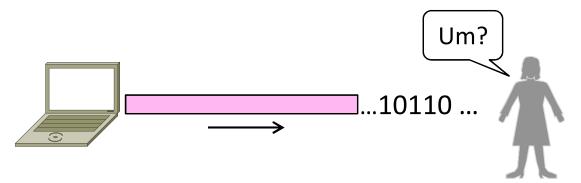
Computer Networks

Framing (§3.1.2)



Topic

 The Physical layer gives us a stream of bits. How do we interpret it as a sequence of frames?



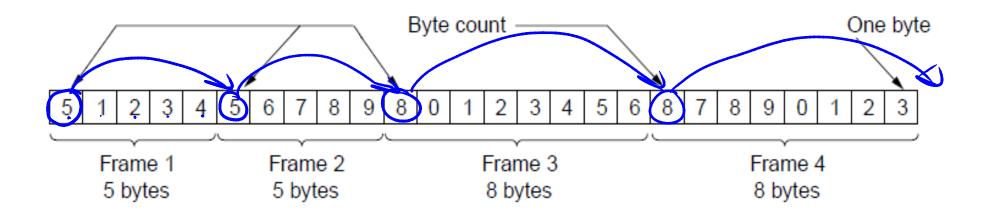
Framing Methods

- We'll look at:
 - Byte count (motivation)»
 - Byte stuffing »
 - Bit stuffing »
- In practice, the physical layer often helps to identify frame boundaries
 - E.g., Ethernet, 802.11

Byte Count

- First try:
 - Let's start each frame with a length field!
 - It's simple, and hopefully good enough ...

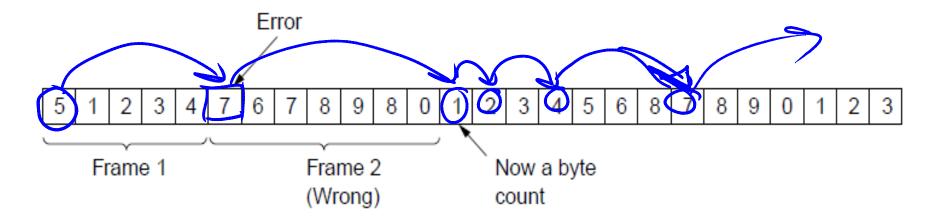
Byte Count (2)



How well do you think it works?

Byte Count (3)

- Difficult to re-synchronize after framing error
 - Want a way to scan for a start of frame



Byte Stuffing

Better idea:

- Have a special flag byte value that means start/end of frame
- Replace ("stuff") the flag inside the frame with an escape code
- Complication: have to escape the escape code too!



Byte Stuffing (2)

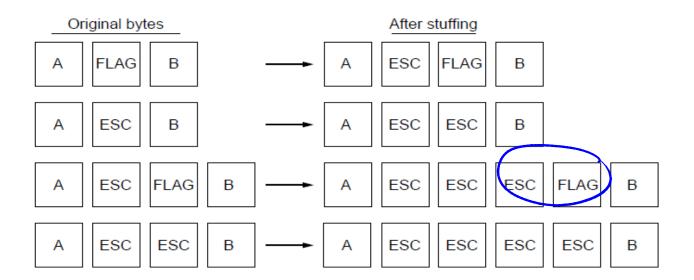
• Rules:

- Replace each FLAG in data with ESC FLAG
- Replace each ESC in data with ESC ESC



Byte Stuffing (3)

Now any unescaped FLAG is the start/end of a frame

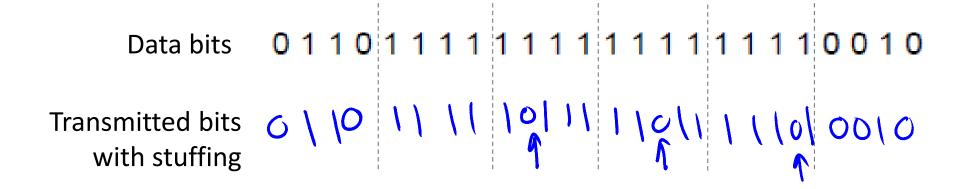


Bit Stuffing

- Can stuff at the bit level too
 - Call a flag six consecutive 1s
 - On transmit, after five 1s in the data, insert a 0
 - On receive, a 0 after five 1s is deleted

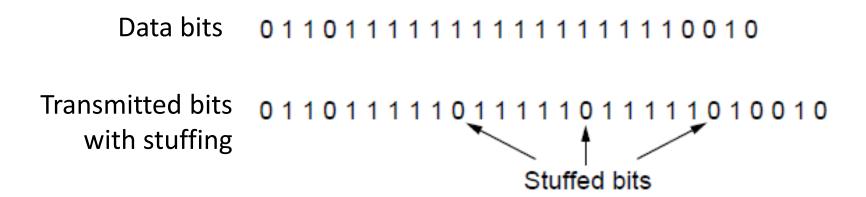
Bit Stuffing (2)

Example:



Bit Stuffing (3)

So how does it compare with byte stuffing?

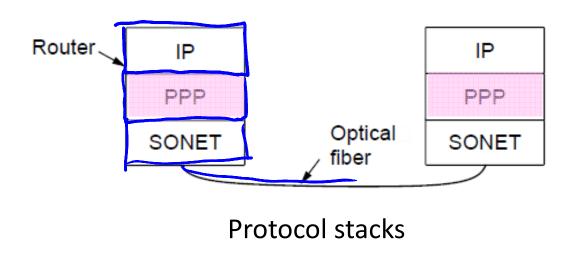


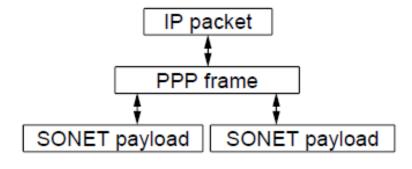
Link Example: PPP over SONET

- PPP is Point-to-Point Protocol
- Widely used for link framing
 - E.g., it is used to frame IP packets that are sent over
 SONET optical links

Link Example: PPP over SONET (2)

 Think of SONET as a bit stream, and PPP as the framing that carries an IP packet over the link

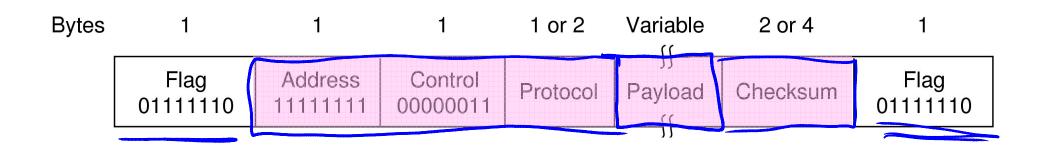




PPP frames may be split over SONET payloads

Link Example: PPP over SONET (3)

- Framing uses byte stuffing
 - FLAG is 0x7E and ESC is 0x7D



Link Example: PPP over SONET (4)

- Byte stuffing method:

 - Removes FLAG from the contents of the frame

END

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