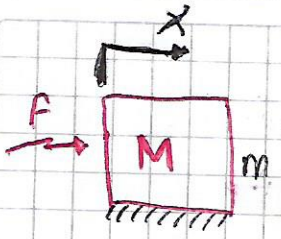
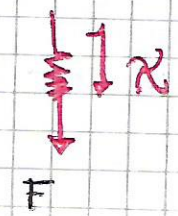
Isidoro Eduardo Reinoso D.

14/01/20

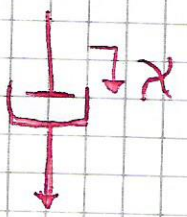


$f = m \frac{dx^2}{d(t)}$

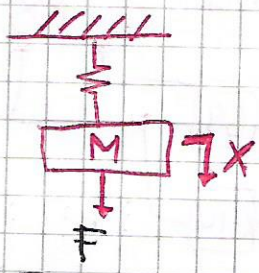
$F = m \cdot a$



K $F = KX$



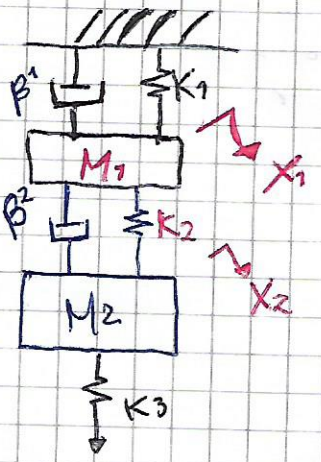
β $F = \beta \frac{dx}{dt}$



$F = F_K + F_m$

$F = \beta \frac{dx}{dt} + m \frac{d^2x}{dt}$

② $F = \beta x s + m x s^2$

③ $F = x(\beta s + m s^2)$

$\frac{X}{F} = \frac{1}{\beta s + m s^2}$