenance test program. See Chapter 3 for information on how to perform the test.

If an error is detected in the test, go to Procedure 2. If no error is detected, the keyboard itself is normal.

### Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The keyboard or system board may be disconnected or faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and perform the following checks:

**Check 1      Make sure the keyboard cable has been firmly connected to the system board.**



If the cable is loose or off, reconnect it firmly and return to Procedure 1.  
If there is still an error, perform Check 2.

**Check 2      The keyboard may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4. If the problem persists, perform Check 3.**

**Check 3      The System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4. If the keyboard is still not functioning properly, perform Check 4.**

**Check 4      The memory may be defective. Replace the memory module with a new one following the steps described in Chapter 4. If the problem persist, perform Check 5.**

**Check 5      The CPU may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and replace the CPU with a new one.**

## 2.7 Display

To check if the computer's display is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 External Monitor Check

Procedure 2 Test Program Check

Procedure 3 Connector Check and Replacement Check

### Procedure 1 External Monitor Check

Connect an external monitor to the computer's external monitor port, then boot the computer. The computer automatically detects the external monitor even if resume mode is enabled. If the external monitor works correctly, the internal LCD, LCD/FL cable, or FL may be faulty. Go to Procedure 3.

If the external monitor appears to have the same problem as the internal monitor, the system board may be faulty. Go to Procedure 2.

### Procedure 2 Test Program Check

Insert the diagnostics bootable CD in the computer's CD ROM, turn on the computer and run the test. See Chapter 3 for information on how to perform the test.

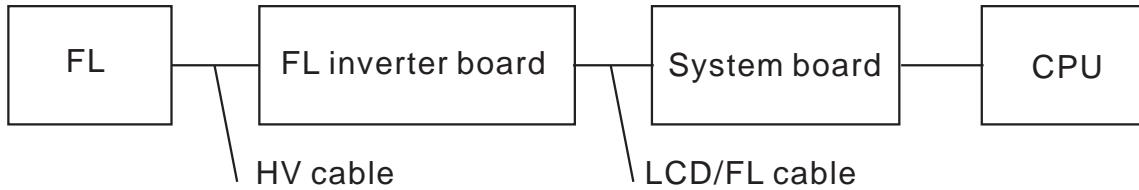
If an error is detected in the test, go to Procedure 3. If no error is detected, the display itself is normal.

### Procedure 3 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The display unit has an LCD module, Fluorescent lamp (FL), panel close switch and FL inverter board. Any of the components or their connections may be defective. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4, then perform the following checks:

- (1) If the FL does not light, perform Check 1.
- (2) If characters or graphics are not displayed normally, perform Check 5.
- (3) If the FL remains lit when the display is closed, the panel close switch may be defective. Perform Check 8.

**Check 1** Make sure the following cables have been firmly connected to the system board and FL inverter board.



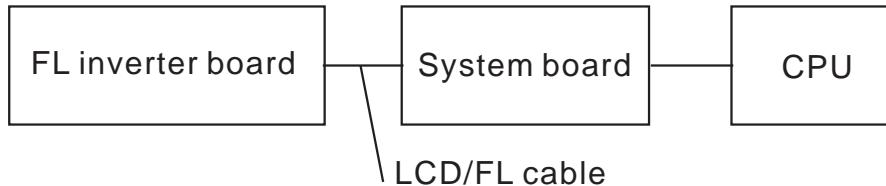
If any of the cables is loose or off, reconnect it firmly and return to Procedure 3. If there is still an error, perform Check 2.

**Check 2** The LCD/FL cable may be faulty. Replace it with a new one and return to Procedure 3. If there is still an error, perform Check 3.

**Check 3** The FL may be faulty. Replace it with a new one and return to Procedure 3. If there is still an error, perform Check 4.

**Check 4** The FL inverter board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one and return to Procedure 3. If there is still an error, perform Check 5.

**Check 5** Make sure the LCD/FL cable has been firmly connected to the system board and LCD module.



If the cable is loose or off, reconnect it firmly and return to Procedure 3. If there is still an error, perform Check 6.

**Check 6** The LCD/FL inverter cable may be faulty. Replace it with a new one and return to Procedure 3. If there is still an error, perform Check 7.

**Check 7** The LCD module may be faulty. Replace it with a new one and return to Procedure 3. If there is still an error, perform Check 8.

**Check 8** The System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one. If there is still an error, perform Check 9.

**Check 9** The CPU may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4.

**Check 10** The memory may be defective. Replace the memory module with a new one following the steps described in Chapter 4. If the problem persists, perform Check 10.

## 2.8 ODD (Optical Disk Drive)

To check if the internal ODD drive is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 ODD Cleaning Check

Procedure 2 Test Program Check

Procedure 3 Connector Check and Replacement Check

### Procedure 1 ODD Cleaning Check

1. Turn off the power to the computer.
2. Open the ODD tray by inserting a slender object such as a straightened paper clip into the eject hole. The object must be long enough to activate the eject mechanism.
3. Clean the laser pickup lens with a lens cleaner. Apply the cleaner to a cloth and wipe the lens.
4. If the ODD drive still does not function properly after cleaning, go to Procedure 2.

### Procedure 2 Test Program Check

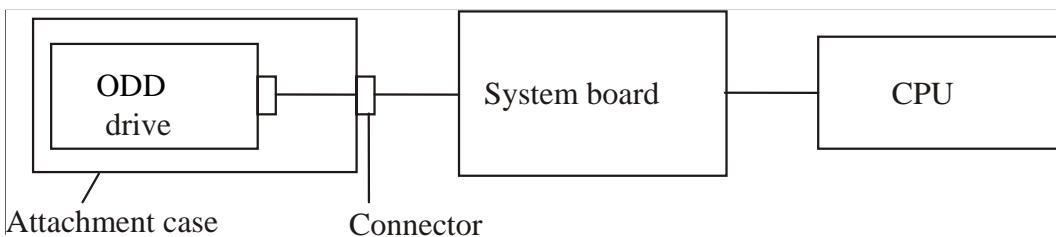
Execute the ODD drive test program available as part of the maintenance test program. Insert the diagnostics CD in the computer's CD, turn on the computer and run the test. Then insert a test ODD (Toshiba-EMI DVD-ROM TEST DISK TSD-1) into the ODD drive. See Chapter 3 for information on how to perform the test.

If any error is detected by the test, go to Procedure 3.

### Procedure 3 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The ODD drive is connected to the system board by the connector. The connector may be disconnected from the system board or faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and perform the following checks:

**Check 1      Make sure the following connector has been firmly connected to the ODD drive and the system board.**



**If the connector is loose or off, reconnect it firmly and return to Procedure 2.**

**If there is still an error, perform Check 2.**

**Check 2      The connector may be faulty. Replace the connector with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4. If the ODD drive is still not functioning properly, perform Check 3.**

- Check 3** The ODD drive may be faulty. Replace the ODD drive with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4. If the ODD drive is still not functioning properly, perform Check 4.
- Check 4** The system board may be faulty. Replace it with new one following the instructions in Chapter 4. If the ODD drive is still not functioning properly, perform Check 5.
- Check 5** The memory may be defective. Replace the memory module with a new one following the steps described in Chapter 4. If the problem persists, perform Check 6.
- Check 6** The memory may be defective. Replace the memory module with a new one following the steps described in Chapter 4. If the problem persists, perform Check 3.

## 2.9 LAN

To check if the computer's LAN is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 Test Program Check

Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

### **Procedure 1 Test Program Check**

Execute the LAN check program available as part of the maintenance test program. This program will check the LAN. Insert the Bootable CD into the CD. Turn on the computer and run the check program. See Chapter 3 for information on how to perform the check. If any abnormal is detected by the check, go to Procedure 2

### **Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check**

The LAN connector (RJ45) is mounted on the system board. If the LAN malfunctions, the system board or CPU might be faulty.

Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and perform the following checks:

- Check 1**    **The system board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4. If the LAN is still not functioning properly, perform Check 2.**
- Check 2**    **The memory may be defective. Replace the memory module with a new one following the steps described in Chapter 4. If the problem persists, perform Check 3.**
- Check 3**    **The CPU may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and replace the CPU with a new one.**

## **2.10 Finger Print(Optional)**

To check if the computer's Finger Print is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 Test Program Check

Procedure 2 Connector Check

### **Procedure 1 Test Program Check**

Execute the Finger Print test program available as part of the maintenance test program. This program checks the Finger Print. Insert the Bootable CD into the CD. Turn on the computer and run the test. See Chapter 3 for information on how to perform the test.

If any error is detected by the test, go to Procedure 2

### **Procedure 2 Connector Check**

The Finger Print connector is mounted on the system board. If the Finger Print malfunctions, the system board or Finger Print Board might be faulty.

Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and perform the following checks:

- Check 1      The Finger Print board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4. Then go through procedure 1 again. If the Finger Print is still not functioning properly, perform Check 2.**
- Check 2      The system board may be defective. Replace the system board with a new one following the steps described in Chapter 4. Then go through procedure 1 again.**

## 2.11 Audio Test

To check if the computer's Speaker is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 Test Program Check

Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

### Procedure 1 Test Program Check

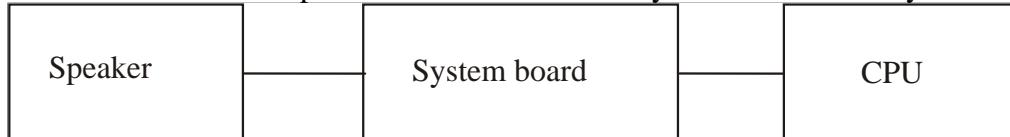
Execute the Audio test available as part of the maintenance test program. See Chapter 3 for information on how to perform the test.

If an error is detected in the test, go to Procedure 2. If no error is detected, the Audio itself is normal.

### Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The Audio or system board may be disconnected or faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and perform the following checks:

**Check 1** Make sure the Speaker cable has been firmly connected to the system board.



If the cable is loose or off, reconnect it firmly and return to Procedure 1. If there is still an error, perform Check 2.

**Check 2** The Speaker may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4. If the problem persists, perform Check 3.

**Check 3** The System board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4. If the Audio is still not functioning properly, perform Check 4.

**Check 4** The memory may be defective. Replace the memory module with a new one following the steps described in Chapter 4. If the problem persist, perform Check 5.

**Check 5** The CPU may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and replace the CPU with a new one.

## 2.12 IEEE 1394 Test

To check if the computer's IEEE 1394 is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 Test Program Check

Procedure 2 Connector Check

### Procedure 1 Test Program Check

Execute the IEEE 1394 test program available as part of the maintenance test program. This program checks the IEEE 1394. Insert the Bootable CD into the CD. Turn on the computer and run the test. See Chapter 3 for information on how to perform the test.

If any error is detected by the test, go to Procedure 2

### Procedure 2 Connector Check

The IEEE 1394 connector is mounted on the system board. If the IEEE 1394 malfunctions, the system board or CPU might be faulty.

Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and perform the following checks:

- Check 1**    The system board may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the instructions in Chapter 4. If the IEEE 1394 is still not functioning properly, perform Check 2.
- Check 2**    The memory may be defective. Replace the memory module with a new one following the steps described in Chapter 4. If the problem persists, perform Check 3.
- Check 3**    The CPU may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and replace the CPU with a new one.

## 2.13 Cooling Module

To check if the computer's cooling module is defective or malfunctioning, follow the troubleshooting procedures below as instructed.

Procedure 1 Test Program Check

Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

### Procedure 1 Test Program Check

Execute the Fan On/off test program available as part of the maintenance test program. This test program checks the cooling module. Insert the diagnostics bootable CD in the computer's CD, turn on the computer and run the test. See Chapter 3 for information on how to perform the test.

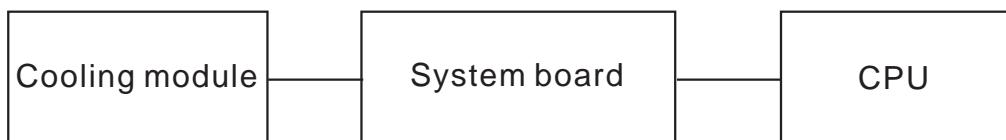
If any error is detected by the test, go to Procedure 2.

### Procedure 2 Connector Check and Replacement Check

The cooling module is connected to the system board. If the cooling module malfunctions, there may be a bad connection between the cooling module and the system board or either might be faulty.

Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and perform the following checks:

- Check 1** **Make sure the cooling module has been firmly connected to the connector on the system board. Also make sure that the tape is not stuck to any part of the fan and that the fan is free of foreign matter.**



If the connector is disconnected, connect it firmly to the system board and return to Procedure 1. If the tape is stuck to any part of the fan, stick it back to the specified point. If a foreign matter is found in the fan, remove it and then return to Procedure 1. If there is still an error, perform Check 2.

- Check 2** **The cooling module may be faulty. Replace it with a new one following the steps in Chapter 4. If the cooling module is still not functioning properly, perform Check 3.**

- Check 3** **The memory may be defective. Replace the memory module with a new one following the steps described in Chapter 4. If the problem persists, perform Check 4.**

- Check 4** **The CPU may be faulty. Disassemble the computer following the steps described in Chapter 4 and replace the CPU with a new one.**



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## **Chapter 3**

# **Diagnostic Programs**

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### 3.1 General

This chapter explains the diagnostic programs which tests and diagnoses the functions of the hardware components of this computer. The diagnostic programs can be classified into two types: OPTION and DIAGNOSTIC TEST.

**NOTE 1:** This Diagnostic supports Potomac10/10G

**NOTE 2:** Before test must set SATA Controller Mode to “Compatibility” in BIOS Advanced setting, when finished test set it to “AHCI”

**NOTE 3:** Before running a test, be sure to:

1. Check that all the cables are connected securely.
2. Exit the application that is currently running and close Windows.

The OPTION includes the following functions:

- Select All Items
- Test Select Items
- Edit Batch Parameters
- Load Batch Parameters
- Save Batch Parameters
- Log Parameters
- Specify Log Viewer
- Display Error Log File
- DOS Shell
- Exit to Free-DOS

The DIAGNOSTIC TEST Devices include the following tests:

- System Test
- Memory Test
- Storage Test
- Video Test
- Communication Test
- Peripheral Test
- Keyboard Layout Test
- Hot Key Test
- Audio Play Test
- Audio Record Test
- DMI Read
- DMI Write
- System Information

Before running the diagnostic programs, get the following tools prepared:

- A Service Diagnostic BOOT CD
- A Formatted FLOPPY DISK
- A Test Media CD (A-BEX TEST CD-ROM TCDR-702)(for CD-ROM test)
- A Test Media DVD (Toshiba-EMI DVD-ROM TEST DISK TSD-1)
- An External Monitor (for DISPLAY test)
- A CD-ROM Driver (for CD-ROM test)
- Audio Line for audio record test
- A Data CD (for CD-ROM test)

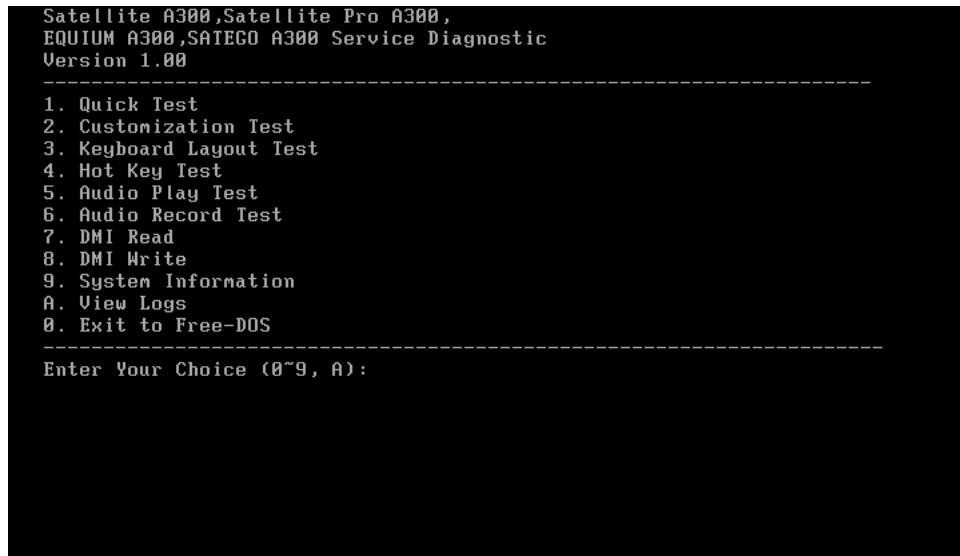
The following chapters describe all the test details. The test items could be selected from the DIAGNOSTIC TEST menu.

**Note:**

When booting up the unit for the first time, the system will automatically select the location of the result log file. If a USB floppy drive is connected, and there is an unprotected floppy diskette with more than 50KB spare space in the drive, system will save all log files into the root directory the diskette; otherwise, system will save all log files in the root directory of RAM disk.

## 3.2 Quick Start

When the system is booting from Service Diagnostic CD, the following screen will be displayed:



Please select a test item or select **0** to exit to Free-DOS:

### 3.2.1 Quick Test

When this item is selected, the system will run the configured test items and generate a test report automatically.

When the test is completed, a file named Quick.log would be saved in the defined location.

When Quick.log is being created, meanwhile, a file named quick.log has already existed, the system will automatically rename Quick.log to Quick.old for the backup purpose of the log file.

For the detail of test item, please refer to [Quick Test Item List](#).

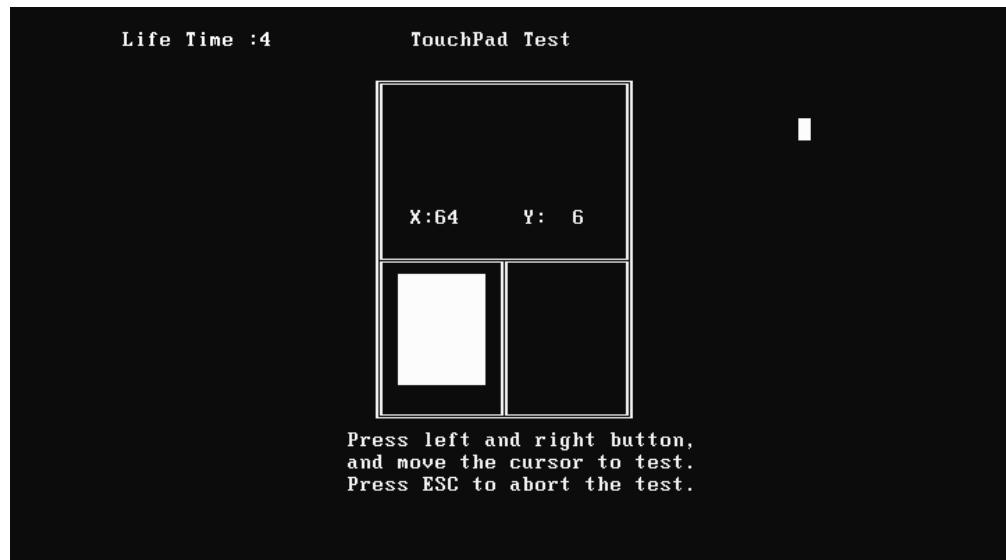
### 3.2.2 Customization Test

When this item is selected, the system will run the diagnostic programs according to the procedures you defined. When the test is completed, a file named Custom.log will be saved in the defined location. Please see the following example-- Mouse test.

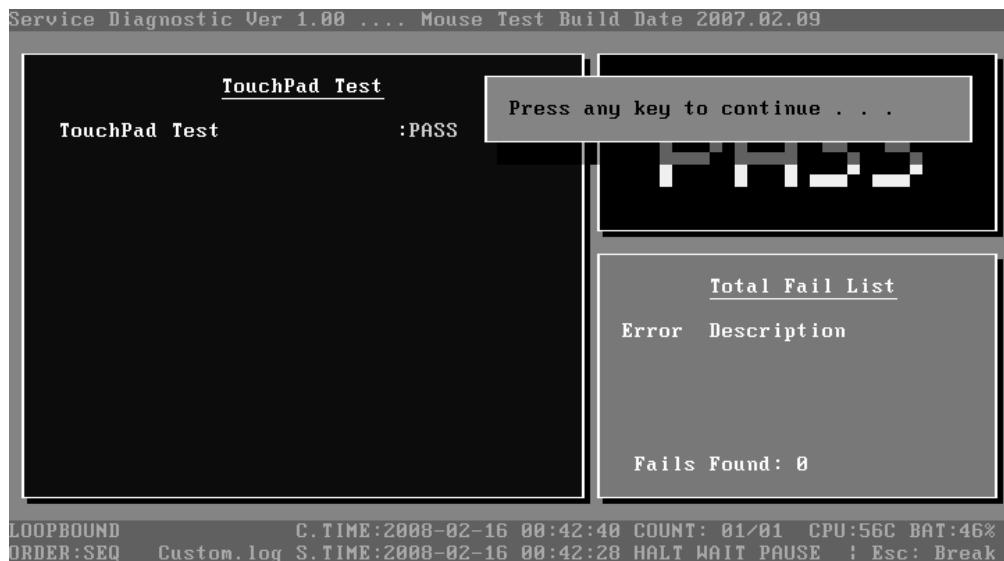
1. Use arrow key to select 'TouchPad' item on 'Peripheral' in the menu, then press **Space** key to select it. (When it is being selected, there is a **X** marked in the [ ])



Select ‘Test Mouse’ or press **F8** to run the test. The prompt information would be displayed in the screen as below. This test item needs user to verify whether the mouse works normally.



The test result will be displayed in the following screen:

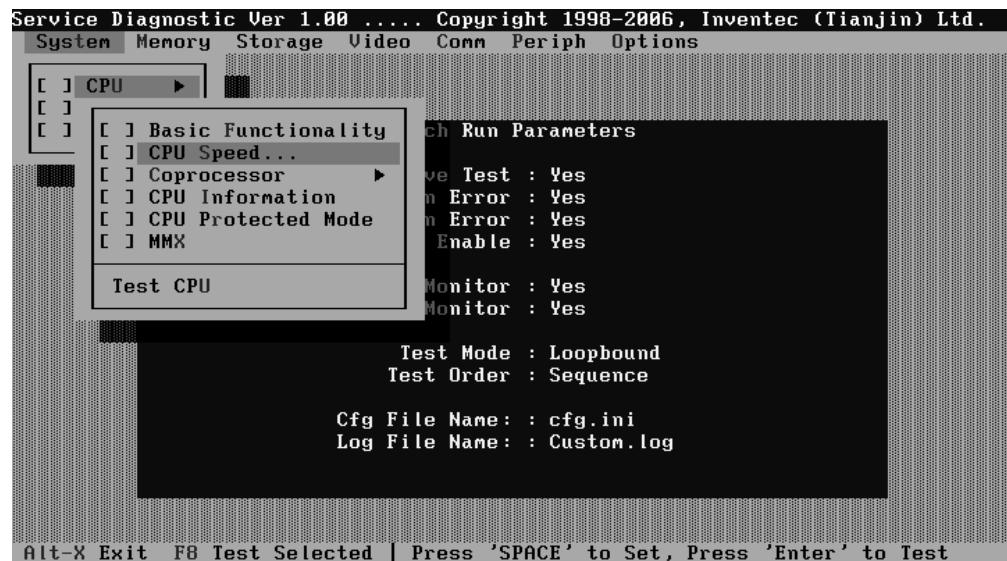


Here is another method to run the test: Highlight a test item by using arrow keys, then, press **Enter** to start. If there are parameters provided, user should set parameters in the parameter dialog window.

### CPU Speed Test (Step by Step):

1. Select test item:

Select System—CPU—CPU Speed, then, press the **Enter** key.



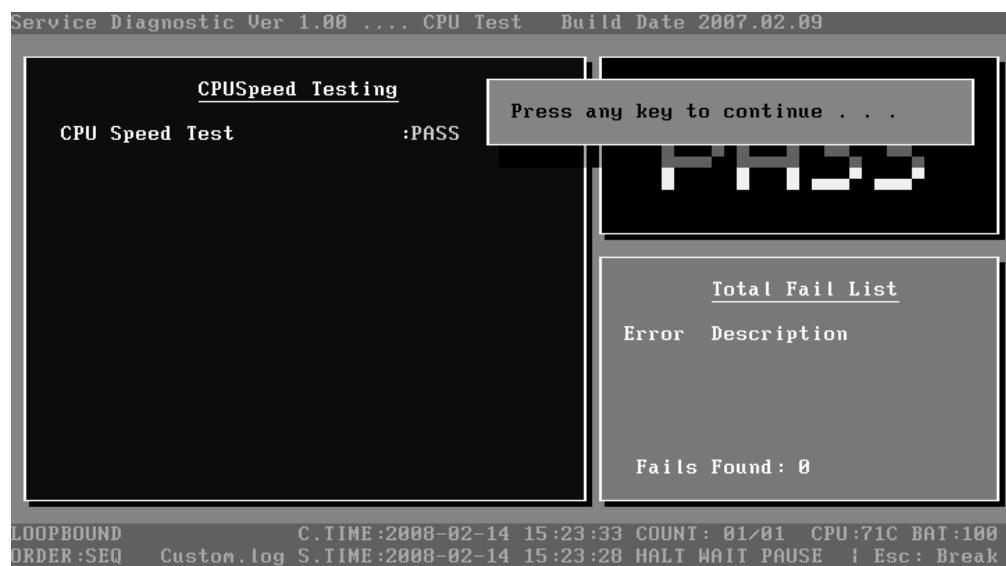
2. Parameters Setting

Choose the **OK** button after you set the proper parameters in the following window.



### 3. Test Result

System will automatically run and display the test result as follows:



Following is the comparison report of the two testing methods mentioned above:

#### 1) Configuration and Running

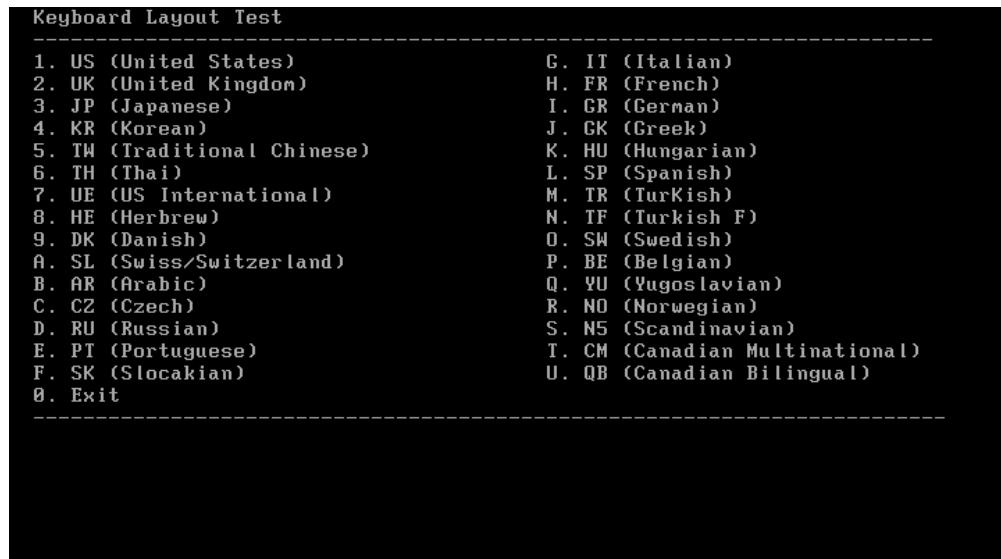
As to the method used in Mouse test, the user is required to select test items by pressing **Space** key and set the parameters artificially, (See [3.3.3 Item's Parameters Configuration](#)) Then press **F8** to start the test. User should configure each parameter in advance; otherwise the default parameters would be used. Using this method, user is allowed to select more than one test item at one time.

#### 2) Running the current test item

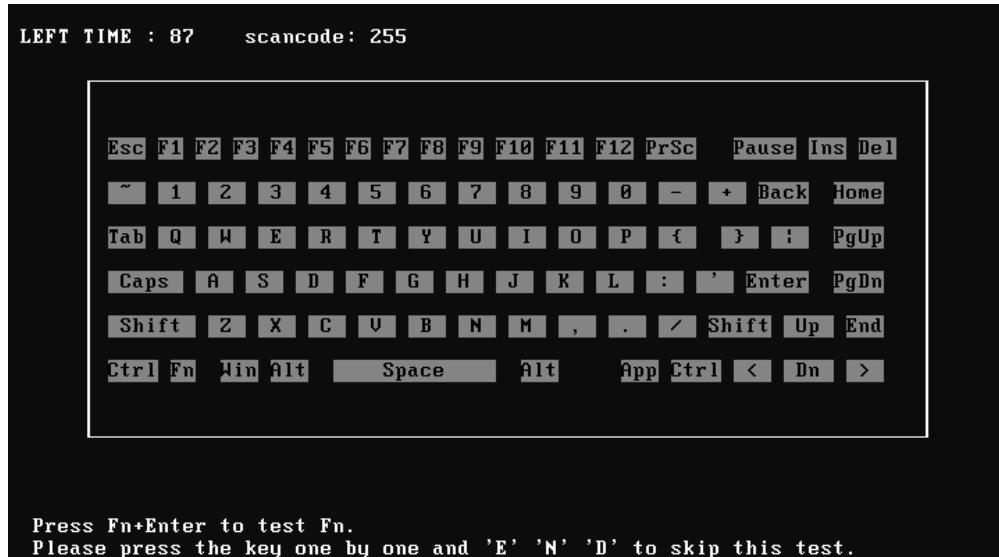
As to the method adopted in CPU Speed test, user should highlight the test item and press **Enter** to start testing. And the user has to setup the parameters every time before running the test. Using this method, only one test item would be tested at one time.

### 3.2.3 Keyboard Layout test

The test purpose is to check whether 30 kinds of keyboards run well during the test procedure. When users choose the item, the names of these countries will be displayed on the screen for user choice. User press any index of token in ASCII, and the program will test the kind of keymap of the country.



The test screen would be shown as below:



It requires user to press the key and check whether the key in the screen changes color or not. User can terminate test by typing '**END**'. When testing the '**Fn**' key, it must press the '**Enter**' key at the same time.

When the user has checked all the keys and all the keys in the screen have changed color, the diagnostics program would automatically end the test and report the pass information.

If keyboard test fails, program will terminate the test and report the fail information when it is time to timeout.

The test will end when all keys are pressed or test time is out after 90 seconds.

#### 3.2.4 Hotkey Test

Check whether Hotkey run well. Hotkey test mainly functional keys, for example: IE Key Audio play etc. The methods of testing hotkey are different from keyboard tests sometimes depending on the specific type of notebooks, and this explains why some types of notebooks can be tested together with keyboard while others cannot. Press E+N+D to quit the test.

#### 3.2.5 Audio Play Test

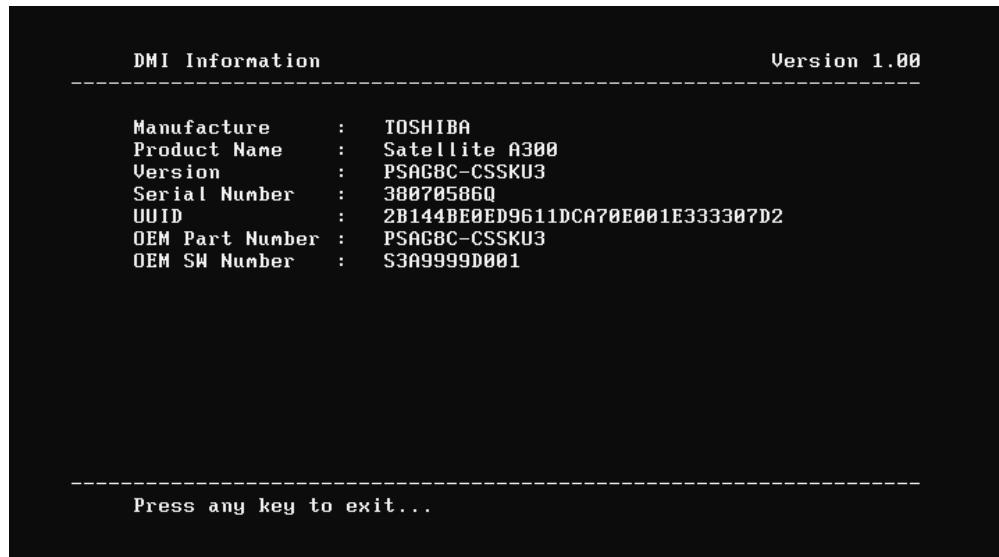
Check whether the system could playback audio normally. When the test is completed, a file named **Audio\_P.log** will be saved in the defined location.

### 3.2.6 Audio Record Test

Check whether the system could record the sound normally. If there is no error during the whole test, Pass; otherwise Fail. The test will repeat for four times. When the test is completed, a file named autest.log will be saved in the defined location.

### 3.2.7 DMI Read

Read the information from the system's SMBIOS and display it in the screen as follows:



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "DMI Information" with "Version 1.00" at the top right. It displays a list of system information in a table format. At the bottom, it says "Press any key to exit...".

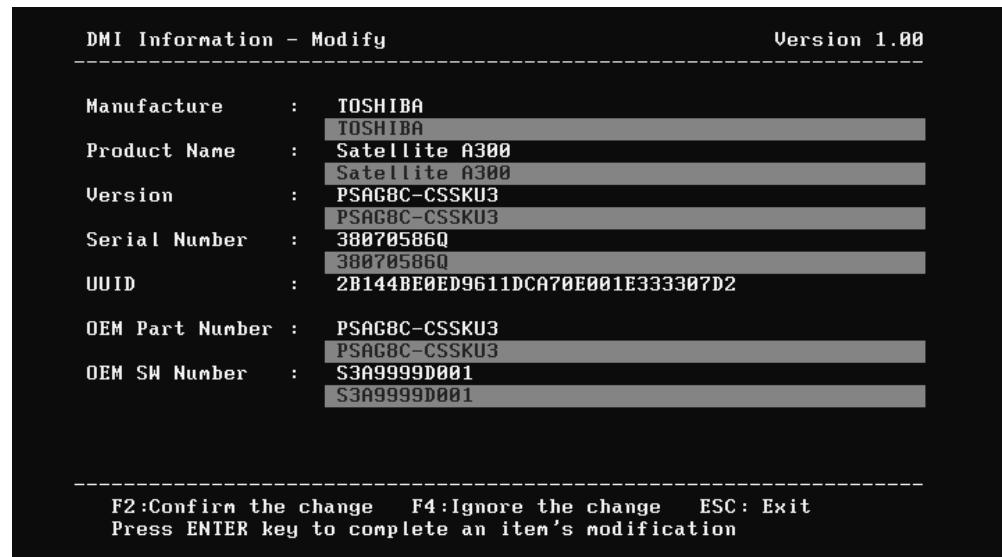
DMI Information		Version 1.00
Manufacture	:	TOSHIBA
Product Name	:	Satellite A300
Version	:	PSAG8C-CSSKU3
Serial Number	:	38070586Q
UUID	:	2B144BE0ED9611DCA70E001E333307D2
OEM Part Number	:	PSAG8C-CSSKU3
OEM SW Number	:	S3A9999D001

-----  
Press any key to exit...

User can press any key to exit the program.

### 3.2.8 DMI Write

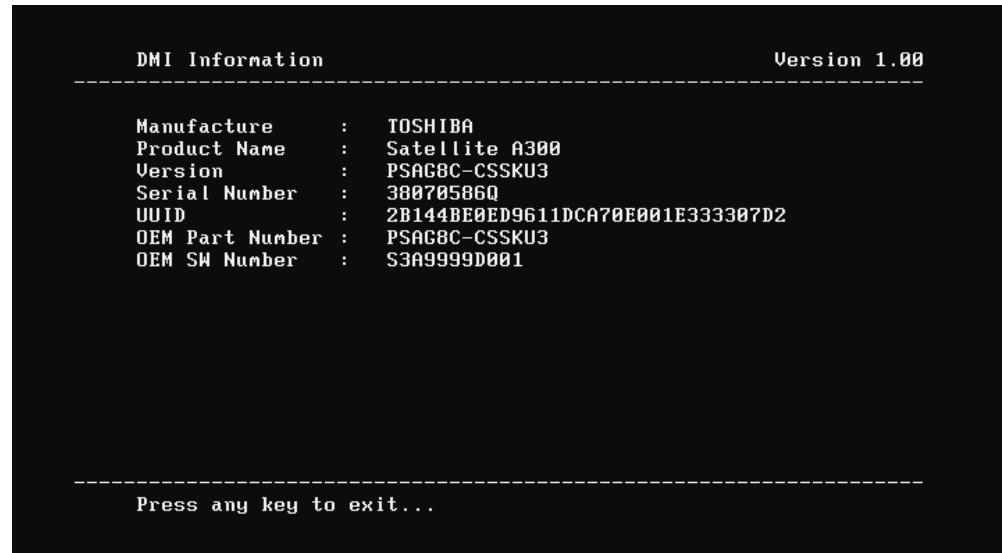
In addition to reading the DMI information, **DMI Write** also permits attributes editing and updating: Manufacture, Product Name, Version, Serial Number, and OEM Part Number, etc. The following screen will be displayed:



In this screen, there are two lines which attribute could be edited and updated. The 1<sup>st</sup> line (the font in yellow with blue background) shows the attribute's value that is read from the current system and the 2<sup>nd</sup> line (the font in red with turquoise background) shows the same value as that in the 1<sup>st</sup> line before user's editing. User can modify the attribute's value in the 2<sup>nd</sup> line and press **Enter** to confirm the current edition and continue editing the next attribute.

During the editing, user could press **F2** to confirm the DMI attribute update or press **F4** to ignore the modification. Press **ESC** to exit the program of DMI Write.

The confirmation screen is as below:



The attributes that have been modified would be marked in red; otherwise in yellow. User could press **F2** to save the changes, or press **F4** to ignore and exit the current program.

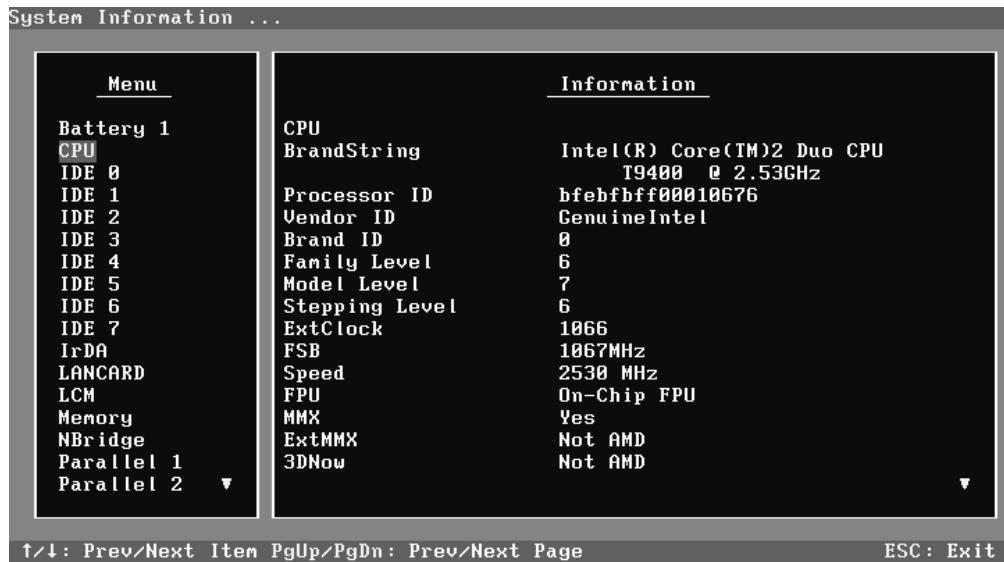
### 3.2.9 System Information

This function is used to read the system information. When the test is completed, a file named System.log will be saved in the defined location. During the reading process, the following screen will be displayed to indicate that the progress is in detection:



On the left column of the above screen, the detected hardware components are listed. The corresponding information of the detected hardware components is displayed on the right of the screen. It displays the current running status information of the check program. The name of the program is marked on the top of the screen. At the bottom, the function keys are listed for user operation. During the detection, keyboard operation is invalid.

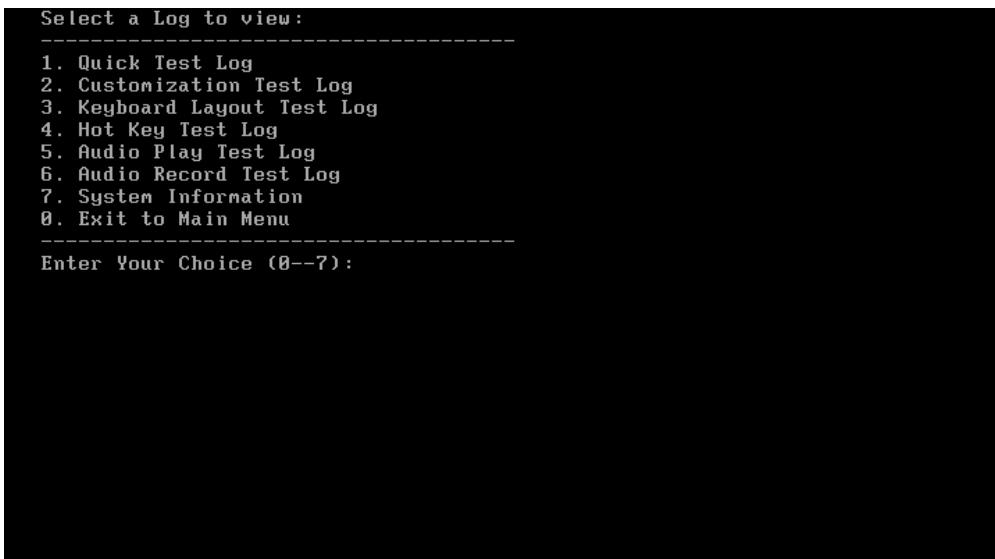
When the detection is finished, the hardware components information will be displayed as follows:



User can use function keys listed on the bottom of the screen to display the configuration of the component or exit the current program. On the left column, the components information is listed and user can use arrow keys or **PgUp/PgDn** to view the list and highlight the chosen component. On the right column, the configuration information of the highlighted component is listed. Press **ESC** to exit this program.

### 3.2.10 View Logs

User can enter one choice to view a log file in the screen as follows.

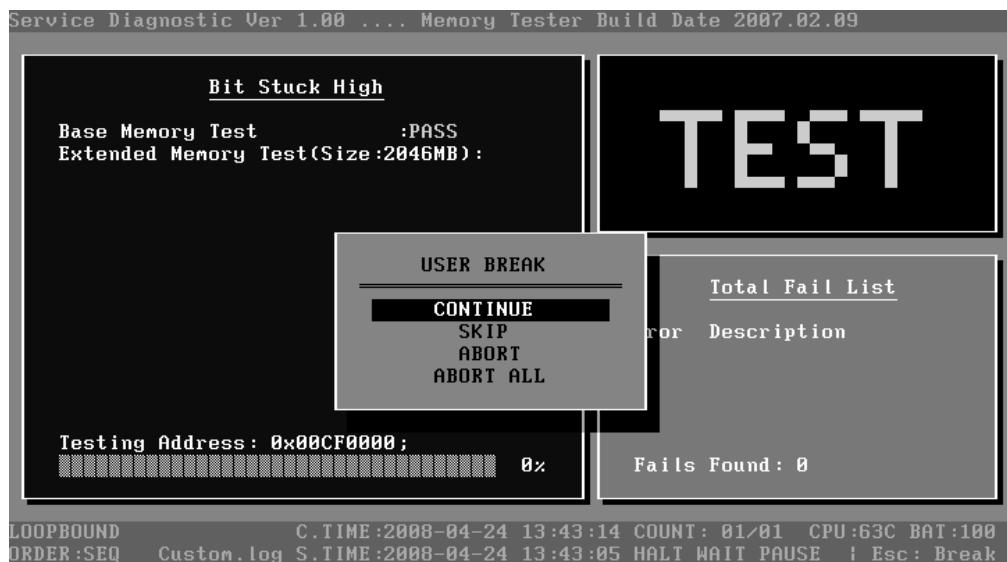


### 3.2.11 Exit to Free DOS

Select this item to exit to Free DOS.

### 3.2.12 The Diagnostics Screen Explanation

Below is an example of running a test item. It includes the following parts: Diagnostics Windows, Test Status Area, Progress Bar, Error List, Test Item's Title, Status Bar and Message Box.



#### 1. Diagnostics Windows

When a test item is running, a Diagnostics Windows is displayed in full screen. It consists of the following parts: Title Bar, Test Running Status and Report Panel, Status Bar. There would prompt a message box called USER BREAK in the central of the window whether user press **ESC** to interrupt the test.

#### 2. Test Running Status and Report Panel

Test Running Status and Report Panel are located on the middle of Diagnostics Windows.

- ◆ Test item name, test process and test result are displayed in the left;
- ◆ Test status and result are displayed in the upper right corner of the screen. It displays the test status of the current test item – TEST (in testing), PASS (test finished and its result is passed), FAIL (test finished and its result is failed) and SKIP (test skipped).

- ◆ The error list of each test module is displayed at the lower right corner of the screen. It would display the total error quantity found in the test, the most recent five error codes and description would be shown here. Detailed error report could be viewed with Logview.exe.
- ◆ When pressing **ESC** key during the test process, a User Break Windows will be popped up for the user to select.

### 3. USER BREAK

Pressing **ESC** key to interrupt the test, USER BREAK message box would be prompted out in the central of Diagnostics Window for the user to select the following actions:

- ◆ **CONTINUE**---- Continue the test;
- ◆ **SKIP**---- Stop the sub-item of current test item to go to the next item's test;
- ◆ **ABORT**----Stop the current test item to test the next module.
- ◆ **ABORT ALL**---- Stop all the selected test items. User could use the hot key **Ctrl+D** to achieve the same operation. When the user calls ABORT ALL, the following message box will prompt for his selecting.



### 4. Title Bar:

Title Bar located at the top of the window, it includes information as follows:

- ◆ **Program Name and Its Version:** Service Diagnostic Ver1.10;
- ◆ **Test Module Name:** Label the name and version of the test module. For example, in the above screen, the name of the test module is 'Memory Tester Build Date 2007.02.09'.
- ◆ **Status Bar:** Located at the bottom of the screen as follows:

LOOPBOUND	C. TIME:2008-02-16 00:42:40 COUNT: 01/01 CPU:56C BAT:46%
ORDER:SEQ	Custom.log S.TIME:2008-02-16 00:42:28 HALT WAIT PAUSE : Esc: Break

The status bar is used to indicate the current script setting and test status. It consists of two lines that includes the information as follows:

- ◆ **Test Mode:** TIMEBOUND or LOOPBOUND, e.g. LOOPBOUND in the above screen;

- ◆ **Script File Name:** Script file name, e.g. ‘Custom.INI’ in the above screen;
- ◆ **Current Time(C. TIME):** Current system time, e.g. ‘C.TIME:2008-02-16 00:42:40’ in the above screen;
- ◆ **Test Time Remaining (LEFT):** In TIMEBOUND mode, it would display the remaining test time at the same location as Current TIME (C. TIME) in the above screen;
- ◆ **Current Loop Count:** In LOOPBOUND mode, it will display the total LOOP number planning to execute and the current LOOP number have been finished, e.g. ‘COUNT: 01/01’ in the above screen;
- ◆ **CPU Temperature:** Detect the temperature in the current CPU, e.g. ‘CPU: 56C’ in the above screen;
- ◆ **Remaining Battery Capacity:** Remaining Battery Capacity detected in the current Battery, e.g. ‘BAT: 46%’;
- ◆ **Test Order:** Define the test sequence. There is two sequence modes: Sequential Test Mode and Random Test Mode. The default mode is Sequential Test Mode, it would displays ‘ORDER: SEQ’ as in the above screen;
- ◆ **LOG File Name:** Display the file name of the test log, e.g. Custom.Log in the above screen;
- ◆ **Start Test Time (S.TIME):** Display the test start time for the current test item or the test script, e.g. ‘S.TIME: 2008-02-16 00:42:28’ in the above screen;
- ◆ **Break On Error:** Display ‘HALT’ as shown in the above screen when ‘Break On Error’ is enabled;
- ◆ **Wait On Error:** Display ‘WAIT’ as shown in the above screen when ‘Wait On Error’ is enabled;
- ◆ **Pause Enable:** Display ‘PAUSE’ when “Pause Enable” is enabled;
- ◆ **Manual Interrupt Method:** Display ‘Esc: Break’ to tell the user how to manually interrupt the test process.

## 3.3 Options

### 3.3.1 Overview

In Service Diagnostics, with the **Options** menu user can configure the batch parameters, test item's parameters and those parameters created by the LOG file.



#### Options Menu Notes:

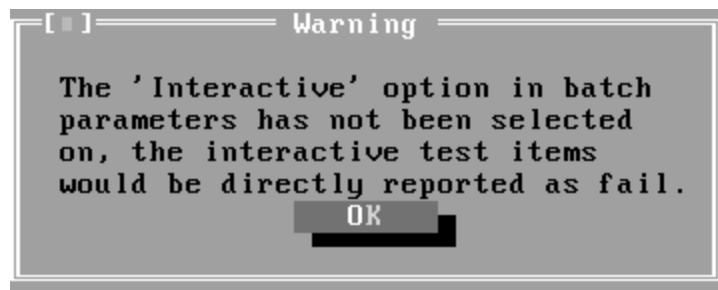
- Select All/None Items

Switch between selecting all test items and selecting none. The hot key is **F6**.

- Test Selected Items

Execute all selected test items in this editor. The hot key is **F8**.

If “Interactive” option in batch parameters has not been selected, a warning message would be shown as below:



- Edit Batch Parameters

Configure batch parameters and all the test item's parameters.

- Load Batch Parameters

Upload all the test items and the parameters to the \*.ini file.

- Save Batch Parameters

Save all the parameters and the test items that are configured in the editor to a specified file.

- Log Parameters

Configure LOG parameters.

- Specify LOG Viewer

Specify the viewer for the LOG file.

- Display Error Log File

Load the LOG file viewer specified in the Specify Log Viewer to view the LOG file.

- DOS Shell

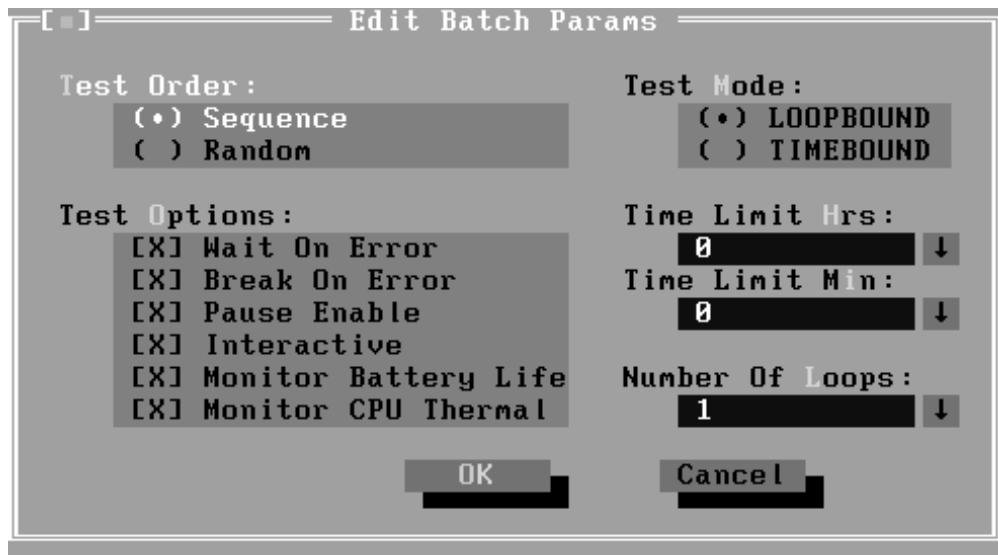
Enter the DOS Shell and execute the DOS programs. You can also exit to the Service Diagnostics Editor by the command of **EXIT**.

- Exit to DOS

Exit the Service Diagnostics Editor and back to DOS.

### 3.3.2 Batch Parameters Configuration

The batch parameters configuration screen can be accessed through Service Diagnostics/OPTIONS -> EDIT BATCH PARAMETERS -> BATCH PARAMETERS:



- **Test Order**

Specify the order of the test items. Choose 'Sequence' to adopt the sequential mode; choose 'Random' to run the test items in random sequence.

- **Test Options**

Choose one of the following options:

- ✓ **Wait On Error**

Wait for further confirmation while an error occurs.

- ✓ **Break On Error**

Stop the test when a test item fails.

- ✓ **Pause Enable**

Pause at the end of each test items and wait for the user to response with the test items that requires the user to assist the test processes, such as the keystroke test.

- ✓ **Interactive**

If the item is enabled during the test, the test items that need user to response can run normally, such as Mouse test; If it is disabled, those test items will report FAIL.

When the option here is enabled, it would affect all the test items while the same option in "Item Parameters Configuration" only affect that test item.

- ✓ **Monitor Battery Life**

Monitor the remaining battery capacity (percent).

✓ **Monitor CPU Thermal**

Monitor the CPU temperature.

- **Test Mode**

✓ **LOOPBOUND**

The chosen test items will run repeatedly according to the times specified in the 'Number of Loops'.

✓ **TIMEBOUND**

The chosen test items will run for an extent time specified in 'Time Limit Hrs' and 'Time Limit Min'.

- **Time Limit Hrs**

Specify the hours whether 'TIMEBOUND' is chosen under the batch mode.

- **Time Limit Min**

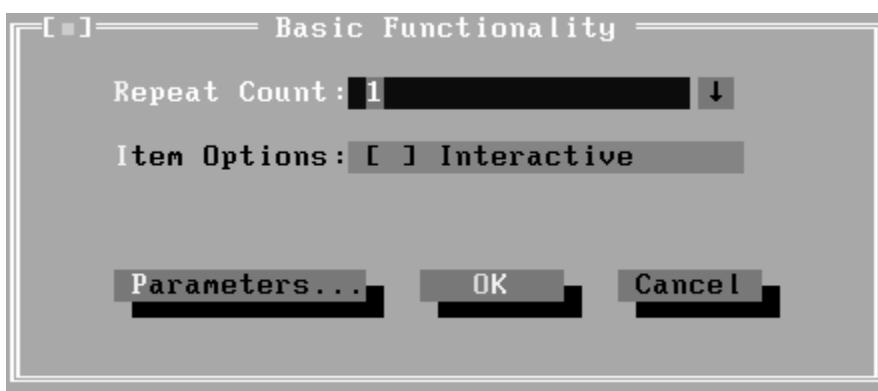
Specify the minutes whether 'TIMEBOUND' is chosen under the batch mode.

- **Number Of Loops**

Specify the repeating times when 'Loop Bound' is chosen under the batch mode.

### 3.3.3 Item's Parameters Configuration

The test items' parameters configuration screen can be accessed through Service Diagnostics/Options -> Edit Batch Parameters -> Item's Parameters-> System->CPU-> Basic Functionality:



- **Repeat count**

Repeat times of the test item.

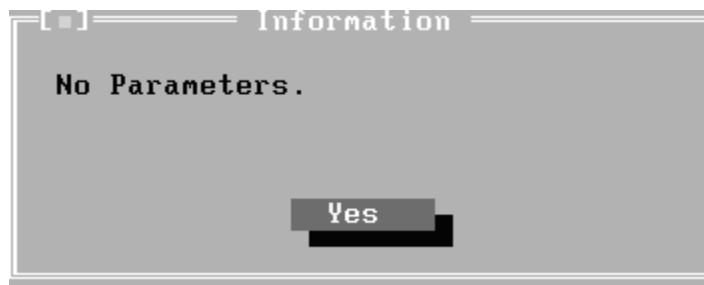
- **Interactive**

If the item is enabled during the test, the test items that need user to response can run normally, such as PS2 Mouse test; If it is disabled, those test items will report FAIL.

Whether the option here is enabled, it only affects the current test item.

- **Parameters**

For the test items with specific parameters, this option will call the related configuration screens. Otherwise, the program will show the following dialogue window:

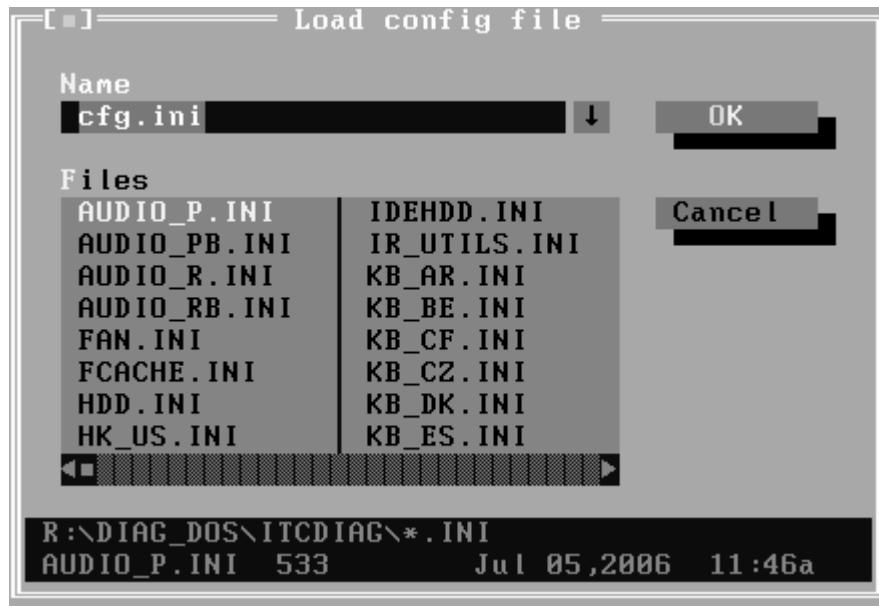


Parameters for the specific test items:

Some test items (Memory, HDD, e g...) have their individual parameters, which can be configured in their parameters setting window.

#### 3.3.4 Load Batch Parameters

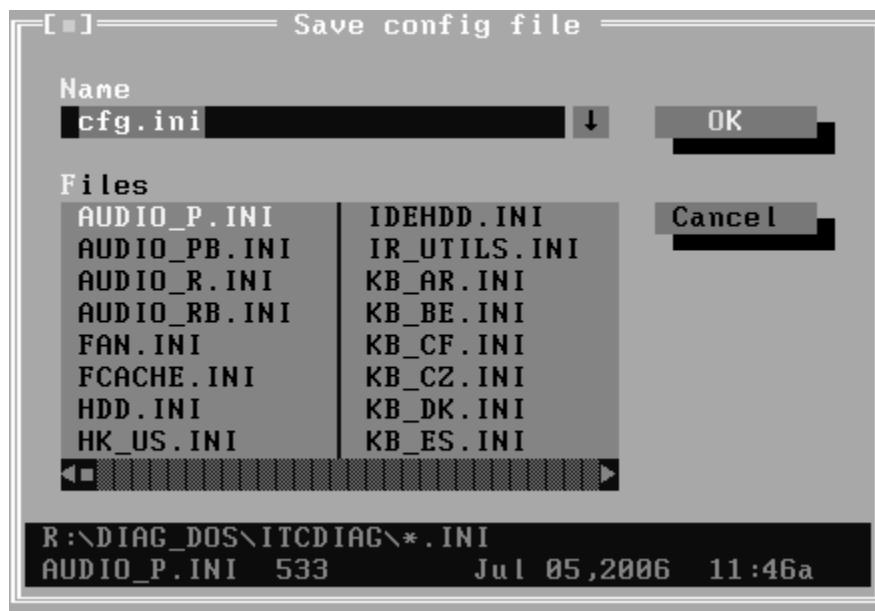
Batch parameter is saved in the script file whose extension name is INI (\*.INI). Below is the screen shot of “Load Batch Parameters”.



In this window, you can specify the .INI files that you wanted to be edited or modified.

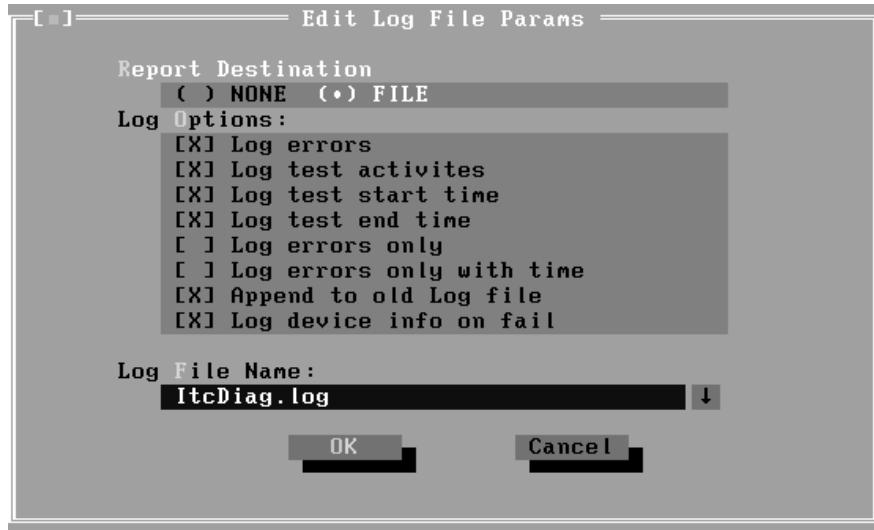
### 3.3.5 Save Batch Parameters

Here you can save the edited or modified content to the batch parameters files.



### 3.3.6 LOG Parameters Setting

You can access the Log Parameters screen through Service Diagnostics\Options - Generate Report.



- **Report Destination**

If selecting 'NONE', no log file will be generated; if selecting 'FILE', a log file with the name specified in 'Log File Name' will be generated.

- **Log Options**

- ✓ **Log Errors**

If selecting this parameter, errors will be recorded when the test fails.

- ✓ **Log Test Activities**

If selecting this parameter, the subtest results will be recorded.

- ✓ **Log Test Start Time**

If selecting this parameter, the start time of the test will be recorded.

- ✓ **Log Test End Time**

If selecting this parameter, the end time of the test will be recorded.

- ✓ **Log Errors Only**

If selecting this parameter, errors will be recorded only when the test fails.

- ✓ **Log Errors Only with Time**

If selecting this parameter, errors and time will be recorded only when the test fails.

✓ **Append to Old Log File**

If selecting this parameter, the new log will be added to the old one.

✓ **Log Device Info on Fail**

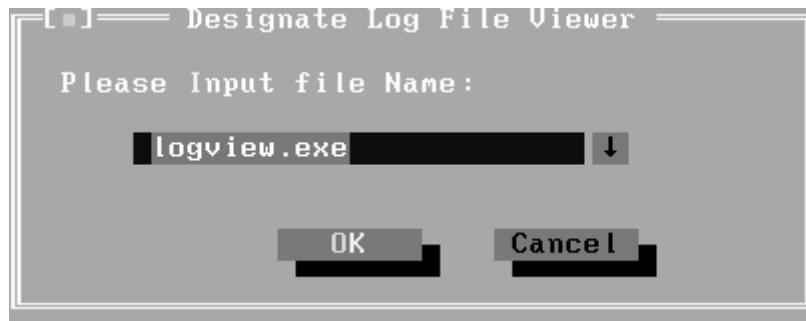
If selecting this parameter, details of the failed test will be recorded.

• **Log file Name**

Specify the Log file name. You can input the detail path of the file. System will show the detail path of the file.

### 3.3.7 Specify LOG Viewer

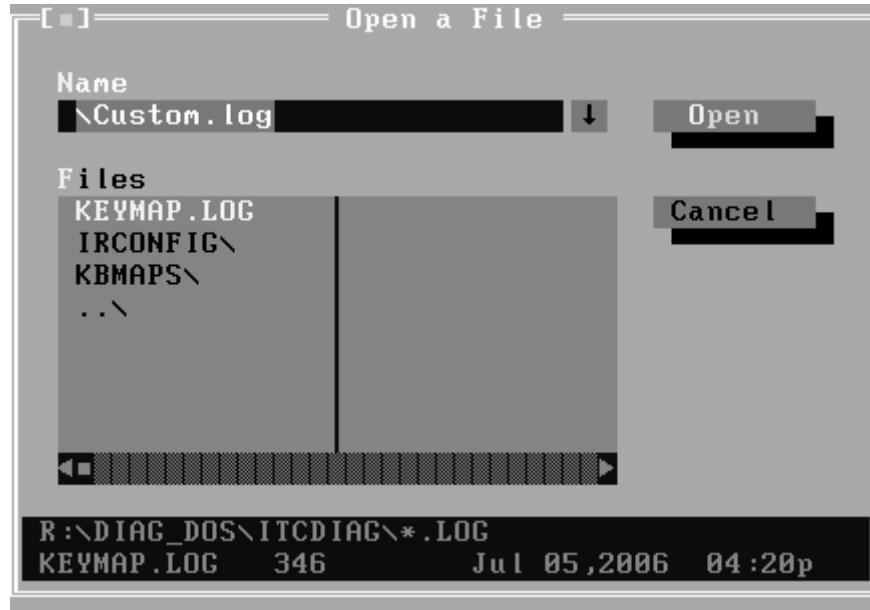
You can specify the Log file viewer in the Specify Log Viewer screen.



The default viewing program of Service Diagnostics is **LogView.exe**.

### 3.3.8 Display LOG File

You can specify the Log file for viewing in the Display Error Log File screen.



In this screen, you can specify a Log file and view it with the viewer designated in Specify LOG Viewer.

### 3.3.9 LOG Viewer

Service Diagnostic Log viewer:



- ↑, ↓

Scroll a line backward or forward on the screen.

- Page Up, Page Down

Scroll a page backward or forward on the screen.

- **Esc**

Exit the Log viewer.

- **F1**

Display the Help information about the Log viewer operations and the functional keys.

- **Ctrl+Home**

Go to the start of the log file.

- **Ctrl+End**

Go to the end of the log file.

- **Ctrl+F3**

Prompt the search dialogue for the user to input the string to be looked for and specify the searching method.

- **F3**

Find the next corresponding strings given.

### 3.3.10 LOG File Sample

Log file is a test result file, which records the following information: Test module name, Test item name, Start/End time and the test result (including PASS, FAIL, SKIP and ABORT). When a failure is found, both the error code and the error information were recorded.

In the Log file, we use **Test Items** as the test item name, which could not be modified in the whole time. And we use the **Internal Name** as name in the program's UI, which corresponds to the test item name and could be modified according to the user's favorite.

The following section is a sample of log file:

#### *DIAG REPORT*

*<Module Name>: Service Diagnostic Ver 1.00 ... Memory Tester Build Date 2006.01.10*

*[Walk High]*

*Begin Time: Wed Jul 05 10:45:36 2006*

*Base Memory Test* : PASS

*Extended Memory Test* : PASS

*End Time:* Wed Jul 05 10:47:51 2006

*<Module Name>: Service Diagnostic Ver 1.00 ... Mouse Test Build Date 2006.01.10*

*[MSTPad]*

*Begin Time:* Wed Jul 05 10:48:54 2006

*Touch Pad Test* : FAIL

*ITEM TEST FAIL*

*Function ID* :502

*Error Code* :50202

*Error Message :*Touch Pad Test Fail

*End Time:* Wed Jul 05 10:49:16 2006

## 3.4 Subtests

Test Group	Sub Item ID	Subtest	Test ID	Test items	Internal Name
System	01	CPU	01	Basic Functionality Test	[CPUBasicFun]
			02	CPU Speed	[CPUSpeed]
			03	Coprocessor NPU Basic Functions NPU Interrupt	Coprocessor [NPUFun] [NPUInterrupt]
			04	CPU Information	[CPUInformation]
			05	CPU Protected Mode	[Protect]
			06	MMX	[MMX]
	02	Board	01	DMA Controller	[DMACtrl]
			02	Interval Timer	[Timer]
			03	Clock / Calendar	[RealClock]
			04	PCI System	[PCI]
			05	Plug and Play	[PnP]
			06	ACPI Test	[ACPI]
	03	FAN	01	CPU Fan Speed Test	[FANSpeed]
Memory	01	BIOS ROM			[BIOSROM]
	02	Parity			[Parity]
	03	Pattern	01	Bit Stuck High Test	[BSHigh]
			02	Bit Stuck Low Test	[BSLow]
			03	Checker Board Test	[ChkBd]
			04	CAS Line Test	[CASLine]
			05	Incremental Test	[Incrment]
			06	Decremental Test	[Decrment]
			07	Incremental Decremental Test	[Idcrment]
	04	Extended Pattern	01	Write/Read Cycle Test	[XWRCycle]
			02	Read Cycle Test	[XRCycle]
	05	Walking 1's Test			[WalkHigh]
	06	Walking 0's Test			[WalkLow]
	07	Memory Address			[Address]
	08	Refresh Test			[Refresh]
	09	Cache Memory			[CacheOne]
	10	Random Memory	01	Randomize Test	[Random]

			02	Random Increment Read/Write	[RandIncr]
	11	Data Bus Test			[DataBus]
	12	Memory Speed Test			[MemSpeed]
Storage	01	HDD	01	Sequential/Random R/W	[SeqRdRW1]
			02	Sequential/Random Seek	[Seek1]
			03	Performance	[Perform1]
			04	Controller Check	[Controller1]
			05	Diagnostic Read/Write	[DiagRW1]
			06	SMART Test	[SMART1]
	02	ODD	01	Controller Test	[CDRWController]
			02	Data Transfer Rate	[CDRWTransRate]
			03	Data CD Butterfly Seek	[CDRWButterfly]
			04	Data CD Random Seek	[CDRWSeek]
			05	Data CD Sequence Seek	[CDRWSFSeek]
			06	Tray Eject Test	[CDRWTray]
Video	01	Text Mode	01	Character Test	[CharTest]
			02	Text Attribute	[Attribut]
			03	Text Page Selection	[PageSel]
			04	Text Color	[Color]
			05	80*25 Text Mode	[Text Mode]
	02	640*480 VGA Mode			[VGAMode]
	03	VESA Video Modes	01	640X480 Video Modes VESA 640x480x256 Mode VESA 640x480x32K Mode VESA 640x480x64K Mode VESA 640x480x16K Mode VESA 640x480x32bit Mode	[V640480_15] [V640480_16] [V640480_24] [V640480_32]
			02	800X600 Video Modes VESA 800x600x256 Mode VESA 800x600x64K Mode VESA 800x600x32K Mode VESA 800x600x16K Mode VESA 800x600x32bit Mode	[V800600_15] [V800600_16] [V800600_24] [V800600_32]
			03	1024X768 Video Modes VESA 1024x768x256 Mode VESA 1024x768x64K Mode	[V1024768_15] [V1024768_16] [V1024768_24]

				VESA 1024x768x32K Mode VESA 1024x768x16K Mode VESA 1024x768x32bit Mode	[V1024768_32]
			04	1280X800 Video Modes VESA 1280x800x256 Mode VESA 1280x800x64K Mode VESA 1280x800x32K Mode VESA 1280x800x16K Mode VESA 1280x800x32bit Mode	[V1280800_15] [V1280800_16] [V1280800_24] [V1280800_32]
	04	VESA Video Memory			[VESAMEM]
	05	AGP Test			[AGP]
	06	LCD Panel Test			[LCDPanel]
	07	Register Test			[Register]
	08	Color Purity Test			[ColPurity]
	09	Direct Color Test			[DirectColor]
	10	DAC/Palette Address			[DACPAlAddr]
	11	Bitblt Engine Test			[Bitblt]
COMM	01	LAN Card	01	Device ID Detection	[DeviceID]
			02	Vendor ID Detection	[VendorID]
			03	Mac Address Detection	[MAC Address]
	02	1394	01	GUID Detection	[1394 R/W Test]
Peripheral	01	Keyboard	01	Keyboard Data Line	[KBDataLn]
			02	Keyboard Clock Line	[KBClokLn]
	02	Mouse	01	TouchPad	[MSTpad]
	03	Led	01	Device Led	[KBLED]

## 3.5 System Test

Move arrow keys and press the **Space** key to select CPU test item from Service Diagnostic menu, then highlight **CPU** and press the **Enter** to run this test item.

### Subtest 01 CPU



#### 1. Basic Functionality Test

This test item is to check whether the CPU works normally through math and logic calculation, which means verifying the general registers, math registers and logic registers.

#### 2. CPU Speed

This test item is to detect the work frequency of the current CPU. User should change the parameters setting in the following window before the test:



**CPU Speed Comparison**--Whether you want to make a comparison of the CPU speed with the value set in 'Expected CPU Speed', you should choose 'Yes'; otherwise, 'No'.

**Expected CPU Speed**--Specify the expected CPU Speed value you want for further comparison.

**Allowable Error Rate**-- Specify the Allowable Error Rate value you want for further comparison.

### 3. Coprocessor

#### ✓ NPU Basic Functions Test

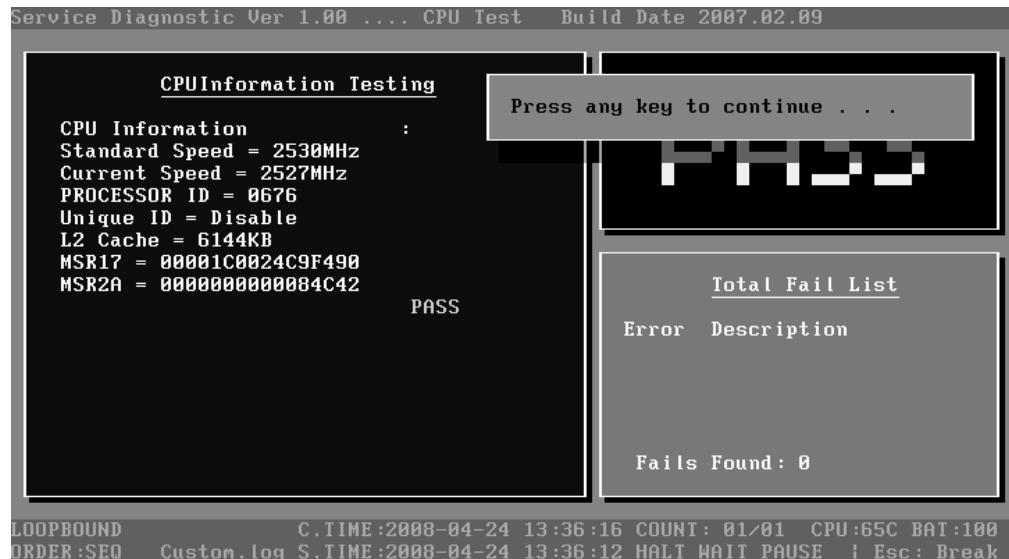
This test item is to check whether the precision of the numeric processor in the float calculation is up to the IEEE standards.

#### ✓ NPU Interrupt Test

This test item is to check whether NPU transfers the abnormal Interrupt program correctly by forcing an abnormal float.

### 4. CPU Information

This test item is used for getting & showing CPU Information. It will be displayed as follows:



## 5. CPU Protected Mode Test

This test item is to check whether CPU protected mode instruction works normally.

## 6. MMX

The test item is to confirm whether the CPU supports MMX instructions.

### Subtest 02 Boards

#### 1. DMA Controller

This test item is to check whether the DMA controller works normally.

#### 2. Interval Timer

This test item is to check whether the Interval Timer (18.2Hz, 55ms) works normally.

#### 3. Clock/Calendar

This test item is to check whether the system clock/calendar works normally.

#### 4. PCI System

This test item is to check whether the bus number, device number and function number in PCI bus are valid.

#### 5. Plug and Play

This test item is to check:

1. Whether the current system supports Plug-n-Play;
2. Whether there is an ESCD (Extended System Configuration Data) in the BIOS;
3. Whether there is PCI-to-ISA bridge in the system;
4. Whether there is PCI bus in the system.

## 6. ACPI Test

ACPI test includes two sub-items as below:

- System Address Map Test: Check the correctness of ACPI system memory map, and whether its mapping scope is within real memory.  
 ACPI Table Test: Check the correctness of ACPI relative configuration tables in the current system.

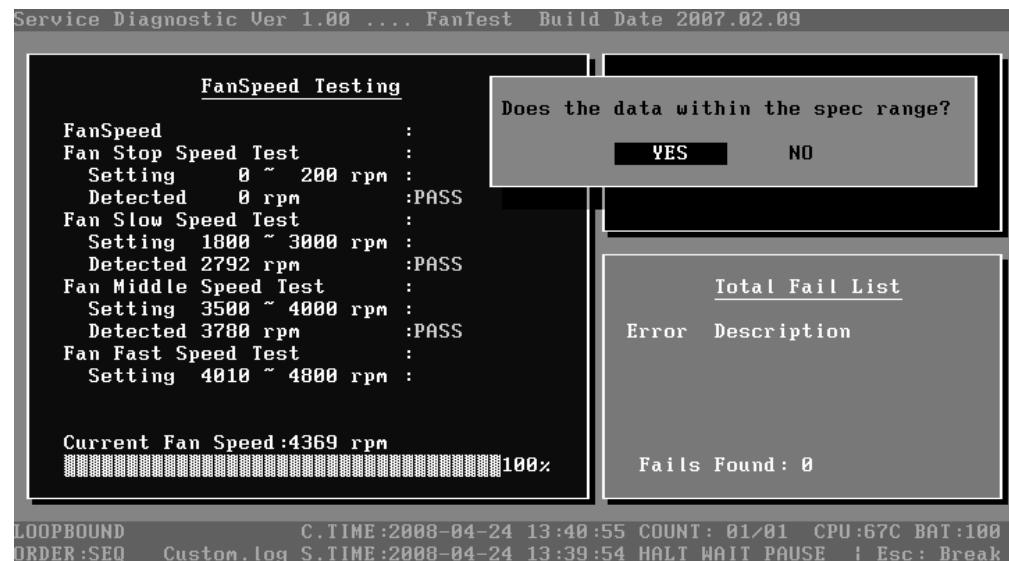
## Subtest 03 FAN Speed Test

### 1. CPU Fan Speed Test

This test item is to check whether the CPU fan currently used works normally in the different speeds of stop, slow, middle and fast. Below is the parameter setting dialog window.



Set the range of Speed that is to be tested, then choose the **OK** button to test it. It will be displayed as follows:



## Memory Test

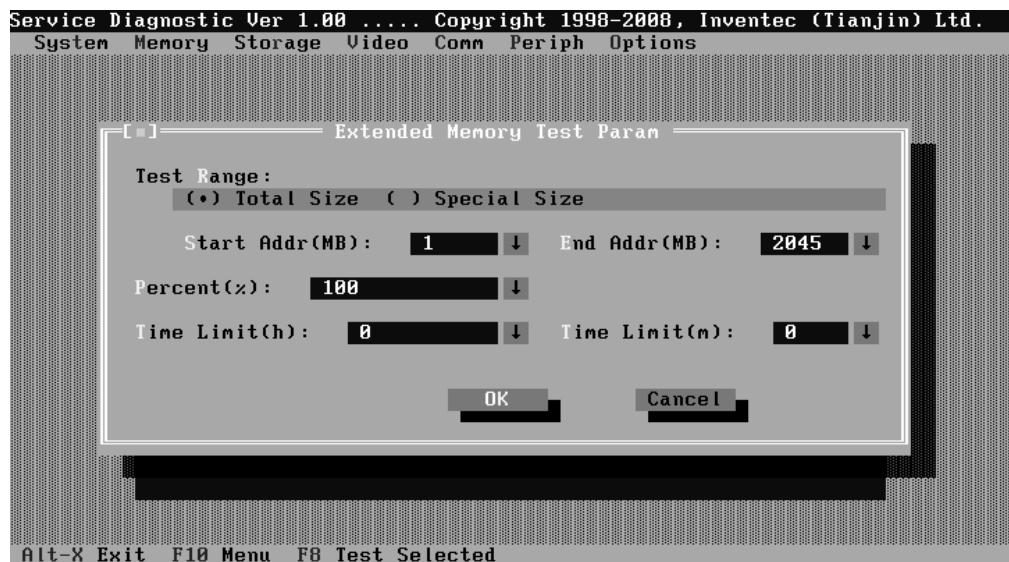
This test module is to check whether the memory chip works normally.

### Subtest 01 BIOS ROM

This test item is to check the validity of BIOS ROM that includes two sub-items -- ROM Read and ROM Write Protection. ROM Read is to check whether BIOS ROM could be correctly read out, ROM Write Protect is to check whether BIOS ROM is write-protected.

### Subtest 02 Parity

This test item is to check whether the parity checkout error could happen through writing and reading memory. Below is the parameter setting dialog window.



**Test Option:** Choose the Memory part to take the test– Base Memory or Extended Memory.

**Extended Memory Test Range:** Specify the test coverage range of Extended Memory. If user chooses Total Size, it means that the whole Extended Memory will be tested. Although user can input the parameter into other select box, but the selected result is invalid. If user chooses Special Size, the test of Extended Memory will be taken according to the coverage range that user chooses or time.

**Extended Memory Start Address (MB) & Extended Memory End Address (MB):** Set the range of extended memory that is to be tested, the test coverage would be based on the setting and the value in 'Percent (%)' mentioned at below.

**Pattern Size:** Choose the pattern size – BYTE, WORD, DWORD or ALL.

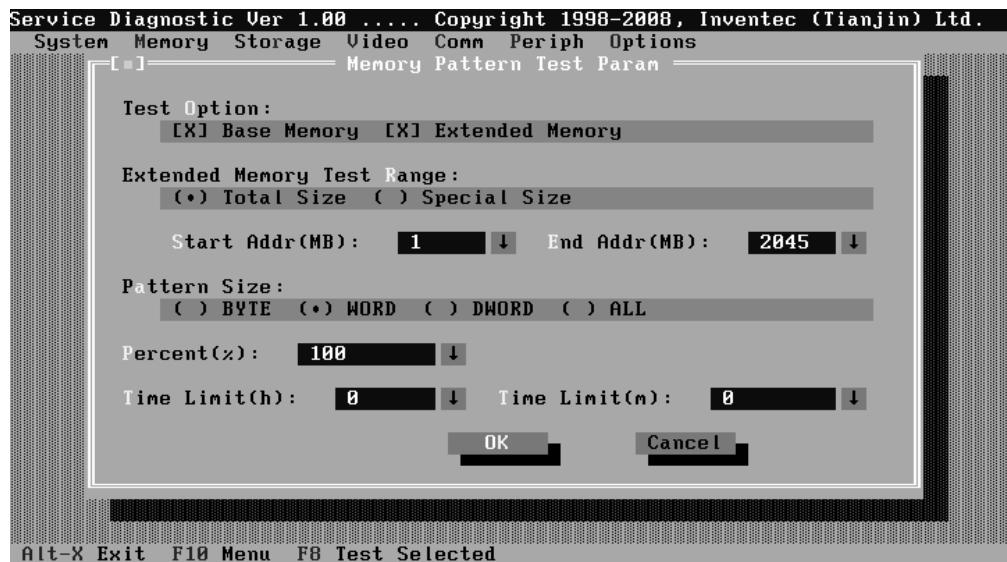
**Percent (%):** Choose the percentage of the defined range of the memory to be tested.

**Time Limit(h):** Choose or Input the time (hour) of the defined range of the memory to be tested.

**Time Limit(m):** Choose or Input the time (minute) of the defined range of the memory to be tested.

### Subtest 03 Patterns

This test item is to check whether the system memory includes base memory and extended memory that could be accessed correctly through writing and reading with a series of designed pattern data. Below is the parameter setting dialog window.



**Test Option:** Choose the Memory part to take the test– Base Memory or Extended Memory.

**Extended Memory Test Range:** Specify the test coverage range of Extended Memory. If user chooses Total Size, it means that the whole Extended Memory will be tested. Although user can input the parameter into other select box, but the selected result is invalid. If user chooses Special Size, the test of Extended Memory will be taken according to the coverage range that user chooses or time.

**Extended Memory Start Address (MB) & Extended Memory End Address (MB):** Set the range of extended memory that is to be tested, the

test coverage would be based on the setting and the value in ‘Percent (%)’ mentioned at below.

**Pattern Size:** Choose the pattern size – BYTE, WORD, DWORD or ALL.

**Percent (%):** Choose the percentage of the defined range of the memory to be tested.

**Time Limit(h):** Choose or Input the time (hour) of the defined range of the memory to be tested.

**Time Limit(m):** Choose or Input the time (minute) of the defined range of the memory to be tested.

1. Bit Stuck High Test

Data pattern: Every bit is ‘1’ (Each bit is high)

2. Bit Stuck Low Test

Data pattern: Every bit is ‘0’(Each bit is low);

3. Checker Board Test

Data pattern: Lo-byte and hi-byte are composed with 0101(0x5) and 1010 (0xA);

4. CAS Line Test

Data pattern: Lo-byte and hi-byte are composed with 0000 (0x0) and 1111(0xF);

5. Incremental Test

Data pattern: A series of increasing data from 0 by adding 1 each time;

6. Decrement Test

Data Pattern: A series of decreasing data from the maximum (e.g. 0xFFFF) by subtracting 1 each time;

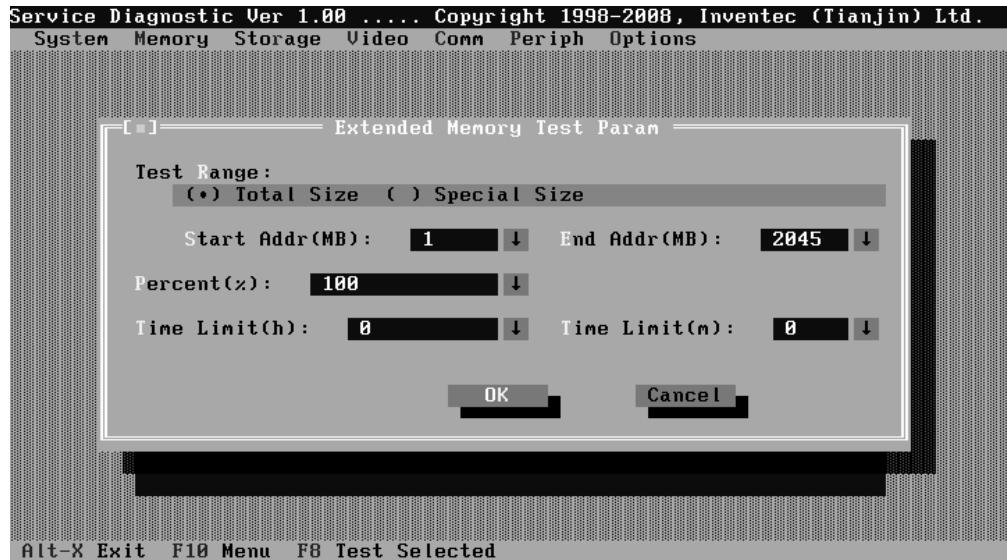
7. Incremental / Decrement Test

Data Pattern is a series of data whose low byte is increasing data from 0x00 and high byte is decreasing data from 0xFF.

#### Subtest 04      Extended Pattern

In addition to the above pattern test of the memory, there is Read/Write Cycle test and Read Cycle Test for the extended memory.

Below is the parameter dialog window of the extended pattern test.



**Test Range:** Specify the test coverage range of Extended Memory. If user chooses Total Size, it means that the whole Extended Memory will be tested. Although user can input the parameter into other select box, but the selected result is invalid. If user chooses Special Size, the test of Extended Memory will be taken according to the coverage range that user chooses or time.

**Extended Memory Start Address and Extended Memory End Address (MB):** Set the range of extended memory that is to be tested. The test coverage will be according to the value setting in ‘Percent (%)’ mentioned at below.

**Percent (%):** Choose the percentage of the defined range of the memory to be tested.

**Time Limit(h):** Choose or Input the time (hour) of the defined range of the memory to be tested;

**Time Limit(m):** Choose or Input the time (minute) of the defined range of the memory to be tested.

### 1. Write/Read Cycle Test

Test by using both read and write instructions.

### 2. Read Cycle Test

Test by using read instructions.

### Subtest 05 Walking 1's Test

The test item is to ensure that there is no short circuitry issue in memory chip. The parameter dialog window is the same as that in ‘Subtest 02 Pattern’.

### Subtest 06 Walking 0's Test

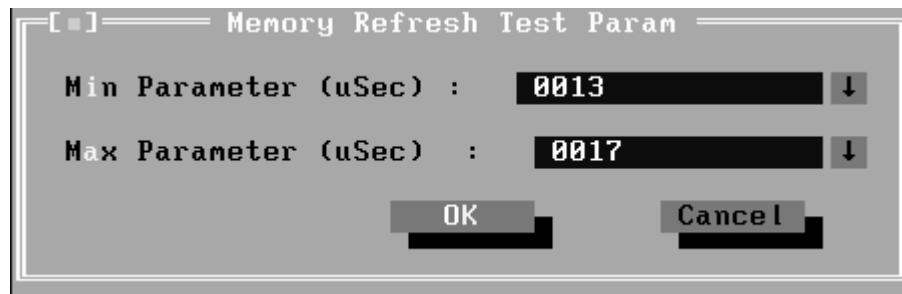
The test item is to ensure that there is no open circuitry issue in memory chip. The parameter dialog window is the same as that in ‘Subtest 02 Pattern’.

### Subtest 07 Memory Address

This test item is to check short and open issue on memory address lines.

### Subtest 08 Refresh Test

This test item is to check whether the memory refresh works normally. The parameter dialog window is as follows:



### Subtest 09 Cache Memory

The test item is to check whether the CPU internal cache memory could be accessed correctly.

### Subtest 10 Random Memory

Random Memory test includes the following two test items: Randomize Test and Random Incremental Read/Write Test. The parameter dialog window is the same as that in ‘Subtest 03 Extended Pattern’.

#### 1. Randomize Test

This test item is to check whether the memory could be correctly accessed with randomized data and randomized memory address.

#### 2. Random Increment Read/Write

This test item is to check whether the memory could be correctly accessed with randomized memory address and a series of incremental data.

**Subtest 11 Data Bus Test**

This test item is to check whether the data bus works normally.

**Subtest 12 Memory Speed Test**

This test item is to check the data-transferring rate for the cache memory and the system memory.

## 3.6 Storage

### Subtest 01 HDD

This test item runs on IDE hard disks. It checks the functions and performance of IDE hard disk.

In order to protect user's HDD data, the password must be verified before the HDD test. The screen is as follows:

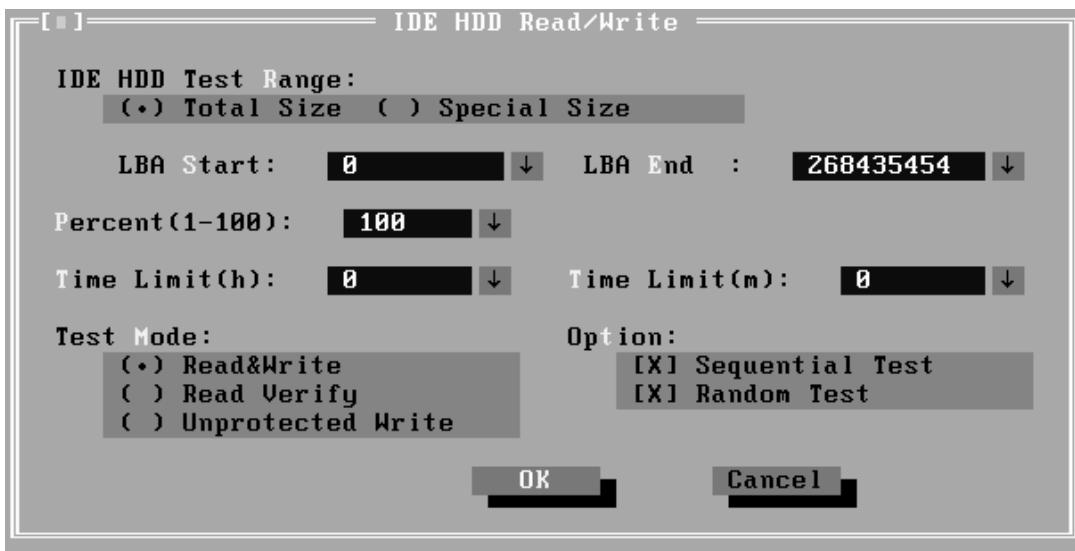


#### Password : hard disk

1. Sequential/Random R/W

This test item is to check the HDD's Read/Write function through data writing and reading to HDD.

This test item needs user to submit the parameters:



**IDE HDD Test Range**-- Specify the test coverage range of IDE HDD. If user chooses Total Size, it means that the whole IDE HDD will be tested. Although user can input the parameter into other select box, but the selected result is invalid. If user chooses Special Size, the test of IDE HDD will be taken according to the coverage range that user chooses or time.

**LBA Start, LBA End**--Specify the start and end byte in LBA (Large Block Address).

**Percent**--Specify the coverage rate in percentage of the total disk.

**Time Limit(h)**: Choose or Input the time (hour) of the defined range of the total disk to be tested.

**Time Limit(m)**: Choose or Input the time (minute) of the defined range of the total disk to be tested.

**Test Mode**--Choose test mode from the following options:

**(1) Read & Write** --Write data on the disk, then read it out and compare the two value;

**(2) Read Verify** —Read data only;

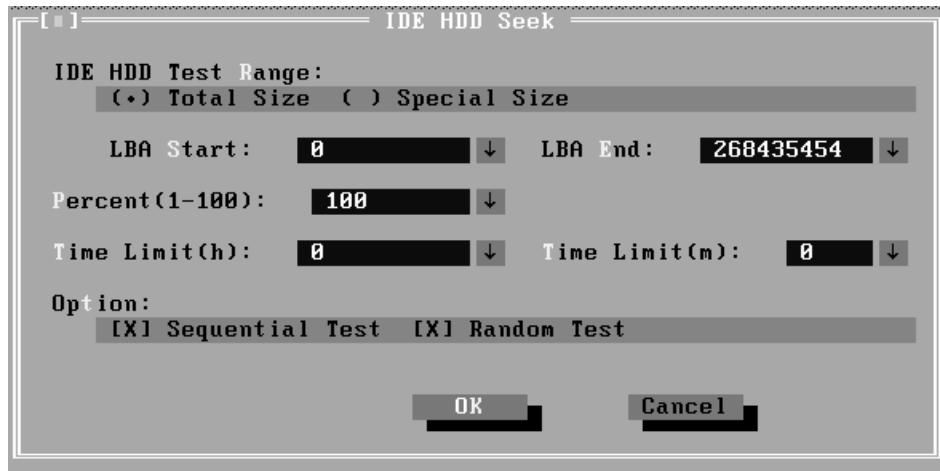
**(3) Unprotected Write**—Write data on the disk without backup original data.

**Option**—Select sequential test or random test

## 2. Sequential/Random Seek

The test item is to check the correctness of the HDD's sector's seeking function.

This test item involves the following parameters:



**IDE HDD Test Range**—is same as the description of the upper item.

**LBA Start, LBA End**-- specify start and finish byte in LBA(Large Block Address);

**Option**-- Select sequential test or random test;

**Percent--** Specify the coverage rate in percentage of the total disk.

**Time Limit(h):** Choose or Input the time (hour) of the defined range of the total disk to be tested;

**Time Limit(m):** Choose or Input the time (minute) of the defined range of the total disk to be tested.

### 3. Performance

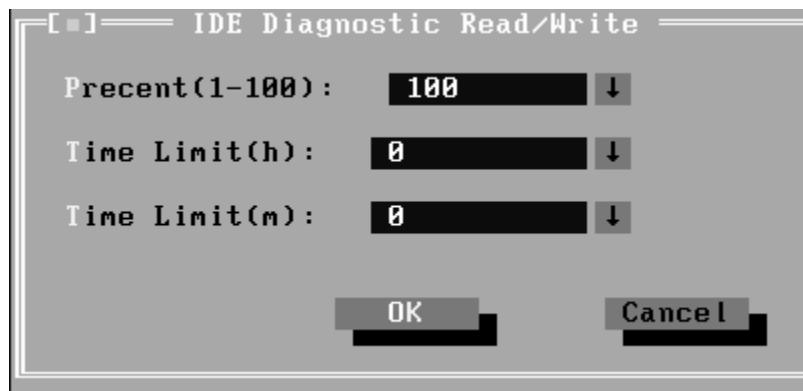
Check the HDD's seeking speed and transfer the data rate.

### 4. Controller Check

Check the HDD controller's status, including HDD interrupt and unexpected interrupt.

### 5. Diagnostic Read/Write

This test item is a quick test to verify whether the HDD could be correctly accessed and the user could specify the percentage in the below dialog.



**Percent (1-100)--** Specify the coverage rate in percentage of the total disk.

**Time Limit(h):** Choose or Input the time (hour) of the defined range of the total disk to be tested;

**Time Limit(m):** Choose or Input the time (minute) of the defined range of the total disk to be tested;

### 6. SMART Test

SMART stands for Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology.  
SMART test will compare the attribute values with the threshold value in the HDD's controller to confirm whether there is any failure in the HDD

**Subtest 02 ODD**

The ODD test runs on IDE CDROM/DVD-ROM & CD-RW. It will check the ODD driver's functionality and performance.

**1. Controller Test**

Check the CDROM controller's status.

**2. Data Transfer Rate**

Check the data transfer rate of the ODD drive. It will read data from the ODD disc and calculate the data transfer rate. This test needs a data CD.

**3. Data CD Butterfly Seek**

Check the seek function of the ODD drive. It will perform a serial of seeking operations. First, locate the minimum LBA address, then the maximum, the sub-minimum, the sub-maximum and meet at center point. This test needs a data CD.

**4. Data CD Random Seek**

Check the random seek function of ODD drive. Random access will reflect the performance of the heads' random movement and seek. It tests for 1000 times.

**5. Data CD Sequence Seek**

Check the sequential seek function of ODD drive. Perform location test to CD-RW under LBA mode with the location address increasing in sequence.

**6. Tray Eject Test**

Check the eject function of the ODD. It will eject the ODD and ask the user to confirm if the operation succeeds.

## 3.7 Video

This test item tests the video by:

1. displaying the figures in different graphic modes.
2. displaying the property and color of the characters in different text modes.

User will confirm whether each video mode works normally by judging whether the display is correct. It checks whether the video memory works normally by writing data into the video memory, then reading it out and comparing the two value.

### Subtest 01 Text Mode

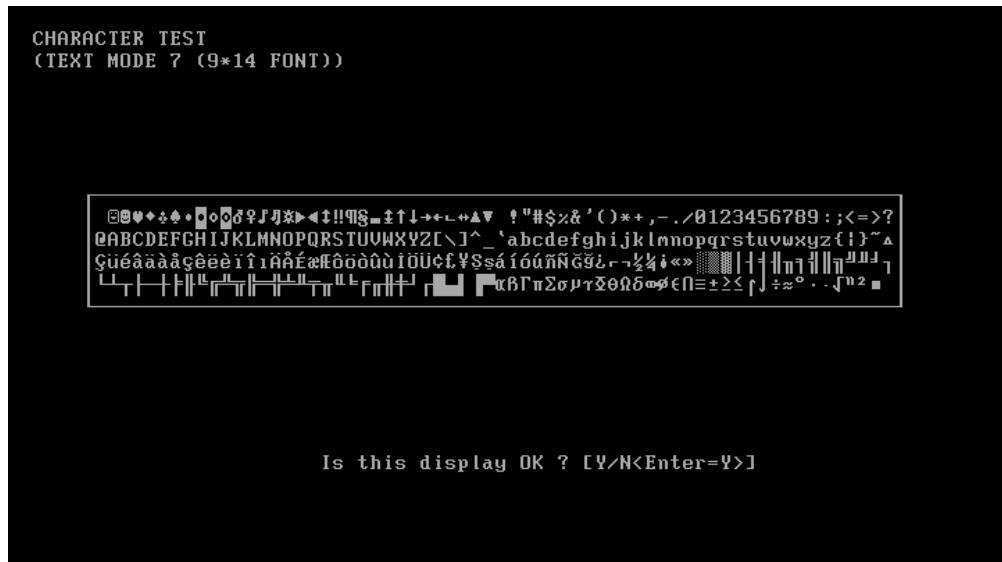
1. Character Test

Tests two types of font patterns.

Font 9\*14

Font 9\*16

It requires the user to check whether all characters of each font type displayed correctly by answering the questions prompted on screen. It will be displayed as follows::



2. Text Attribute

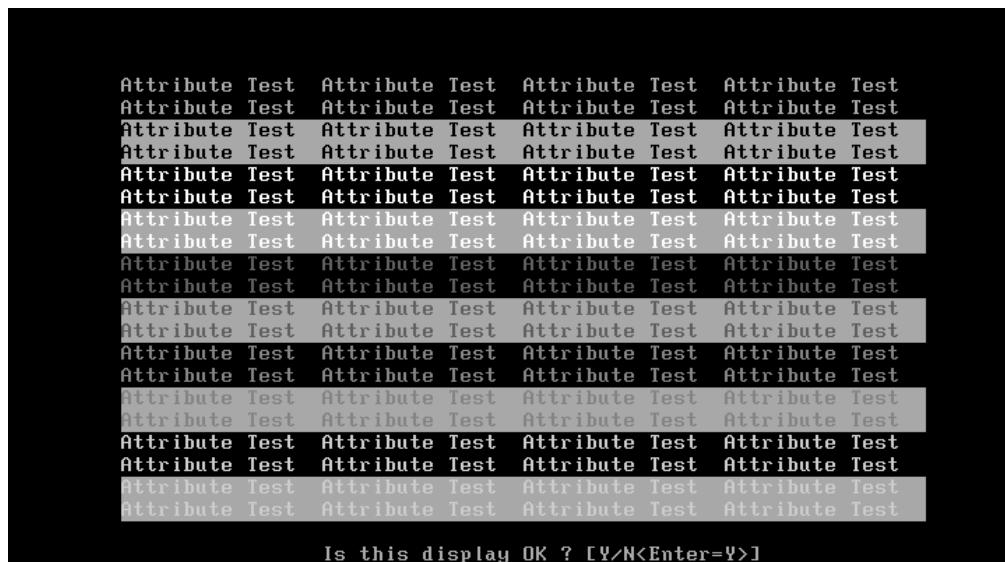
This test item is to check whether the text attribute of normal, hi-intensity, inverse, and blinking in VGA text mode could be correctly displayed on the screen.

It would display the below texts of the different attributes in the screen:

1. Text in normal attribute;
2. Text in blinking normal attribute;
3. Text in inverse attribute;
4. Text in blinking inverse attribute;
5. Text in hi-intensity attribute;
6. Text in blinking hi-intensity attribute;

Users need to check whether all texts displayed correctly in the above six attributes and key in the answer ‘Y’ or ‘N’ to the prompts ‘Is this display OK? [Y/N<Enter=Y>]’.

Below is the test screen of Text Attribute.



### 3. Text Page Selection

This test item is to check whether the video memory could be correctly written and read in VGA text mode. According to the comparison of written data with read data, the program would report PASS or FAIL.

## 4. Text Color

This test item is to check whether all 16 colors foreground and all 8 colors background works normally in VGA text mode.

The bit4-6 of the attribute byte of a character defines 8 background colors (black, blue, green, cyan, red, brown, magenta, and light gray), and the bit0-3 defines 16 foreground colors (dark gray, light blue, light green, light cyan, light red, light magenta, yellow, and white besides the above 8 colors).

In the test, user is required to respond according to the instruction in the screen.



## 5. 80 \* 25 Text Mode

This test item is to check whether 80\*25 Text Mode works normally.

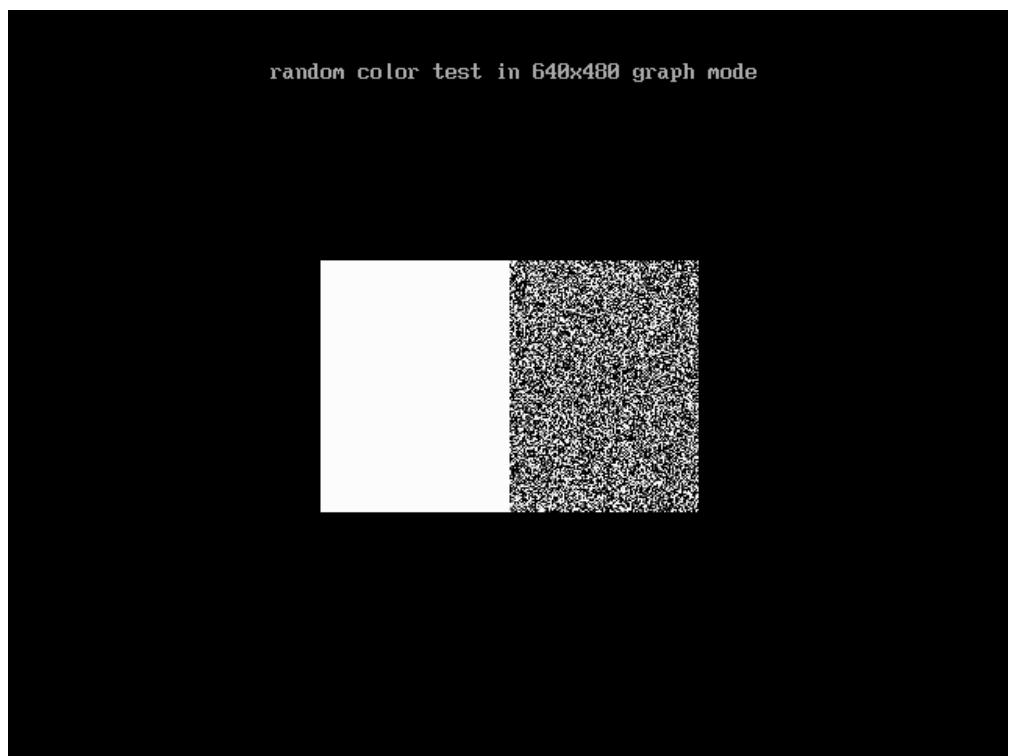
In the test, user is required to respond according to the instruction in the screen.



### Subtest 02 640 \* 480 VGA Mode

This test item is to check whether 680\*480 VGA Text mode works normally.

In the test, user is required to respond according to the instruction in the screen.

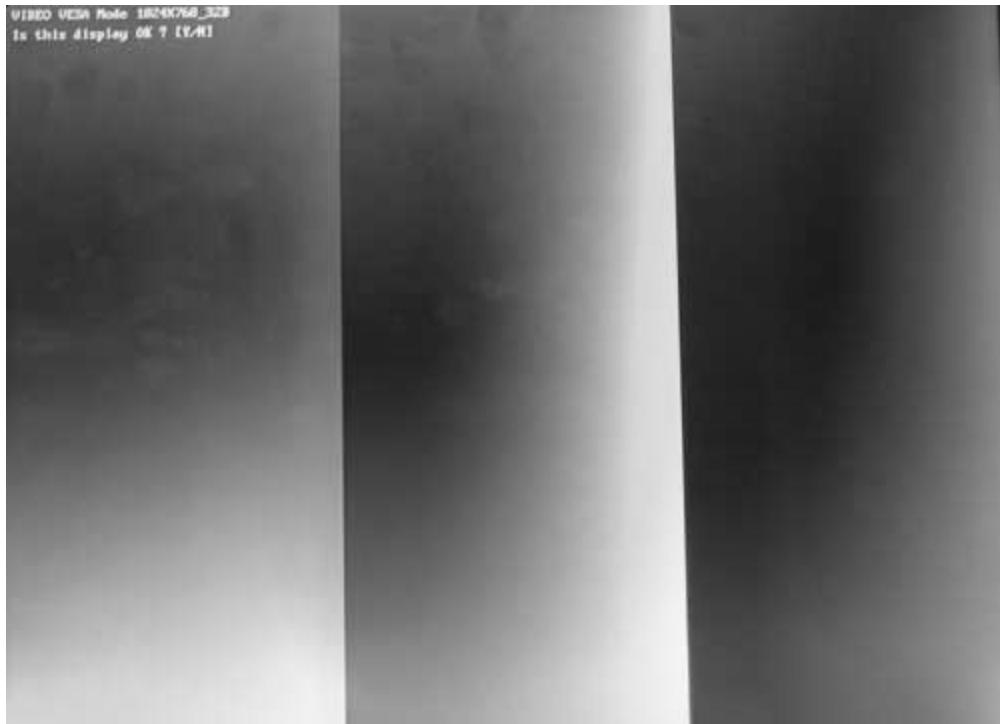


**Subtest 03 VESA Video Modes**

This test item is to check whether all the video modes supported by the video card works normally.

In the test, user is required to respond following the instruction in the screen.

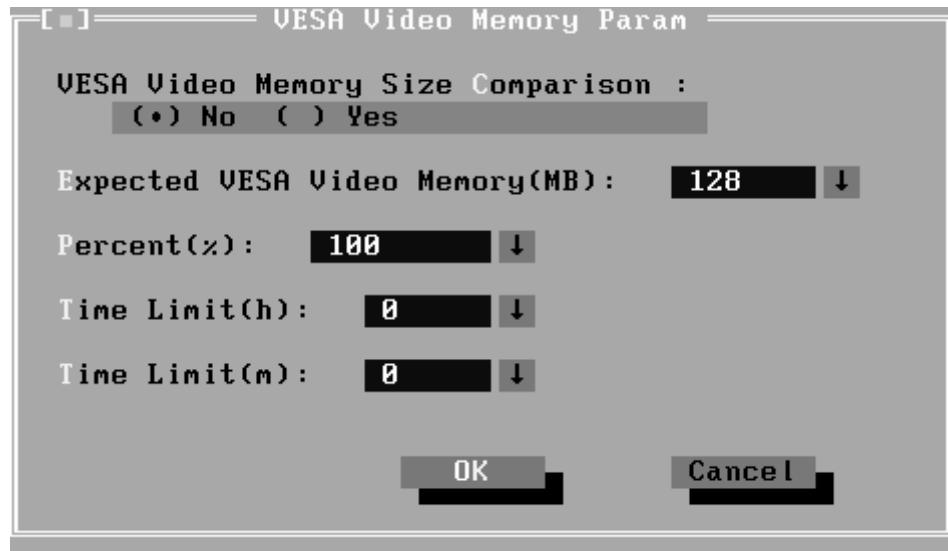
1. 640X480 Video Modes Test



2. 800X600 Video Modes Test
3. 1024X768 Video Modes Test
4. 1280X800 Video Modes Test

**Subtest 04 VESA Video Memory**

This test item is to check whether VESA video memory could be correctly accessed (write data & read data). Below is the test item's parameter dialog window:



If press Ctrl+Break to force the test to terminate during execution of VESA Video Memory, the test program will not operate and display properly in further tests.

#### Subtest 05 AGP Test

This test item is to report the system's Accelerated Graphics Port status and check whether AGP registers works normally.

#### Subtest 06 LCD Panel Test

This test item is to check whether there is any fault in its resolution by displaying the RGB gradient color screens.

**Subtest 07 Register Test**

This test item is to check whether the registers of the video adapter works normally.

**Subtest 08 Color Purity Test**

This test item is to check whether the system (the video adapter and the display) could display the purity color of red, green, blue, black and white.

In the test, user is required to respond according to the instruction in the screen.

**Subtest 09 Direct Color Test**

This test item is to check the video adapter's composing ability of direct color in high and true color mode.

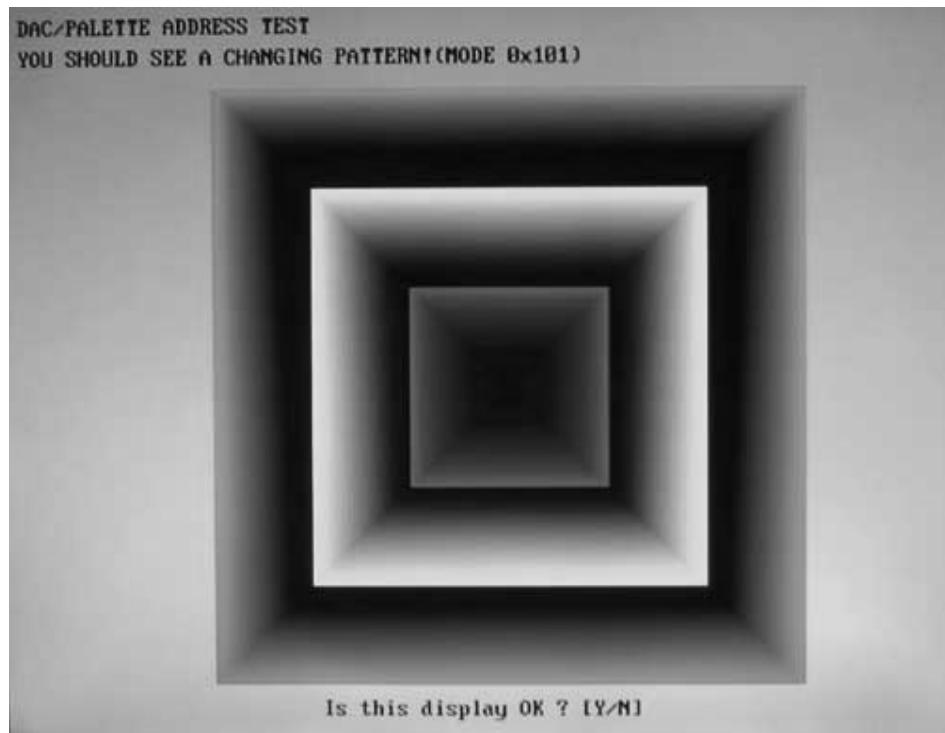
In the test, user is required to respond according to the instruction in the screen.



**Subtest 10    DAC/Palette Address**

This test item is to check the function of DAC registers and Palette registers.

In the test, user is required to respond according to the instruction in the screen.



## **3.8 Communication (COMM)**

### **Subtest 01 LAN Card**

This test item is to check whether the module can detect the existence of the network card and display its related information.

#### **1. Device ID Detection**

Detect the device ID of the network card.

#### **2. Vendor ID Detection**

Detect the vendor ID of the network card.

#### **3. MAC Address Detection**

Detect the MAC address of the network card.

### **Subtest 02 1394**

#### **GUID Detection**

This test item is used to read and display GUID from 1394 register.

## 3.9 Peripheral

### Subtest 01 Keyboard

This test item is to check whether the keyboard works normally.

#### 1. Keyboard Data Line Test

Check whether the keyboard data line works normally.

#### 2. Keyboard Clock Line Test

Check whether the keyboard clock line works normally.

### Subtest 02 Mouse Test

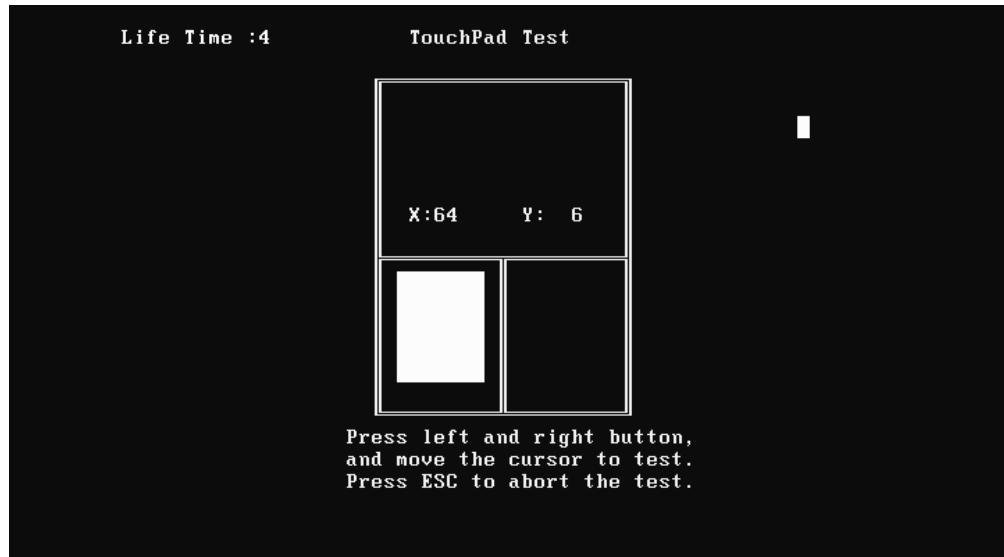
Check whether the point devices work normally.

#### 1. Touch Pad

Before test Touch Pad's function, user should set a timeout time at below screen:



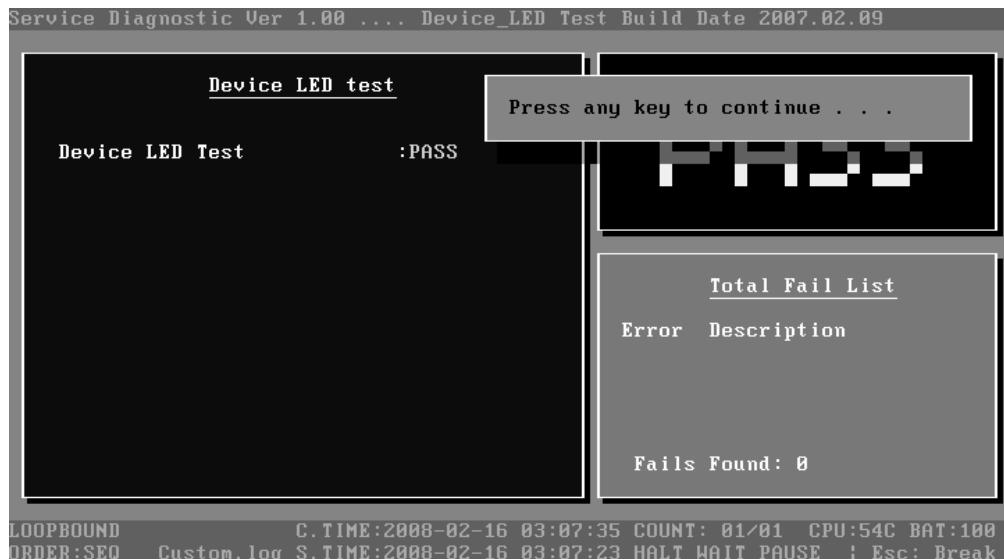
At the below screen of Touch Pad test, user can press the left button, right button, and move the mouse to verify its functions for times, and the test will end either by user break or test time is out.



### Subtest 03 Led Test

#### 1. Led Test

Check whether the Device led works normally.



## 3.10 Error Codes and description

The format of ‘Error Code’ is ‘ddxxee’, and ‘dd’ is the device ID (1~2 chars), ‘xx’ is test function ID of device (2 chars), ‘ee’ is the error code of device (2 chars); the range of error code is from 01 to 99 in each device (the common error codes in all device are set to 99 and spanned).

Device	Error Code	Description	Cause	Action
<b>ddxx</b>	<b>ee</b>	<b>Common Error</b>		
	94	Interactive Mode Needed	The test is not under interactive mode.	Check whether the interactive test mode is adopted.
<b>01xx</b>		<b>CPU</b>		
	01	CPU General Function Error	The CPU General Function register is damaged.	Replace the CPU.
	02	CPU Arithmetic Error	The CPU Arithmetic Register is damaged.	As above.
	03	CPU Logic Error	The CPU Logic Register is damaged.	As above.
	04	CPU Type Error	The CPU Type is not supportable.	Check whether the CPU is Intel CPU.
	05	CPU Speed Error	The CPU speed differs from the expected value.	Check the CPU speed and the set expected speed.
	06	NPU General Function Error	The NPU arithmetic unit is damaged.	Replace the CPU.
	07	NPU Interrupt Error	The NPU is damaged.	As above.
	08	CPU Information Error	Information of the CPU cannot be acquired.	Check whether the CPU is Intel CPU.
	09	Protected Instruction Error	The CPU is damaged.	Replace the CPU.
	21	MMX Test Error	The CPU MMX register is damaged.	Replace the CPU.
<b>02xx</b>		<b>Memory</b>		
	01	Read Error	The ROM BIOS has Physical problems.	Test this unit on multiple machines.
	02	Write-Protect Error	The ROM BIOS has Physical problems.	As above.
	03	Base Memory Error Address	The test pattern read out from the base memory is different from the one that has been written in this address.	Test this memory chip on multiple machines.

	04	(XMS)Memory Problem	The test pattern read out from the extension memory is different from the one that has been written in this address.	As above.
	05	(XMS) Out Of Range	Wrong parameters setup.	Check and reset the parameters.
	06	Address Test Error	Interference between different address channels.	Test this memory chip on multiple machines.
	07	Toggle Bit Error	Errors with the timer chip.	As above.
	08	Interval Error	The acquired refreshing frequency is out of the estimated range.	Reset the estimated range.
	09	L1 Cache test Error	The pattern read out from the L1 Cache is different from the one that has been written in the same address.	Test this unit on multiple machines.
	12	Data Bus Error	Interference between different data channels.	As above.
	14	Speed Error	Failure during the transfer speed test.	As above.
<b>03xx</b>		<b>Board</b>		
	01	DMA Test Error	DMA channel cannot transfer data normally.	Repeat multiple times. Whether there is always the same error, replace the board.
	04	Interval Timer Error	The difference between the actual precision of the interval timer and its theory value is out of the permitted range. The timer counts imprecisely.	As above.
	05	Periodic Faster Error	The frequency is beyond the standard.	As above.
	06	Periodic Slower Error	The frequency is below the standard.	As above.
	07	Update-ended Interrupt Error	R/W errors with the RTC refreshing interrupt controller.	As above.
	08	RTC Alarm Error	The PC speaker's sound source --counter/timer 8253 cannot produce corresponding timing signal.	As above.
	13	PCI Bus Error	No PCI.	Check the board.
	14	PCI Bus Scan Error	PCI test fails.	As above.
	15	PCI Device Access Error	PCI access fails.	As above.
	16	PCI Config Verification Error	Wrong PCI configuration.	Check PCI configuration on main board or PCI Device

				configuration.
	17	PCI to ISA Bridge Error	PCI-ISA bridge errors.	Repeat multiple times. If there is always the same error, replace the board.
	18	ESCD Error	ESCD errors.	As above.
	53	ACPI Table Test Error	Errors with the ACPI table test.	As above.
<b>34xx</b>		<b>FAN</b>		
	01	Fan Slow Speed Test Fail	The fan slow speed test fails.	Check the FAN connection.
	02	Fan Stop Test Fail	The fan stop test fails.	As above.
	03	Fan Fast Speed Test Fail	The fan fast speed test fails.	As above.
<b>04xx</b>		<b>Video</b>		
	01	Text Attribute Error	Physical problems with the video card.	Check whether there is any physical problem with the video card.
	02	Text Page Selection Error	As above.	As above.
	03	Text Color Error	As above.	As above.
	04	Text Mode Error	As above.	As above.
	05	VGA Mode Error	1) Physical problems with the video card. 2) Physical problems with the monitor.	1) Check whether there is any physical problem with the video card. 2) Check whether there is any physical problem with the monitor.
	06	Character Test Error	Physical problems with the video card.	Check whether there is any physical problem with the video card.
	07	DAC/Palette Address Test Error	As above.	As above.
	08	Color Purity Test Error	Physical problems with the video card or the monitor.	Check whether there is any physical problem with the video card or the monitor.
	09	VESA Mode 15bits Direct Color Test Error	As above.	As above.
	10	VESA Mode 16bits Direct Color Test Error	As above.	As above.
	11	VESA Mode 24bits Direct Color Test Error	As above.	As above.
	12	Get the PCX graphics map Error	Failure in getting PCX graphics map.	Check for the PCX graphics map.
	13	Bitblt Engine Test Error	Physical problems with the video card.	Check and see whether the video card has any physical problem.
	14	VESA Video Memory Test Error	As above.	As above.

	15	VESA VRAM Test Error	Physical problems with the video card or the monitor.	Check whether there is any physical problem with the video card or the monitor.
	16	AGP Test Error	AGP configuration register errors.	Check and see whether the AGP video card has any physical problem.
	17	LCD Panel Test Error	Lower LCD color resolution.	Replace the LCD.
	19	Register Test Error	Physical problems with the video card.	Check and see whether the video card has any physical problem.
	20	Adapter not support DDC	The video card doesn't support DDC.	
	21	Monitor not support DDC	The monitor doesn't support DDC.	
	21	8bits Text and Attribute Test Error	1) Physical problems with the video card. 2) Physical problems with the monitor.	1) Check and see whether the video card has any physical problem. 2) Check and see whether the monitor has any physical problem.
	26	8bits Video Mode Test Error	As above.	As above.
	27	15bits Video Mode Test Error	As above.	As above.
	28	16bits Video Mode Test Error	As above.	As above.
	29	24bits Video Mode Test Error	As above.	As above.
	30	32bits Video Mode Test Error	As above.	As above.
<b>31xx</b>		<b>Audio</b>		
	01	Audio Play Fail	Cannot play music.	Check the Audio connection, replace the external fixture, and repeat the test.
	02	Record Fail	Cannot record.	As above.
<b>08xx</b>		<b>LAN Card</b>		
	01	PCI bus Error during device ID test	Don't Scan PCI device	Don't support PCI BIOS
	02	PCI Ethernet card not present during device ID test	Don't find Net card	Please insert Net card
	03	Intel PCI Ethernet card not present during MAC test	Don't found Net Card, This Card can't be Read MAC by this method	Please update net card or use other method
<b>09xx</b>		<b>Keyboard</b>		

	01	Keyboard Map & Stroke Test Fail	Keyboard Map & Stroke Test fails.	Check the KBD connection and repeat the test.
	03	Clock Line Test Fail	Clock Line Test fails.	As above.
	04	Data Line Test Fail	Data Line Test fails.	As above.
<b>05xx</b>		<b>Mouse</b>		
	01	Touch Pad Test Fail	Touch Pad Test Fail	Check the mouse connection and repeat the test.
<b>28xx</b>		<b>1394</b>		
	01		Can not find IEEE1394 controller	Don't support 1394.
<b>20xx</b>		<b>IDE-HDD</b>		
	01	Get Parameter Fail !	Wrong test parameters are input by user.	Reinput the correct parameters.
	02	Write Pattern Error	HD is damaged.	Send the HD for repair.
	03	Data Compare Error	HD is damaged.	As above.
	04	Read Verify Error	HD is damaged.	As above.
	05	Seek Error	HD is damaged.	As above.
	06	Disk Controller Self Test Failed	The HD controller is damaged.	As above.
	07	Disk Controller Test unexpected interrupt Failed	The HD controller is damaged.	As above.
	09	Disk Controller action Test Failed	The HD controller is damaged.	As above.
	10	Disk dos not support SMART	Disk dos not support SMART	Change HD which supported SMART and test again
	11	Disk read attribute threshold error	Disk read attribute threshold error	Send the HD for repair.
	12	Disk read attribute value error	Disk read attribute value error	As above.
	13	Disk SMART attribute value error	Disk SMART attribute value error	As above.
<b>21xx</b>		<b>ODD</b>		
	01	No Disk in CDROM	No disk is found in the CD-ROM.	Insert a disk into the CD-ROM.
	02	The Disk in CDROM is not Data Disk	The disk in the CD-ROM is not Data Disk.	Insert a DATA CD.
	03	IDE-CD Controller Error	Functional errors with the CD-ROM.	Send the CD-ROM for repair.
	04	CD Read Error	Either the disk or the CD-ROM is damaged.	Replace the disk or send the CD-ROM for repair.
	07	CD Seek Error	Either the disk or the CD-ROM is damaged.	Replace the disk or send the CD-ROM for repair.

09	Eject Error	Wrong CD-ROM drive.	Exit from the wrong drive.
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## 3.11 Quick Test Item List

Device	Test Items	Comment
CPU	Basic Functionality	
	NPU Basic Functions	
	CPU Information	
Memory	BIOS ROM	
	Cache Memory	
	Bit Stuck High Test	10% or 3 minutes
Board	Bit Stuck Low Test	10% or 3 minutes
	Address Test	
	Interval Timer	
FAN	Clock / Calendar	
	ACPI Test	
	FAN Speed	
Video	1024X768 Video Modes Test: VESA 1024x768x64K Mode VESA 1024x768x32bit Mode	
	VESA Video Memory	10% or 3 minutes
	Color Purity Test	
HDD	Direct Color Test	
	LCD Panel	
	Sequential/Random Read	25% or 3 minutes
LAN Card	SMART Check	
	Device ID Detection	
	Vendor ID Detection	
	Mac Address Detection	

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## **Chapter 4**

# **Replacement Procedures**

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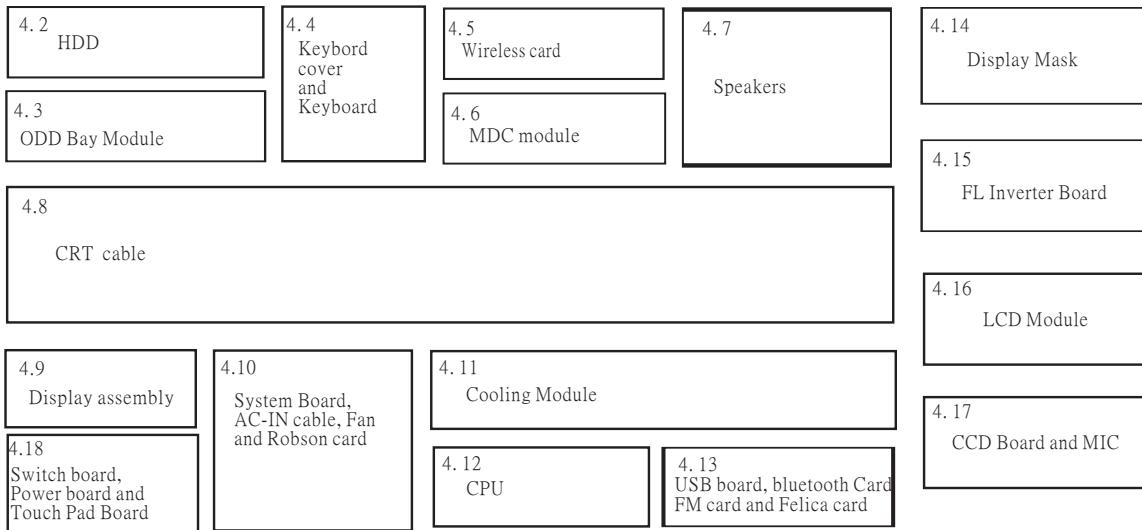
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## 4.1 General

This chapter explains how to disassemble the computer and replace Field Replaceable Units (FRUs). Some replacement procedures may not require you to remove all the surrounding FRUs to replace only one FRU. The chart below shows the FRUs in the order in which they should be removed in a top-down manner, irrespective of their physical locations. The FRUs shown in the top area of the chart should normally be removed before removing the FRUs shown in the bottom area. To replace the FRUs, first identify the suspect FRU for the system failure. Next, according to this chart, determine the FRUs that need to be removed before removing the suspect FRU. After you determine those FRUs, go to the appropriate sections according to the section numbers shown in the boxes. Then start removal and replacement.



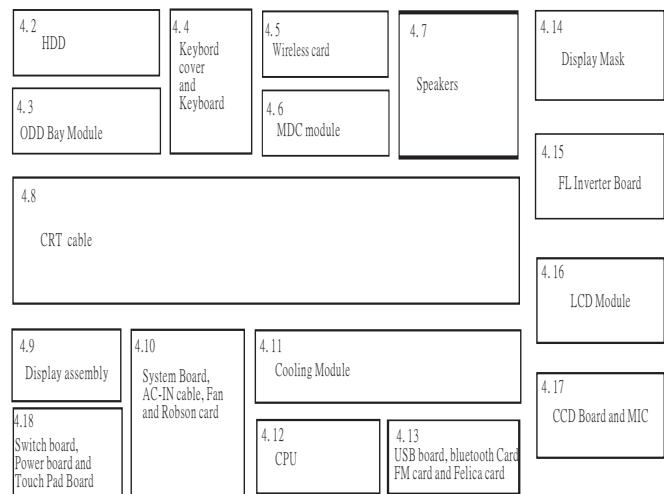
### How to use the chart (two examples):

- For removing the System Board:

First, remove the top cover with the display assembly. Then, remove the HDD, selectable bay module, Bluetooth card, keyboard, and wireless LAN card, all of which are shown above the top cover with the display assembly.

- For removing the LCD Module:

First, remove the display mask and FL inverter board, both of which are shown above the LCD module.



## Safety Precautions

Before you begin to disassembly read the following safety precautions carefully. Be sure to follow them while you are working.

### DANGER:

1. *Always use the genuine batteries or replacement batteries authorized by Toshiba. Batteries other than those differ in specifications and are incompatible with the computer. They may burst or explode. To avoid leakage of alkaline solutions, never heat or disassemble the battery packs. Never throw the battery packs into a fire. If this is violated, they will explode.*
2. *The components such as the power supply and FL inverter carry high voltages. When you partially disassemble the computer and turn on the components, use extreme care not to touch the connectors and components to avoid the risk of electrical shock. Do not disassemble individual components during first-level maintenance.*

### WARNING:

1. *To avoid the risk of electrical shock, turn the computer off and remove the AC adapter from the electrical outlet.*
2. *Because the battery in the computer is left charged, the risk of electrical shock remains even after the AC adapter is removed from the electrical outlet. To avoid the risk of electrical shock, be sure to remove any metal jewelry or accessories such as necklaces, bracelets, and rings before starting work. Never work with damp or wet hands.*
3. *To avoid personal injury, use care to avoid the sharp edges or corners of the components.*

**CAUTION:**

1. *Before replacing a component, make sure that the replacement component meets the required specifications. To avoid computer failures, never use components that do not meet the specifications.*
2. *To avoid internal damage such as short circuits and fire, never drop metal objects such as screws, pins, paper clips, etc. into the components. When a screw is removed, be sure to replace a screw that is the same size as the original screw. Make sure that all the screws are fastened securely. Loose screws can cause short circuits, overheating, smoke, or fire.*
3. *Before raising a FRU or other component, make sure that all the component cables have been disconnected to avoid the risk of electrical shock caused by accidental contact with the energized components.*
4. *For AC input, be sure to use the AC adapter and AC power cable that come with your computer or Toshiba-recommended equivalents.*
5. *To avoid the risk of electrical shock, make sure that all the replacement components meet the specifications of the computer and that all the cables and connectors are fastened securely.*
6. *Inside the PC are components that become hot during operation (such as the CPU and cooling module). To avoid burns, let the hot components cool down before starting inspection or repair task.*

**Before You Begin**

Before you begin to disassembly the computer, keep in mind the precautions and advice in this section. Always begin disassembly by removing the AC adapter and battery pack. Remove the optional parts and accessories as well. The procedures for removing the batteries will be explained later.

Disassemble the computer only when an abnormality has occurred.

Use only the recommended tools.

To run and store the computer, be sure to prepare a working environment that is free from:

- Dust and contaminants
- Static electricity
- Extremely high or low temperatures and extremely high humidity

Run the diagnostic tests explained in Chapter 2 of this manual to identify the FRU that has probably caused the system failure.

Perform only the required machine operations. Use only the disassembly and reinstallation procedures described in this manual.

Place the removed components in a safe place away from the computer so that they are not damaged or get in the way of you doing your work.

Normally, a number of screws need to be removed or replaced during disassembling. Place the removed screws in a safe place so that you can easily find the right screws for the right components.

When assembling the computer, use the specified screws to fasten the parts to the specified locations. See the appropriate explanations and figures for screw sizes.

To avoid personal injury, use care to handle components that have sharp edges or corners.

After you have replaced a FRU, check that the FRU works correctly to ensure normal computer operation.

## **Disassembly Procedures**

The cable connectors come in these two basic types:

- Pressure plate connectors
- Normal pin connectors

To remove a pressure plate connector, pull up the tabs on either side of the connector's plastic pressure plate and gently pull the cable out of the connector. To reconnect the cable to the pressure plate's connector, raise the pressure plate up to a satisfactory height and slide the cable into the connector. Secure the cable in the correct position by pressing down the sides of the pressure plate so that the plate is flush with the sides of the connector. Grasp and pull the cable gently to check that the cable is connected firmly. If the cable comes off the connector, reinsert the cable by raising the pressure plate up to a satisfactory height.

Normal pin connectors are used for all the other types of cables. These connectors can be installed or removed by simply inserting them or pulling them out.

## **Assembly Procedures**

You have to reassemble the computer after you have disassembled the computer and fixed the component that caused the problem.

When reassembling the computer, keep the following general guidelines in mind:

- Take your time to carry out the suggested instructions completely. Hurried reassembly can often cause problems.
- Check that all the cable and connectors are fastened securely.
- Before securing the FRUs or other parts, check that the cables are not caught by the screws or FRUs.
- Check that all the latches are closed securely.
- Check that all the required screws are used to secure the FRUs. Using wrong screws can damage the threads or heads of the screws or does not ensure that the FRUs are secure.

After installing a FRU, make sure that the FRU and computer work normally.

## **Tools and Equipment**

For your safety and that of other people in the working environment, it is strongly recommended that you use electrostatic discharge (ESD) equipment. The proper use of this equipment will ensure successful repair work and reduce the costs for repairing damaged components. The equipment and tools required for disassembly and reassembly are:

- One 2 mm Phillips screwdriver
- One 4 mm flat-blade screwdriver
- Torx screwdriver
- Tweezers (for pulling out screws)
- ESD mats (for the floor and work desks)
- An ESD wrist strap or heel grounder
- Anti-static carpets or flooring
- Air ionizers (for highly electrostatic sensitive areas)
- A plastic card (in credit card size)

## **Screw Tightening Torque**

To secure screws, follow the torque values listed below. Over tightening can damage components and screws. Under tightening can loosen the screw or cause screws to come off, which may result in short circuits or other damage.

<input type="checkbox"/> M2 (2 mm)	0.22 N·m (2.2 kgf·cm)
<input type="checkbox"/> M2.5 (2.5 mm)	0.36 N·m (3.5 kgf·cm)
<input type="checkbox"/> M3 (3 mm)	0.51 N·m (5.0 kgf·cm)
<input type="checkbox"/> M2.5x4 PSP TITE screws	0.204 N·m (2.0 kgf·cm)
<input type="checkbox"/> M2.5x6 GIZA TITE screws	0.36 N·m (3.5 kgf·cm))

### Colors of Screw Shanks

For easy identification of the correct screws, the screw shanks are colored according to their lengths, as follows:

- Screws of an even-numbered length      Brown
  - Screws of an odd-numbered length      White
  - Screws of a special length      Black
- Screws of a special length are those of a length having decimal places, such as 2.5 mm and 2.6 mm.

### Symbols of Screws on the Computer Body

For easy maintenance, the screw types are shown on the computer body as symbols. A symbol consists of a letter representing the screw type and a numeral representing the screw length.

- Screw type                          Letter
- Bind screw                            B (stands for bind)
- Flat-head screw                       F (stands for flat-head)
- Super flat-head screw               S (stands for super flat-head)
- Tapping screw                            T (stands for tapping)
- Other screws                            U (stands for unique-pan head screws, studs, etc.)

### Symbol examples

- 6 mm bind screw                        B6
- 12 mm bind screw                        B12
- 5 mm stud                                U5

(The numeral represents the rounded length of the threaded portion regardless of the entire stud length.)

## Removing the Battery Pack

Remove the battery pack according to the following procedures and Figure 4-1, 4-2.

**CAUTION:** When handling the battery packs, use care not to short circuit the terminals. Do not drop, hit, twist, or bend the battery packs. Do not scratch or break up their casing.

1. Turn the computer upside down so that the back is facing you.
2. Slide out the battery lock.
3. Slide the battery release latch and remove the battery pack from the computer.

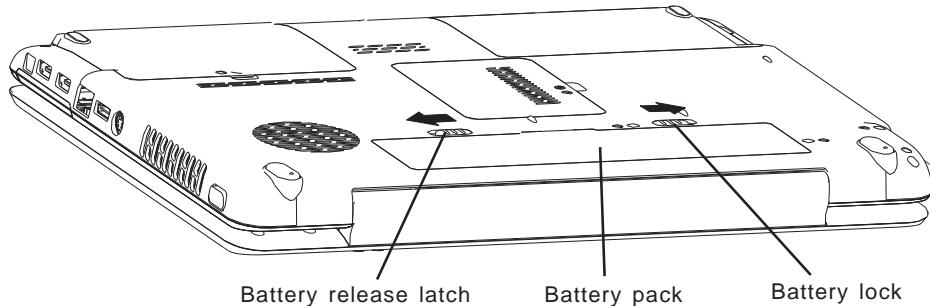


Figure 4-1 Removing the battery pack

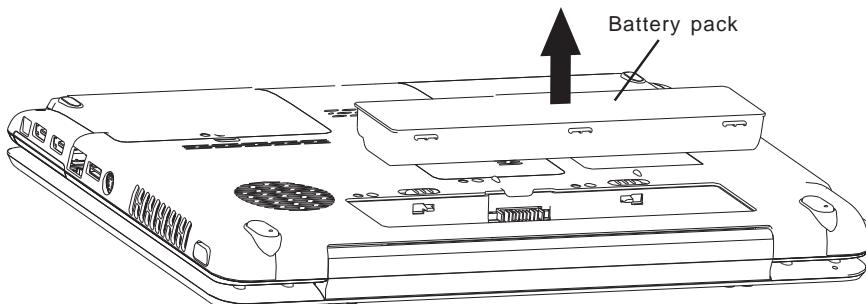


Figure 4-2 Removing the battery pack

**NOTE:** Dispose of the used battery packs as required by local ordinances or regulations.

### Installing the Battery Pack

Install the battery pack according to the following procedures and Figure 4-1, 4-2.

***CAUTION: The battery packs contain a lithium ion battery, which can explode due to improper replacement, use, handling, or disposal. Always dispose of the battery packs as required by local ordinances or regulations. Use only replacement batteries recommended by Toshiba.***

***NOTE: Visually check the battery's terminals. If they are dirty, clean them with a dry cloth.***

1. Gently insert a new or recharged battery pack into place. Check that the battery release latch slides in and stops with a click.
  
2. Slide in the battery lock.

### Removing the Optional PC Card

Remove the optional PC card according to the following procedures and Figure 4-3, after checking that the computer is turned off in boot mode.

**CAUTION:** *Install or remove the PC card correctly, according the manuals for the PC card and the operating system you are using.*

1. Push the eject button for the PC card to be removed until it stops then release the button.
2. When the eject button pops out slightly, push it again.
3. When the PC card pops out, grasp it and pull it out.

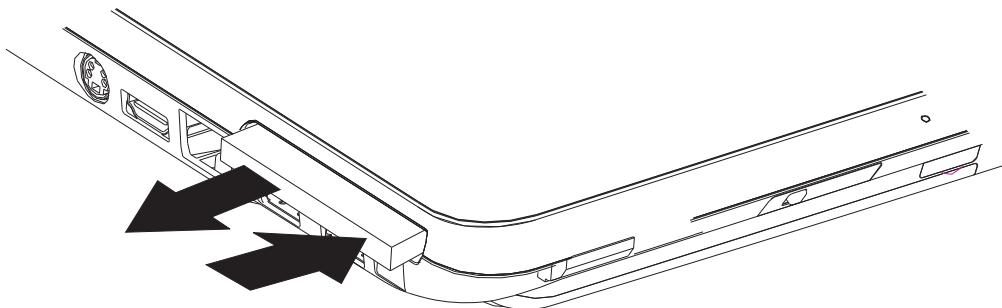


Figure 4-3 Removing the PC card

**Installing the Optional PC Card**

Install the optional PC card according to the following procedures and Figure 4-3, after checking that the computer is turned off in boot mode.

1. Insert the PC card gently until it stops and is seated securely.
2. After checking that the PC card is seated securely, push the PC card release lever slightly.

After the PC card is installed, check the hardware configuration in the Hardware Setup or TSETUP program to make sure that the PC card is compatible with the current hardware configuration.

## Removing the Memory Card

Remove the memory card according to the following procedures and Figure 4-4, after checking that the computer is turned off in boot mode.

1. Open the card cover.
2. Push the memory card to be removed until it stops then release the memory card.
3. When the memory card pops out, grasp it and pull it out.

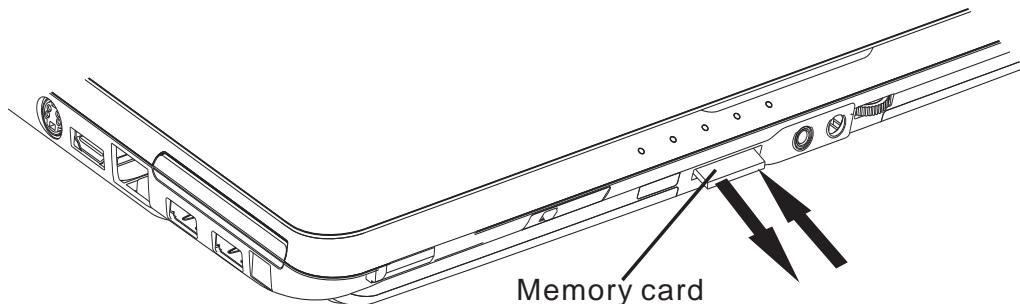


Figure 4-4 Removing the memory card

## Installing the Memory Card

Install the memory card according to the following procedures and Figure 4-4, after checking that the computer is turned off in boot mode.

1. Insert the memory card gently until it stops and is seated securely.
2. Checking that the memory card is seated securely.

After the PC card is installed, check the hardware configuration in the Hardware Setup or TSETUP program to make sure that the PC card is compatible with the current hardware configuration.

### Removing the Optional Memory

Remove the optional memory (module) according to the following procedures and Figures 4-5, after checking that the computer is turned off in boot mode.

***CAUTION: Remove the optional memory after turning off the computer. If this is violated, the computer or memory can be damaged.***

1. Turn the computer upside down.
2. Release one optional memory cover securing the screw.
3. Remove the memory cover.

***CAUTION: Do not touch the connectors on the memory modules or in the computer. Contaminated connectors can cause memory access problems.***

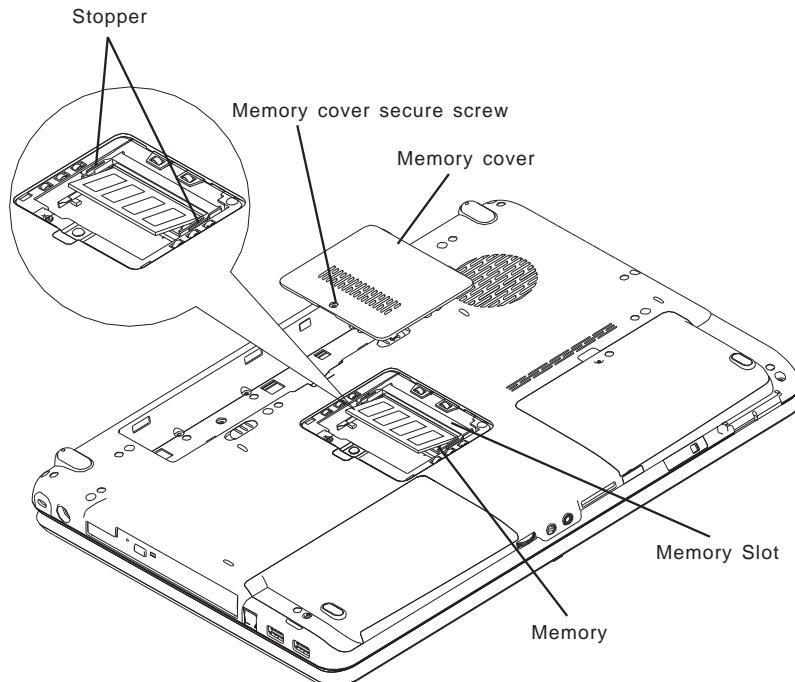


Figure 4-5 Removing the optional memory

4. Spread out the two memory lock latches so that the memory module pops up.
5. Pull the memory module up and out at an angle, using care to avoid touching the connectors.

### **Installing the Optional Memory**

Install the optional memory (module) according to the following procedures and Figures 4-5, after checking that the computer is turned off in boot mode.

***CAUTION: Install the optional memory after turning off the computer. If this is violated, the computer or memory can be damaged.***

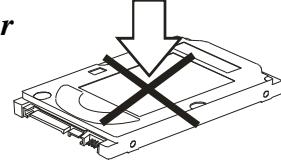
1. Insert the memory module into the connector at an angle of 45 degrees.
2. Press down on the memory module so that it is secured with both memory lock latches.
3. Reinstall the optional memory cover.
4. Secure the optional memory cover with the optional memory cover securing screw.

After the computer is turned on, check the hardware configuration in the Hardware Setup or TSETUP program to make sure that the installed memory module has been recognized by the system. If it has not been recognized yet, check the connections.

## 4.2 HDD

### Removing the HDD (For Main HDD)

**CAUTION: Do not press on the top or bottom of the drive.  
Applying such pressure can either corrupt the data in the drive or  
damage the drive.**



Remove the HDD (hard disk drive) according to the following procedures and Figures 4-6, 4-7, 4-8.

1. Release the one HDD cover screws securing the HDD cover.
2. Remove the HDD cover.
3. Pull out the HDD strap.

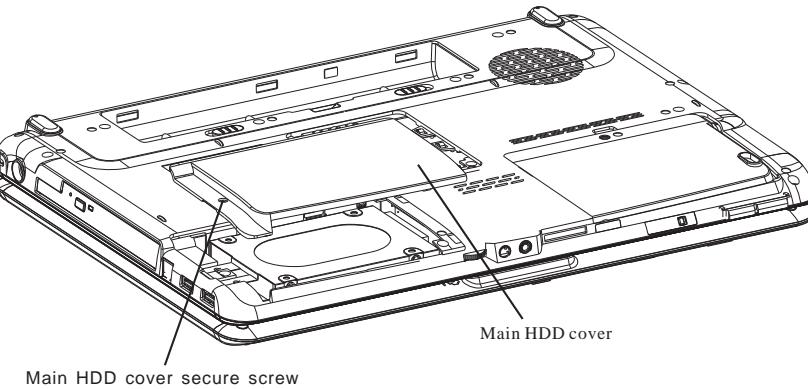


Figure 4-6 Removing the HDD pack

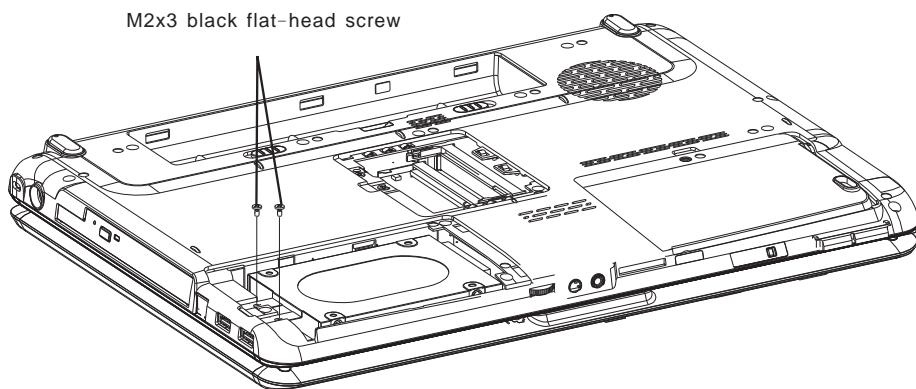


Figure 4-7 Removing the HDD pack

4. Remove the HDD pack by pulling on the tab attached to the pack, following the direction of the arrows.

**NOTE:** *Do not disassemble the HDD pack when it is working normally. Disassemble or replace the HDD pack only if it fails.*

5. Place the HDD pack on a flat surface (such as a desk), and remove the four M3x3.5 black flat head screws.
6. Place the HDD pack on a flat surface (such as a desk), and remove the chassis.

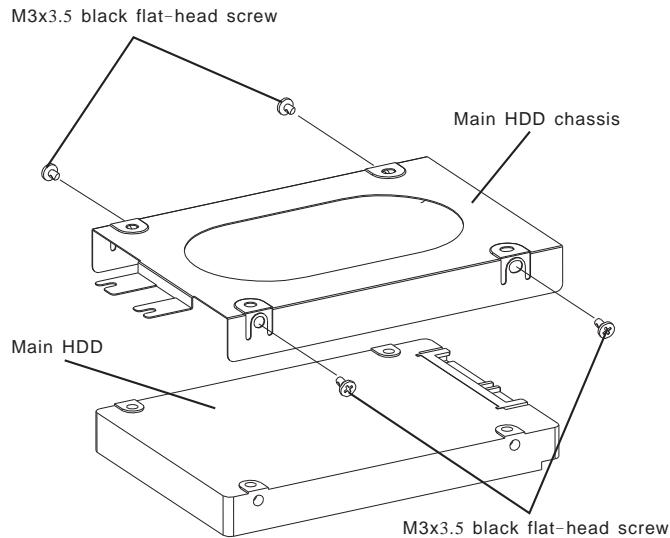
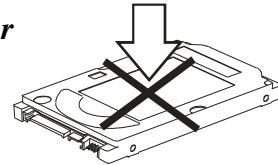


Figure 4-8 Removing the HDD chassis

**CAUTION:** *Do not apply pressure to the top or bottom of the drive.*

### Removing the HDD (For Second HDD)

**CAUTION:** Do not press on the top or bottom of the drive.  
Applying such pressure can either corrupt the data in the drive or damage the drive.



Remove the HDD (hard disk drive) according to the following procedures and Figures 4-9, 4-10, 4-11.

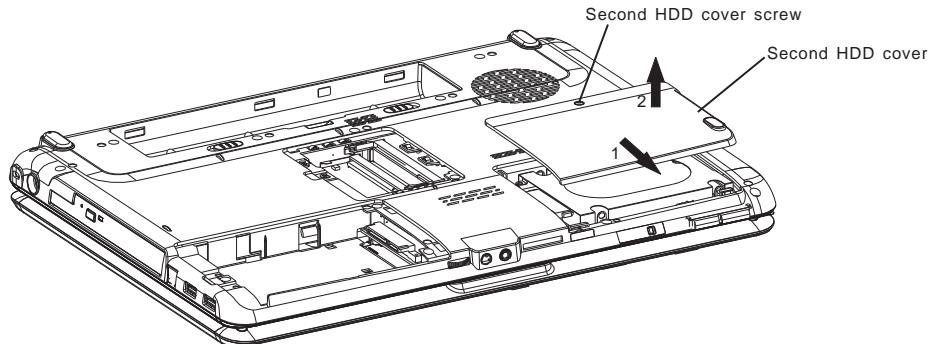


Figure 4-9 Removing the HDD pack

**CAUTION:** When second HDD cover, Do not pull it up directly after HDD cover securing screw, following the arrow to avoid cover hook.

1. Release the one HDD cover screws securing the HDD cover.
2. Remove the HDD cover, following the direction of the arrows.
3. Release the one HDD chassis screw, and pull out the HDD strap.

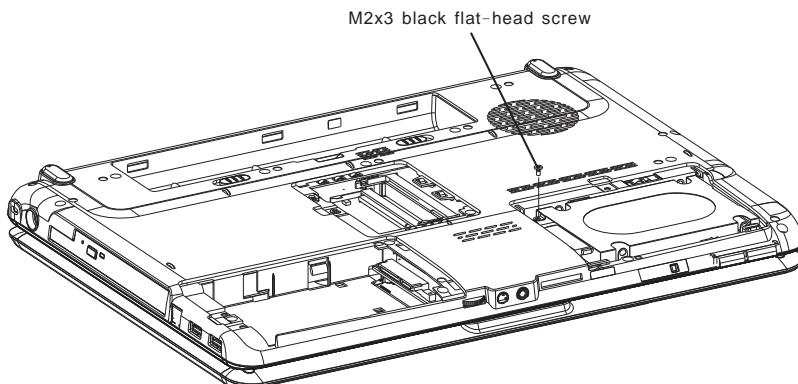


Figure 4-10 Removing the HDD pack

4. Remove the HDD pack by pulling on the tab attached to the pack, following the direction of the arrows.

**NOTE:** *Do not disassemble the HDD pack when it is working normally. Disassemble or replace the HDD pack only if it fails.*

5. Place the HDD pack on a flat surface (such as a desk), and remove the four M3x3.5 black flat head screws.
6. Place the HDD pack on a flat surface (such as a desk), and remove the chassis.

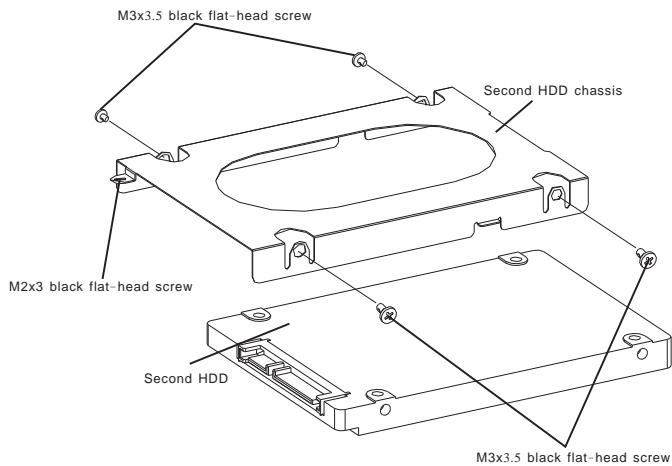


Figure 4-11 Removing the HDD chassis

**CAUTION:** *Do not apply pressure to the top or bottom of the drive.*

### Installing the HDD

Install the HDD according to the following procedures and Figures 4-6, 4-7, 4-8, 4-9, 4-10, 4-11.

***CAUTION: To avoid damage, always hold the HDD only by its sides.***

1. Attach the HDD chassis.
2. Secure the HDD and its chassis with four M3x3.5 black flat head screws.

***CAUTION: To prevent the HDD bracket from being distorted when installing the HDD pack into the computer, do not press the center of the HDD pack. Always hold the HDD pack by its sides.***

3. Install the HDD pack into the correct position in the computer. Connect the HDD pack to the computer, holding the HDD pack by its sides.
4. Insert the HDD pack.
5. Secure the HDD cover by tightening the HDD cover screw.

## 4.3 ODD Bay Module

### Removing the ODD Bay Module

**NOTE:** *The installation and removal procedures are the same for all the modules that can be installed in the ODD bay. See the appropriate sections for the disassembly procedures of specific modules.*

Remove the ODD bay module according to the following procedures and Figures 4-12.

1. Turn the computer upside down.
2. Remove the M2x5 white flat head screw.
3. Push out on the ODD bay module in the direction of the arrow.

**CAUTION:** *Before removing ODD bay module, please remove HDD first to avoid ODD shell.*

**CAUTION:** *Handle the ODD bay module carefully it can become hot during operation.*

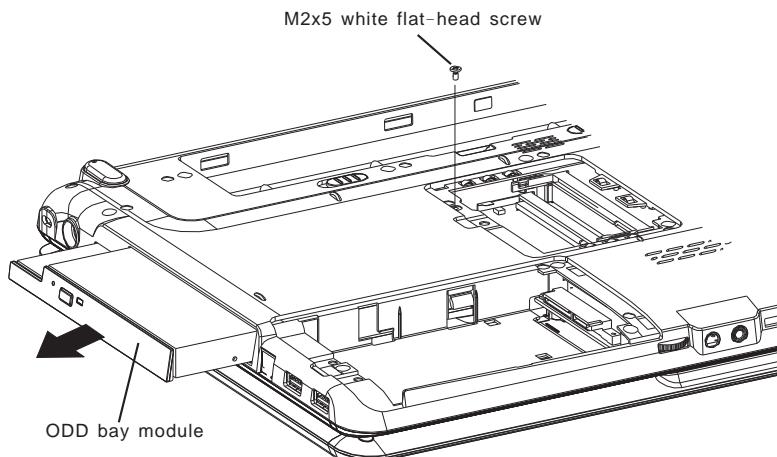


Figure 4-12 Removing the ODD bay module

**Installing the ODD Bay Module**

Install the ODD bay module according to the following procedures and Figures 4-12.

1. Place the ODD bay module in the correct position and slide it in.
2. Push it in until it clicks into place.
3. Secure the ODD bay module with one M2x5 white flat head screw.

### Disassembling the ODD Drive

**NOTE:** Do not disassemble the ODD drive when it is working normally. Disassemble or replace the ODD drive only if it fails.

Disassemble the ODD drive according to the following procedures and Figure 4-13.

1. Remove two M2x4 black flat head screws.
2. Remove the bracket.

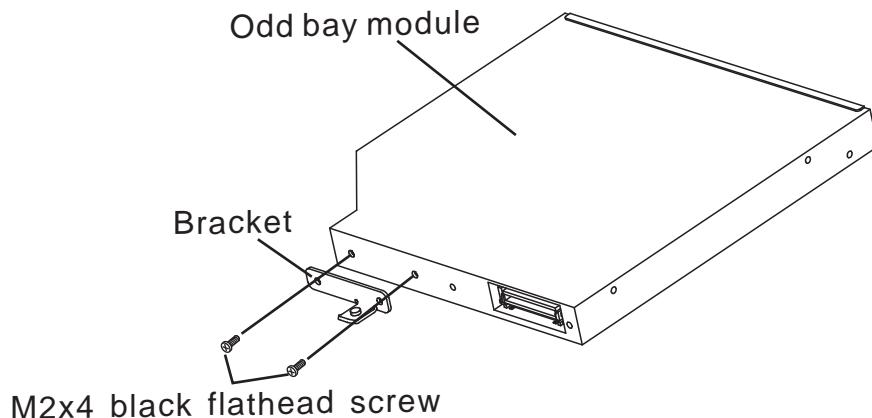


Figure 4-13 Removing the bracket from the ODD drive

### Assembling the ODD Drive

Assemble the ODD drive according to the following procedures and Figure 4-13.

1. Seat the bracket and secure it with two M2x4 black flat head screws.

## 4.4 Keyboard Cover and Keyboard

### Removing the Keyboard Cover and Keyboard

Remove the Keyboard Cover and Keyboard according to the following procedures and Figure 4-14, 4-15.

1. Release the following 15 latches on the switch cover, in the following order:
  - Seven bottom latches
  - Eight front latches.
2. Remove the Keyboard cover
3. Remove two M2.5x2.5 black flat-head securing screws.
4. Disconnect the keyboard cable from CN11 on the system board.

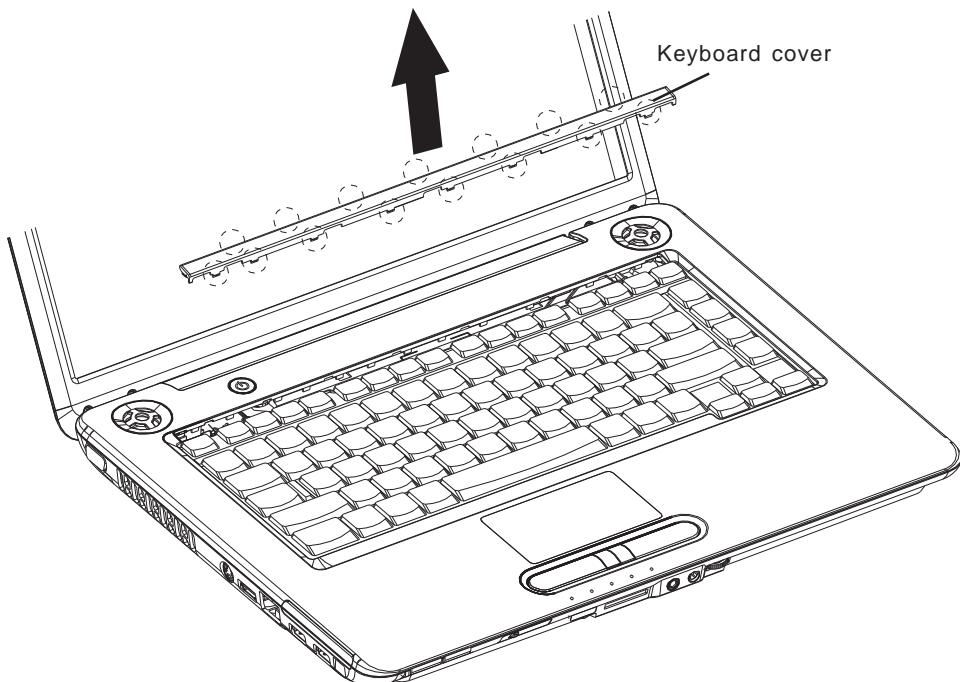


Figure 4-14 Removing the Keyboard cover and keyboard

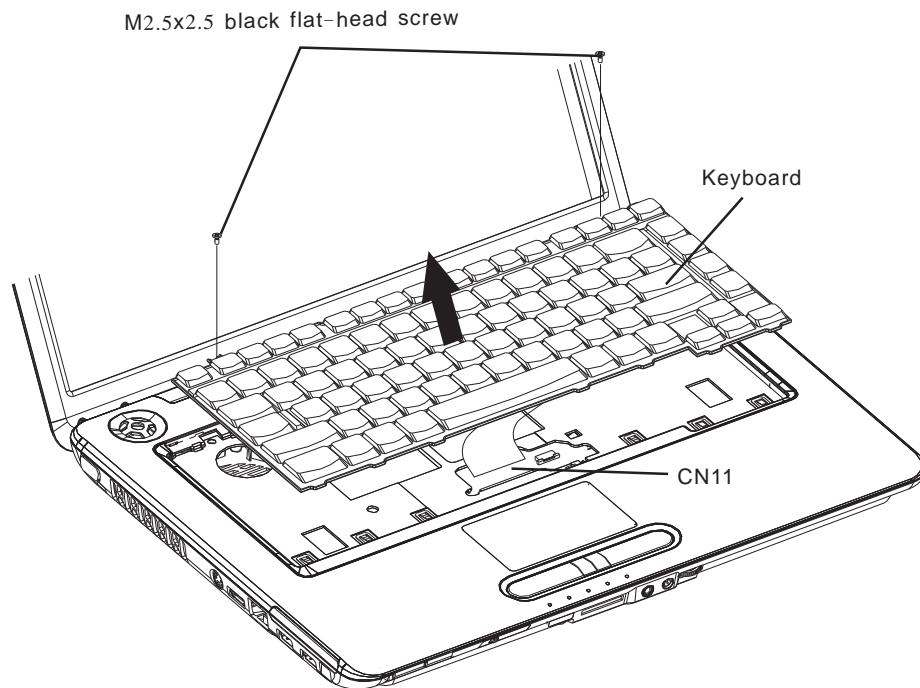


Figure 4-15 Removing the Keyboard cover and keyboard

**Installing the Keyboard Cover and Keyboard**

Install the Keyboard cover and keyboard according to the following procedures and Figure 4-14, 4-15.

1. Connect the keyboard cable to CN11 on the system board.
2. Secure the keyboard with two M2.5x2.5 black flat head screws.
3. Place the speaker cover in the correct position and secure the following 15 latches, in the following order:
  - Seven bottom latches
  - Eight front latches
4. Close the display and turn the computer over.

## 4.5 Wireless LAN Card

### Removing the Wireless LAN Card

Remove the wireless LAN card according to the following procedures and Figure 4-16.

**CAUTION:** Do not touch the connectors on the wireless LAN card and in the computer with your bare hands. Wireless LAN cards can fail if they are contaminated with sweat, natural oils, etc. from your hands.

1. Disconnect the three antenna cables with tweezers.
2. Remove the two M2x2 black flat head screws securing the wireless LAN card.
3. Pull the wireless LAN card up and out at an angle.

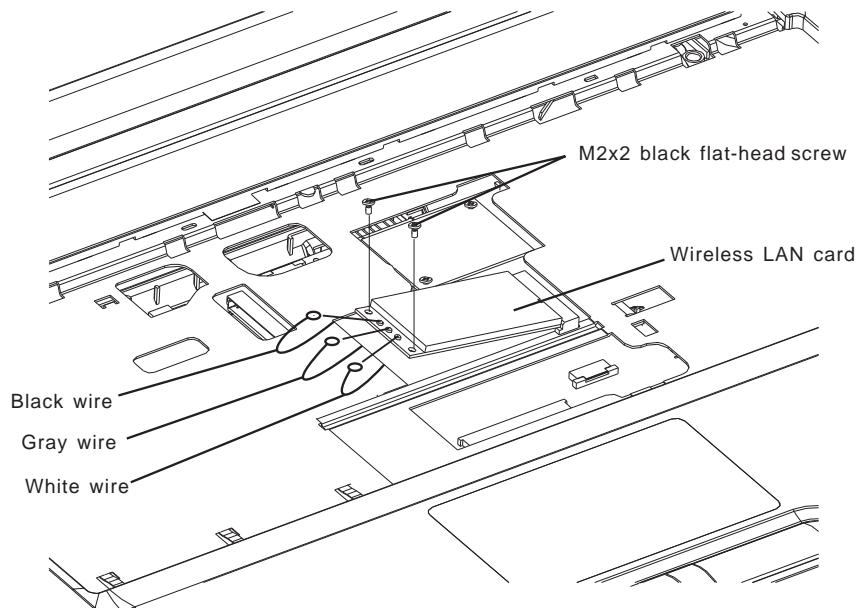


Figure 4-16 Removing the wireless LAN card

### Installing the Wireless LAN Card

Install the wireless LAN card according to the following procedures and Figure 4-16.

1. Insert the wireless LAN card into the connector an angle of 45 degrees.
2. Press down on the wireless LAN card to secure it with two M2x2 black flat head screws.
3. Connect the three antenna by pressing them firmly into place.

***CAUTION: Do not touch the connectors on the wireless LAN card and in the computer with your bare hands. Wireless LAN cards can fail if they are contaminated with sweat, natural oils, etc. from your hands.***

## 4.6 MDC Module

### Removing the MDC Module

Remove the MDC Module (Modem Daughter Card) according to the following procedures and Figures 4-17, after checking that the computer is turned off in boot mode.

**CAUTION:** Remove the MDC module after turning off the computer. If this is violated, the computer or MDC module can be damaged.

1. Remove the two M2x2 black bind screws securing the MDC module.
2. Lift the MDC module and disconnect it from CN8 on the system board.
3. Disconnect the MDC cable from connector JP1 on the MDC card.

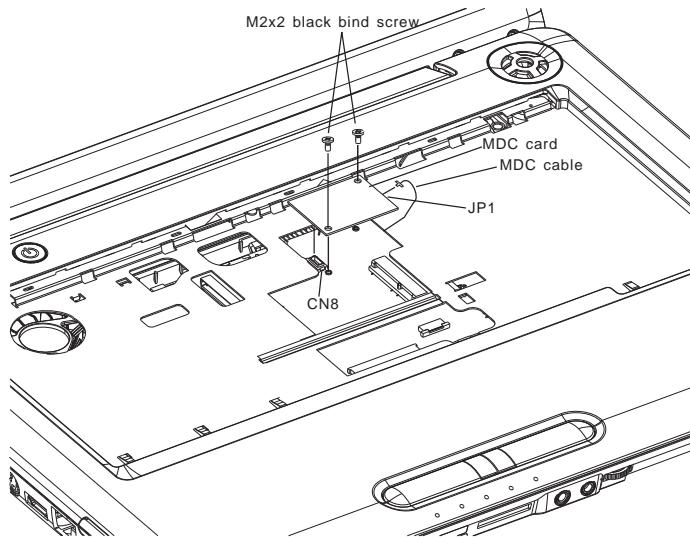


Figure 4-17 Removing the MDC module

**CAUTION:** Do not touch the connectors on the MDC module or in the computer. Contaminated connectors can cause MDC module failures.

### Installing the MDC Module

Install the MDC module according to the following procedures and Figures 4-17, after checking that the computer is turned off in boot mode.

***CAUTION: Install the MDC module after turning off the computer. If this is violated, the computer or MDC module can be damaged.***

***CAUTION: Do not touch the connectors on the MDC module or in the computer. Contaminated connectors can cause MDC module failures.***

1. Connect the MDC cable to connector JP1 on the MDC module.
2. Connect the MDC module to CN8 on the system board.
3. Secure the MDC module with two M2x2 black bind screws.

***Note: After the computer is turned on, check the hardware configuration in the Hardware Setup or TSETUP program to make sure that the installed MDC module has been recognized by the system. If it has not been recognized yet, check the connections.***

## 4.7 Top Cover

### Removing the Top Cover

Remove the top cover according to the following procedures and Figures 4-18 and 4-19.

1. Turn the computer upside down and remove the following twenty screws:
  - Seventeen M2.5x6 black bind screws and three M2x4 black bind screws.

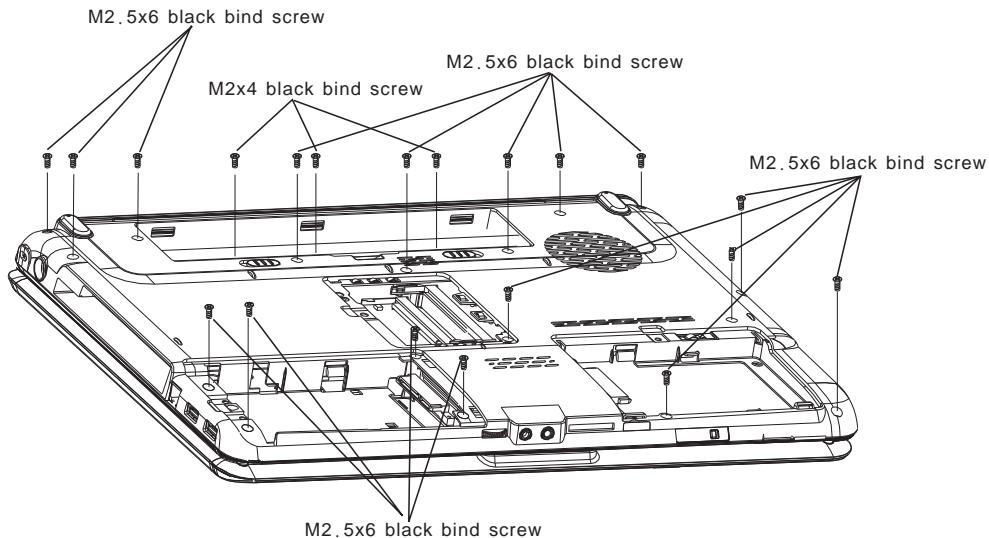


Figure 4-18 Removing the Top Cover

2. Disconnect the touch pad board flat cable from CN12, Finger print cable from CN916 MMB board flat cable from CN3 and power board flat cable from CN1.
3. Restore the normal computer placement.
4. Remove the M2x4 white flat head screw securing the top cover.
5. Lift up the top cover

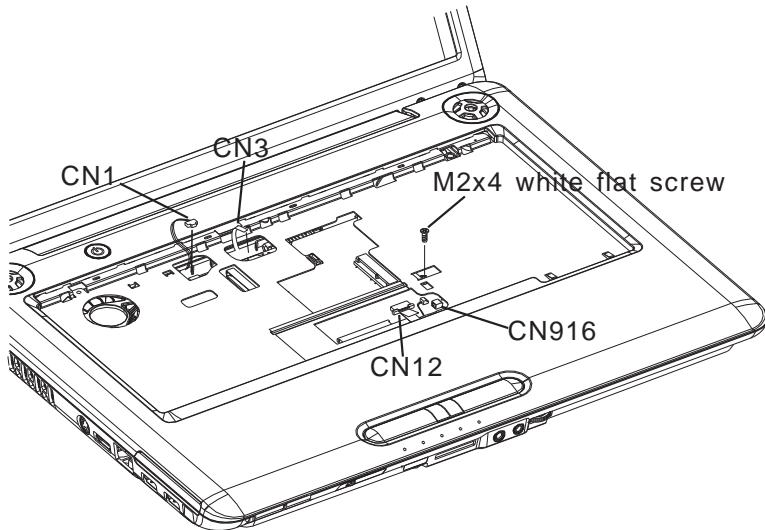


Figure 4-19 Removing the Top Cover

### Installing the Top Cover

Install the top cover with the display assembly according to the following procedures and Figures 4-18, 4-19.

1. Seat the top cover, adjusting its position.
2. Secure the top cover with M2x4 white flat head screw.
3. Connect the touch pad board flat cable from CN12, Finger print cable from CN916 MMB board flat cable from CN3 and power board flat cable from CN1.
4. Turn the computer upside down and secure it with seventeen M2.5x6 black bind screws and three M2x4 black bind screws.

## 4.8 Speakers

### Removing the Speakers

Remove the Speakers according to the following procedures and Figure 4-20.

1. Disconnect the speaker cable from CN2.
2. Remove one M2.5x3 white flat head screw securing the left speaker.
3. Remove one M2.5x3 white flat head screw securing the right speaker.
4. Remove the left and right speakers.

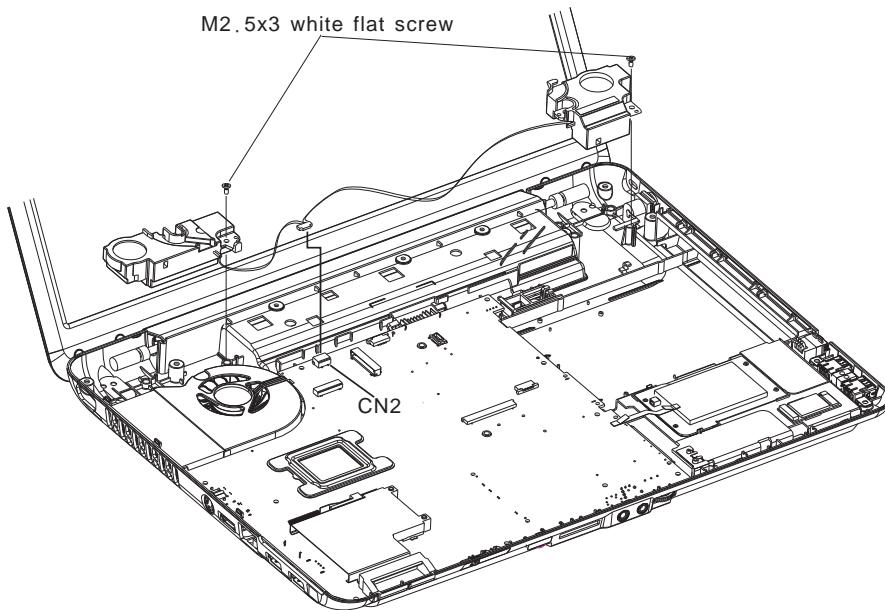


Figure 4-20 Removing the speakers

### Installing the Speakers

Install the speakers according to the following procedures and Figure 4-20.

1. Seat the left and right speaker in the correct position.
2. Route the speaker cable in the wire guide.
3. Secure the left speaker with one M2.5x3 white flat head screw.
4. Secure the right speaker with one M2.5x3 white flat head screws.
5. Connect the left speaker and right speaker cables to CN2 on the system board.

## 4.9 Audio Cable

### Removing the Audio cable

Remove the Audio cable according to the following procedures and Figures 4-21.

1. Disconnect audio cable connector from CN8.
2. Remove the two M2.5x3 white flat head screws securing the audio cable.
3. Remove the audio cable.

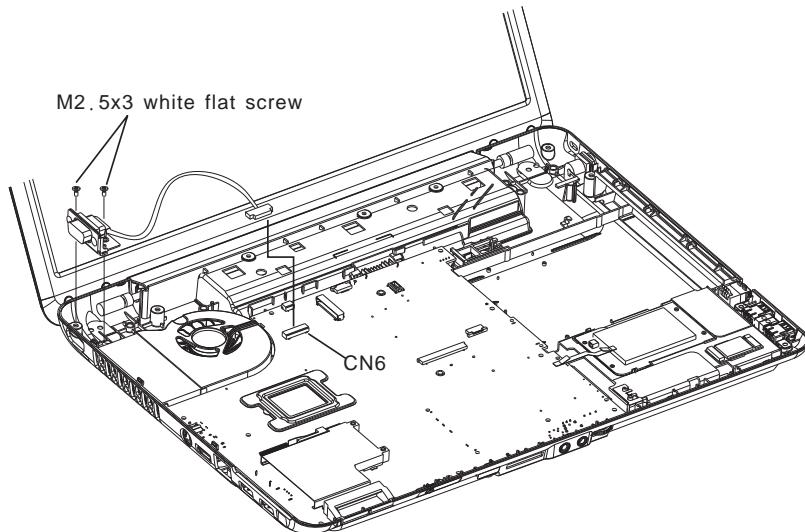


Figure 4-21 Removing the Audio cable

**Installing the Audio cable**

Install the Audio cable according to the following procedures and Figures 4-21.

1. Connect audio cable to connector CN8 on the system board.
2. Secure the two M2.5x3 white flat head screws securing the audio cable.

## 4.10 Display Assembly

### Removing the Display Assembly

**CAUTION:** Use care to avoid that the antenna cable is not caught between the display assembly and computer.

Remove the display assembly according to the following procedures and Figures 4-22.

1. Disconnect the LCD/FL cable from CN6, Microphone cable connector from CN10 and Camera cable connector from CN5 on the system board.
2. Remove four M2.5x3.5 white flat head screws securing the LCD module to the top cover.
3. Remove the wireless antenna cables from the top cover.
4. Remove the display module.

**CAUTION:** LCM module hinge cannot be disassembled.

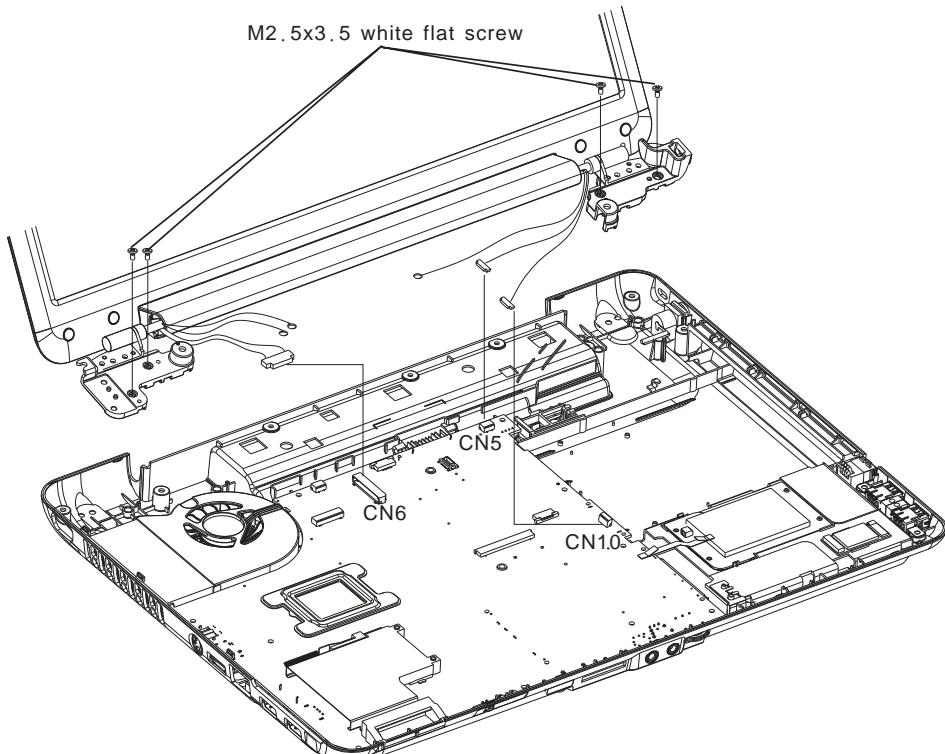


Figure 4-22 Removing the display assembly

**Installing the Display Assembly**

Install the display assembly according to the following procedures and Figures 4-22.

1. Place the display panel in the correct position and set the wireless antenna cable into the top cover.
2. Connect the LCD/FL cable to CN6, Microphone cable connector to CN10 and Camera cable connector to CN5 on the system board.
3. Secure the display assembly with four M2.5x3.5 white flat head screws.

## 4.11 System Board, AC-IN cable, Fan and Robson card

### Removing the System Board, AC-IN cable, Fan and Robson card

**NOTE: Be careful of the eject button for the PC card. It can be damaged when removing the board. Make sure it is securely installed.**

Remove the System Board, MIC cable, AC-IN cable and Robson card according to the following procedures and Figure 4-23, 4-24.

1. Release one M2.5x4.5 white flat head screw on the fan.
2. Release one M2.5x4.5 white flat head screw on the system board.
3. Remove the Mylar on the fan.
4. Remove the system board.

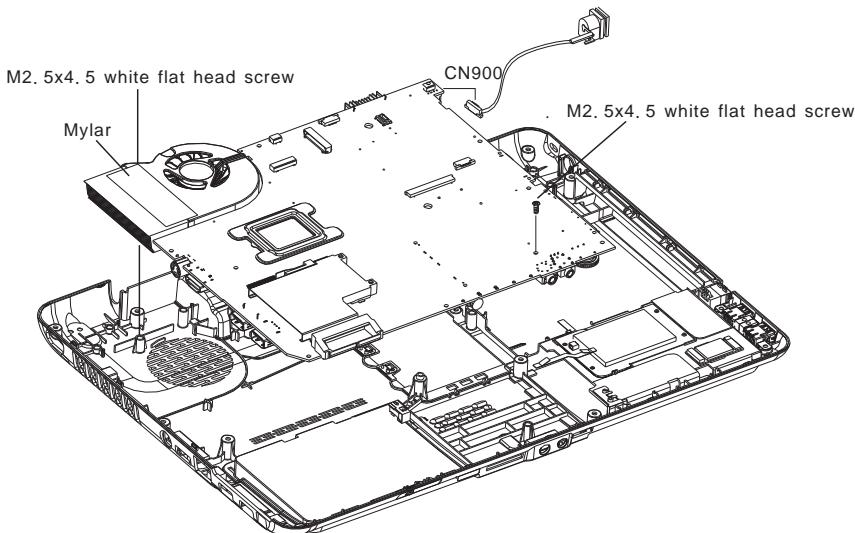


Figure 4-23 Removing the system board

6. Turn the system board upside down.
7. Disconnect the AC-IN cable connector from CN900.
8. Disconnect fan connector from CN902 on the system board.
9. Release the two M2x4.5 black flat head screws securing the fan.
10. Remove the fan.

11. Release two M2x2 black flat head screw securing the robson card.

12. Remove the Robson card.

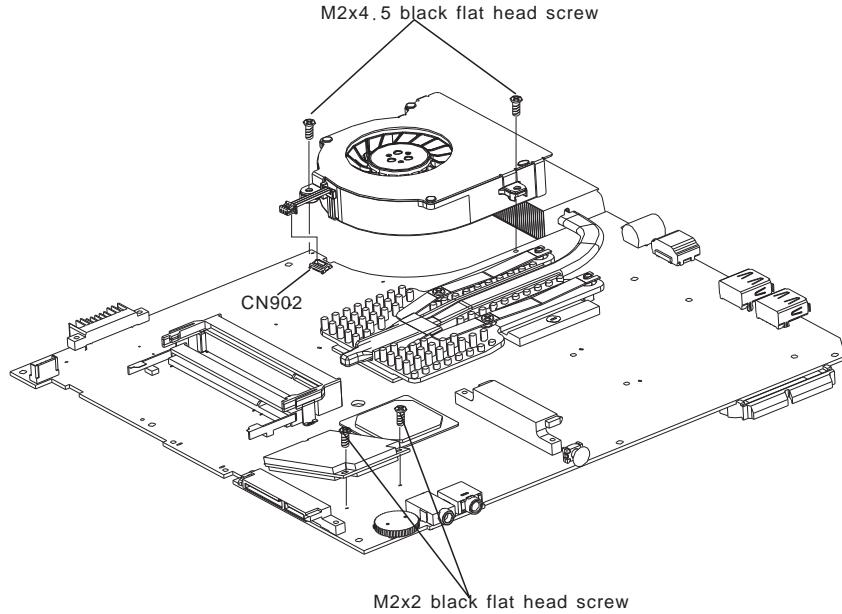


Figure 4-24 Removing the system board

**Installing the System Board, AC-IN cable, Fan and Robson card**

Install the System Board, AC-IN cable, Fan and Robson card according to the following procedures and figure 4-23, 4-24.

**NOTE:**

***Be careful of the eject button for the PC card. It can be damaged when installing the system board. Make sure it is pushed in.***

1. Turn the system board upside down and securing the Robson card with two M2x2 black flat head screw.
2. Connect the AC-IN cable to CN900
3. Seat the fan in the correct position and connect the fan cable to CN902 on the system board.
4. Secure the fan with two M2.5x4.5 white flat head screw on the mainboard.
5. Seat the AC-IN cable in the correct position.
6. Seat the system board in the correct position.
7. Secure the fan with one M2.5x4.5 white flat head screw.
8. Secure the system board with one M2.5x4.5 white flat head screw.

## 4.12 CPU Cooling Module

**CAUTION:** When removing the cooling module, keep the following in mind:

The cooling module can become very hot during operation. Be sure to let it cool down before starting the repair work.

Do not touch or cause damage to the fan in the cooling module.

**NOTE:** The screws for Steps 5 cannot be removed, only loosened.

### Removing the CPU Cooling Module and Fan (for VGA card Model)

Remove the CPU cooling module and fan according to the following procedures and Figures 4-25, 4-26.

1. Release two M2x0.4 black flat head screws on the VGA board plate.
2. Release two M2x0.25 white flat head screw on the VGA finger in the order shown on the VGA finger.
3. Release thermal module secure screws on the cooling module bracket in the order shown on the cooling module bracket.
4. Remove the CPU cooling module.
5. Remove the VGA board.

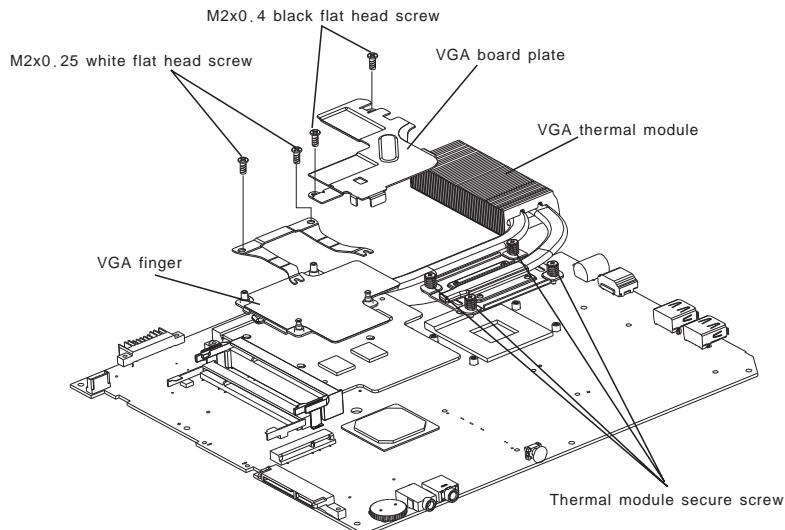


Figure 4-25 Removing the CPU cooling module

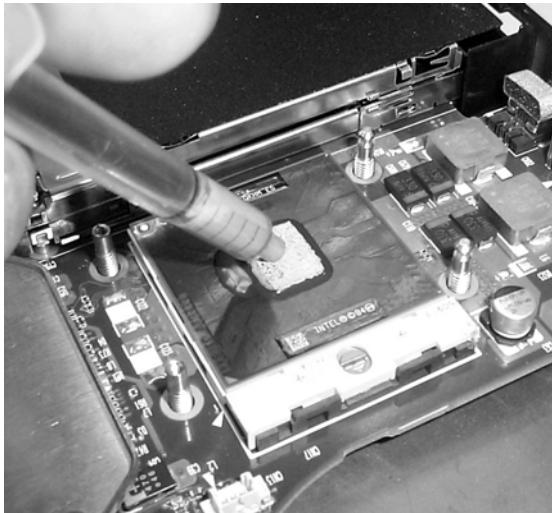


Figure 4-26 Applying silicon grease

### Installing the CPU Cooling Module and Fan

Install the cooling Module according to the following procedures and Figures 4-23, 4-24.

**CAUTION:** When installing the cooling module, keep the following in mind:

1. Be sure to confirm the correct position for the module.
2. Secure the relevant screws on the main board according to the number sequence sealed on the heat sink module.

**NOTE:** Apply silicon grease with a special syringe to cover the surface of the CPU chip completely.

1. If silicon grease is already applied to the CPU and fan module, wipe it off with a cloth.  
By using a special syringe, apply silicon grease G7762 to the CPU chip center so that the entire CPU chip is covered with the grease G7762.
2. Install the CPU cooling module into the correct position in the computer.
3. Seat the CPU cooling module and bracket in the correct position and secure them with two M2x4 black flat head screws

**Installing the CPU Cooling Module and Fan (for VGA card Model)**

Install the cooling Module according to the following procedures and Figures 4-25, 4-26.

*CAUTION: When installing the cooling module, keep the following in mind:*

1. *Be sure to confirm the correct position for the module.*
2. *Secures the relevant screws on the main board according to the number sequence sealed on heat sink module.*

*NOTE: Apply silicon grease with a special syringe to cover the surface of the CPU chip completely.*

1. If silicon grease is already applied to the CPU and fan module, wipe them off with a cloth.  
By using a special syringe, apply silicon grease G7762 to the CPU chip center so that the entire CPU chip is covered with the grease G7762.
2. Install the CPU cooling module into the correct position in the computer.
3. Place the CPU cooling module and bracket in the correct position and secure them with four M2x4 black flat-head screws in that order mark on cooling module bracket.

### Removing the CPU Cooling Module

**CAUTION:** When removing the cooling module, keep the following in mind:  
The cooling module can become very hot during operation. Be sure to let it cool down before starting the repair work.  
Do not touch or cause damage to the fan in the cooling module.

Remove the CPU cooling module and fan according to the following procedures and Figures 4-27, 4-28.

1. Remove two M2x4 black flat head screws on the CPU cooling module bracket in that order mark on cooling module bracket
2. Remove the CPU bracket.
3. Remove CPU cooling module screws in that order mark on cooling module.
4. Remove the CPU cooling module.

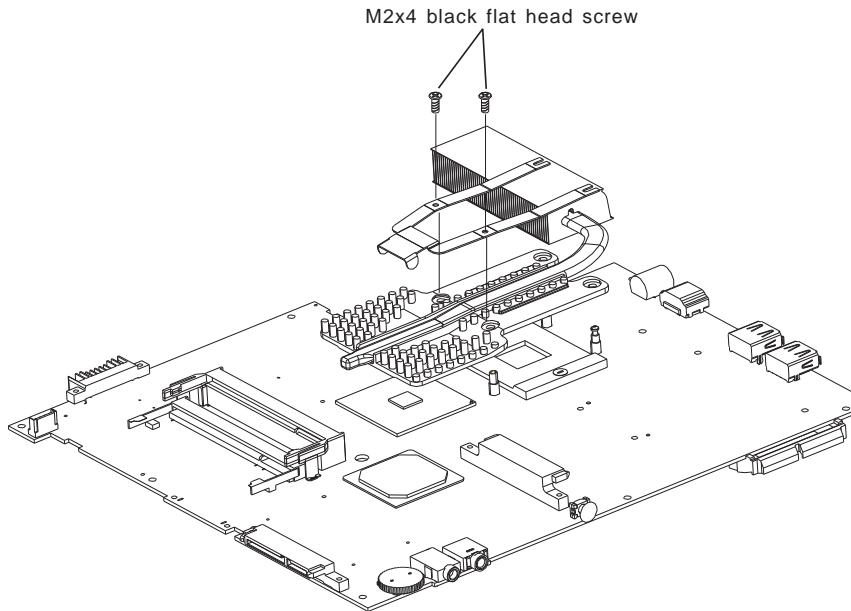
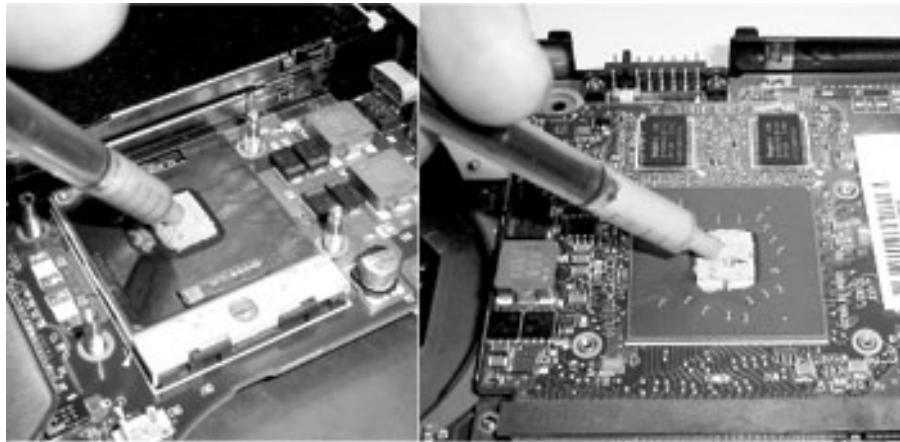
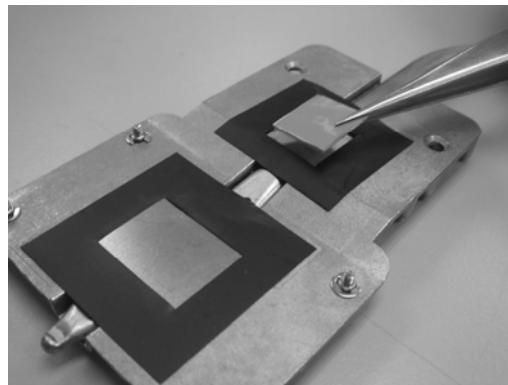


Figure 4-27 Removing the CPU cooling module



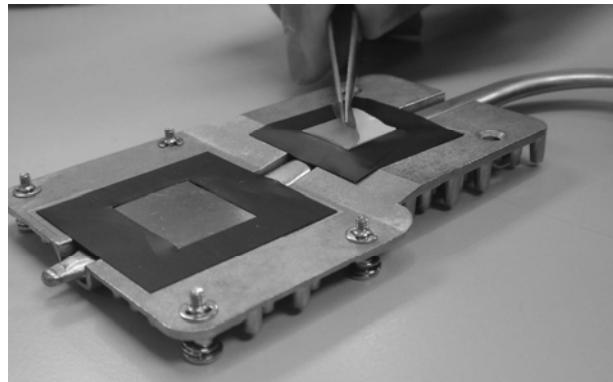
*Figure 4-28 Applying silicon grease*

1. If the thermal pad is broken, replace new thermal pad into correct position, thermal pad part number is V000933800.



*Figure 4-29 Replace new thermal pad into correct position.*

2. Tear down the tap on the thermal pad.



*Figure 4-30 Tear down the tape*

### Installing the CPU Cooling Module and Fan

Install the cooling Module according to the following procedures and Figures 4-27, 4-28.

*CAUTION: When installing the cooling module, keep the following in mind:*

1. *Be sure to confirm the correct position for the module.*
2. *Secure the relevant screws on the main board according to the number sequence sealed on the heat sink module.*

*NOTE: Apply silicon grease with a special syringe to cover the surface of the CPU chip completely.*

4. If silicon grease is already applied to the CPU and fan module, wipe it off with a cloth.  
By using a special syringe, apply silicon grease G7762 to the CPU chip center so that the entire CPU chip is covered with the grease G7762.
5. Install the CPU cooling module into the correct position in the computer.
6. Seat the CPU cooling module and bracket in the correct position and secure them with two M2x4 black flat head screws.

## 4.13 CPU

### Removing the CPU

**CAUTION:** When removing the CPU, keep the following in mind:

The CPU can become very hot during operation. Be sure to let it cool down before starting repair work.

Remove the CPU according to the following procedures and Figures 4-29, 4-30 and 4-31.

**NOTE:** FOXCONN CPU socket will be 180 degrees to the right.

1. Unlock the CPU by rotating the cam on the CPU socket 120 degrees to the left with a flat-blade screwdriver (in the order shown in the figure below).

2. Remove the CPU.

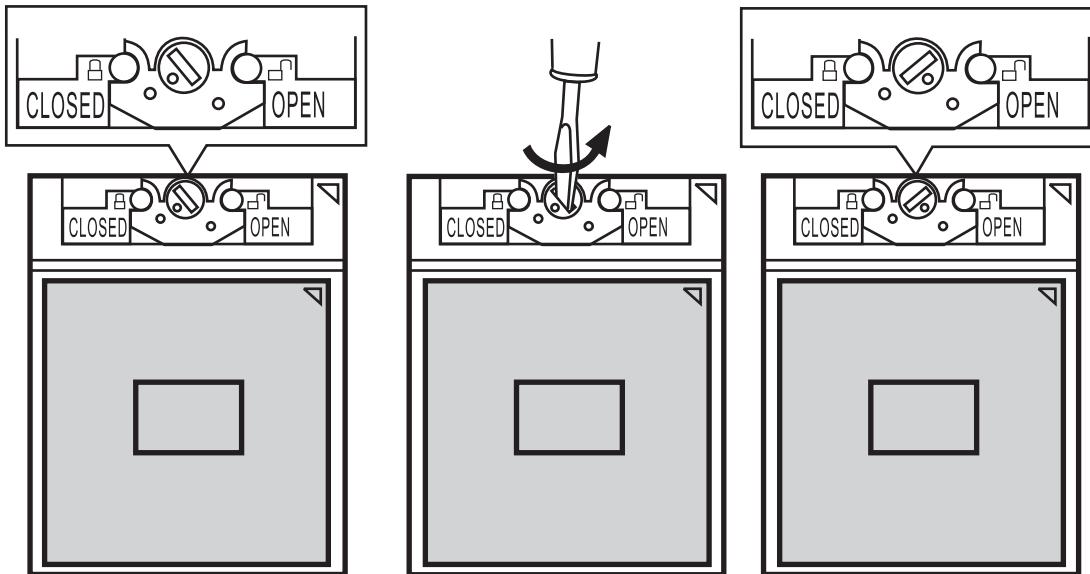


Figure 4-29 Removing the CPU

### Installing the CPU

Install the CPU according to the following procedures and Figures 4-30, 4-31.

1. Check that the triangle on the cam is in the unlock position.
2. Attach the CPU to the correct position in the CPU socket. Align the CPU with the CPU socket by using the triangle as a guide.

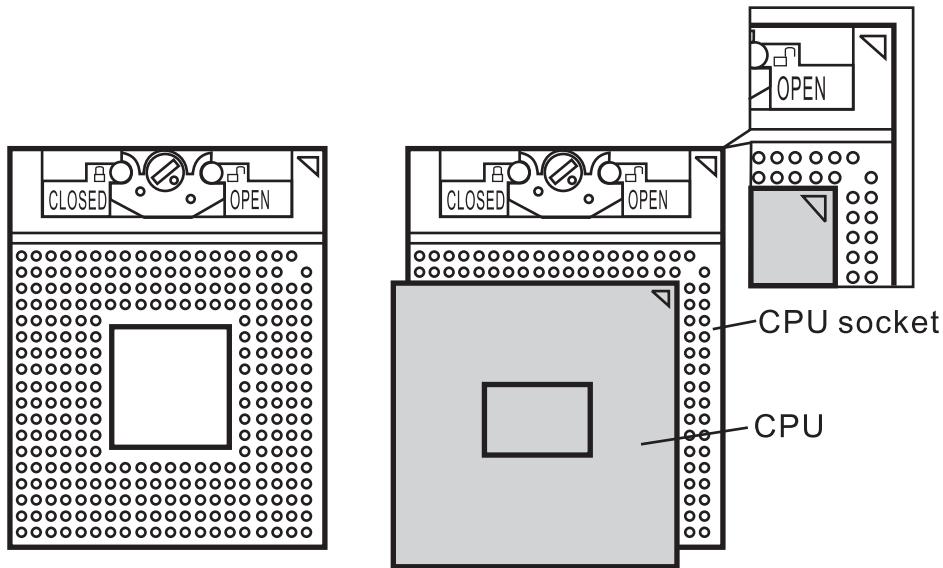
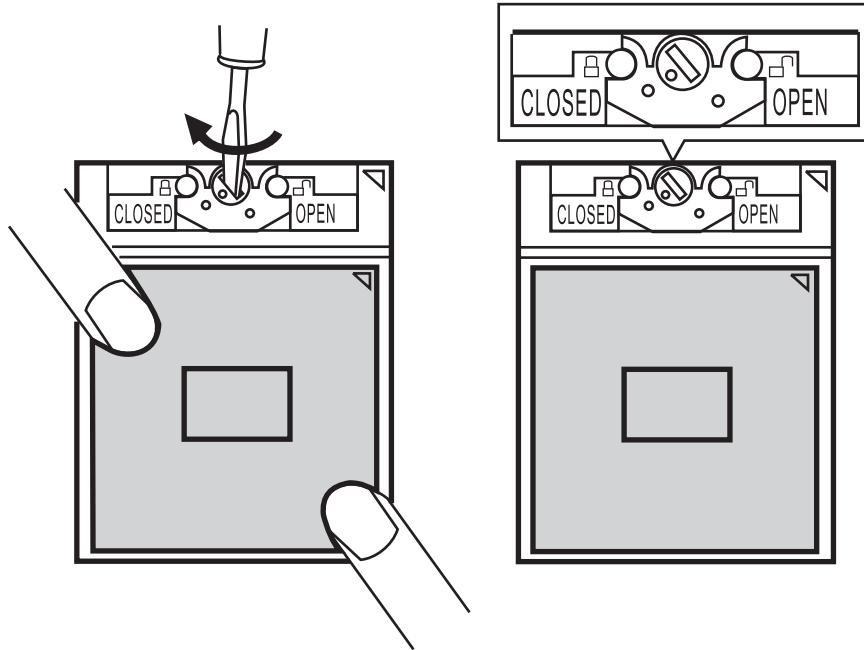


Figure 4-30 Installing the CPU

**CAUTION:** Seat the CPU by aligning the triangle with the shaded area.

3. Secure the CPU by rotating the cam 120 degrees to the right with a flat-blade screwdriver.

*NOTE: FOXCONN CPU socket will be 180 degrees to the left.*



*Figure 4-31 Securing the CPU*

## 4.14 USB board, Bluetooth Card, FM card and Felica card

### Removing the USB board, Bluetooth Card, FM card and Felica card

Remove the USB board, Bluetooth Card, FM card and Felica card according to the following procedures and Figures 4-32.

1. Remove USB cable from CN16 on the system board.
2. Remove the USB cable from base enclosure.
3. Remove the Felica card cable from CN14 and remove Felica card.
4. Remove the Bluetooth cable from CN18 on the system board.
5. Remove the Bluetooth card from base enclosure.
6. Remove the FM card cable form CN19 and remove the FM card.

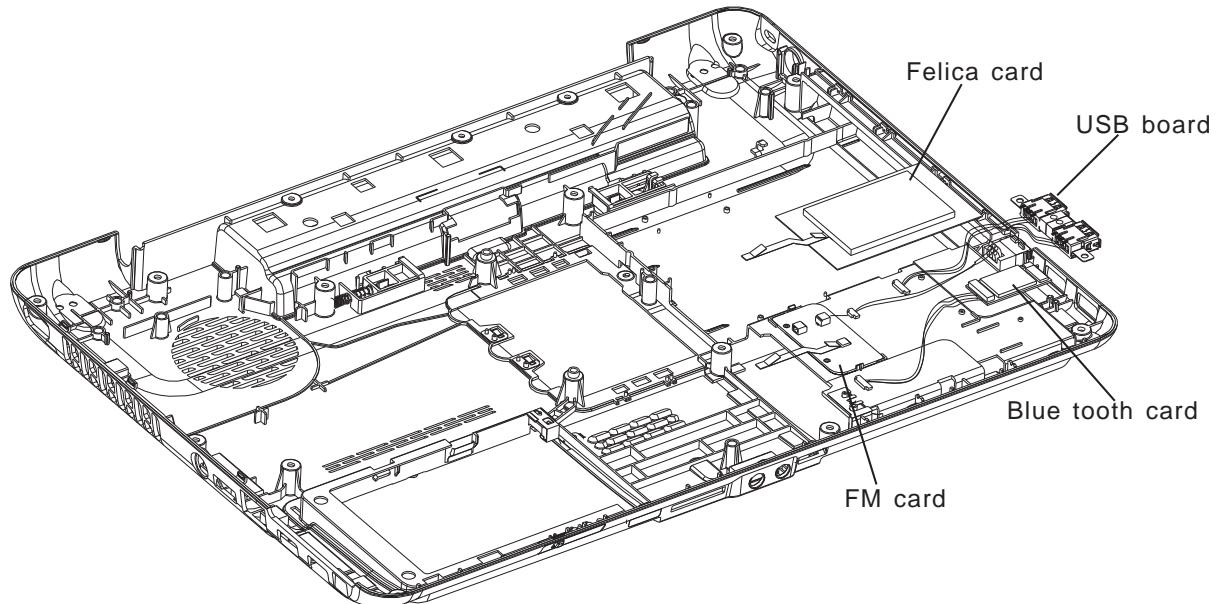


Figure 4-32 Removing the USB board, Bluetooth Card, FM card and Felica card

**Installing the USB board, Bluetooth Card, FM card and Felica card**

Install the USB board and Bluetooth card, FM card and Felica card according to the following procedures and Figure 4-32.

***Note: Be careful of the kill switch button for the USB board. It can be damaged when installing the USB board. Make sure it is in the correct position.***

1. Seat the FM card in the correct position and connect the FM card cable to CN19 on the system board.
2. Seat the Bluetooth card in the correct position and connect the Bluetooth card cable to CN18 on the system board.
3. Seat the Felica card in the correct position and connect the Felica card cable to CN14 on the system board.
4. Seat the USB cable in the correct position and connect the USB cable to CN16 on the system board

## 4.15 Display Mask

### Removing the Display Mask

Remove the display mask according to the following procedures and Figure 4-33, 4-34.

1. Remove the following 6 seals on the display module in that order:
  - Four black seals on the bottom
  - Two black seals on the top
2. Remove the following 6 screws on the display module, in that order:
  - Two M2.5x6 white flat head screws on the top
  - Four M2.5x6 white flat head screws on bottom
3. Release the following 21 latches on the display mask and arrow direction, in that order :
  - Five latches on the left side
  - Four latches on the top side.
  - Five latches on the right side.
  - Seven latches on the bottom side.

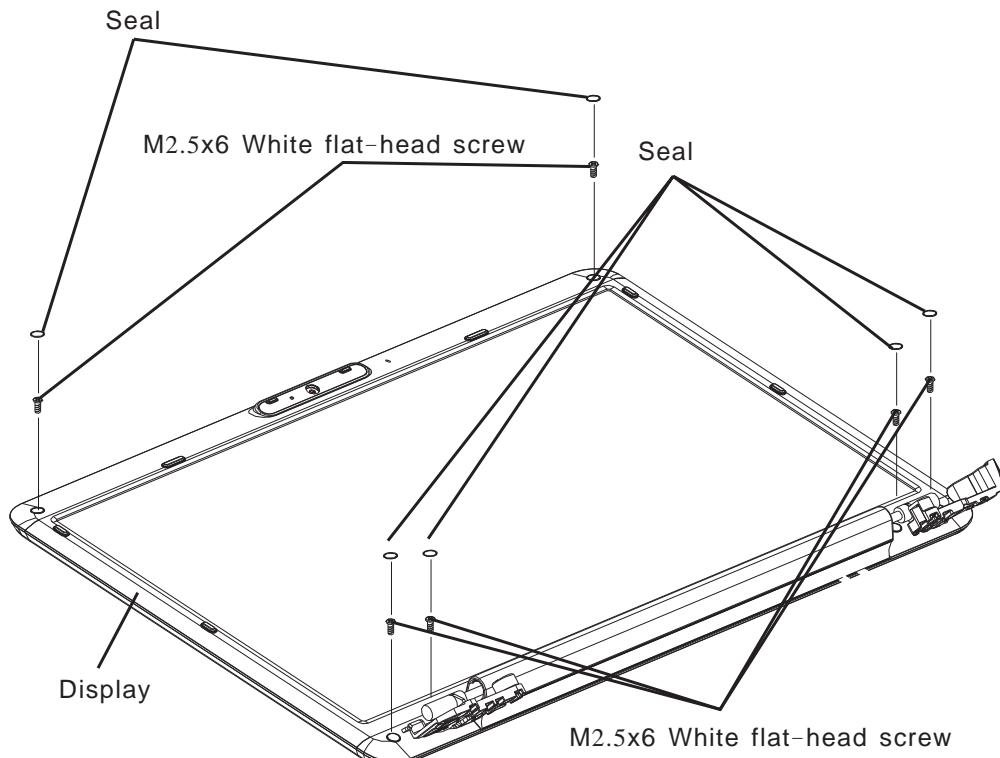
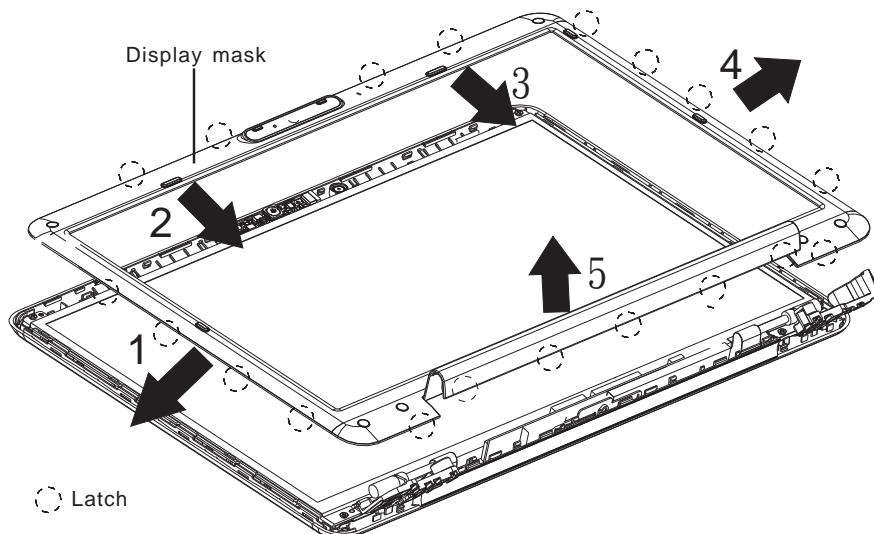


Figure 4-33 Removing the display mask



*Figure 4-34 Removing the display mask*

**Installing the Display Mask**

Install the display mask according to the following procedures and Figure 4-33, 4-34.

1. Seat the display mask in the correct position and secure the following 20 latches, in that order:
  - Seven bottom latches
  - Five latches on each of the left and right sides
  - Four top latches
2. Secure the display mask with the following 6 screws, in that order:
  - Two M2.5x6 white flat head screws on the top
  - Four M2.5x6 white flat head screws on bottom
3. Secure the following 6 seals to cover the screws, in that order:
  - Four black seals on the bottom
  - Two black seals on the top

## 4.16 FL Inverter Board

### Removing the FL Inverter Board

Remove the FL inverter board according to the following procedures and Figures 4-35.

1. Remove one M2.5x4.5 white flat head screw securing the inverter board bracket.
2. Remove one M2x3 black flat head screw securing the inverter.

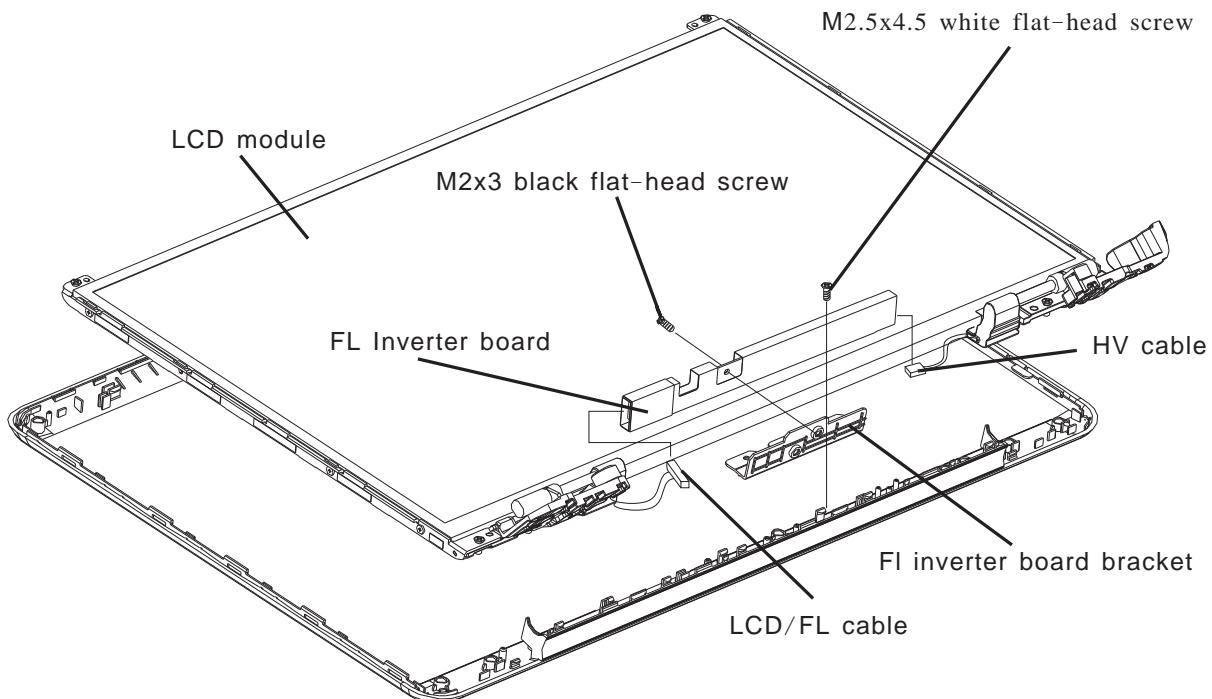


Figure 4-35 Removing the FL inverter board

3. Lift the LCD module, FL inverter board and disconnect the LCD/FL cable from the LCD/FL connector.
4. Disconnect the HV cable from the HV connector and remove the FL inverter board.

**Installing the FL Inverter Board**

Install the FL inverter board according to the following procedures and Figures 4-35.

1. Connect the LCD/FL cable to LCD/FL connector, and connect the HV cable to the HV connector.
2. Seat the LCD module, FL inverter board in the correct position.
3. Secure one M2x3 black flat head screw securing the inverter.
4. Secure one M2.5x4.5 white flat head screw securing the inverter board bracket.

## 4.17 LCD Modules

***NOTE: ICs are fragile. Use extreme care not to apply pressure to the ICs along the edges of the LCD module.***

***NOTE: Dispose of used LCD panels (fluorescent (FL) tubes) as required by local ordinances or regulations.***

***NOTE: The LCD/FL cable must be carefully peeled away before disconnecting it from the module.***

### Removing the 15.1-inch LCD module

Remove the 15.1-inch LCD module according to the following procedures and Figures 4-36, 4-37.

1. Remove four M2.5x4.5 white flat head screws on the LCD top cover.
2. Remove the LCD module.
3. Carefully tilt the LCD module toward you.
4. Remove four M2x3 black flat head screws on each side securing the LCD bracket.
5. Remove the LCD brackets.
6. Turn the LCD upside down. Be sure to place it on a cushioned surface such as a foam pad.
7. Remove the tape and LCD/FL cable connector. Then disconnect the LCD/FL cable.

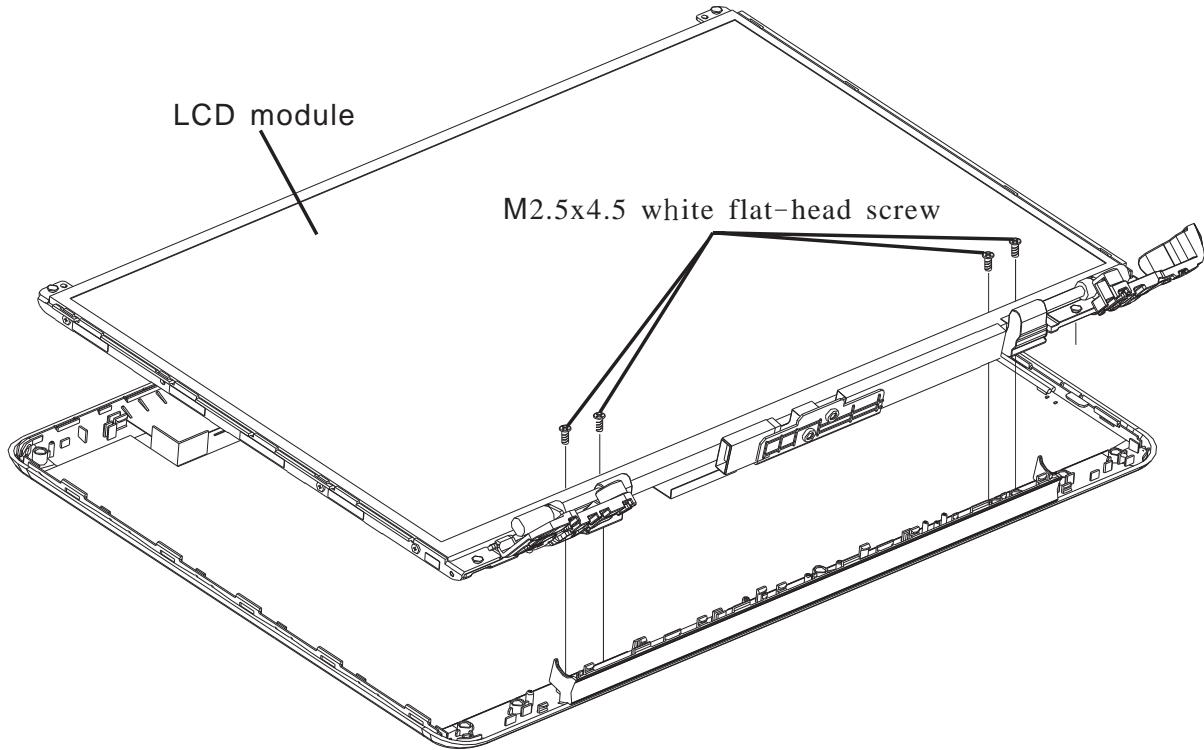


Figure 4-36 Removing the 15.1-inch LCD module and screws

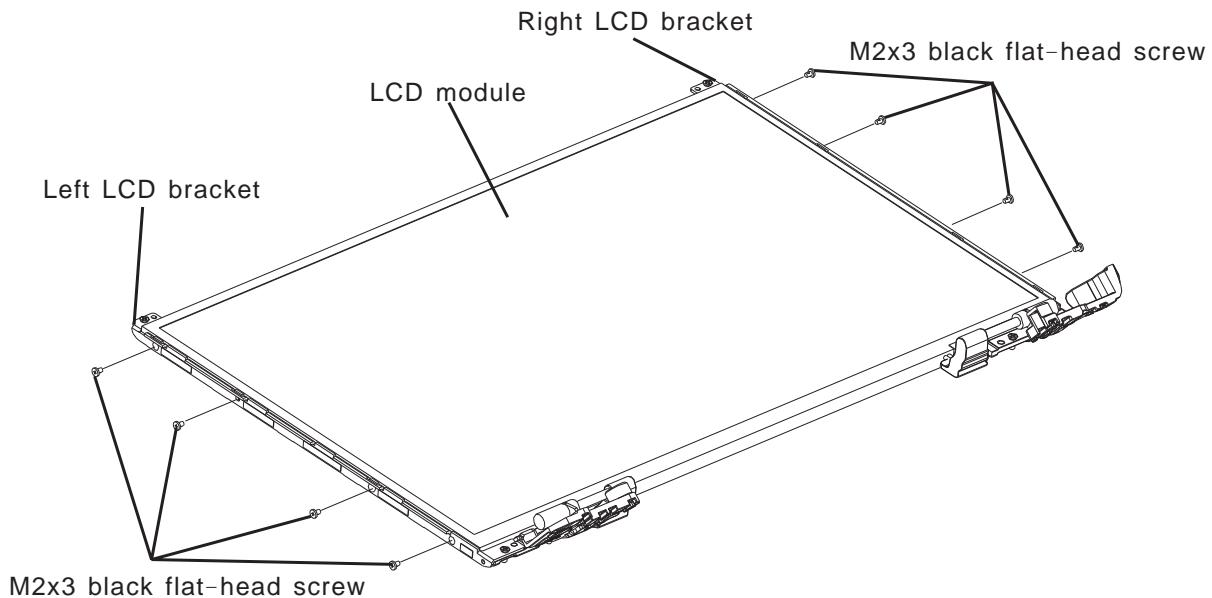


Figure 4-37 Removing the 15.1-inch LCD module

**Installing the 15.1-inch LCD Module**

***NOTE: LCD/FL cable must be carefully peeled away before disconnecting it from the module.***

Install the 15.1-inch LCD module according to the following procedures and Figures 4-36, 4-37.

1. Turn the LCD upside down.
2. Connect the LCD/FL cable to the LCD module connector.
3. Turn the LCD right side up.
4. Place the LCD bracket in the correct position and secure it with four M2x3 black flat head screws.
5. Please the LCD module in the correct position and secure it with four M2.5x4.5 white flat head screws.

## 4.18 CCD Board and MIC

### Removing the CCD Board and MIC

Remove the FL inverter board according to the following procedures and Figure 4-38.

1. Disconnect the CCD cable from the CCD module connector and remove the CCD board.

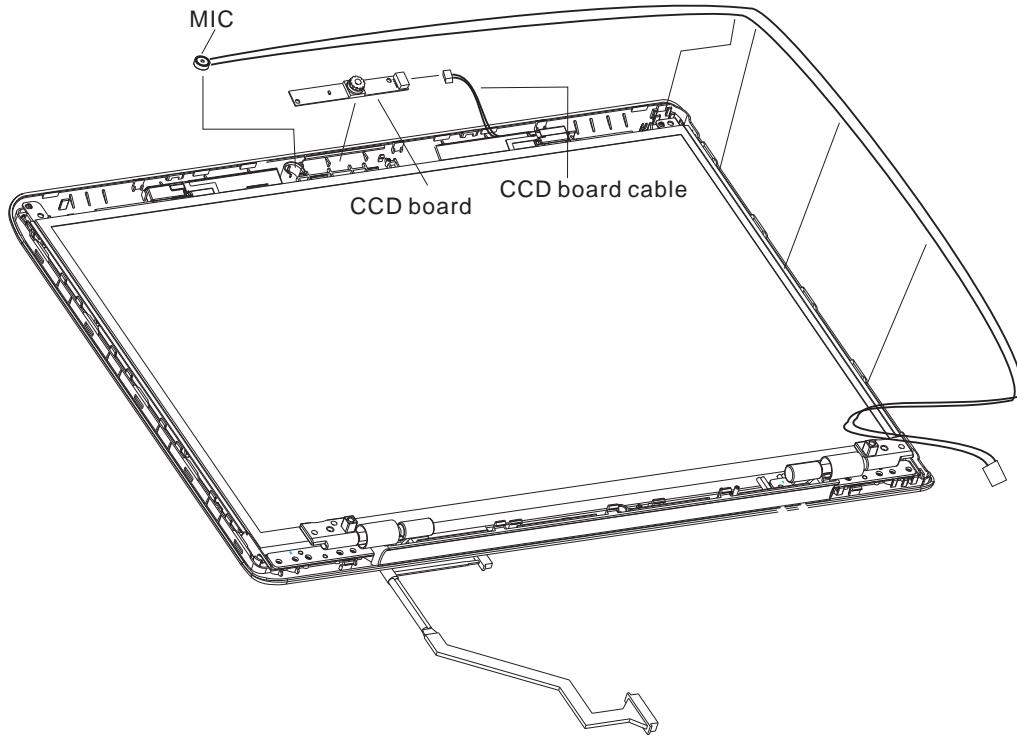


Figure 4-38 Removing the CCD board and MIC

2. Lift the MIC from the display rear cover.

**Installing the CCD Board and MIC**

Install the FL inverter board according to the following procedures and Figure 4-38.

1. Connect the CCD module cable to CCD module connector.
2. Seat the CCD module, MIC in the correct position.

## 4.19 Power board, Switch board, Touch Pad board, touch pad and Finger print board.

### Removing the Power board, Switch board, Touch Pad board, Touch Pad and Finger print board

Remove the Power board, Switch board, Touch Pad board, Touch Pad and Finger print board according to the following procedures and Figure 4-39.

1. Release two M2x0.4 lack flat head screws securing the power board.
2. Remove the power board.
3. Release two M2x0.4 lack flat head screws securing the switch board.
4. Disconnect the switch board flat cable from CN34.
5. Remove the switch board.
6. Disconnect the button board flat cable from CN9012 on the button board.
7. Release two M2.5x3.5 white flat head screws securing the Button Board.
8. Remove the Button Board.
9. Release five M2.5x3.5 white flat head screws securing the touch pad bracket.
10. Remove the touch pad bracket.
11. Remove the finger print board.

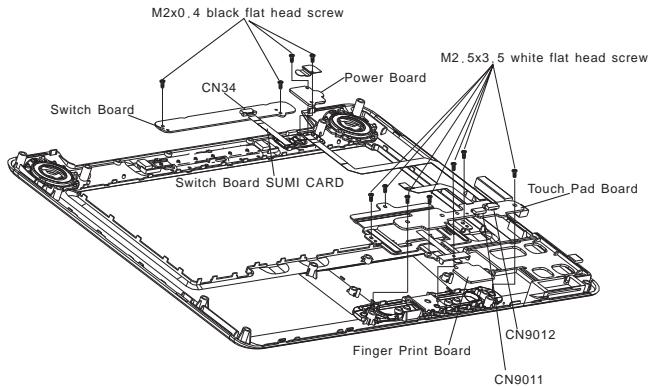


Figure 4-39 Removing the touch pad, button board and Finger print board

**Installing the Power board, Switch board, Touch Pad board, Touch Pad and Finger print board**

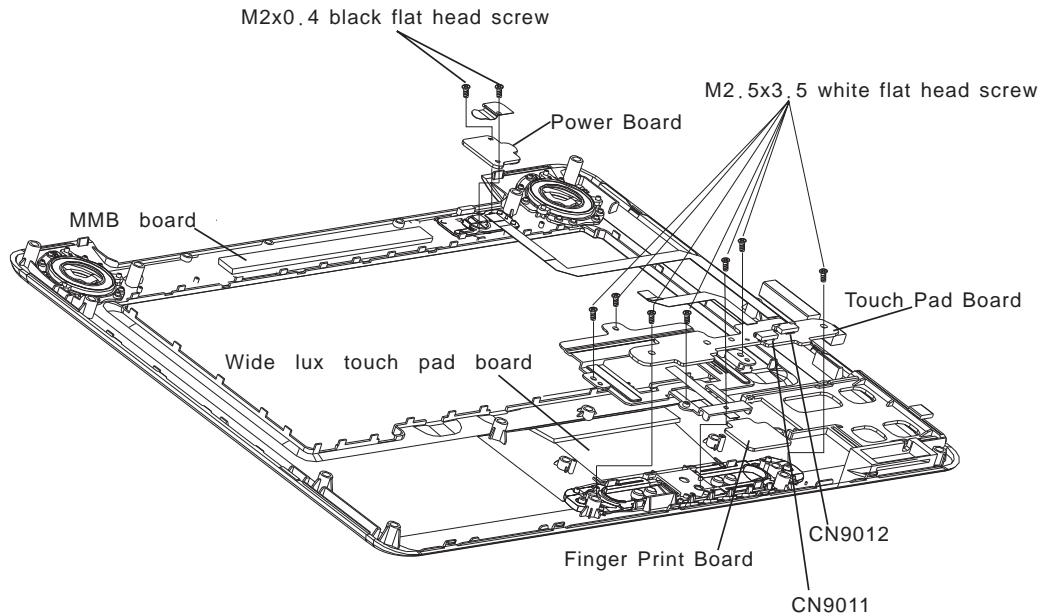
Install the Power board, Switch board, Touch Pad board, Touch Pad and Finger print board according to the following procedures and Figure 4-39.

1. Seat the finger print board to the correct position.
2. Seat the touch pad, button board touch pad bracket in the correct position and secure it with the five M2.5x3.5 white flat head screws.
3. Seat the button board to the correct position and secure it with two M2.5x3.5 white flat head screws.
4. Connect the button board flat cable to CN9012 on the button board.
5. Connect the touch pad flat cables to JP1 on the touch pad.
6. Secure the switch board with two M2x0.4 lack flat head screws.
7. Secure the power board and bracket with two M2x0.4 lack flat head screws.

### Removing the Power board, Touch Pad board and Finger print board (MMB board and Wide Lux touch pad)

Remove the Power board, Touch Pad board and Finger print board according to the following procedures and Figure 4-40.

1. Release two M2x0.4 lack flat head screws securing the power board.
2. Remove the power board.
3. Disconnect the button board flat cable from CN9012 on the button board.
4. Remove the Button Board.
5. Release five M2.5x3.5 white flat head screws securing the touch pad bracket.
6. Remove the touch pad bracket.



*Figure 4-40 Removing the touch pad, button board and Finger print board*

**Installing the Power board, Touch Pad board and Finger print board (MMB board and Wide Lux touch pad)**

Install the Power board, Touch Pad board and Finger print board according to the following procedures and Figure 4-40.

1. Seat the finger print board to the correct position.
2. Seat the button board, touch pad bracket in the correct position and secure it with the five M2.5x3.5 white flat head screws.
3. Seat the button board to the correct position and secure it with two M2.5x3.5 white flat head screws.
4. Connect the button board flat cable to CN9012 on the button board.
5. Connect the touch pad flat cables to JP1 on the touch pad.

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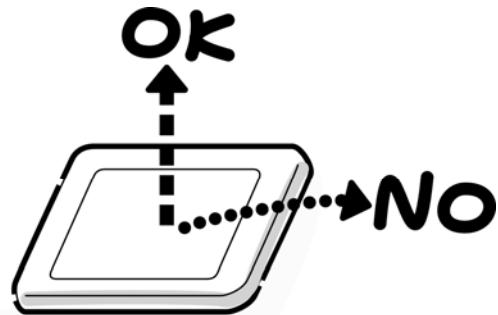
## Appendix A Handling the LCD Module

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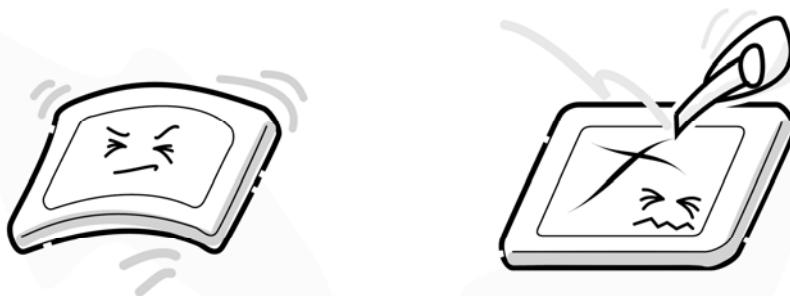
### Precautions for handling the LCD module

The LCD module can be easily damaged during assembly or disassembly. Observe the following precautions when handling the LCD module:

1. When installing the LCD module in the LCD cover, be sure to seat it so that it is properly aligned and maximum visibility of the display is maintained.



2. Be careful to align the four holes at the right side and left side of the LCD module with the corresponding holes in the LCD cover before securing the module with four screws. Do not force the module into place, because stress can affect its performance. Also, the panel's polarized surface is easily scarred, so be carefully when handling it.



3. If the panel's surface gets dirty, wipe it with cotton or a soft cloth. If it is still dirty, try breathing on the surface to create a light condensate and wipe it again.

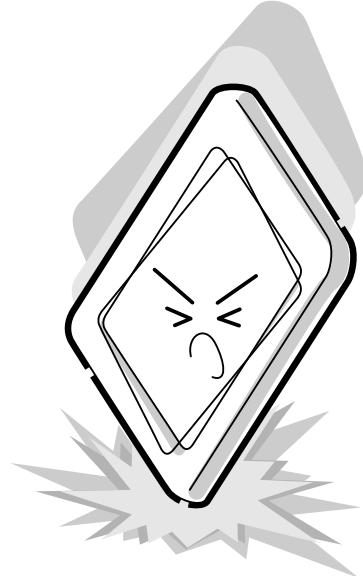
If the surface is very dirty, we recommend a CRT cleaning agent. Apply the agent to a cloth and then wipe the panel's surface. Do not apply cleanser directly to the panel. Also, never scratch the surface.



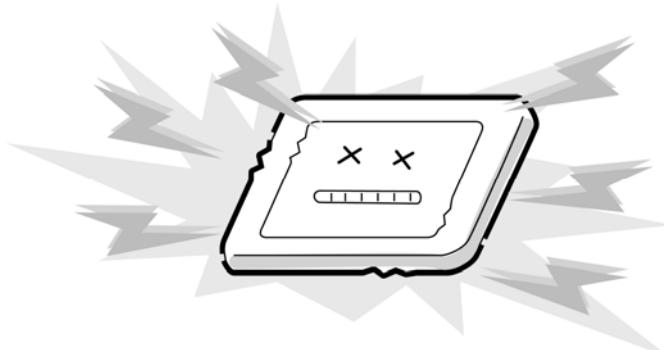
4. If water or other liquid is left on the panel's surface for a long period, it can change the screen's tint or stain it. Be sure to quickly wipe off any liquid.



5. Glass is used in the panel, so be careful not to drop it or let it strike a hard object, which could cause breakage or cracks.



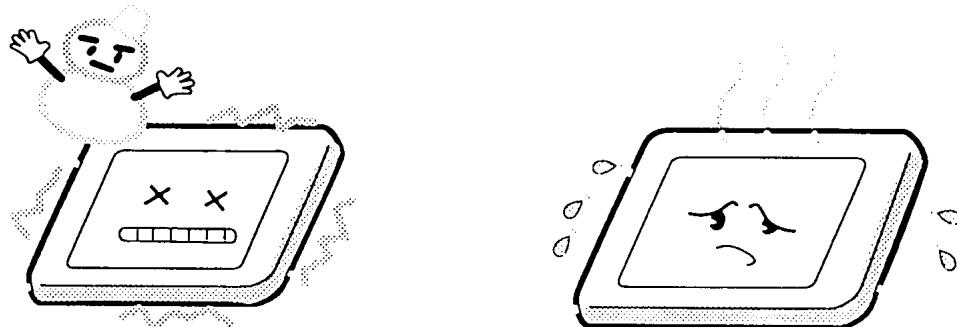
6. CMOS-LSI circuits are used in the module, so guard against damage from electrostatic discharge. Be sure to wear a wrist or ankle ground when handling the module.



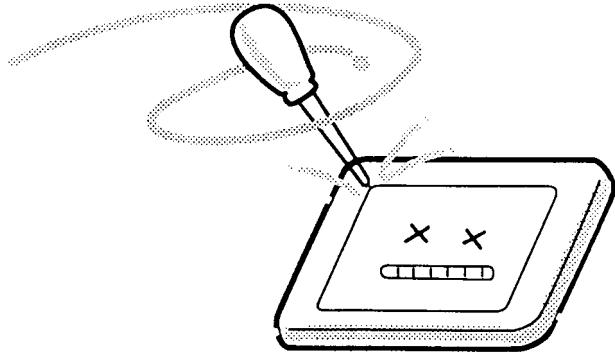
7. Do not expose the module to direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet rays for long periods.



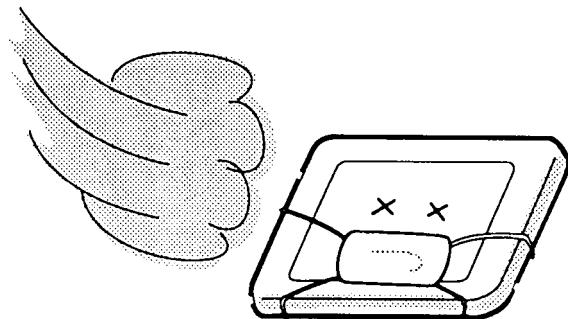
8. Do not store the module at temperatures below specifications. Cold can cause the liquid crystals to freeze, lose their elasticity or otherwise suffer damage.



9. Do not disassemble the LCD module. Disassembly can cause malfunctions.



10. If you transport the module, do not use packing material that contains epoxy resin (amine) or silicon glue (alcohol or oxime). These materials can release gas that can damage the panel's polarization.



## Appendix B Board Layout

### B.1 System Board Front View

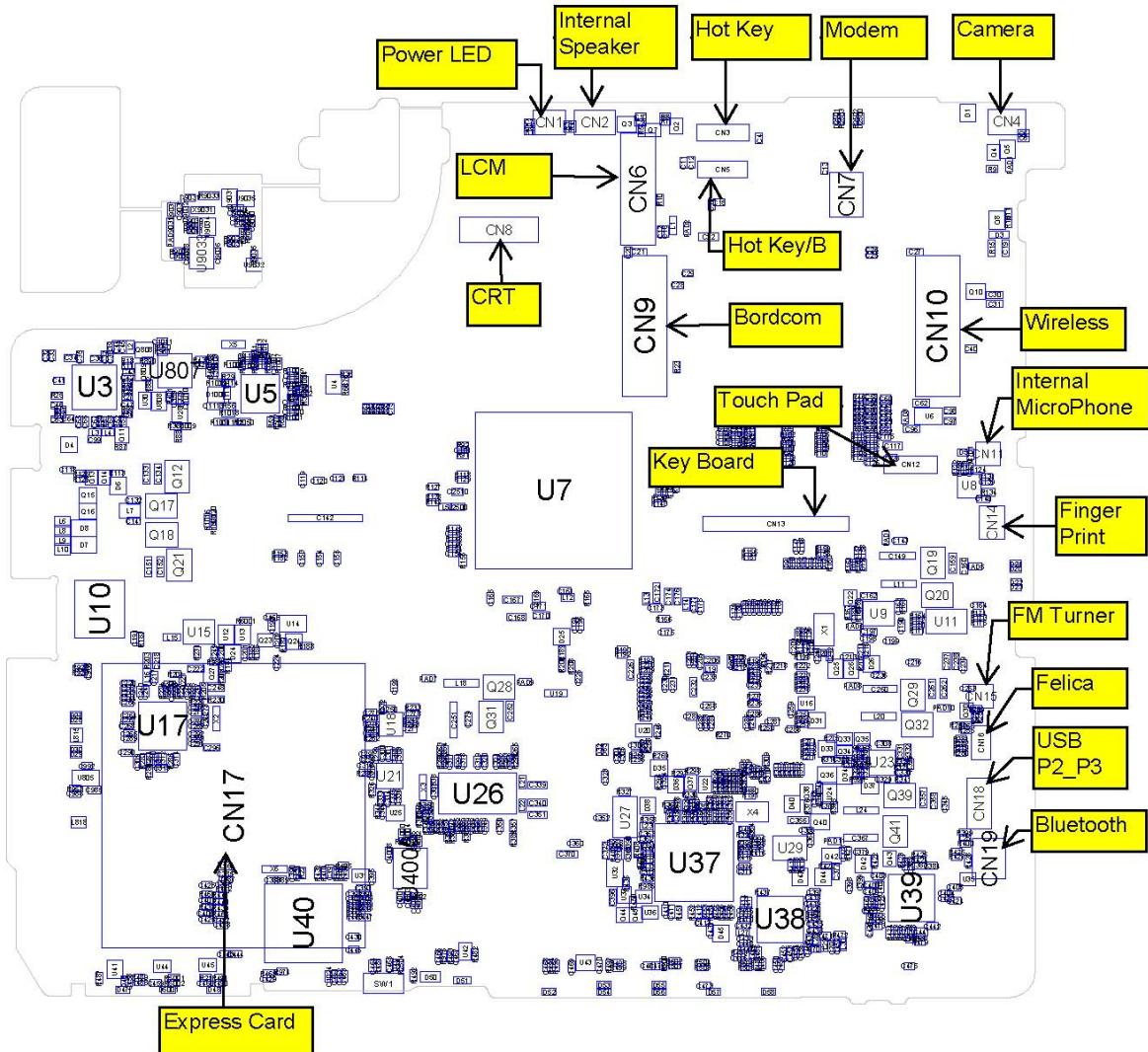


Figure B-1 Board layout (front)

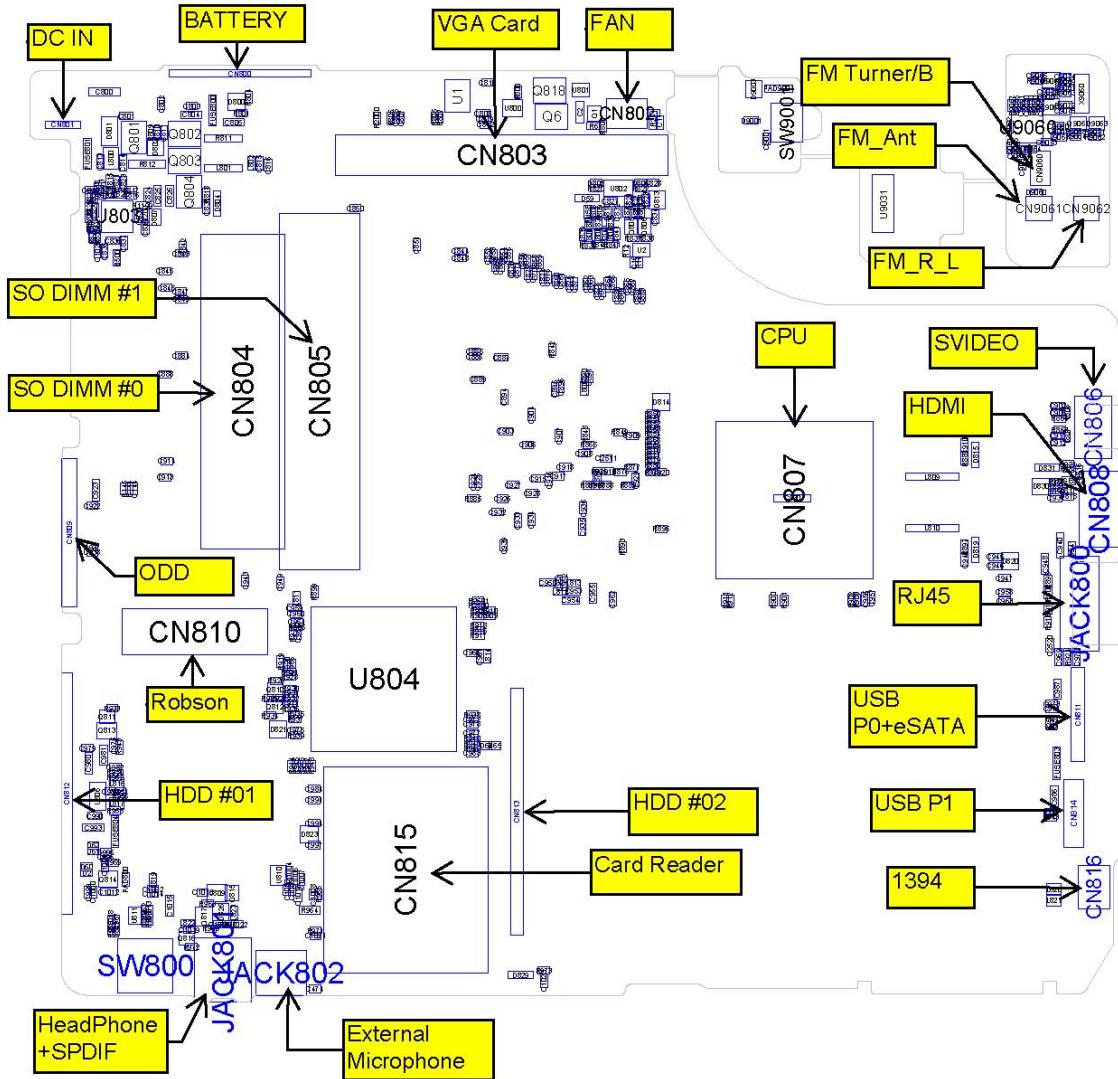


Figure B-2 Board layout ( back )

**Appendix C C-3**

C.1	CN1	Power/B Connector (4-Pin) .....	C-3
C.2	CN2	Internal Speaker Connector (6-Pin).....	C-3
C.3	CN3	Hot Key/B Connector (6-Pin).....	C-3
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C.6	CN6	LCD/FL Inverter Connector (40-Pin).....	C-4
C.7	CN7	MODEM Connector (12-Pin).....	C-5
C.8	CN8	CRT Connector (14-Pin).....	C-5
C.9	CN9	Broadcom Connector (52-Pin).....	C-6
C.10	CN10	Mini Card Connector (52-Pin).....	C-7
C.11	CN11	Internal Micro Phone Connector (2-Pin) .....	C-7
C.12	CN12	Touch Pad Connector (6-Pin) .....	C-8
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C.14	CN14	FingerPrint/B Connector (4-Pin) .....	C-9
C.15	CN15	FM Connector (2-Pin).....	C-9
C.16	CN16	FELICA Connector (6-Pin) .....	C-9
C.17	CN17	Express Card Connector (26-Pin).....	C-9
C.18	CN18	USB Port#2#3 Connector (8-Pin).....	C-10
C.19	CN19	Blue Tooth Connector (10-Pin) .....	C-10
C.20	CN800	Battery Connector (9-Pin ).....	C-10
C.21	CN801	DC-IN Connector (4-Pin) .....	C-11
C.22	CN802	FAN Connector (3-Pin) .....	C-11
C.23	CN803	VGA CARD Connector (230-Pin).....	C-11
C.24	CN804	DDR2 DIMM0 Socket (200-Pin) .....	C-15
C.25	CN805	DDR2 DIMM1 Socket (200-Pin) .....	C-18
C.26	CN806	S-VIDEO Connector (4-Pin) .....	C-21
C.27	CN808	HDMI Connector (19-Pin).....	C-21
C.28	CN809	ODD Connector (13-Pin).....	C-21
C.29	CN810	ROBSON Card Connector (52-Pin) .....	C-22
C.30	CN811	USB Port#0 Connector (4-Pin) .....	C-23
C.31	CN812	HDD#0 Connector (22-Pin).....	C-23

C.32	CN813	HDD#1 Connector (22-Pin).....	C-23
C.33	CN814	USB Port#1 Connector (4-Pin).....	C-24
C.34	CN815	CARD READER Socket (44-Pin) .....	C-24
C.35	CN816	IEEE 1394 Connector (4-Pin).....	C-25
C.36	CN9060	FM Tuner/B Connector (6-Pin) .....	C-25
C.37	CN9061	FM_ANT Connector (2-Pin) .....	C-25
C.38	CN9062	FM_R_L Connector (2-Pin) .....	C-26
C.39	JACK800	RJ45 Connector (12-Pin).....	C-26
C.40	JACK801	Head Phone with SPDIF Connector (8-Pin) .....	C-26
C.41	JACK802	MICRO Phone Connector (6-Pin).....	C-27

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## Appendix C Pin Assignments

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### System Board

#### C.1 CN1 Power/B Connector (4-Pin)

*Table C-1 Power/B Connector pin assignments (4-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/N\$41603'	-
3	/PWR_SWIN#_3'	I/O	4	/N\$43086'	-

#### C.2 CN2 Internal Speaker Connector (6-Pin)

*Table C-2 Internal Speaker Connector pin assignments (6-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/SPK_OUT_R+'	O	2	/SPK_OUT_R-'	O
3	/N\$48249'	I/O	4	/SPEAKER_ID'	O
5	/SPK_OUT_L-'	O	6	/SPK_OUT_L+'	O

#### C.3 CN3 Hot Key/B Connector (6-Pin)

*Table C-3 Hot Key/B Connector pin assignments (6-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/+V3LA'	-	2	/+V5A'	-
3	/HOTKEY_INT#'	I/O	4	DGND'	-
5	/HOTKEY_DATA'	I/O	6	/HOTKEY_CLK'	I/O

#### C.4 CN4 Camera Connector (5-Pin)

Table C-4 Camera Connector pin assignments (5-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	'/+V5S_CAMERA'	-	2	'/USB_P7-'	I/O
3	'/USB_P7+'	I/O	4	'DGND'	-
5	'DGND'	-	-	-	-

#### C.5 CN5 Hot Key/B Connector (12-Pin)

Table C-5 Hot Key /B Connector pin assignments (12-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/SCAN_OUT(4)'	O
3	/SCAN_IN(0)'	I	4	/SCAN_IN(7)'	I
5	/SCAN_IN(3)'	I	6	/SCAN_IN(4)'	I
7	/SCAN_IN(5)'	I	8	/SCAN_IN(1)'	I
9	/MACHINE_ID0_DB'	I/O	10	/MACHINE_ID1_DB'	I/O
11	DGND'	-	12	DGND'	-
G1	DGND'	-	G2	DGND'	-

#### C.6 CN6 LCD/FL Inverter Connector (40-Pin)

Table C-6 LCD/FL Inverter Connector pin assignments (40-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/N\$5524'	-
3	DGND'	-	4	/N\$5524'	-
5	DGND'	-	6	'/+V3S'	-
7	/LVDS_TXDL0N'	O	8	/LVDS_TXDL1N'	O
9	/LVDS_TXDL0P'	O	10	/LVDS_TXDL1P'	O
11	/LVDS_TXDL2N'	O	12	/LVDS_TXCLN'	O
13	/LVDS_TXDL2P'	O	14	/LVDS_TXCLP'	O
15	DGND'	-	16	DGND'	-

17	/LVDS_TXDU0N'	O	18	/LVDS_TXDU1N'	O
19	/LVDS_TXDU0P'	O	20	/LVDS_TXDU1P'	O
21	/LVDS_TXDU2N'	O	22	/LVDS_TXCUN'	O
23	/LVDS_TXDU2P'	O	24	/LVDS_TXCUP'	O
25	DGND'	-	26	DGND'	-
27	/LCM_DDCPCLK'	O	28	/LCM_DDCPDATA'	O
29	/+V5S_LCM'	-	30	/+V5S_LCM'	-
31	/+V5S_LCM'	-	32	/+V5S_LCM'	-
33	/+V5S_LCM'	-	34	/+V5S_LCM'	-
35	/INV_PWM_3'	O	36	/N\$5529'	-
37	DGND'	-	38	DGND'	-
39	DGND'	-	40	DGND'	-

## C.7 CN7 MODEM Connector (12-Pin)

Table C-7 MODEM Connector pin assignments (12-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/MDC'	I/O
3	/MC97_3S_SDOUT'	I/O	4	-	-
5	DGND'	-	6	/MDC'	I/O
7	/MC97_3S_SYNC'	I/O	8	DGND'	-
9	/N\$13669'	-	10	DGND'	-
11	/MC97_3S_RST#'	I/O	12	/MC97_3S_BITCLK'	I/O

## C.8 CN8 CRT Connector (14-Pin)

Table C-8 CRT Connector pin assignments (14-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/N\$74293'	-	2	/CRTR_R'	O
3	DGND'	-	4	/CRTG_R'	O
5	DGND'	-	6	/CRTB_R'	O
7	DGND'	-	8	/VSYNC'	O
9	DGND'	-	10	/HSYNC'	O

11	-	-	12	/N\$5072'	I/O
13	/N\$5071'	I/O	14	-'	-

### C.9 CN9 Broadcom Connector (52-Pin)

Table C-9 Broadcom Connector pin assignments (52-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	-	--	2	/+V3S'	-
3	-	-	4	DGND'	-
5	-	-	6	/+V1.5S'	-
7	/N\$48659'	-	8	-	-
9	DGND'	-	10	-	-
11	/CLK_R_PCIE_HDDVD#'	I/O	12	-	-
13	/CLK_R_PCIE_HDDVD'	I/O	14	-	-
15	DGND'	-	16	-	-
17	-	-	18	DGND'	-
19	-	-	20	-	-
21	DGND'	-	22	/BUF_PLT_RST#'	I/O
23	/PCIE_C_RXN_HDDVD'	I/O-	24	/+V3S'	-
25	/PCIE_C_RXP_HDDVD'	I/O	26	DGND'	-
27	DGND'	-	28	/+V1.5S'	-
29	DGND'	-	30	-	-
31	/PCIE_C_TXN_HDDVD'	I/O	32	-	-
33	/PCIE_C_TXP_HDDVD'	I/O	34	DGND'	-
35	DGND'	-	36	-	-
37	-	-	38	/USB_P5P'	I/O
39	-	-	40	DGND'	-
41	-	-	42	-	-
43	-	-	44	-	-
45	-	-	46	-	-
47	-	-	48	/+V1.5S'	-
49	-	-	50	DGND'	-
51	-	-	52	/+V3S'	-

**C.10 CN10 Mini Card Connector (52-Pin)**

Table C-10 Mini Card Connector pin assignments (52-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/PCIE_WAKE#'	I/O-	2	/+V3S'	-
3	/CH_DATA'	I/O	4	DGND'	-
5	/CH_CLK'	O	6	/+V1.5S'	-
7	/CLKREQ_R_WLAN#'	I/O	8	/LPC_3S_FRAME#'	I/O
9	DGND'	-	10	/LPC_3S_AD(3)'	I/O
11	/CLK_R_PCIE_WLAN#'	I/O	12	/LPC_3S_AD(2)'	I/O
13	/CLK_R_PCIE_WLAN'	I/O	14	/LPC_3S_AD(1)'	I/O
15	DGND'	-	16	/LPC_3S_AD(0)'	I/O
17	/BUF_PLT_RST#'	I/O	18	DGND'	-
19	/CLK_R_MINICARD2'	I/O	20	/WXMIT_OFF#'	-
21	DGND'	-	22	/BUF_PLT_RST#'	I/O
23	/PCIE_C_RXN_WLAN'	I/O-	24	/+V3A_WLAN'	-
25	/PCIE_C_RXP_WLAN'	I/O	26	DGND'	-
27	DGND'	-	28	/+V1.5S'	-
29	DGND'	-	30	/ICH_3A_ALERT_CLK'	I/O
31	/PCIE_C_TXN_WLAN'	I/O	32	/ICH_3A_ALERT_DAT'	I/O
33	/PCIE_C_TXP_WLAN'	I/O	34	DGND'	-
35	DGND'	-	36	/USB_P5N'	I/O
37	-	-	38	/USB_P5P'	I/O
39	-	-	40	DGND'	-
41	-	-	42	-	-
43	-	-	44	-	-
45	-	-	46	-	-
47	-	-	48	/+V1.5S'	-
49	-	-	50	DGND'	-
51	/PCI_3S_SERIRQ'	I/O	52	/+V3S'	-

**C.11 CN11 Internal Micro Phone Connector (2-Pin)**

Table C-11 Internal Micro Phone Connector pin assignments (2-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	ANAGND'	-	2	/MIC_IN'	-

## C.12 CN12 Touch Pad Connector (6-Pin)

Table C-12 Touch Pad Connector pin assignments (6-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/TP_LED_ON'	I/O
3	/IM_CLK_5'	I/O	4	/IM_DAT_5'	I/O
5	-	-	6	/+V5S'	-

## C.13 CN13 Internal Keyboard Connector (34-Pin)

Table C-13 Internal Keyboard Connector pin assignments (34-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/N\$9563'	-	2	/N\$9561'	-
3	/N\$9559'	-	4	/+V3S'	-
5	/SCAN_IN(1)'	O	6	/SCAN_IN(6)'	O
7	/SCAN_IN(5)'	O	8	/SCAN_IN(0)'	O
9	/SCAN_IN(4)'	O	10	/SCAN_IN(3)'	O
11	/SCAN_IN(2)'	O	12	/SCAN_IN(7)'	O
13	/SCAN_OUT(3)'	I	14	/SCAN_OUT(7)'	I
15	/SCAN_OUT(12)'	I	16	/SCAN_OUT(8)'	I
17	/SCAN_OUT(14)'	I	18	/SCAN_OUT(10)'	I
19	/SCAN_OUT(6)'	I	20	/SCAN_OUT(5)'	I
21	/SCAN_OUT(9)'	I	22	/SCAN_OUT(11)'	I
23	/SCAN_OUT(0)'	I	24	/SCAN_OUT(1)'	I
25	/SCAN_OUT(15)'	I	26	/SCAN_OUT(13)'	I
27	/SCAN_OUT(2)'	I	28	/SCAN_OUT(4)'	I
29	/+V3S'	-	30	-	-
31	-	-	32	/N\$9566'	-
33	-	-	34	/+V3S'	-

**C.14 CN14 FingerPrint/B Connector (4-Pin)***Table C-14 FingerPrint/B Connector pin assignments (4-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/USB_P8P'	I/O
3	/USB_P8N'	I/O	4	/+V3S'	-

**C.15 CN15 FM Connector (2-Pin)***Table C-15 FM Connector pin assignments (2-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	'/FM_R'	I	2	'/FM_L'	I

**C.16 CN16 FELICA Connector (6-Pin)***Table C-16 FELICA Connector pin assignments (6-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/+V5S_FELICA'	-	2	/USB_R_P9N'	I/O
3	/USB_R_P9P'	I/O	4	DGND'	-
5	/N\$60268'	-	6	/FM_FREQ_IN'	I/O

**C.17 CN17 Express Card Connector (26-Pin)***Table C-17 Express Cad Connector pin assignments (26-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/USB_P4N'	I/O
3	/USB_P4P'	I/O	4	/CPUSB#'	I/O
5	-	-	6	-	-
7	/ICH_3A_ALERT_CLK'	I/O	8	/ICH_3A_ALERT_DAT'	I/O
9	/+V1.5_EXP'	-	10	/+V1.5_EXP'	-
11	/PCIE_WAKE#'	I/O	12	/+V3AUX_EXP'	-

13	/PERST#'	I/O	14	/+V3_EXP'	-
15	/+V3_EXP'	-	16	/N\$67486'	I/O
17	/CPPE#'	I/O	18	/CLK_R_PCIE_NCARD#'	I/O
19	/CLK_R_PCIE_NCARD'	I/O	20	DGND'	-
21	/PCIE_C_RXN_NCARD'	I/O	22	/PCIE_C_RXP_NCARD'	I/O
23	DGND'	-	24	/PCIE_C_TXN_NCARD'	I/O
25	/PCIE_C_TXP_NCARD'	I/O	26	DGND'	-

### C.18 CN18 USB Port#2#3 Connector (8-Pin)

Table C-18 USB Port#2#3 Connector pin assignments (8-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/USB_L_P2N'	I/O
3	/USB_L_P2P'	I/O	4	/USB_VCC2'	-
5	/USB_VCC2'	-	6	/USB_L_P3N'	I/O
7	/USB_L_P3P'	I/O	8	DGND'	-

### C.19 CN19 Blue Tooth Connector (10-Pin)

Table C-19 Blue Tooth Connector pin assignments (10-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/USB_R_P6P'	I/O	2	DGND'	-
3	/USB_R_P6N'	I/O	4	/CH_CLK'	I/O
5	/BTMDL#'	I/O	6	/N\$8937'	-
7	/+V3_BT'	-	8	/CH_DATA'	I/O
9	/N\$8948'	-	10	DGND'	-

### C.20 CN800 Battery Connector (9-Pin )

Table C-20 Battery Connector pin assignments (9-Pin )

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O

1	/N\$30808'	-	2	/N\$30808'	I/O-
3	/N\$71402'	I/O	4	DGND'	O
5	/N\$70795'	I/O	6	/N\$83390'	O
7	/N\$83389'	I/O	8	DGND'	-
9	DGND'	-			

### C.21 CN801 DC-IN Connector (4-Pin)

Table C-21 DC-IN Connector pin assignments (4-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/N\$30560'	I	2	/N\$30560'	I
3	DGND'	-	4	DGND'	-

### C.22 CN802 FAN Connector (3-Pin)

Table C-22 FAN Connector pin assignments (3-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	VCC	-	2	DGND	-
3	FAN_TACH1'	O	-	-	-

### C.23 CN803 VGA CARD Connector (230-Pin)

Table C-23 VGA Card Connector pin assignments (230-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/+V1.8S'	-	123	/PEG_C_RXN6'	I/O
2	/+V1.8S'	-	124	/PEG_C_TXN6'	I/O
3	/+V1.8S'	-	125	/PEG_C_RXP6'	I/O
4	/+V1.8S'	-	126	/PEG_C_TXP6'	I/O
5	/+V1.8S'	-	127	DGND'	-
6	/+V1.8S'	-	128	DGND'	-

7	/+V1.8S'	-	129	/PEG_C_RXN5'	I/O
8	/+V1.8S'	-	130	/PEG_C_TXN5'	I/O
9	/+V1.8S'	-	131	/PEG_C_RXP5'	I/O
10	/+V1.8S'	-	132	/PEG_C_TXP5'	I/O
11	/+V1.8S'	-	133	DGND'	-
12	/+V1.8S'	-	134	DGND'	-
13	/+V1.8S'	-	135	/PEG_C_RXN4'	I/O
14	/+V1.8S'	-	136	/PEG_C_TXN4'	I/O
15	/+V1.8S'	-	137	/PEG_C_RXP4'	I/O
16	/+V1.8S'	-	138	/PEG_C_TXP4'	I/O
18	/+V1.8S'	-	139	DGND'	-
19	DGND'	-	140	DGND'	-
20	/+V1.8S'	-	141	/PEG_C_RXN3'	I/O
21	DGND'	-	142	/PEG_C_TXN3'	I/O
22	/+V1.8S'	-	143	/PEG_C_RXP3'	I/O
23	DGND'	-	144	/PEG_C_TXP3'	I/O
24	/+V1.8S'	-	145	DGND'	-
37	DGND'	-	146	DGND'	-
38	/LCM_3S_VDDEN'	I/O	147	/PEG_C_RXN2'	I/O
39	/LCM_BKL滕'	I/O	148	/PEG_C_TXN2'	I/O
40	/LCM_DDCPCLK'	I/O	149	/PEG_C_RXP2'	I/O
41	/N\$36073'	-	150	/PEG_C_TXP2'	I/O
42	/LCM_DDCPDATA'	I/O	151	DGND'	-
43	DGND'	-	152	DGND'	-
44	DGND'	-	153	/PEG_C_RXN1'	I/O
45	/LVDS_TXCUP'	I/O	154	/PEG_C_TXN1'	I/O
46	/LVDS_TXDL1P'	I/O	155	/PEG_C_RXP1'	I/O
47	/LVDS_TXCUN'	I/O	156	/PEG_C_TXP1'	I/O
48	/LVDS_TXDL1N'	I/O	157	DGND'	-
49	DGND'	-	158	DGND'	-
50	DGND'	-	159	/PEG_C_RXN0'	I/O
51	/LVDS_TXDU2P'	I/O	160	/PEG_C_TXN0'	I/O
52	/LVDS_TXDL0P'	I/O	161	/PEG_C_RXP0'	I/O
53	/LVDS_TXDU2N'	I/O	162	/PEG_C_TXP0'	I/O
54	/LVDS_TXDL0N'	I/O	163	DGND'	-

55	DGND'	-	164	DGND'	-
56	DGND'	-	165	/CRTR'	I/O
57	/LVDS_TXDU0P'	I/O	166	/CLK_R_PEG_REF'	I/O
58	/LVDS_TXDL2P'	I/O	167	DGND'	-
59	/LVDS_TXDU0N'	I/O	168	/CLK_R_PEG_REF#'	I/O
60	/LVDS_TXDL2N'	I/O	169	/CRTG'	I/O
61	DGND'	-	170	DGND'	-
62	DGND'	-	171	DGND'	-
63	/LVDS_TXDU1P'	I/O	172	/SVID_LUMA'	I/O
64	/LVDS_TXCLP'	I/O	173	/CRTB'	I/O
65	/LVDS_TXDU1N'	I/O	174	DGND'	-
66	/LVDS_TXCLN'	I/O	175	DGND'	-
67	DGND'	-	176	/SVID_CHROMA'	I/O
68	DGND'	-	177	/CRT_VSYNC'	I/O
69	/PEG_C_RXN15'	I/O	178	DGND'	-
70	/PEG_C_TXN15'	I/O	179	/CRT_HSYNC'	I/O
71	/PEG_C_RXP15'	I/O	180	/HDMI_TX2N'	I/O
72	/PEG_C_TXP15'	I/O	181	/CRT_DDCCLK'	I/O
73	DGND'	-	182	/HDMI_TX2P'	I/O
74	DGND'	-	183	/CRT_DDCDATA'	I/O
75	/PEG_C_RXN14'	I/O	184	DGND'	I/O
76	/PEG_C_TXN14'	I/O	185	/HPDET'	I/O
77	/PEG_C_RXP14'	I/O	186	/HDMI_TX1N'	I/O
78	/PEG_C_TXP14'	I/O	187	/HDMI_DDCCLK_VGA'	I/O
79	DGND'	-	188	/HDMI_TX1P'	I/O
80	DGND'	-	189	/HDMI_DDCDATA_VGA'	I/O
81	/PEG_C_RXN13'	I/O	190	DGND'	I/O
82	/PEG_C_TXN13'	I/O	191	/BUF_PLT_RST#'	I/O
83	/PEG_C_RXP13'	I/O	192	/HDMI_TX0N'	I/O
84	/PEG_C_TXP13'	I/O	193	/SLP_S3_5R'	I/O
85	DGND'	-	194	/HDMI_TX0P'	I/O
86	DGND'	-	195	/THRM_SHUTDOWN#'	-
87	/PEG_C_RXN12'	I/O	196	DGND'	-
88	/PEG_C_TXN12'	I/O	197	/SLP_S3#_5R'	I/O
89	/PEG_C_RXP12'	I/O	198	/HDMI_TXCN'	I/O

90	/PEG_C_TXP12'	I/O	199	/VGA_THERM_DATA'	I/O
91	DGND'	-	200	/HDMI_TXCP'	I/O
92	DGND'	-	201	/VGA_THERM_CLK'	I/O
93	/PEG_C_RXN11'	I/O	202	DGND'	-
94	/PEG_C_TXN11'	I/O	203	/VGA_ID_S'	I/O
95	/PEG_C_RXP11'	I/O	204	/CLK_R_NONSS_27M'	I/O
96	/PEG_C_TXP11'	I/O	206	/CLK_R_SS_27M'	I/O
97	DGND'	-	208	DGND'	-
98	DGND'	-	210	DGND'	-
99	/PEG_C_RXN10'	I/O	211	/+V3S'	-
100	/PEG_C_TXN10'	I/O	212	DGND'	-
101	/PEG_C_RXP10'	I/O	213	/+V3S'	-
102	/PEG_C_TXP10'	I/O	216	/+V5A'	-
103	DGND'	-	217	/HDMI_AUDIO_EN'	I/O
104	DGND'	-	218	/+V5A'	-
105	/PEG_C_RXN9'	I/O	222	DGND'	-
106	/PEG_C_TXN9'	I/O	224	DGND'	-
107	/PEG_C_RXP9'	I/O	225	DGND'	-
108	/PEG_C_TXP9'	I/O	226	DGND'	-
109	DGND'	-	227	DGND'	-
110	DGND'	-	228	DGND'	-
111	/PEG_C_RXN8'	I/O	229	DGND'	-
112	/PEG_C_TXN8'	I/O	230	DGND'	-
113	/PEG_C_RXP8'	I/O	233	/+VBAT'	-
114	/PEG_C_TXP8'	I/O	234	/+VBAT'	-
115	DGND'	-	235	/+VBAT'	-
116	DGND'	-	236	/+VBAT'	-
117	/PEG_C_RXN7'	I/O	237	/+VBAT'	-
118	/PEG_C_TXN7'	I/O	238	/+VBAT'	-
119	/PEG_C_RXP7'	I/O	239	/+VBAT'	-
120	/PEG_C_TXP7'	I/O	240	/+VBAT'	-
121	DGND'	-	241	/+VBAT'	-
122	DGND'	-	242	/+VBAT'	-

## C.24 CN804 DDR2 DIMM0 Socket (200-Pin)

Table C-24 DDR2 DIMM0 Socket pin assignments (200-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/M_VREF'	I/O	2	DGND'	-
3	DGND'	-	4	/MA_DATA(4)'	I/O
5	/MA_DATA(0)'	I/O	6	/MA_DATA(5)'	I/O
7	/MA_DATA(1)'	I/O	8	DGND'	-
9	DGND'	-	10	/MA_DM(0)'	I/O
11	/MA_DQS#(0)'	I/O	12	DGND'	-
13	/MA_DQS(0)'	I/O	14	/MA_DATA(6)'	I/O
15	DGND'	-	16	/MA_DATA(7)'	I/O
17	/MA_DATA(2)'	I/O	18	DGND'	-
19	/MA_DATA(3)'	I/O	20	/MA_DATA(12)'	I/O
21	DGND'	-	22	/MA_DATA(13)'	I/O
23	/MA_DATA(8)'	I/O	24	DGND'	-
25	/MA_DATA(9)'	I/O	26	/MA_DM(1)'	O
27	DGND'	-	28	DGND'	-
29	/MA_DQS#(1)'	I/O	30	/MA_CLK_DDR1'	I/O
31	/MA_DQS(1)'	I/O	32	/MA_CLK_DDR1#'	I/O
33	DGND'	-	34	DGND'	-
35	/MA_DATA(10)'	I/O	36	/MA_DATA(14)'	I/O
37	/MA_DATA(11)'	I/O	38	/MA_DATA(15)'	I/O
39	DGND'	-	40	DGND'	-
41	DGND'	-	42	DGND'	-
43	/MA_DATA(16)'	I/O	44	/MA_DATA(20)'	I/O
45	/MA_DATA(17)'	I/O	46	/MA_DATA(21)'	I/O
47	DGND'	-	48	DGND'	O
49	/MA_DQS#(2)'	I/O	50	/PM_EXTTS#0'	I/O
51	/MA_DQS(2)'	I/O	52	/MA_DM(2)'	I/O
53	DGND'	-	54	DGND'	-
55	/MA_DATA(18)'	I/O	56	/MA_DATA(22)'	I/O
57	/MA_DATA(19)'	I/O	58	/MA_DATA(23)'	I/O
59	DGND'	-	60	DGND'	-
61	/MA_DATA(24)'	I/O	62	/MA_DATA(28)'	I/O

63	/MA_DATA(25)'	I/O	64	/MA_DATA(29)'	I/O
65	DGND'	-	66	DGND'	I/O
67	/MA_DM(3)'	I/O	68	/MA_DQS#(3)'	I/O
69	-	-	70	/MA_DQS(3)'	I/O
71	DGND'	-	72	DGND'	-
73	/MA_DATA(26)'	I/O	74	/MA_DATA(30)'	I/O
75	/MA_DATA(27)'	I/O	76	/MA_DATA(31)'	I/O
77	DGND'	-	78	DGND'	-
79	/MA_CKE0'	O	80	/MA_CKE1'	I
81	/+V1.8'	-	82	/+V1.8'	-
83	/MA_BA2'	I/O	84	/MA_A(14)'	-
85	/+V1.8'	-	86	/+V1.8'	-
87	/MA_DATA(26)'	I/O	88	DGND'	-
89	/MA_A(12)'	I/O	90	/MA_A(11)'	I/O
91	/MA_A(9)'	I/O	92	/MA_A(7)'	I/O
93	/MA_A(8)'	I/O	94	/MA_A(6)'	I/O
95	/+V1.8'	-	96	/+V1.8'	-
97	/MA_A(5)'	I/O	98	/MA_A(4)'	I/O
99	/MA_A(3)'	I/O	100	/MA_A(2)'	I/O
101	/MA_A(1)'	I/O	102	/MA_A(0)'	I/O
103	/+V1.8'	-	104	/+V1.8'	-
105	/MA_A(10)'	I/O	106	/MA_BA1'	I/O
107	/MA_BA0'	I/O	108	/MA_RAS#'	I/O
109	/MA_WE#'	I/O	110	/MA_CS0#'	I/O
111	/+V1.8'	-	112	/+V1.8'	-
113	/MA_CAS#'	I/O	114	/MA_ODT0'	I/O
115	/MA_CS1#'	I/O	116	/MA_A(13)'	I/O
117	/+V1.8'	-	118	/+V1.8'	-
119	/MA_ODT1'	I/O	120	-	-
121	DGND'	-	122	DGND'	-
123	/MA_DATA(32)'	I/O	124	/MA_DATA(36)'	I/O
125	/MA_DATA(33)'	I/O	126	/MA_DATA(37)'	I/O
127	DGND'	-	128	DGND'	-
129	/MA_DQS#(4)'	O	130	/MA_DM(4)'	I/O
131	/MA_DQS(4)'	I/O	132	DGND'	-

133	DGND'	-	134	/MA_DATA(38)'	I/O
135	/MA_DATA(34)'	I/O	136	/MA_DATA(39)'	I/O
137	/MA_DATA(35)'	I/O	138	DGND'	-
139	DGND'	-	140	/MA_DATA(44)'	I/O
141	/MA_DATA(40)'	I/O	142	/MA_DATA(45)'	I/O
143	/MA_DATA(41)'	I/O	144	DGND'	-
145	DGND'	-	146	/MA_DQS#(5)'	I/O
147	/MA_DM(5)'	I/O	148	/MA_DQS(5)'	I/O
149	DGND'	-	150	DGND'	-
151	/MA_DATA(42)'	I/O	152	/MA_DATA(46)'	I/O
153	/MA_DATA(43)'	I/O	154	/MA_DATA(47)'	I/O
155	DGND'	-	156	DGND'	-
157	/MA_DATA(48)'	I/O-	158	/MA_DATA(52)'	I/O
159	/MA_DATA(49)'	I/O	160	/MA_DATA(53)'	I/O
161	DGND'	-	162	DGND'	-
163	-	-	164	/MA_CLK_DDR2'	O
165	DGND'	O	166	/MA_CLK_DDR2#'	I/O
167	/MA_DQS#(6)'	I/O	168	DGND'	-
169	/MA_DQS(6)'	O	170	/MA_DM(6)'	I/O
171	DGND'	-	172	DGND'	-
173	/MA_DATA(50)'	I/O	174	/MA_DATA(54)'	I/O
175	/MA_DATA(51)'	I/O	176	/MA_DATA(55)'	I/O
177	DGND'	-	178	DGND'	-
179	/MA_DATA(56)'	I/O	180	/MA_DATA(60)'	I/O
181	/MA_DATA(57)'	I/O	182	/MA_DATA(61)'	I/O
183	DGND'	-	184	DGND'	-
185	/MA_DM(7)'	I/O	186	/MA_DQS#(7)'	I/O
187	DGND'	-	188	/MA_DQS(7)'	I/O
189	/MA_DATA(58)'	I/O	190	DGND'	-
191	/MA_DATA(59)'	I/O	192	/MA_DATA(62)'	I/O
193	DGND'	-	194	/MA_DATA(63)'	I/O
195	/ICH_3S_SMDATA'	I/O	196	DGND'	-
197	/ICH_3S_SMCLK'	I/O	198	/N\$4112'	-
199	/+V3S'	-	200	/N\$4114'	-

## C.25 CN805 DDR2 DIMM1 Socket (200-Pin)

Table C-25 DDR2 DIMM1 Socket pin assignments (200-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/M_VREF'	I/O	2	DGND'	-
3	DGND'	-	4	/MB_DATA(4)'	I/O
5	/MB_DATA(0)'	I/O	6	/MB_DATA(5)'	I/O-
7	/MB_DATA(1)'	I/O	8	DGND'	-
9	DGND'	-	10	/MB_DM(0)'	I/O
11	/MB_DQS#(0)'	I/O	12	DGND'	-
13	/MB_DQS(0)'	I/O	14	/MB_DATA(6)'	I/O
15	DGND'	-	16	/MB_DATA(7)'	I/O
17	/MB_DATA(2)'	I/O	18	DGND'	-
19	/MB_DATA(3)'	I/O	20	/MB_DATA(12)'	I/O
21	DGND'	-	22	/MB_DATA(13)'	I/O
23	/MB_DATA(8)'	I/O	24	DGND'	-
25	/MB_DATA(9)'	I/O	26	/MB_DM(1)'	O
27	DGND'	-	28	DGND'	-
29	/MB_DQS#(1)'	I/O	30	/MB_CLK_DDR1'	I/O
31	/MB_DQS(1)'	I/O	32	/MB_CLK_DDR1#'	I/O
33	DGND'	-	34	DGND'	-
35	/MB_DATA(10)'	I/O	36	/MB_DATA(14)'	I/O
37	/MB_DATA(11)'	I/O	38	/MB_DATA(15)'	I/O
39	DGND'	-	40	DGND'	-
41	DGND'	-	42	DGND'	-
43	/MB_DATA(16)'	I/O	44	/MB_DATA(20)'	I/O
45	/MB_DATA(17)'	I/O	46	/MB_DATA(21)'	I/O
47	DGND'	-	48	DGND'	O
49	/MB_DQS#(2)'	I/O	50	/PM_EXTTS#0'	I/O
51	/MB_DQS(2)'	I/O	52	/MB_DM(2)'	I/O
53	DGND'	-	54	DGND'	-
55	/MB_DATA(18)'	I/O	56	/MB_DATA(22)'	I/O
57	/MB_DATA(19)'	I/O	58	/MB_DATA(23)'	I/O
59	DGND'	-	60	DGND'	-
61	/MB_DATA(24)'	I/O	62	/MB_DATA(28)'	I/O

63	/MB_DATA(25)'	I/O	64	/MB_DATA(29)'	I/O
65	DGND'	-	66	DGND'	I/O
67	/MB_DM(3)'	I/O	68	/MB_DQS#(3)'	I/O
69	-	-	70	/MB_DQS(3)'	I/O
71	DGND'	-	72	DGND'	-
73	/MB_DATA(26)'	I/O	74	/MB_DATA(30)'	I/O
75	/MB_DATA(27)'	I/O	76	/MB_DATA(31)'	I/O
77	DGND'	-	78	DGND'	-
79	/MB_CKE0'	O	80	/MB_CKE1'	I
81	/+V1.8'	-	82	/+V1.8'	-
83	/MB_BA2'	I/O	84	/MB_A(14)'	-
85	/+V1.8'	-	86	/+V1.8'	-
87	/MB_DATA(26)'	I/O	88	DGND'	-
89	/MB_A(12)'	I/O	90	/MB_A(11)'	I/O
91	/MB_A(9)'	I/O	92	/MB_A(7)'	I/O
93	/MB_A(8)'	I/O	94	/MB_A(6)'	I/O
95	/+V1.8'	-	96	/+V1.8'	-
97	/MB_A(5)'	I/O	98	/MB_A(4)'	I/O
99	/MB_A(3)'	I/O	100	/MB_A(2)'	I/O
101	/MB_A(1)'	I/O	102	/MB_A(0)'	I/O
103	/+V1.8'	-	104	/+V1.8'	-
105	/MB_A(10)'	I/O	106	/MB_BA1'	I/O
107	/MB_BA0'	I/O	108	/MB_RAS#'	I/O
109	/MB_WE#'	I/O	110	/MB_CS0#'	I/O
111	/+V1.8'	-	112	/+V1.8'	-
113	/MB_CAS#'	I/O	114	/MB_ODT0'	I/O
115	/MB_CS1#'	I/O	116	/MB_A(13)'	I/O
117	/+V1.8'	-	118	/+V1.8'	-
119	/MB_ODT1'	I/O	120	-	-
121	DGND'	-	122	DGND'	-
123	/MB_DATA(32)'	I/O	124	/MB_DATA(36)'	I/O
125	/MB_DATA(33)'	I/O	126	/MB_DATA(37)'	I/O
127	DGND'	-	128	DGND'	-
129	/MB_DQS#(4)'	O	130	/MB_DM(4)'	I/O
131	/MB_DQS(4)'	I/O	132	DGND'	-

133	DGND'	-	134	/MB_DATA(38)'	I/O
135	/MB_DATA(34)'	I/O	136	/MB_DATA(39)'	I/O
137	/MB_DATA(35)'	I/O	138	DGND'	-
139	DGND'	-	140	/MB_DATA(44)'	I/O
141	/MB_DATA(40)'	I/O	142	/MB_DATA(45)'	I/O
143	/MB_DATA(41)'	I/O	144	DGND'	-
145	DGND'	-	146	/MB_DQS#(5)'	I/O
147	/MB_DM(5)'	I/O	148	/MB_DQS(5)'	I/O
149	DGND'	-	150	DGND'	-
151	/MB_DATA(42)'	I/O	152	/MB_DATA(46)'	I/O
153	/MB_DATA(43)'	I/O	154	/MB_DATA(47)'	I/O
155	DGND'	-	156	DGND'	-
157	/MB_DATA(48)'	I/O-	158	/MB_DATA(52)'	I/O
159	/MB_DATA(49)'	I/O	160	/MB_DATA(53)'	I/O
161	DGND'	-	162	DGND'	-
163	-	-	164	/MB_CLK_DDR2'	O
165	DGND'	O	166	/MB_CLK_DDR2#'	I/O
167	/MB_DQS#(6)'	I/O	168	DGND'	-
169	/MB_DQS(6)'	O	170	/MB_DM(6)'	I/O
171	DGND'	-	172	DGND'	-
173	/MB_DATA(50)'	I/O	174	/MB_DATA(54)'	I/O
175	/MB_DATA(51)'	I/O	176	/MB_DATA(55)'	I/O
177	DGND'	-	178	DGND'	-
179	/MB_DATA(56)'	I/O	180	/MB_DATA(60)'	I/O
181	/MB_DATA(57)'	I/O	182	/MB_DATA(61)'	I/O
183	DGND'	-	184	DGND'	-
185	/MB_DM(7)'	I/O	186	/MB_DQS#(7)'	I/O
187	DGND'	-	188	/MB_DQS(7)'	I/O
189	/MB_DATA(58)'	I/O	190	DGND'	-
191	/MB_DATA(59)'	I/O	192	/MB_DATA(62)'	I/O
193	DGND'	-	194	/MB_DATA(63)'	I/O
195	/ICH_3S_SMDATA'	I/O	196	DGND'	-
197	/ICH_3S_SMCLK'	I/O	198	/N\$4112'	-
199	/+V3S'	-	200	/N\$4114'	-

**C.26 CN806 S-VIDEO Connector (4-Pin)***Table C-26 S-VIDEO Connector pin assignments (4-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	DGND'	-
3	/SVID_L_LUMA'	I/O	4	/SVID_L_CHROMA'	I/O

**C.27 CN808 HDMI Connector (19-Pin)***Table C-27 HDMI Connector pin assignments (19-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/HDMI_L_TX2P'	I/O	2	DGND'	-
3	/HDMI_L_TX2N'	I/O	4	/HDMI_L_TX1P'	I/O
5	DGND'	-	6	/HDMI_L_TX1N'	I/O
7	/HDMI_L_TX0P'	I/O	8	DGND'	-
9	/HDMI_L_TX0N'	I/O	10	/HDMI_L_TXCP'	I/O
11	DGND'	-	12	/HDMI_L_TXCN'	I/O
13	/HDMI_CEC'	I/O	14	-	-
15	/HDMI_DDCCLK'	O	16	/HDMI_DDCDATA'	I/O
17	DGND'	-	18	/N\$11126'	-
19	/N\$11124'	-	-	-	-

**C.28 CN809 ODD Connector (13-Pin)***Table C-28 ODD Connector pin assignments (13-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND	-	2	SATA_C_TXP5'	I/O
3	SATA_C_TXN5	I/O	4	DGND	-
5	SATA_C_RXN5'	I/O	6	SATA_C_RXP5'	I/O
7	DGND	-	8	-	-
9	V5S'	-	10	V5S'	-
11	-	-	12	DGND'	-
13	DGND'	-	14	-	-

## C.29 CN810 ROBSON Card Connector (52-Pin)

Table C-29 ROBSON Card Connector pin assignments (52-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	-	-	2	/+V3S'	-
3	-	-	4	DGND'	-
5	-	-	6	/+V1.5S'	-
7	/CLKREQ_R_ROBSON#'	I/O	8	-	-
9	DGND'	-	10	-	-
11	/CLK_R_PCIE_ROBSON#'	I/O	12	-	-
13	/CLK_R_PCIE_ROBSON'	I/O	14	-	-
15	DGND'	-	16	-	-
17	DGND'	-	18	DGND'	-
19	-	-	20	-	-
21	DGND'	-	22	/BUF_PLT_RST#'	I/O
23	/PCIE_C_RXN_ROBSON'	I/O-	24	-	-
25	/PCIE_C_RXP_ROBSON'	I/O	26	DGND'	-
27	DGND'	-	28	/+V1.5S'	-
29	DGND'	-	30	-	-
31	/PCIE_C_TXN_ROBSON'	I/O	32	-	-
33	/PCIE_C_TXP_ROBSON'	I/O	34	DGND'	-
35	DGND'	-	36	-	-
37	-	-	38	-	-
39	-	-	40	DGND'	-
41	-	-	42	-	-
43	-	-	44	-	-
45	-	-	46	-	-
47	-	-	48	/+V1.5S'	-
49	-	-	50	DGND'	-
51	-	-	52	/+V3S'	-

**C.30 CN811 USB Port#0 Connector (4-Pin)***Table C-30 USB Port#0 Connector pin assignments (4-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/USBVCC1'	-	2	/USB_L_P0-'	I/O
3	/USB_L_P0+'	I/O	4	USB_GND'	-

**C.31 CN812 HDD#0 Connector (22-Pin)***Table C-31 HDD#0 Connector pin assignments (22-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/SATA_C_TXP0'	I/O
3	/SATA_C_TXN0'	I/O	4	DGND'	-
5	/SATA_RXN0'	I/O	6	/SATA_RXP0'	I/O
7	DGND'	-	8	-	-
9	-	-	10	-	-
11	DGND'	-	12	DGND'	-
13	DGND'	-	14	/+V5S'	-
15	/+V5S'	-	16	/+V5S'	-
17	DGND'	-	18	-	-
19	DGND'	-	20	-	-
21	-	-	22	-	-

**C.32 CN813 HDD#1 Connector (22-Pin)***Table C-32 HDD#1 Connector pin assignments (22-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/SATA_C_TXP1'	I/O
3	/SATA_C_TXN1'	I/O	4	DGND'	-
5	/SATA_RXN1'	I/O	6	/SATA_RXP1'	I/O
7	DGND'	-	8	-	-
9	-	-	10	-	-
11	DGND'	-	12	DGND'	-

13	DGND'	-	14	/+V5S'	-
15	/+V5S'	-	16	/+V5S'	-
17	DGND'	-	18	-	-
19	DGND'	-	20	-	-
21	-	-	22	-	-

**C.33 CN814 USB Port#1 Connector (4-Pin)**

Table C-33 USB Port#1 Connector pin assignments (4-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/USBVCC1'	-	2	/USB_L_P1N'	I/O
3	/USB_L_P1P'	I/O	4	DGND'	-

**C.34 CN815 CARD READER Socket (44-Pin)**

Table C-34 CARD READER Socket pin assignments (44-Pin)

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	DGND'	-	2	/MDIO08'	I/O -
3	/MDIO11'	I/O	4	/MDIO10'	I/O
5	/MDIO12'	I/O	6	/MDIO01'	I/O
7	/MDIO13'	I/O	8	/MDIO09'	I/O
9	/VCC_MC'	-	10	DGND'	-
11	/MDIO12'	I/O	12	/MDIO13'	I/O
13	/MDIO08'	I/O	14	DGND'	-
15	/VCC_MC'	-	16	/N\$86800'	I/O -
17	DGND'	-	18	DGND'	-
19	/MDIO10'	I/O	20	/MDIO11'	I/O
21	/MDIO00'	I/O	22	DGND'	-
23	/N\$11745'	I/O	24	DGND'	-
25	/MDIO03'	I/O	26	/MDIO09'	I/O
27	/MDIO02'	I/O	28	/MDIO18'	I/O

29	/MDIO19'	I/O	30	/MDIO08'	I/O -
31	/MDIO05'	I/O	32	DGND'	-
33	/MDIO10'	I/O	34	/MDIO11'	I/O
35	/MDIO12'	I/O	36	/MDIO13'	I/O
37	/MDIO14'	I/O	38	/MDIO15'	I/O
39	/MDIO16'	I/O	40	/MDIO17'	I/O
41	/VCC_MC'	-	42	-	-
43	/MDIO03'	I/O	44	DGND'	-

**C.35 CN816 IEEE 1394 Connector (4-Pin)***Table C-35 IEEE 1394 Connector pin assignments (4-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/1394_L_TPBO'N	I/O-	2	/1394_L_TPBO'P	I/O
3	/1394_L_TPA0'N	I/O	4	/1394_L_TPA0'P	I/O-

**C.36 CN9060 FM Tuner/B Connector (6-Pin)***Table C-36 FM Tuner/B Connector pin assignments (6-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/N\$79646'	I	2	/DB_FM_INT#'	O
3	GND_FM'	-	4	/N\$79648'	O
5	/N\$79651'	O	6	/N\$79638'	O

**C.37 CN9061 FM\_ANT Connector (2-Pin)***Table C-37 FM\_ANT Connector pin assignments (2-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O

1	'/FM_ANT'	I	2	'GND_FM'	-
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**C.38 CN9062 FM\_R\_L Connector (2-Pin)***Table C-38 FM\_R\_L Connector pin assignments (2-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	'/DB_FM_R'	I	2	'/DB_FM_L'	I

**C.39 JACK800 RJ45 Connector (12-Pin)***Table C-39 RJ45 Connector pin assignments (12-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	'/LAN_TDP'	I/O	2	'/LAN_TDN'	I/O
3	'/LAN_RDP'	I/O	4	'/LAN_CP'	I/O
5	'/LAN_CN'	I/O	6	'/LAN_RDN'	I/O
7	'/LAN_DP'	I/O	8	'/LAN_DN'	I/O
9	'/N\$10865'	I/O	10	'/LED_R3S_LANLINK#'	I/O
11	'/N\$10866'	I	12	'/N\$10879'	I

**C.40 JACK801 Head Phone with SPDIF Connector (8-Pin)***Table C-40 Head Phone with SPDIF Connector pin assignments (8-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	'/N\$49492'	O	7	'/HPS_JACK'	O
4	'/N\$49491'	O	A	'ANAGND'	-
5	'/N\$49481'	-	B	'/+V5S_SPDIF'	-
6	'ANAGND'	-	C	'/SPDIF'	O

**C.41 JACK802 MICRO Phone Connector (6-Pin)***Table C-41 MICRO Phone Connector pin assignments (6-Pin)*

Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O	Pin No.	Signal Name	I/O
1	/N\$10326'	-	2	/N\$10321'	-
3	/N\$10319'	-	4	/MICS'	I/O
5	ANAGND'	-	6	-	-

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## Appendix D Keyboard Scan/Character Codes

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Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (1/4)

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1		Code set 2		Note
		Make	Break	Make	Break	
01	' ~	29	A9	0E	F0	0E
02	1 !	02	82	16	F0	16
03	2 @	03	83	1E	F0	1E
04	3 #	04	84	26	F0	26
05	4 \$	05	85	25	F0	25
06	5 %	06	86	2E	F0	2E
07	6 ^	07	87	36	F0	36
08	7 &	08	88	3D	F0	3D
09	8 *	09	89	3E	F0	3E
10	9 (	0A	8A	46	F0	46
11	0 )	0B	8B	45	F0	45
12	- _	0C	8C	4E	F0	4E
13	= +	0D	8D	55	F0	55
14				7D	F0	7D
15	BkSp	0E	8E	66	F0	66
16	Tab	0F	8F	0D	F0	0D
17	Q	10	90	15	F0	15
18	W	11	91	1D	F0	1D
19	E	12	92	24	F0	24
20	R	13	93	2D	F0	2D
21	T	14	94	2C	F0	2C
22	Y	15	95	35	F0	35
23	U	16	96	3C	F0	3C
24	I	17	97	43	F0	43
25	O	18	98	44	F0	44
26	P	19	99	4D	F0	4D
27	[ {	1A	9A	54	F0	54
28	] }	1B	9B	5B	F0	5B

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (2/4)

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1		Code set 2		Note
		Make	Break	Make	Break	
29	\	2B	AB	5D	F0	5D
30	Caps Lock	3A	BA	58	F0	58
31	A	1E	9E	1C	F0	1C
32	S	1F	9F	1B	F0	1B
33	D	20	A0	23	F0	23
34	F	21	A1	2B	F0	2B
35	G	22	A2	34	F0	34
36	H	23	A3	33	F0	33
37	J	24	A4	3B	F0	3B
38	K	25	A5	42	F0	42
39	L	26	A6	4B	F0	4B
40	; :	27	A7	4C	F0	4C
41	' "	28	A8	52	F0	52
43	Enter	1C	9C	5A	F0	5A
44	Shift (L)	2A	AA	12	F0	12
45	No.102 key	56	D6	61	F0	61
46	Z	2C	AC	1A	F0	1A
47	X	2D	AD	22	F0	22
48	C	2E	AE	21	F0	21
49	V	2F	AF	2A	F0	2A
50	B	30	B0	32	F0	32
51	N	31	B1	31	F0	31
52	M	32	B2	3A	F0	3A
53	, <	33	B3	41	F0	41
54	. >	34	B4	49	F0	49
55	/ ?	35	B5	4A	F0	4A
56	\_		73	F0	73	
57	Shift (R)	36	B6	59	F0	59

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (3/4)

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1		Code set 2		Note	
		Make	Break	Make	Break		
58	Ctrl	1D	9D	14	F0	14	*3
60	Alt (L)	38	B8	11	F0	11	*3
61	Space	39	B9	29	F0	29	
62	ALT (R)	E0 38	E0 B8	E0 11	E0 F0	11	
75	Ins	E0 52	E0 D2	E0 70	E0 F0	70	*1
76	Del	E0 53	E0 D3	E0 71	E0 F0	71	*1
79	←	E0 4B	E0 CB	E0 6B	E0 F0	6B	*1
80	Home	E0 47	E0 C7	E0 6C	E0 F0	6C	*1
81	End	E0 4F	E0 CF	E0 69	E0 F0	69	*1
83	↑	E0 48	E0 C8	E0 75	E0 F0	75	*1
84	↓	E0 50	E0 D0	E0 72	E0 F0	72	*1
85	PgUp	E0 49	E0 C9	E0 7D	E0 F0	7D	*1
86	PgDn	E0 51	E0 D1	E0 7A	E0 F0	7A	*1
89	→	E0 4D	E0 CD	E0 74	E0 F0	74	*1
110	Esc	01	81	76	F0	76	
112	F1	3B	BB	05	F0	05	
113	F2	3C	BC	06	F0	06	
114	F3	3D	BD	04	F0	04	
115	F4	3E	BE	0C	F0	0C	
116	F5	3F	BF	03	F0	03	
117	F6	40	C0	0B	F0	0B	
118	F7	41	C1	83	F0	83	
119	F8	42	C2	0A	F0	0A	
120	F9	43	C3	01	F0	01	
121	F10	44	C4	09	F0	09	*3

Table D-1 Scan codes (set 1 and set 2) (4/4)

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1		Code set 2		Note	
		Make	Break	Make	Break		
122	F11	57	D7	78	F0	78	*3
123	F12	58	D8	7	F0	7	*3
124	PrintSc	*6	*6	*6	*6	*6	
126	Pause	*7	*7	*7	*7	*7	
202	Fn	—	—	—	—	*4	
203	Win	E0 5B	E0 DB	E0 1F	E0 F0	1F	
204	App	E0 5D	E0 DD	E0 2F	E0 F0	2F	
205	Kat/Hir			70	F0 70	*8	
206	Hen			79	F0 79	*8	
207	Muh			7B	F0 7B	*8	

**Notes:**

1. \* Scan codes differ by mode.
2. \* Scan codes differ by overlay function.
3. \* Combination with the **Fn** key makes different codes.
4. \* **Fn** key does not generate a code by itself.
5. \* This key corresponds to key No. 42 in a 102-key model.
6. \* Refer to Table D-6, No. 124 key scan code.
7. \* Refer to Table D-7, No. 126 key scan code.
8. \* 205~207 are for JAPAN keyboard only

Table D-2 Scan codes with left Shift key

Cap No.	Key top	Code set 1						Code set 2											
		Make			Break			Make			Break								
55	/	E0	AA	E0	35	E0	B5	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	4A	E0	F0	4A	E0	12
75	INS	E0	AA	E0	52	E0	D2	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	70	E0	F0	70	E0	12
76	DEL	E0	AA	E0	53	E0	D3	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	71	E0	F0	71	E0	12
79	←	E0	AA	E0	4B	E0	CB	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	6B	E0	F0	6B	E0	12
80	Home	E0	AA	E0	47	E0	C7	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	6C	E0	F0	6C	E0	12
81	End	E0	AA	E0	4F	E0	CF	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	69	E0	F0	69	E0	12
83	↑	E0	AA	E0	48	E0	C8	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	75	E0	F0	75	E0	12
84	↓	E0	AA	E0	50	E0	D0	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	72	E0	F0	72	E0	12
85	PgUp	E0	AA	E0	49	E0	C9	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	7D	E0	F0	7D	E0	12
86	PgDn	E0	AA	E0	51	E0	D1	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	7A	E0	F0	7A	E0	12
89	→	E0	AA	E0	4D	E0	CD	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	74	E0	F0	74	E0	12
203	Win	E0	AA	E0	5B	E0	DB	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	1F	E0	F0	1F	E0	12
204	App	E0	AA	E0	5D	E0	DD	E0	2A	E0	F0	12	E0	2F	E0	F0	2F	E0	12

**Note :** The table above shows scan codes with the left **Shift** key. In combination with the right **Shift** key, scan codes are changed as listed below:

	With left <b>Shift</b>	With right <b>Shift</b>
Set 1	E0 AA _____	E0 B6
	E0 2A _____	E0 36
Set 2	E0 F0 12 _____	E0 F0 59
	E0 12 _____	E0 59

Table D-3 Scan codes in Numlock mode

Cap No.	Key top	Code set 1						Code set 2					
		Make			Break			Make			Break		
75	INS	E0	2A	E0	52	E0	D2	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	70
76	DEL	E0	2A	E0	53	E0	D3	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	71
79	←	E0	2A	E0	4B	E0	CB	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	6B
80	Home	E0	2A	E0	47	E0	C7	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	6C
81	End	E0	2A	E0	4F	E0	CF	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	69
83	↑	E0	2A	E0	48	E0	C8	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	75
84	↓	E0	2A	E0	50	E0	D0	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	72
85	PgUp	E0	2A	E0	49	E0	C9	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	7D
86	PgDn	E0	2A	E0	51	E0	D1	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	7A
89	→	E0	2A	E0	4D	E0	CD	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	74
203	Win	E0	2A	E0	5B	E0	DB	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	1F
204	App	E0	2A	E0	5D	E0	DD	E0	AA	E0	12	E0	2F

Table D-4 Scan codes with Fn key

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1				Code set 2			
		Make		Break		Make		Break	
43	ENT	E0	1C	E0	9C	E0	5A	E0	F0 5A
58	CTRL	E0	1D	E0	9D	E0	14	E0	F0 14
60	LALT	E0	38	E0	B8	E0	11	E0	F0 11
121	ARROW		45		C5		77		F0 77
122	NUMERIC		45		C5		77		F0 77
123	Scrl		46		C5		7E		F0 7E

Table D-5 Scan codes in overlay mode

Cap No.	Keytop	Code set 1		Code set 2	
		Make	Break	Make	Break
08	7 (7)	47	C7	6C	F0 6C
09	8 (8)	48	C8	75	F0 75
10	9 (9)	49	C9	7D	F0 7D
11	0 (*)	37	B7	7C	F0 7C
23	U (4)	4B	CB	6B	F0 6B
24	I (5)	4C	CC	73	F0 73
25	O (6)	4D	CD	74	F0 74
26	P (-)	4A	CA	7B	F0 7B
37	J (1)	4F	CF	69	F0 69
38	K (2)	50	D0	72	F0 72
39	L (3)	51	D1	7A	F0 7A
40	; (+)	4E	CE	79	F0 79
52	M (0)	52	D2	70	F0 70
54	. (.)	53	D3	71	F0 71
55	/ (/)	E0 35	E0 B5	40 4A	E0 F0 4A

Table D-6 No.124 key scan code

Key top	Shift	Code set 1				Code set 2			
		Make		Break		Make		Break	
Prt Sc	Common	E0	2A	E0	37	E0	B7	E0	AA
	Ctrl +	E0	37			E0	B7	E0	7C
	Shift +	E0	37			E0	B7	E0	7C
	Alt +			54		D4		84	F0 B4

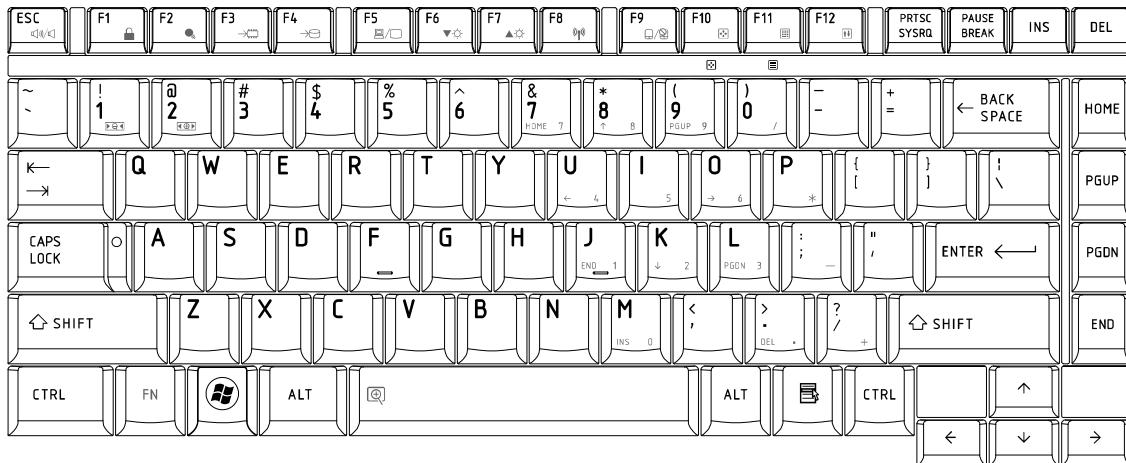
Table D-7 No.126 key scan code

Key top	Shift	Code set 1						Code set 2					
		Make						Make					
Pause	Common*	E1	1D	45	E1	9D	C5	E1	14	77	E1	F0	14
	Ctrl*	E0	46	E0	C6			E0	7E	E0	F0	7E	77

\*: This key generates only make codes.

## Appendix E Key Layout

## E.1 United States (US) Keyboard



*Figure E-1 US keyboard*

## E.2 Japan (JP) Keyboard



*Figure E-2 JP keyboard*

### E.3 Spanish (SP) Keyboard

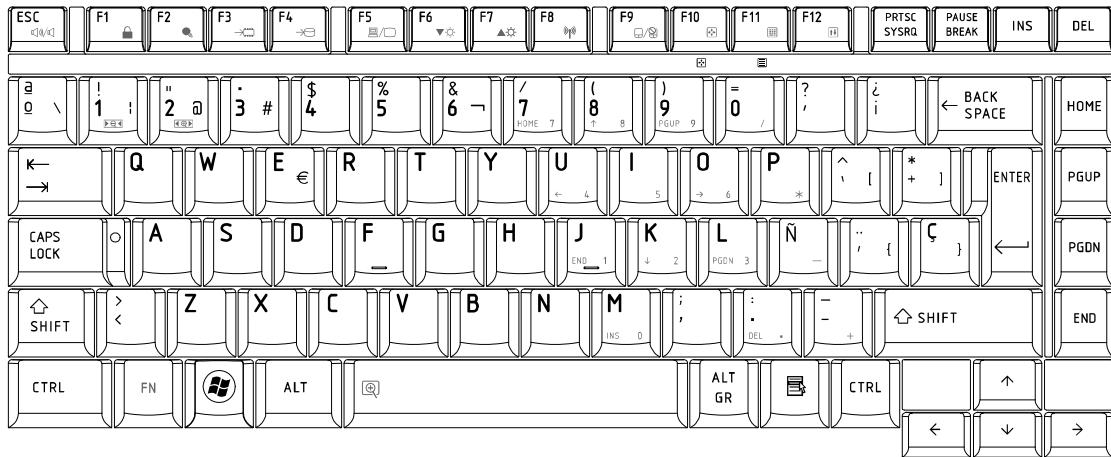


Figure E-3 SP keyboard

### E.4 Korean (KR) Keyboard

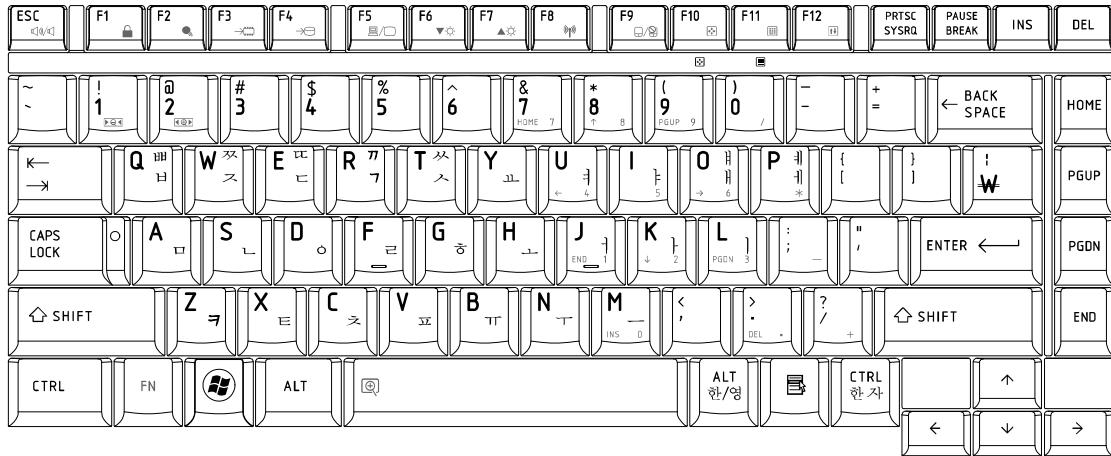


Figure E-4 KR keyboard

## E.5 Canadian Bilingual (QB) Keyboard



Figure E-5 QB keyboard

## E.6 French (FR) Keyboard

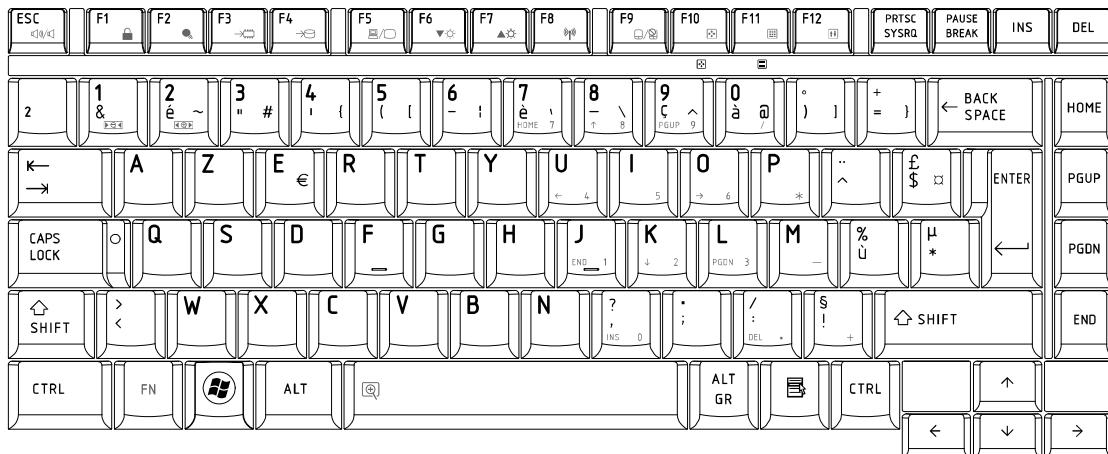


Figure E-6 FR keyboard

## E.7 German (GR) Keyboard

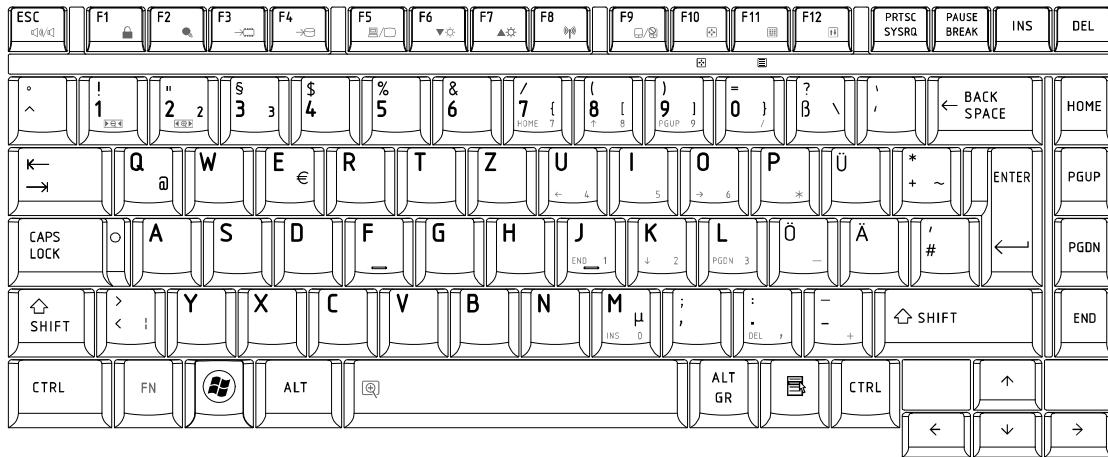


Figure E-7 GR keyboard

## E.8 Italian (IT) Keyboard

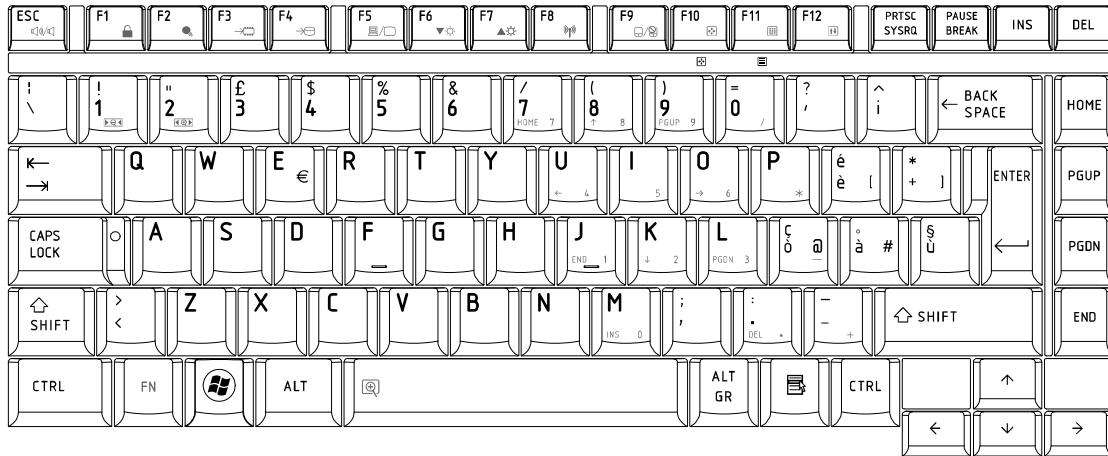


Figure E-8 IT keyboard

## E.9 Taiwan (TC) Keyboard



Figure E-9 TC keyboard

## E.10 Portuguese (PT) Keyboard

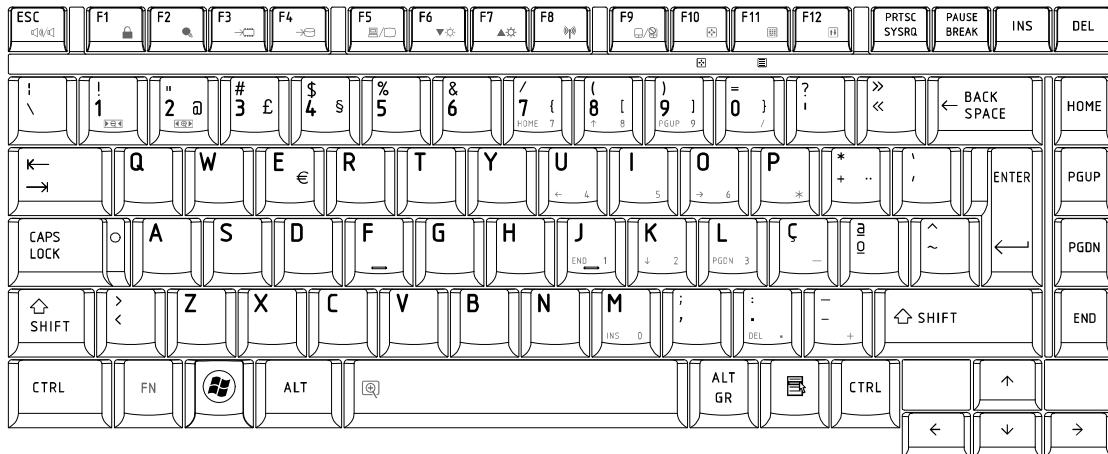
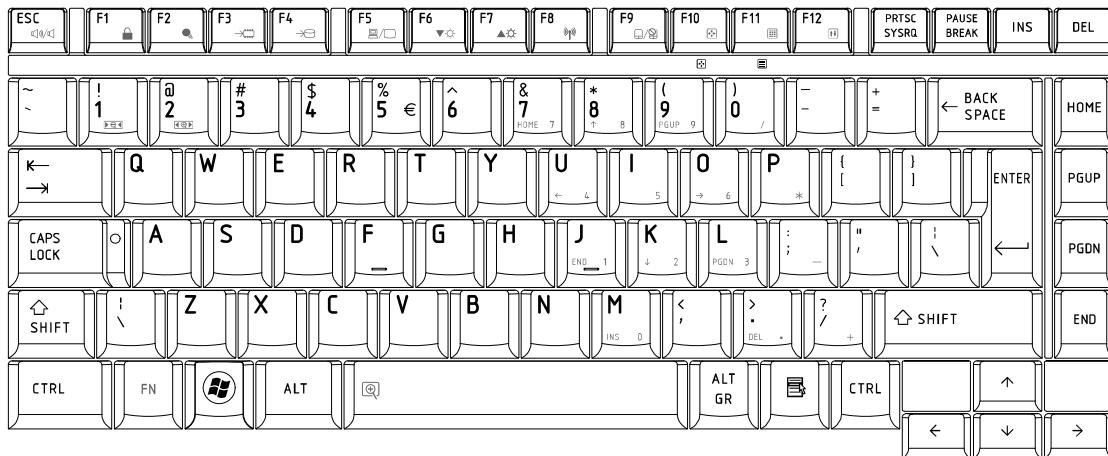


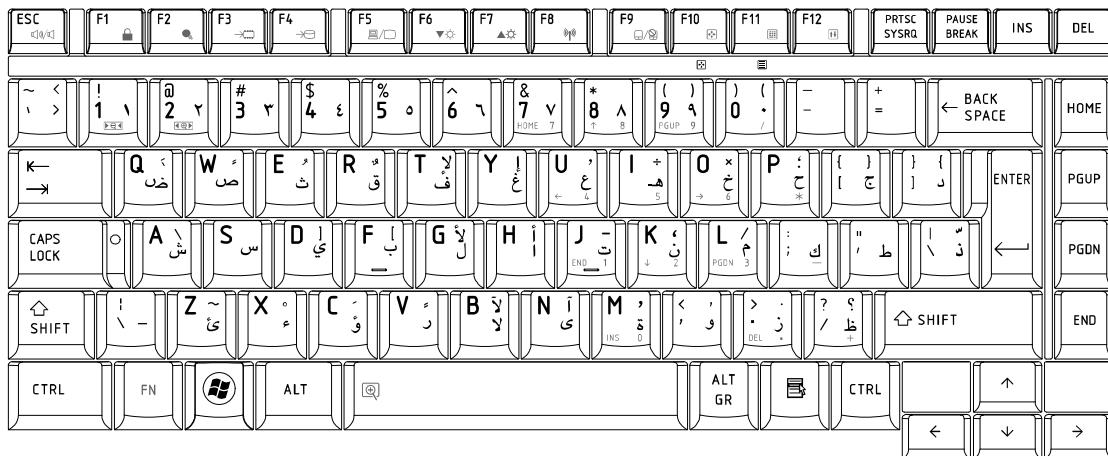
Figure E-10 PT keyboard

## E.11 DU, UE, US International (USE) Keyboard



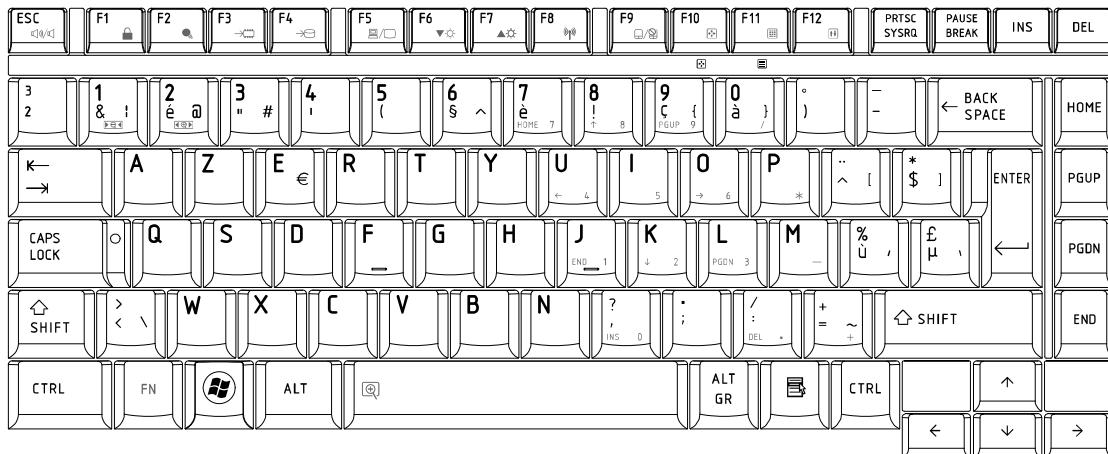
*Figure E-11 USE keyboard*

## E.12 Arabic (AR) Keyboard



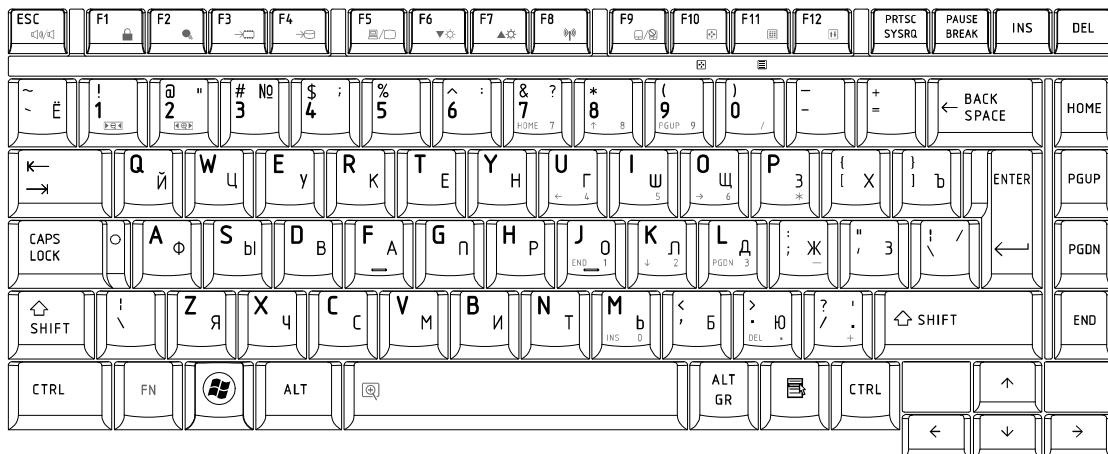
*Figure E-12 AR keyboard*

## E.13 Belgian (BE) Keyboard



*Figure E-13 BE keyboard*

## E.14 Russian (RU) Keyboard



*Figure E-14 RU keyboard*

## E.15 Swiss/Switzerland (SL) Keyboard

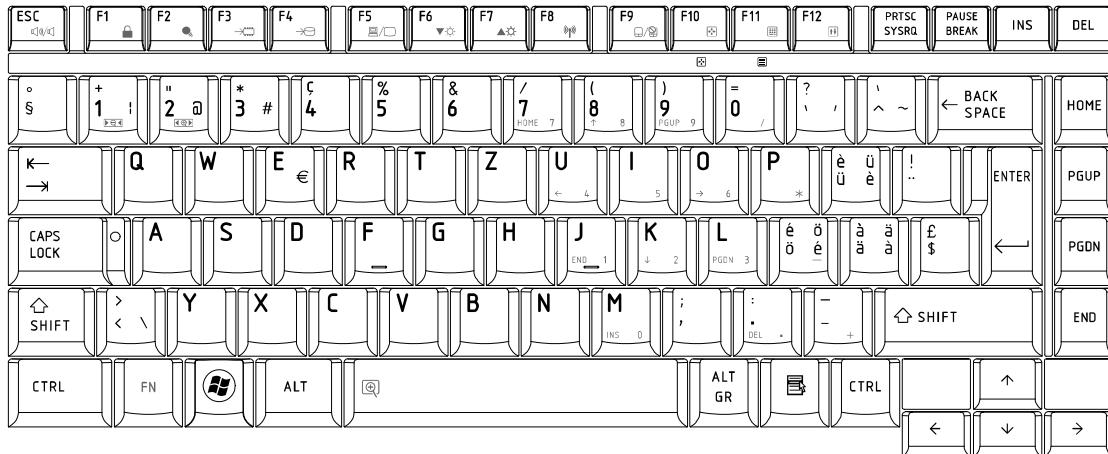


Figure E-15 SL keyboard

## E.16 Swedish (SW) Keyboard

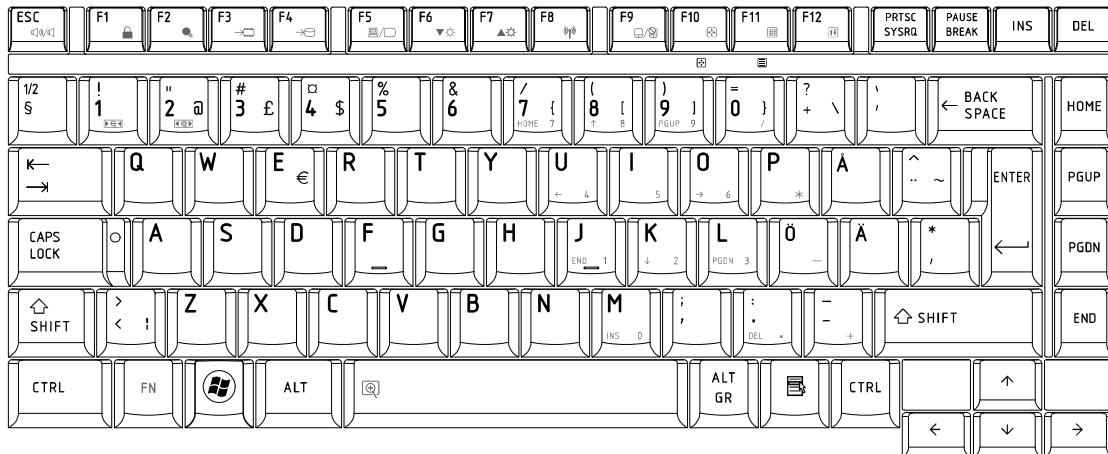


Figure E-16 SW keyboard

## E.17 Norwegian (NO) Keyboard

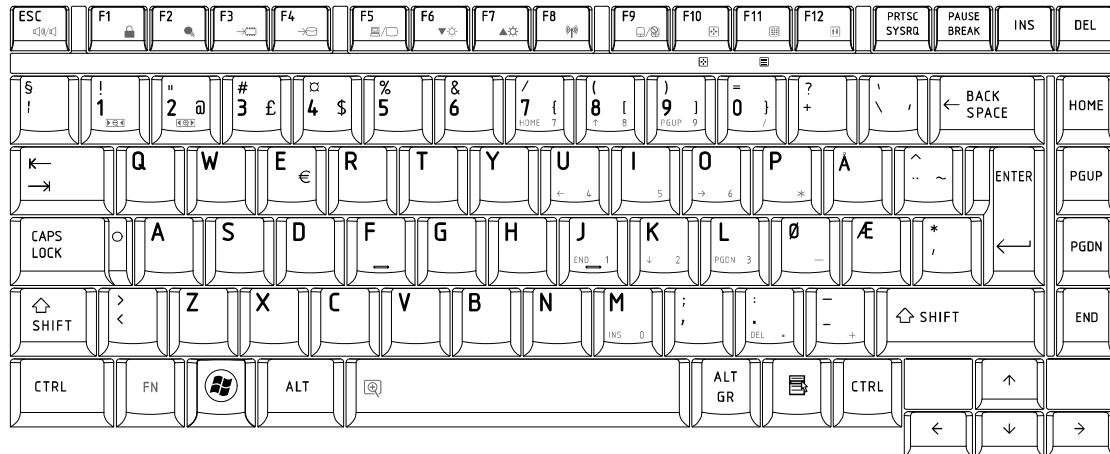


Figure E-17 NO keyboard

## E.18 Danish (DK) Keyboard

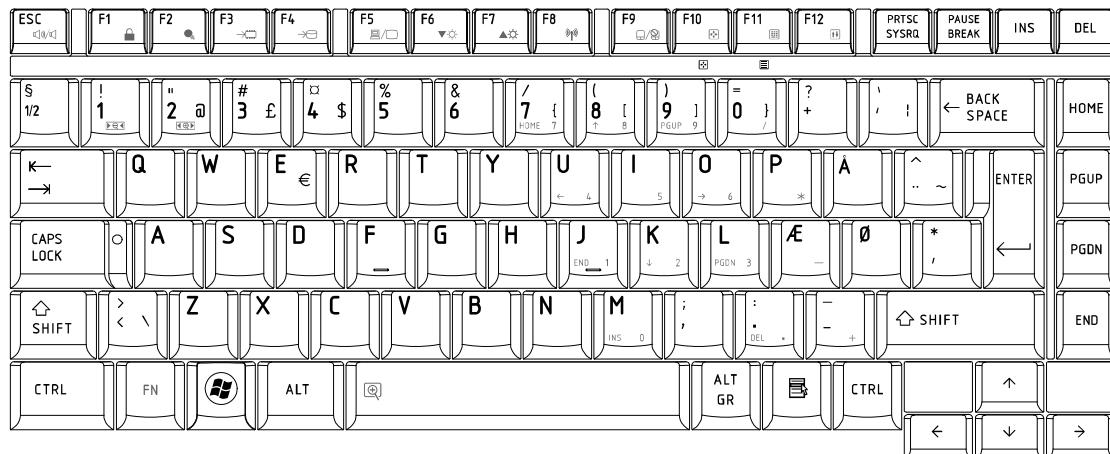


Figure E-18 DK keyboard

## E.19 Turkey (TR) Keyboard

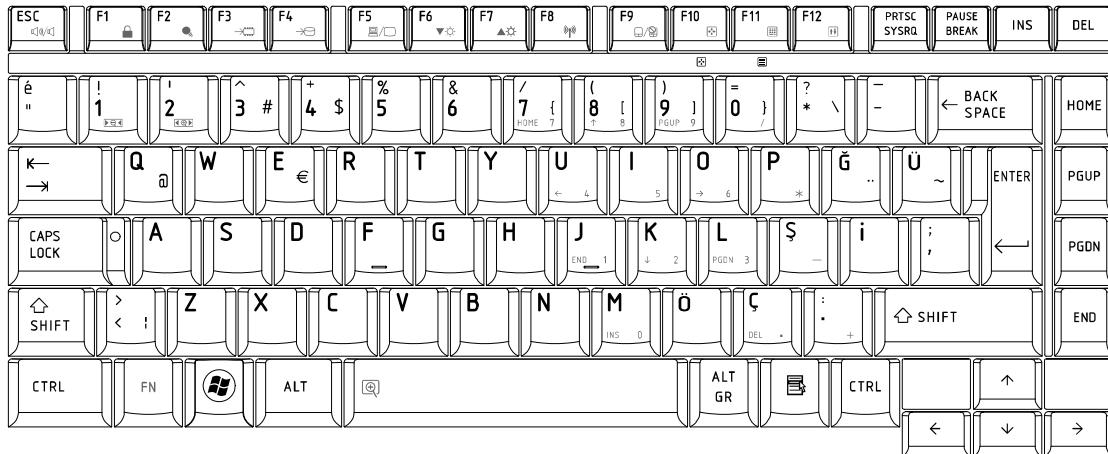


Figure E-19 TR keyboard

## E.20 Greek (GK) Keyboard

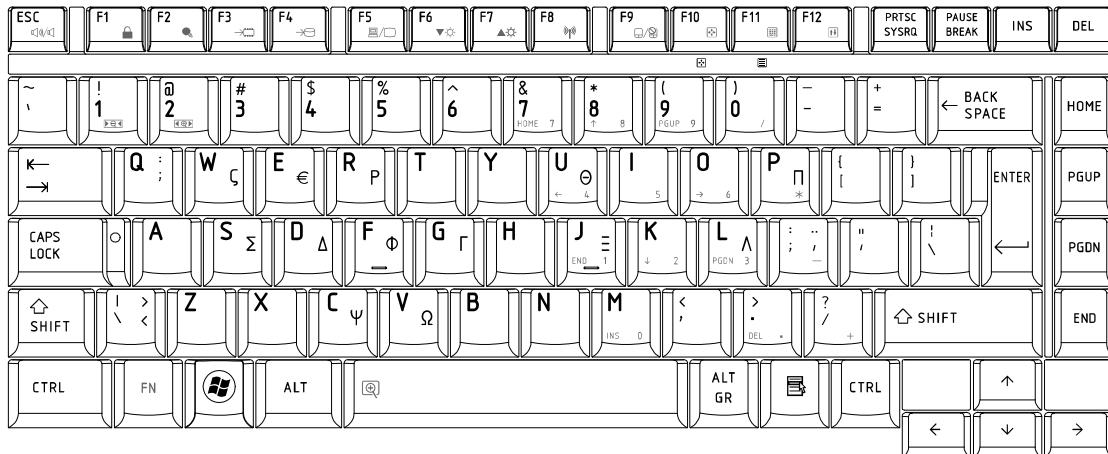
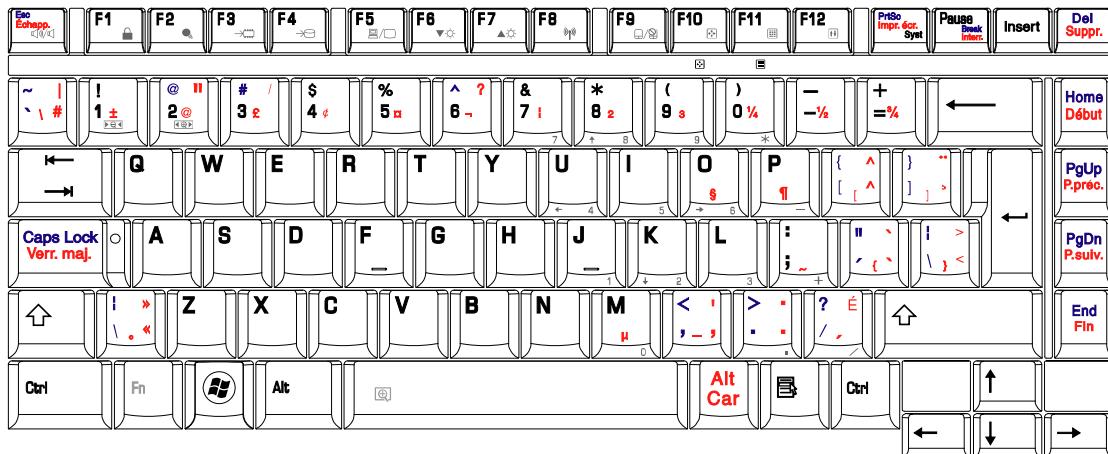


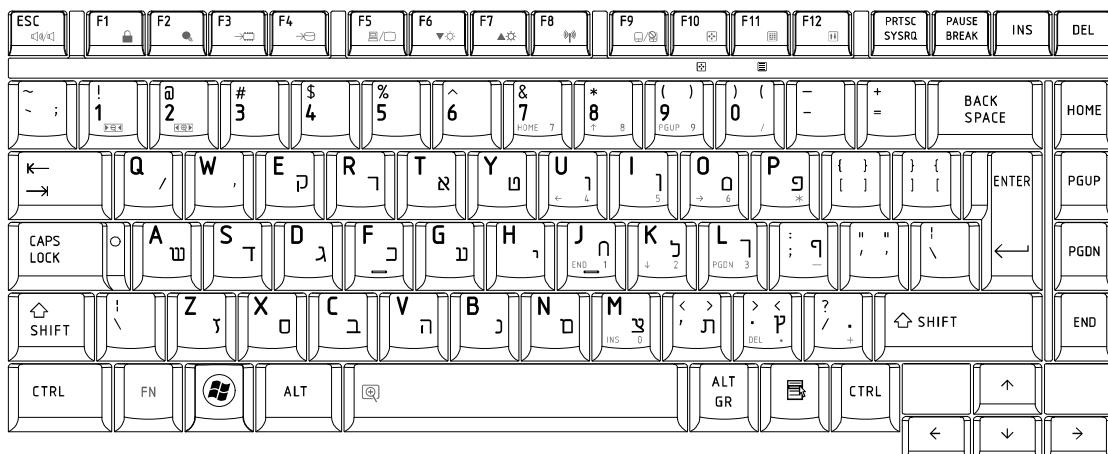
Figure E-20 GK keyboard

## E.21 Canadian Multinational (CM) Keyboard



*Figure E-21 CM keyboard*

## E.22 Hebrew (HE) Keyboard



*Figure E-22 HE keyboard*

## E.23 Czech (CZ) Keyboard

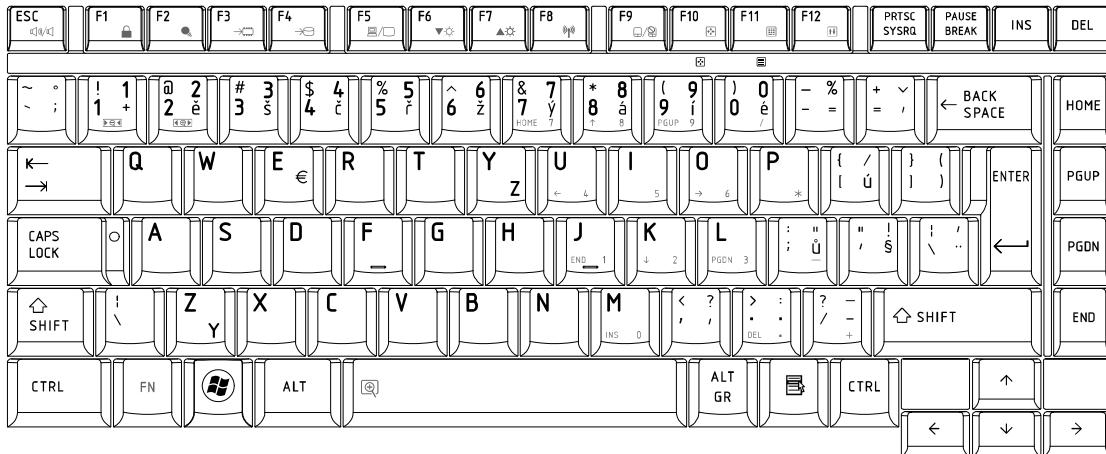


Figure E-23 CZ keyboard

## E.24 Scandinavian (N5) Keyboard

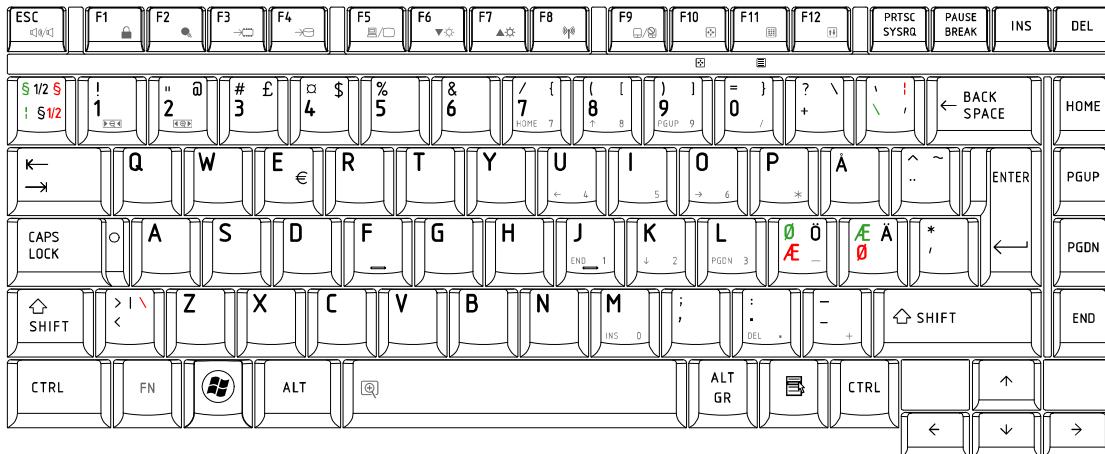


Figure E-24 N5 keyboard

## E.25 Hungary (HU) Keyboard

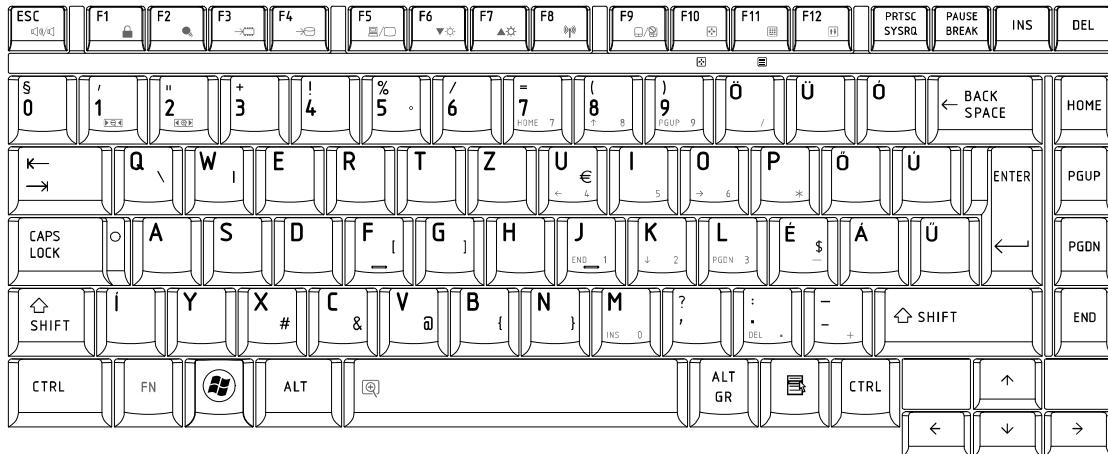


Figure E-25 HU keyboard

## E.26 Slovakian (SK) Keyboard

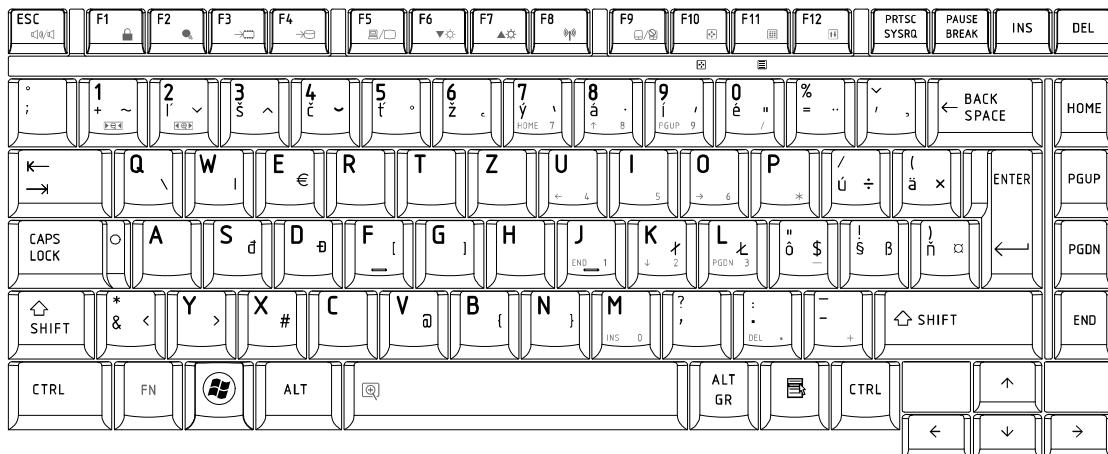
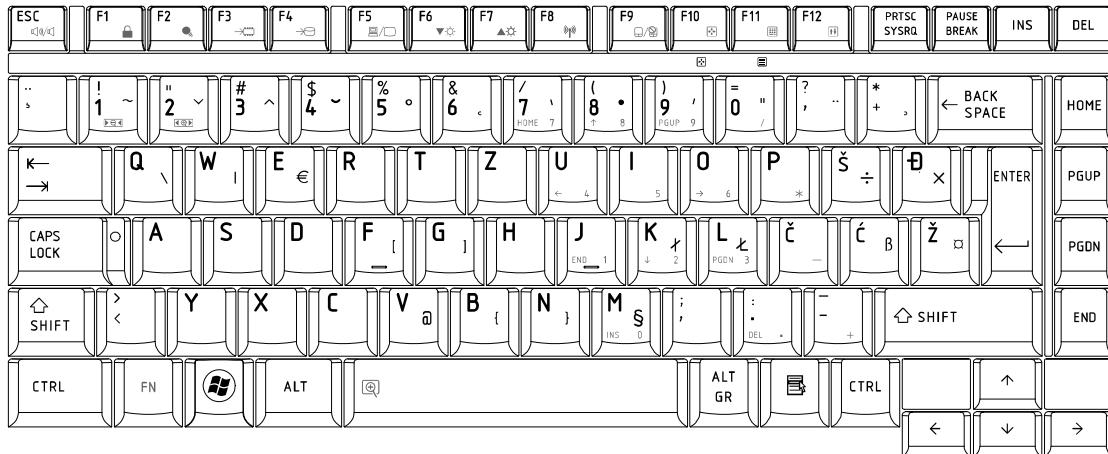


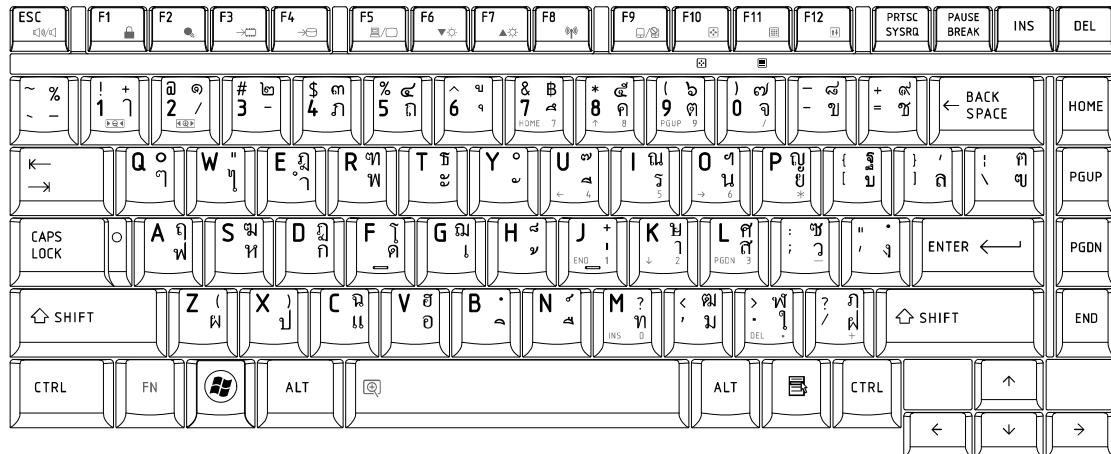
Figure E-26 SK keyboard

## E.27 Yugoslavia (YU) Keyboard



*Figure E-27 YU keyboard*

## E.28 Thai (TH) Keyboard



*Figure E-28 TH keyboard*

## E.29 United Kingdom (EN) Keyboard

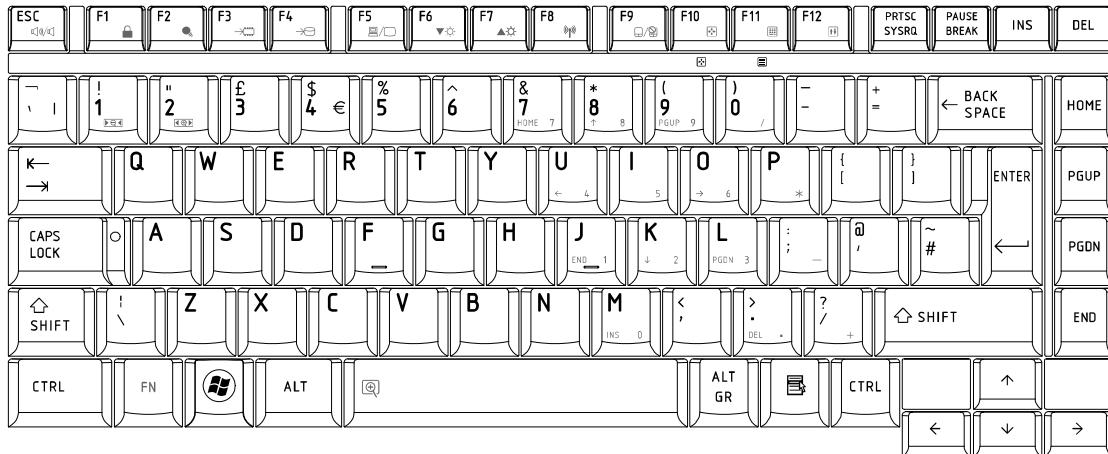


Figure E-29 EN keyboard

## E.30 Turkish F (TF) Keyboard

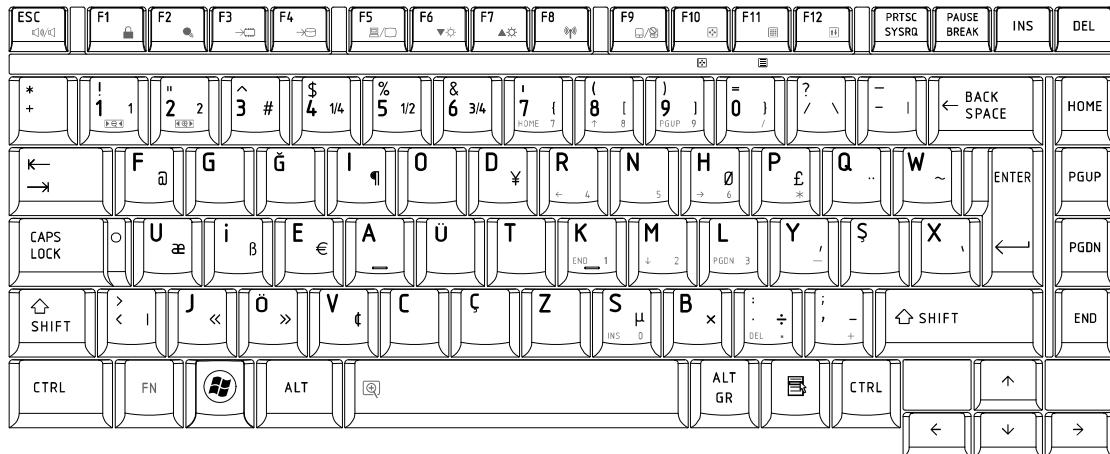


Figure E-30 TF keyboard

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## **Appendix F BIOS Rewrite Procedures**

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This Appendix explains how to rewrite the system BIOS program when you update the system BIOS .

### **Tools**

To rewrite the BIOS, you need the following tool:

- BIOS/EC/KBC rewriting disk for the computer that has renewed BIOS data.

### **Rewriting the BIOS**

1. Set the system to boot mode.
2. Turn off the power to the computer.
3. Remove the external cable and PC card.
4. Connect an external FDD and insert the BIOS/EC/KBC rewriting disk into either the external FDD.
5. Turn on the power while holding down the [~] key (on the left of the space key). (Keep holding down the key until a message appears on the screen.) The BIOS rewriting starts.
6. When the process is completed, eject the BIOS/EC/KBC rewriting disk and the system is automatically reset.

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## Appendix G EC/KBC Rewrite Procedures

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This Appendix explains how to rewrite the EC/KBC system program when you update the EC/KBC system.

### Tools

To rewrite the EC/KBC, you need the following tool:

- BIOS/EC/KBC rewriting disk for the computer

### Rewriting the EC/KBC

1. Set the system to boot mode.
2. Turn off the power to the computer.
3. Remove the external cable and PC Card.
4. Connect an external FDD and insert the BIOS/EC/KBC rewriting disk into either the external FDD.
5. Turn on the power while holding down the [~] key. (Keep holding down the key until a message appears on the screen.) The EC/KBC rewriting starts.
6. When the EC/KBC rewrite is completed, the system is automatically turned off.

*Note:*

1. Rewrite the EC/KBS only when instructed by a diagnostic disk release 1 notice.
2. Connect the AC adapter to the computer when you rewrite the EC/KBC.
3. Do not turn off the power while you are rewriting the EC/KBC. If the rewrite fails, it might be impossible to start up the computer.
4. If you fail to rewrite EC/KBC, then when you next turn on the power, a message may be displayed that the contents of the EC/KBC have been erased. In this case, insert the BIOS/EC/KBC rewriting disk, and the EC/KBC will be rewritten.
5. Normally it takes about 30 seconds to rewrite the EC/KBC. It may take 3 minutes (maximum), depending on the conditions of the computer or ICs. The computer is not hung up. Allow sufficient time. Never reboot or turn off the power to the computer before the rewriting is completed.