

<https://github.com/EduardLupu/flcd/lab3-scanner>

MyScanner:

I chose to implement it in the following way:

I keep 3 lists, with the following values: one for operators, one for separators and one for reservedWords.

I keep the filePath from where I will read the program.

I keep the SymbolTable in which I am going to store the identifiers and the constants.

I keep the ProgramInternalForm where I am going to store the tokens + identifiers + constants.

```
/**  
 * This is the constructor and here we initialize the symbolTable, the pif and the filePath  
 * @param filePath - represents the filePath from the while from where we are going to read the  
 program  
 */
```

Public MyScanner(String filePath)

```
/**  
 * In this method we read the content of the file and replace the tabs with ""  
 * @return - We return the content of the read file  
 * @throws FileNotFoundException if the file doesn't exist  
 */
```

Private String readFile() throws FileNotFoundException()

```
/**
```

* Practically, this method is some sort of wrapper for the real tokenize method, which prepares the array for the real process of splitting the tokens.

* In this method, we call the method for reading the content of the file, we concatenate the separators into a simple string, we use that string to split the program into a list of string where we have stored the tokens + identifiers + constants + the separators from the created string. In the end, the tokenize method is called, method which will create a List of pair which contains the token/identfier/constant + the number of the line on which it was placed.

* @return - the list of pairs composed of tokens/identifiers/constants + a pair which is composed from the number of the line and the number of column on which them were placed

*/

Private List<Pair<String, Integer>> createListOfProgramsElems()

/**

* Within this method, we go through each string from tokensToBe and look in what case are we:

* We can have 4 cases:

* 1) the case when we are managing a string

* -- a) where we are either at the start of the string and we start to create it

* -- b) we found the end of the string so we add it to our final list + the line and the column on which it is situated

* 2) the case when we are managing a char

* -- a) where we are either at the start of the char and we start to create it

* -- b) we found the end of the char so we add it to our final list + the line and the column on which it is situated

* 3) the case when we have a new line

* -- we simply increase the line number in this case

* -- we make the number column 1 again because we start a new line

* 4) the case when:

* -- a) if we have a string, we keep compute the string

* -- b) if we have a char, we compute the char

* -- c) if the token is different from " " (space) it means we found a token and we add it to our final list + the line and the column on which it is situated and we increase the column number

* Basically, in this method we go through the elements of the program and for each of them, if they compose a token/identifier/constant we add it to the final list and we compute also the line number on which each of the are situated. (we somehow tokenize the elems which compose the program)

* @param tokensToBe - the List of program elements (strings) + the separators

* @return - the list of pairs composed of tokens/identifiers/constants + a pair which is composed from the number of the line and the number of column on which them were placed

*/

Private List<Pair<String, Integer>> tokenize(List<String> tokensToBe)

/**

* In this method, we scan the list of created tokens and we classify each of them in a category:

* a) 2 - for reservedWords

* b) 3 - for operators

* c) 4 - for separators

* d) 0 - for constants

* e) 1 - for identifiers

* If the token is a constant or an identifier we add it to the Symbol Table

* After figuring out the category, we add them to the ProgramInternalForm + their position in the symbol table ((-1, -1) for anything that is not a constant and an identifier) + their category (0, 1, 2, 3, 4)

* If the token is not in any of the categories, we print a message with the line and the column of the error + the token which is invalid.

*/

Public void scan()

/**

*

* @return the ProgramInternalForm

*/

Public ProgramInternalForm getPif()

```

/**
 *
 * @return the SymbolTable
 */

```

Public SymbolTable getSymbolTable()

ProgramInternalForm:

My PIF class is made from a List in which I keep each token/identifier/constant + its position in the symbol table and a list of integers, where each integer represents the category of the string from the previous list (0 – constant, 1 - identifier, 2 - reservedWord, 3 – operator, 4 – separators).

```

/**
 * We initialize the two lists from the class
 */

```

public ProgramInternalForm()

```

/**
 * We add a token/identifier/constant to its list + their position in the symbol table and we also add
the category in the list of types

```

```

 * @param pair - Is a pair which is composed of the token/constant/idenfitier + its position in the
symbol table

```

```

 * @param type - The category of the token (2, 3, 4) or constant (0) or identifier (1)

```

```

 */

```

public void add(Pair<String, Pair<Integer, Integer>> pair, Integer type)

I have also changed the definition for my Pair class. It is now made as a generic data structure.