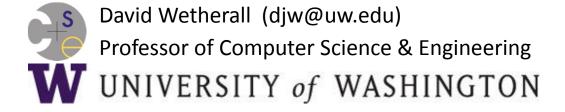
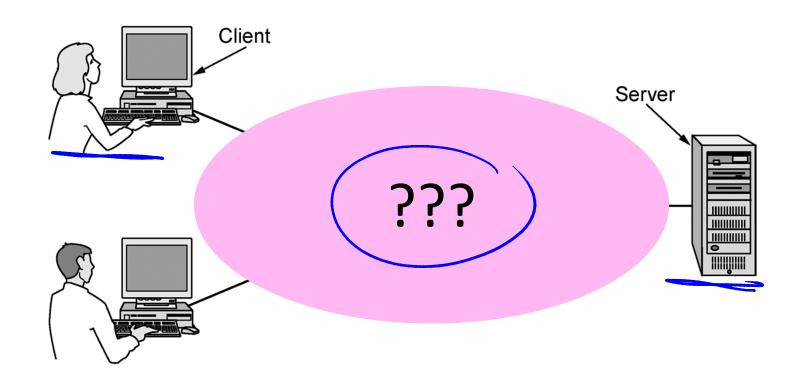
# Computer Networks

#### Goals and Motivation

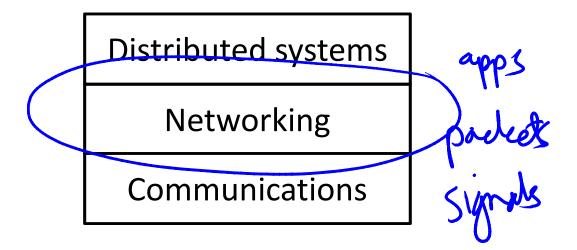


#### Focus of the course



# Focus of the course (2)

Three "networking" topics:



We're in the middle

#### The Main Point

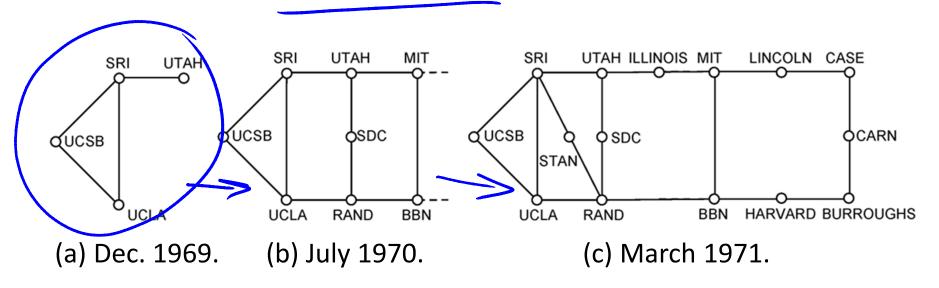
- 1. To learn how the Internet works »
  - What really happens when you "browse the web"?
  - What are TCP/IP, DNS, HTTP, NAT, VPNs, 802.11 etc. anyway?
- 2. To learn the fundamentals of computer networks

#### Why learn about the Internet?

- 1. Curiosity »
- 2. Impact on our world <u>»</u>
- 3. Job prospects!

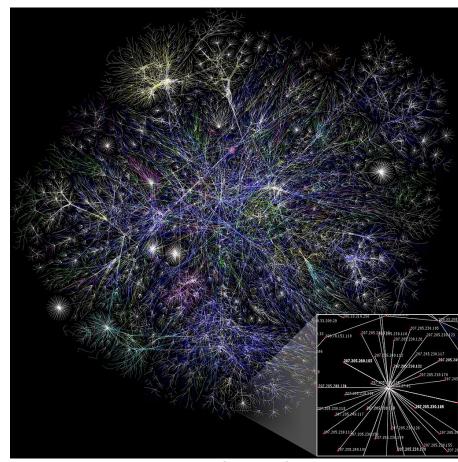
# From this experimental network ...

#### **ARPANET** ~1970



# To this! Internet ~2005

- An everyday institution used at work, home, and on-the-go
- Visualization contains millions of links



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# Internet – Societal Impact

An enabler of societal change



- Electronic commerce
- Personal relationships
- Discussion without censorship









# Internet – Economic impact

An engine of economic growth

Advertising-sponsored search

- "Long tail" online stores
- Online marketplaces
- Crowdsourcing



# The Main Point (2)

- 1. To learn how the Internet works
- 2. To learn the fundamentals of computer networks
  - What hard problems must they solve?
  - What design strategies have proven valuable?

# Why learn the Fundamentals?

- 1. Apply to all computer networks
- 2. Intellectual interest »3. Change / reinvention »

#### Fundamentals – Intellectual Interest

- Example key problem: Reliability!
  - Any part of the Internet might fail
  - Messages might be corrupted
  - So how do we provide reliability?
- Reliability solutions
  - Codes to detect/correct errors
  - Routing around failures ...

#### Fundamentals – Intellectual Interest (2)

	Key problem	Example solutions
	Reliability despite failures	Codes for error detection/correction (§3.2, 3.3) Routing around failures (§5.2)
<b>S</b>	Network growth and evolution	Addressing (§5.6) and naming (§7.1)  Protocol layering (§1.3)
	Allocation of resources like bandwidth	Multiple access (§4.2) Congestion control (§5.3, 6.3)
>	Security against various threats	Confidentiality of messages (§8.2, 8.6) Authentication of communicating parties (§8.7)

#### Fundamentals – Reinvention

- The Internet is constantly being re-invented!
  - Growth over time and technology trends drive upheavals in Internet design and usage »
- Today's Internet is different from yesterday's
  - And tomorrow's will be different again
  - But the fundamentals remain the same

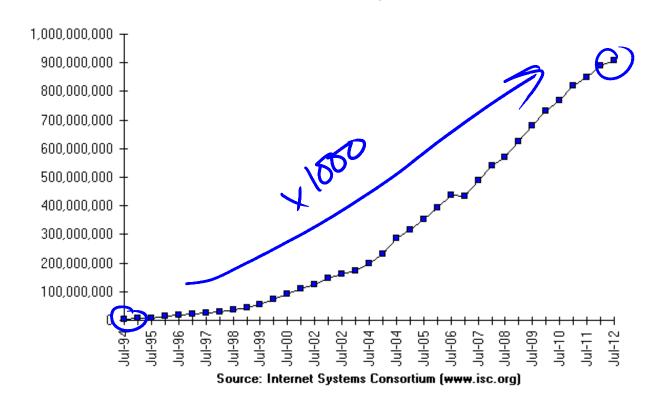
**Computer Networks** 

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# Fundamentals – Reinvention (2)

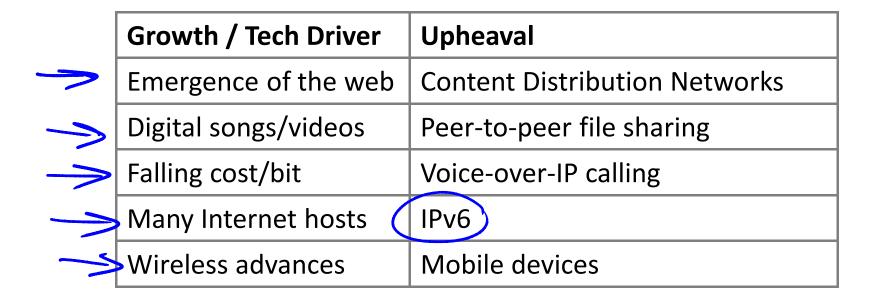
Internet Domain Survey Host Count

 At least a billion Internet hosts and growing ...



# Fundamentals – Reinvention (3)

Examples of upheavals in the past 1-2 decades



#### Not a Course Goal

- To learn IT job skills
  - How to configure equipment
    - e.g., Cisco certifications
  - But course material is relevant,
     and we use hands-on tools

#### **END**

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