Final Assignment Models Predictors

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1. Problem definition.

Mobile robotics is a popular solution for exploration of hostile environments (such as toxic or radioactive environments) where a direct human intervention is not possible. In this project it is asked that each team implements a robotic explorer and simulates 3 different environments.

- 1.1 A total of 3 different environments needs to be simulated. Each environment needs to provide at least 3 conditions that can be sensed by the robot.
- 1.1.2 The robot needs to be able of moving from one environment to another.
- 1.1.3 Configuration of the environments (order) must be interchangeable.
- 1.1.4 The robot needs to acquire 3 or more sensor signals that can be use as predictors for supervised algorithms.

1.1 Controlled environments.

- Cold Room.
- Hot Room.
- · Toxic Room.

1.1.2 Robot characteristics.

The main features of our robot are as follows:

- MCU Arduino.
- Micromotors DC.
- PCB.
- Battery LIPO 7.4V 300mAh.
- Driver motor TB6612FNG.
- Bluetooth HC06.

1.1.3 Configuration environments.

The configuration of our 3 environments will be placed in cascade form one after the other, where our robot will take 50 samples for each environment, each of them will be made of cardboard boxes and conditioned for each situation mentioned.

1.1.4 Configuration Sensors.

Our robot has 3 analog sensors:

- Sensor for air quality measurement MQ135.
- Sensor Humidity DHT11.
- Sensor Temperature LM35(DHT11).

The prediction methods will be as follows:

- KNN.
- Logistic regression.
- Decision tree.
- Lasso regression.

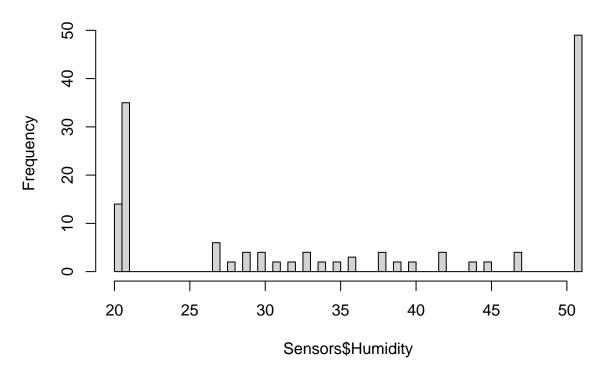
2. Arduino code program.

Code Source on repository GitHub

3. Methods for prediction.

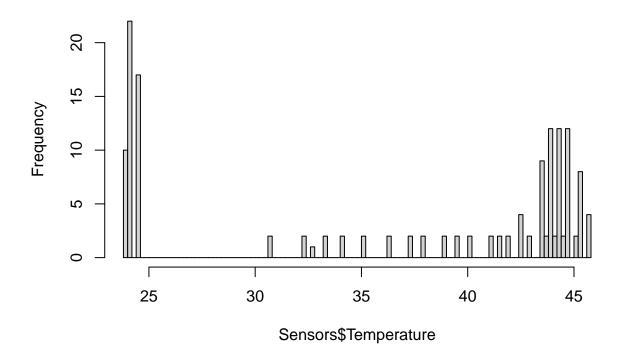
```
# Import the librarys
library (tidyverse)
library (caret)
library(psych)
library(ggplot2)
# Obtain the current folder path and its parent folder path
folder <- dirname(rstudioapi::getSourceEditorContext()$path)</pre>
parentFolder <- dirname(folder)</pre>
#Read CSV File for trainning
Sensors <- read_csv(file = paste0(parentFolder, "/Datasets/Train_data.csv")) %>% as.data.frame()
#Read CSV File for Predict
DataTest <- read_csv(file = paste0(parentFolder, "/Datasets/Model.csv")) %>% as.data.frame()
# Give our a summary for variables Humidity, Temperatura, PPM, Room
summary(Sensors)
##
       Humidity
                                         PPM
                     Temperature
                                                          Room
## Min.
          :20.00
                    Min.
                           :23.80
                                    Min. : 9.18
                                                     Length: 149
## 1st Qu.:21.00 1st Qu.:24.50
                                    1st Qu.: 17.64
                                                     Class : character
## Median :34.00 Median :41.60
                                                     Mode :character
                                    Median : 19.95
           :35.68
                           :36.28
## Mean
                  Mean
                                    Mean
                                           :160.63
## 3rd Qu.:51.00
                    3rd Qu.:44.40
                                    3rd Qu.:337.11
                           :45.70
## Max.
           :51.00
                  {\tt Max.}
                                    Max.
                                           :575.00
# Histogram of the linear model Humidity
hist(Sensors$Humidity,breaks = 100)
```

Histogram of Sensors\$Humidity



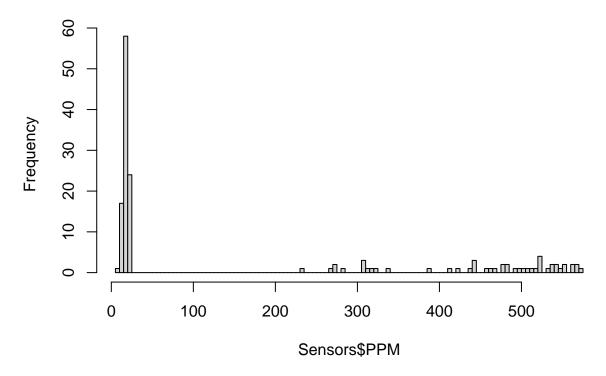
Histogram of the linear model Temperature
hist(Sensors\$Temperature,breaks = 100)

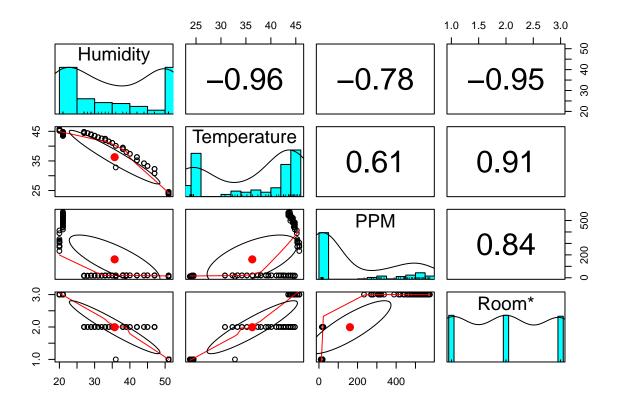
Histogram of Sensors\$Temperature



Histogram of the linear model PPM
hist(Sensors\$PPM,breaks = 100)

Histogram of Sensors\$PPM





```
predictors <- colnames(Sensors)[-3]</pre>
sample.index <- sample(1:nrow(Sensors)</pre>
                         ,nrow(Sensors)*0.3
                        ,replace = F)
train.data <- Sensors[sample.index,c(predictors, "Room"),drop=F]</pre>
test.data <- Sensors[-sample.index,c(predictors, "Room"),drop=F]</pre>
# Use 10-Fold cross-validation for all methods
Model <-trainControl(method="cv",number=10)</pre>
# Train Model Knn without processing
Model1 <- train(Room~.,data = Sensors,method="knn",trControl=Model)</pre>
Model1
## k-Nearest Neighbors
## 149 samples
##
     3 predictor
     3 classes: 'Cold', 'Hot', 'Toxic'
##
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 134, 134, 135, 134, 134, 134, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
```

```
##
##
   k Accuracy
               Kappa
##
   5 0.9933333 0.99
##
   7 0.9933333 0.99
##
     0.9933333 0.99
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was k = 9.
# Predict Model Knn without processing
Predict1 <- predict(Model1,newdata=DataTest,)</pre>
Predict1
Cold
                                                           Cold
## [13] Cold Cold Cold Cold Cold Cold Cold
                                            Cold
                                                 Cold
                                                      Cold
                                                           Cold
## [25] Cold Cold Cold
                    Cold
                         Cold
                              Cold
                                   Cold
                                        Cold
                                             Cold
                                                  Cold
                                                      Cold
                                                           Hot
## [37] Hot
                         Cold Hot
                                   Cold Hot
           Hot
                Hot
                    Hot
                                             Hot
                                                  Hot
                                                      Hot
                                                           Hot.
## [49] Hot
           Hot
                Hot
                    Hot
                         Hot
                              Hot
                                   Hot
                                        Hot
                                             Hot
                                                  Hot
                                                      Hot
                                                           Hot
## [61] Toxic Toxic
## [73] Toxic Toxic
## [85] Toxic Toxic Toxic Toxic Toxic Toxic Toxic Toxic Toxic Toxic
## Levels: Cold Hot Toxic
# Train Model Knn with processing
Model2 <- train(Room~.,data = Sensors,method="knn",preProcess=c("center","scale"),trControl=Model)</pre>
Model2
## k-Nearest Neighbors
##
## 149 samples
##
   3 predictor
##
    3 classes: 'Cold', 'Hot', 'Toxic'
##
## Pre-processing: centered (3), scaled (3)
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 134, 134, 134, 134, 135, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
               Kappa
   k Accuracy
##
   5 0.9933333 0.99
   7 0.9933333 0.99
##
   9 0.9933333 0.99
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was k = 9.
# Predict Model Knn with processing
Predict2 <- predict(Model2,newdata =DataTest,)</pre>
Predict2
```

[91] Hot Hot Hot Hot
Levels: Cold Hot Toxic