

Photo Description



A young plant is growing from a striped seed that still sits on top of its first green leaves. The seed looks like it has brown and white stripes, and you can see the green stem and two small leaves that have sprouted from it. This shows how a new plant begins to grow from a seed.

Scientific Phenomena

This image captures the germination process - the moment when a seed begins to grow into a new plant. The striped seed (likely a sunflower seed based on its appearance) has absorbed water, which caused the embryo inside to "wake up" and start growing. The green shoot emerged first, followed by the cotyledons (seed leaves) that provide initial nutrition to the seedling. This is a perfect example of how plants reproduce and continue their life cycle, demonstrating the remarkable transformation from dormant seed to living, growing organism.

Core Science Concepts

1. **Seed Germination:** Seeds contain a tiny plant (embryo) that can grow into a full plant when conditions are right (water, warmth, oxygen).
2. **Plant Life Cycles:** This image shows the beginning stage of a plant's life cycle, moving from seed to seedling to mature plant.
3. **Plant Structures and Functions:** The cotyledons (first leaves) store food for the growing plant, while the root system (not visible) anchors and feeds the plant.
4. **Environmental Needs:** Plants need specific conditions (water, light, air, suitable temperature) to grow and survive.

Pedagogical Tip:

Use real seeds in clear containers so students can observe the germination process over time. This creates a living laboratory where students can make daily observations and record changes in science journals.

UDL Suggestions:

Provide multiple ways for students to document observations: drawing, photography, verbal descriptions, or simple data charts. This supports different learning styles and abilities while building scientific observation skills.

Zoom In / Zoom Out

1. **Zoom In:** Inside the seed, cells are rapidly dividing and differentiating. The embryonic root (radicle) and shoot (plumule) are using stored nutrients to fuel cellular growth and metabolism at the microscopic level.

2. Zoom Out: This single germinating seed is part of a larger ecosystem cycle where plants produce oxygen, provide food for animals, and eventually create new seeds to continue the species, contributing to biodiversity and food webs.

Discussion Questions

1. What do you think this seed needed to start growing? (Bloom's: Apply | DOK: 2)
2. How might this plant look different in two weeks compared to now? (Bloom's: Analyze | DOK: 3)
3. Why do you think the seed is still attached to the plant? (Bloom's: Analyze | DOK: 2)
4. What would happen if we put this seedling in a dark closet for a week? (Bloom's: Evaluate | DOK: 3)

Potential Student Misconceptions

1. Misconception: Seeds are "dead" until they start growing.
Clarification: Seeds are alive but dormant, like they're sleeping and waiting for the right conditions to "wake up."
2. Misconception: Plants eat soil for food.
Clarification: Plants make their own food using sunlight, water, and air. Soil provides nutrients and support, but not food.
3. Misconception: All seeds look the same inside.
Clarification: Different plants have different types of seeds, but all seeds contain a baby plant and stored food.

NGSS Connections

- Performance Expectation: 3-LS1-1: Develop models to describe that organisms have unique and diverse life cycles but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction, and death.
- Disciplinary Core Ideas: 3-LS1.B (Growth and Development of Organisms)
- Crosscutting Concepts: Patterns - Students can observe patterns in how different seeds germinate and grow

Science Vocabulary

- * Germination: When a seed begins to grow into a new plant
- * Seedling: A young plant that has just started growing from a seed
- * Cotyledons: The first leaves that come from a seed and feed the baby plant
- * Embryo: The tiny baby plant inside a seed
- * Life cycle: The stages a living thing goes through as it grows and changes

External Resources

Children's Books:

- From Seed to Plant by Gail Gibbons
- The Tiny Seed by Eric Carle
- A Seed Is Sleepy by Dianna Hutts Aston

YouTube Videos:

- "Seed Germination | How Does A Seed Become A Plant?" - Simple animation showing germination process step-by-step (<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w77zPAtVTul>)
- "Time Lapse - Bean Growing" - Real-time footage of bean germination over several days (<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w77zPAtVTul>)