

## Photo Description



This big rock has many layers that look like stripes. The layers are different colors like brown, white, and tan. The rock sits on a blue wooden platform surrounded by small pebbles.

## Scientific Phenomena

This image represents the Anchoring Phenomenon of sedimentary rock formation and layering (stratification). The distinct horizontal bands visible in this rock specimen formed over millions of years as different materials like sand, mud, and organic matter were deposited in layers. Each layer represents a different time period when sediments settled and were compressed into solid rock. The varying colors indicate different materials or environmental conditions during deposition, such as changes in water levels, climate, or the types of sediments available.

## Core Science Concepts

1. Rocks are made of different materials - This rock shows how Earth materials can stick together to form solid rocks with visible patterns and colors.
2. Layers tell stories about time - Each stripe in the rock represents a different time when materials were laid down, like pages in Earth's history book.
3. Earth materials come in different sizes and colors - The rock contains various materials that created the different colored bands we can observe.
4. Rocks can be found in many places - This specimen demonstrates that interesting rocks exist in our environment and can be collected for study.

### Pedagogical Tip:

Use concrete, hands-on experiences with actual rock samples when possible. Kindergarteners learn best through direct manipulation and observation rather than abstract explanations about geological time.

### UDL Suggestions:

Provide multiple ways for students to explore rocks: visual observation with magnifying glasses, tactile exploration of texture and weight, and verbal descriptions. Consider students with visual impairments by emphasizing texture, weight, and temperature differences between rock samples.

## Zoom In / Zoom Out

1. Zoom In: At the microscopic level, this rock is made of tiny grains of sand, clay particles, and other small pieces that got squeezed together so tightly they became like cement, binding all the materials into solid rock.
2. Zoom Out: This rock is part of Earth's larger rock cycle system where mountains form, weather breaks rocks into smaller pieces, those pieces travel to oceans or lakes, settle in layers, and eventually become new rocks that might form new mountains.

## Discussion Questions

1. "What do you notice about the different stripes in this rock?" (Bloom's: Remember | DOK: 1)
2. "How do you think these layers might have formed over time?" (Bloom's: Analyze | DOK: 2)
3. "What would happen if we found this rock in different places around our school?" (Bloom's: Apply | DOK: 2)
4. "How is this layered rock similar to or different from other rocks you've seen?" (Bloom's: Analyze | DOK: 3)

## Potential Student Misconceptions

1. Misconception: "All rocks look the same and are just gray or brown."  
Clarification: Rocks come in many colors, patterns, and textures depending on what materials they're made from and how they formed.
2. Misconception: "The stripes in rocks are painted on by people."  
Clarification: The layers formed naturally over very long periods of time as different materials settled and hardened into rock.
3. Misconception: "Rocks are not important or interesting."  
Clarification: Rocks tell us stories about Earth's past and are all around us in our daily lives, from buildings to soil.

## NGSS Connections

- Performance Expectation: K-ESS2-1 - Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time
- Disciplinary Core Ideas: K-ESS2.D - Weather and climate patterns can be observed and described
- Crosscutting Concepts: Patterns - Patterns in the natural world can be observed and used as evidence

## Science Vocabulary

- \* Layer: A flat piece or section that sits on top of or under another piece
- \* Rock: Hard material made from Earth that comes in many colors and shapes
- \* Pattern: Something that repeats or has an order you can see
- \* Stripe: A long, thin line of color that goes across something
- \* Material: The stuff that something is made from

## External Resources

### Children's Books:

- Rocks and Minerals by Rebecca Hirsch

- Let's Go Rock Collecting by Roma Gans
- If You Find a Rock by Peggy Christian

YouTube Videos:

- "Rock Cycle Song for Kids" - Educational song explaining how rocks form with simple animations ([https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VaL7qOK\\_WNY](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VaL7qOK_WNY))
- "Types of Rocks for Kids" - Simple explanation of different rock types with real examples (<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZMULCRGNvTU>)