*Seu modelo de prova está na página seguinte

Curso de Inglês Instrumental Online

preparatório para Provas de Proficiência do Mestrado e Doutorado com Certificado de Proficiência







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Exame de Seleção 2018-1 - Inglês Programa de Pós-Graduação em Ciências dos Materiais

❖ INSTRUÇÕES GERAIS.

- 1. Este caderno de prova deve conter 20 questões de múltipla escolha.
- 2. O candidato deve identificar sua folha de resposta colocando seu número de candidato de modo legível.
- 3. Provas não devidamente identificadas receberão nota zero.
- 4. A folha de respostas deve ser preenchida com caneta esferográfica azul ou preta.
- 5. Na correção da folha de resposta, será atribuída nota 0 (zero) às questões não assinaladas ou que contiverem mais de uma alternativa assinalada, emenda ou rasura, ainda que legível.
- 6. O tempo de prova é de 3 horas, incluindo o tempo para marcação da folha de respostas.
- 7. O início da prova será autorizado pelo fiscal de sala.
- 8. O candidato poderá deixar a sala de prova após 30 (trinta) minutos de seu início.
- 9. Os dois últimos candidatos devem deixar a sala juntos.
- 10. O candidato poderá usar dicionário não digital para realizar a prova, seu uso é individual e não será permitido empréstimo entre os candidatos.
- 11. Durante a prova não será permitida qualquer espécie de consulta ou comunicação entre os candidatos nem uso de equipamento eletrônico.
- 12. Os objetos pessoais (celular, notebook, tablet, etc) deverão ser desligados e mantidos desta forma durante a realização da prova.
- 13. Certifique-se de entregar a prova e a folha de resposta ao final da prova para o fiscal de sala.
- 14. Cada questão tem apenas um item correto.
- 15. O caderno de prova NÃO poderá ser levado pelo candidato.



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PART I

The Causes of Floods

Floods are second only to fire as the most common of all natural disasters. They occur almost everywhere in the world, resulting in widespread damage and even death. Consequently, scientists have long tried to perfect their ability to predict floods. So far, the best that scientists can do is to recognize the potential for flooding in certain conditions. There are a number of conditions, from deep snow on the ground to human error, that cause flooding.

When deep snow melts it creates a large amount of water. Although deep snow alone rarely causes floods, when it occurs together with heavy rain and sudden warmer weather it can lead to serious flooding. If there is a fast snow melt on top of frozen or very wet ground, flooding is more likely to occur than when the ground is not frozen. Frozen ground or ground that is very wet and already saturated with water cannot absorb the additional water created by the melting snow. Melting snow also contributes to high water levels in rivers and streams. Whenever rivers are already at their full capacity of water, heavy rains will result in the rivers overflowing and flooding the surrounding land.

Rivers that are covered in ice can also lead to flooding. When ice begins to melt, the surface of the ice cracks and breaks into large pieces. These pieces of ice move and float down the river. They can form a dam in the river, causing the water behind the dam to rise and flood the land upstream. If the dam breaks suddenly, then the large amount of water held behind the dam can flood the areas downstream too.

Broken ice dams are not the only dam problems that can cause flooding. When a large human-made dam breaks or fails to hold the water collected behind it, the results can be devastating. Dams contain such huge amounts of water behind them that when sudden breaks occur, the destructive force of the water is like a great tidal wave. Unleashed dam waters can travel tens of kilometres, cover the ground in metres of mud and debris, and drown and crush every thing and creature in their path.

Although scientists cannot always predict exactly when floods will occur, they do know a great deal about when floods are likely, or probably, going to occur. Deep snow, ice-covered rivers, and weak dams are all strong conditions for potential flooding. Hopefully, this knowledge of why floods happen can help us reduce the damage they cause.



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ANSWER ACCORDING TO THE TEXT:

- 01. Which of the following words are NOT natural disasters?
- a) flood
- b) earthquake
- c) airplane crash
- d) typhoon
- e) NONE
- 02. Which of the following are included as causes for floods?
- a) droughts
- b) large lakes
- c) poorly built roads
- d) melting snow
- e) NONE
- 03. How does deep snow cause flooding?
- a) melting snow causes flooding
- b) too much rain causes flooding
- c) sudden warm temperatures combined with heavy rains causes flooding
- d) freezing water causes flooding
- e) NONE
- 04. A broken human-made dam is compared to what in the reading passage?
- a) a tsunami
- b) a tidal wave
- c) a broken ice dam
- d) overflowing
- e) NONE
- 05. Which of the following best describes how a frozen river can cause a flood.
- a) The ice in the river melts too quickly and causes a flood.
- b) The ice in the river cracks causing the water to overflow.
- c) The ice in the river cracks into pieces that eventually create a dam causing the water to overflow.
- d) The water behind the ice dam collects and when the dam breaks, it causes flooding upstream.
- e) NONE



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- 06. How far can dam water travel when it is unleashed from a broken dam?
- a) less than 10 kilometres
- b) tens of kilometres
- c) thousands of kilometres
- d) tens of thousands of kilometres downstream
- e) NONE
- 07. Why does saturated ground contribute to flooding problems?
- a) the ground cannot absorb more moisture.
- b) the ground is too hard, so the water runs off.
- c) the ground forms a kind of dam.
- d) it remains frozen.
- e) NONE
- 08. What is the most common natural disaster?
- a) flood
- b) fire
- c) wind damage
- d) rain
- e) NONE
- 09. How does melting snow cause problems related to flooding?
- a) it makes the rivers run too fast.
- b) it makes the water too cold.
- c) it causes pieces of ice to block the river.
- d) it makes the level of the river rise.
- e) NONE

PART II

- 10. Finish the sentence: "I have been living in Madrid ..."
- a) ... since ten years.
- b) ... for ten years.
- c) ... ten years.
- d) ... ten years ago.
- e) NONE

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- 11. Finish the sentence: "Have you finished with the newspaper ..."
- a) ... already?
- b) ... yet?
- c) ... still?
- d) ... now?
- e) NONE
- 12. Finish the sentence: "... people eat very healthy food."
- a) Very less...
- b) Very little...
- c) Very least...
- d) Very few...
- e) NONE
- 13. Choose the correct missing words: "A motorbike [...] a car."
- a) doesn't cost much as
- b) doesn't cost so much as
- c) doesn't cost much than
- d) doesn't cost as much as
- e) NONE
- 14. Complete the sentence: "I wish..."
- a) you didn't said that
- b) you hadn't said that
- c) you haven't said that
- d) you don't say that
- e) NONE
- 15. Identify the answer that is incorrect.
- a) Yuriko baked the cake. One of her sisters decorated it.
- b) Yuriko baked it, but one of her sisters decorated the cake.
- c) One of her Yuriko's sisters decorated the cake, so she baked it.
- d) One of her sisters decorated the cake, but Yuriko baked it.
- e) NONE

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- 16. Identify the answer that is incorrect.
- a) The roads were hazardous, for it snowed heavily during the night.
- b) It snowed heavily during the night, so the roads were hazardous.
- c) The roads were hazardous, so it snowed heavily during the night.
- d) During the night, it snowed heavily, so the roads were hazardous.
- e) NONE
- 17. Identify the answer that is incorrect.
- a) The pipe was leaking, so we called a plumber.
- b) The pipe was leaking, for we called a plumber.
- c) The pipe was leaking. We called a plumber.
- d) The pipe was leaking, then we called the plumber.

e) NONE
18. Yes, it's true that a) we, Ken and I, had an argument with themselves last week. b) we, Ken and me, had an argument with them last week. c) we, Ken and I, had an argument with them last week. d) we, Ken and I, had an argument with they last week. e) NONE
19. Please be quiet a) Paula and she have a test tomorrow, so both of them are studying b) Paula and her have a test tomorrow, so both of they are studying. c) Paula and she have a test tomorrow, so both of hers are studying. d) Paula and she have a test tomorrow, so both of they are studying. e) NONE
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- 20. Yuriko was very happy _
- a) when herself and her friend won the prize.
- b) when she and hers friend won the prize.
- c) when her and her friend won the prize.
- d) when she and her friend won the prize.
- e) NONE



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Folha de Respostas

N uo canunato	N°	do	candidato:
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1	a	b	С	d	e
2	a	b	С	d	e
3	a	b	С	d	e
4	a	b	c	d	e
5	a	b	С	d	е
6	a	b	С	d	e
7	a	b	С	d	е
8	a	b	С	d	e
9	a	b	С	d	е
10	a	b	С	d	e
11	a	b	С	d	e
12	a	b	С	d	e
13	a	b	С	d	e
14	a	b	С	d	e
15	a	b	С	d	е
16	a	b	С	d	е
17	a	b	С	d	e
18	a	b	С	d	е
19	a	b	С	d	е
20	a	b	С	d	e

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