

# MM5425 商业分析

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CLASS 1 LECTURE - INTRODUCTION

# 第一课 内容

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## 课程概要

### 理解商业分析: **Business analytics**

- 什么是商业分析
- 为什么学习商业分析
- 商业分析的三个维度

### 大数据与大数据分析及其面临的挑战

# 课程学习目标

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1. 学习通过数据分析解决实际商业问题
  - 根据数据分析思路识别业务问题
  - 将业务问题转化为数据分析语言
2. 了解商业分析原则、流程和技术的基础知识
3. 通过在Python中应用商业分析技术获得实践经验

# 自我介绍

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**Professor 许 (Michael XU)**

## 工作经历

- 项目经理
- 技术总监
- 美国沃顿商学院
- JP Morgan
- 资产管理与对冲基金
- 大学教授
- 理工大学商业人工智能博士课程总监
  
- Email: [Michael-weihua.xu@polyu.edu.hk](mailto:Michael-weihua.xu@polyu.edu.hk)
- 教授: 科技管理, 技术创新, 创业, 商业人工智能, 企业高级战略

# 教科书 (可选)

Provost, F., & Fawcett, T. (2013). *Data Science for Business: What you need to know about data mining and data-analytic thinking*. O'Reilly Media, Inc.



Shmueli, G., Bruce, P. C., Gedeck, P. G., & Patel, N. P. (2019). *Data Mining for Business Analytics: Concepts, Techniques and Applications in Python*. John Wiley & Sons.

Business analytics: The science of data-driven decision making / U. Dinesh Kumar, New Delhi Wiley India, 2022

# 课程评价标准

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## 1. 上课出勤 (5%)

- 通过签到表进行现场签到，积极参与课堂讨论。

## 2. 课堂练习 (10%)

- 完成并提交课堂练习。

## 3. 个人作业 (30%)

- 简答题目。
- 题目将会在相关课堂上发放。

## 4. 小组项目 (30%)

- 收集真实的业务数据，并使用至少两种商业分析方法进行分析。

## 5. 综合测试 (25%)

- 最后一堂课进行测试。

# 小组项目(30%)

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## 任务: **Task**

- 基于真实数据集识别一个业务问题，并运用本课程所学的至少两种分析方法对该问题进行分析
- Identify a business problem based on a real-world dataset, and analyze the problem by applying at least **TWO** analytical methods learned from this course

## 小组组成: **Group Formation**

- 每个小组5-6名同学: Each group consists of 5~6 students
- 小组同学尽量来自不同背景: Group members are expected to have different backgrounds.


## 交付: **Delivery**

- 课堂演讲: Presentation (10%)
- 交付报告: Written report (20%)


更多细节将在之后的课堂上另行通知.

# 理工大学图书馆相关书籍


[https://julac-hkpu.alma.exlibrisgroup.com/leganto/public/852JULAC\\_HKPU/lists?courseCode=MM5425&auth=SAML](https://julac-hkpu.alma.exlibrisgroup.com/leganto/public/852JULAC_HKPU/lists?courseCode=MM5425&auth=SAML)



**BOOK Data science for business**  
Provost, Foster,, Fawcett, Tom., First edition., Sebastopol, CA :, O'Reilly Media Inc, 2013., Total Pages xxi, 386 pages :  
[Textbook List](#)  
**Available** at Pao Yue-kong Library Reserve Collection (P/F) : QA76.9.D343 P77 2013



**BOOK Data science for business**  
Provost, Foster,, Fawcett, Tom., 1st edition, Beijing ; Sebastopol, California ;; Beijing ; Sebastopol, California :, O'Reilly, 2013., Total Pages 1 online resource  
[Textbook List](#)  
**Available** at Pao Yue-kong Library Reserve Collection (P/F) : QA76.9.D343 P77 2013 and more locations [Check availability >](#)



**BOOK Data mining for business analytics : concepts, techniques and applications in Python**  
Shmueli, Galit,, Bruce, Peter C.,; Gedeck, Peter,; Patel, Nitin R., Hoboken, NJ :, John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2020., Total Pages 1 online resource  
[Textbook List](#)  
**Available** at Pao Yue-kong Library Reserve Collection (P/F) : HF5548.2 .S4464 2020 and more locations [Check availability >](#)



MM5425 is ...

A Little Bit *Technical*  
But *Useful* !

MM5425 is ...

*NOT* for programmers,  
but for BUSINESS !

# 你期望从这门课程中获得什么？

分享时刻： **Please share**

- 1) 你的名字，中文或者英文
- 2) 你的教育背景和爱好
- 3) 你的工作和职业经历
- 4) 你对这个课程的期望
- 5) 任何想分享的内容

# 什么是商业分析

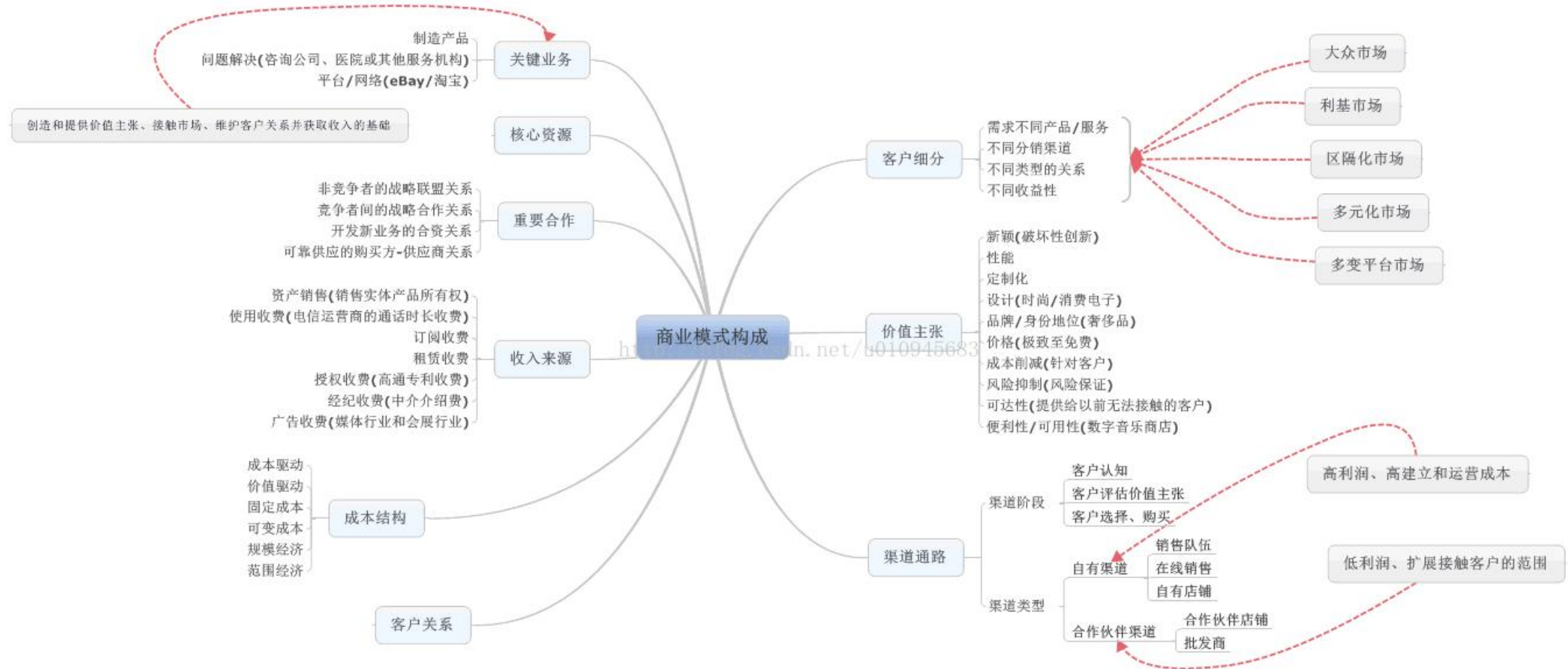
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TO UNDERSTAND BUSINESS ANALYTICS

# 商业模式画布



# 商业模式画布



# 企业资源计划系统



# 商业分析

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BA: 分析数据，提取有助于业务决策的有用信息



# 实际案例：职业运动商业分析

招募职业球员的总经理





# 非平凡/有意义的有趣模式

啤酒和尿布经常被顾客一起购买。



巴西下雨→咖啡豆豐收→咖啡豆價格下跌→星  
巴克成本降低→星巴克力潤增加→股價上揚

# 更多数据驱动的案例——亚马逊

预期配送：在你下单之前就将包裹发出！

- 所见交付时间
- 阻止消费者前往实体店



推荐系统（协同过滤）  
**Recommendation  
system (collaborative  
filtering)**

- 能够扩展到海量数据集，并实时生成高质量的推荐结果

## Books you may like



## Your Browsing History



# 示例：客户留存

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在合同到期前，应该针对哪些客户提供特别优惠？



# 商业分析的三个维度



发生了什么或什么正在发生？

将要发生什么以及为什么

What shall I do Why shall I do it?

数据可视化  
业务报告  
e.g., Tableau,  
PowerBI

数据挖掘  
e.g., SAS, R, python

优化  
e.g., C++, Java,  
python

example

e

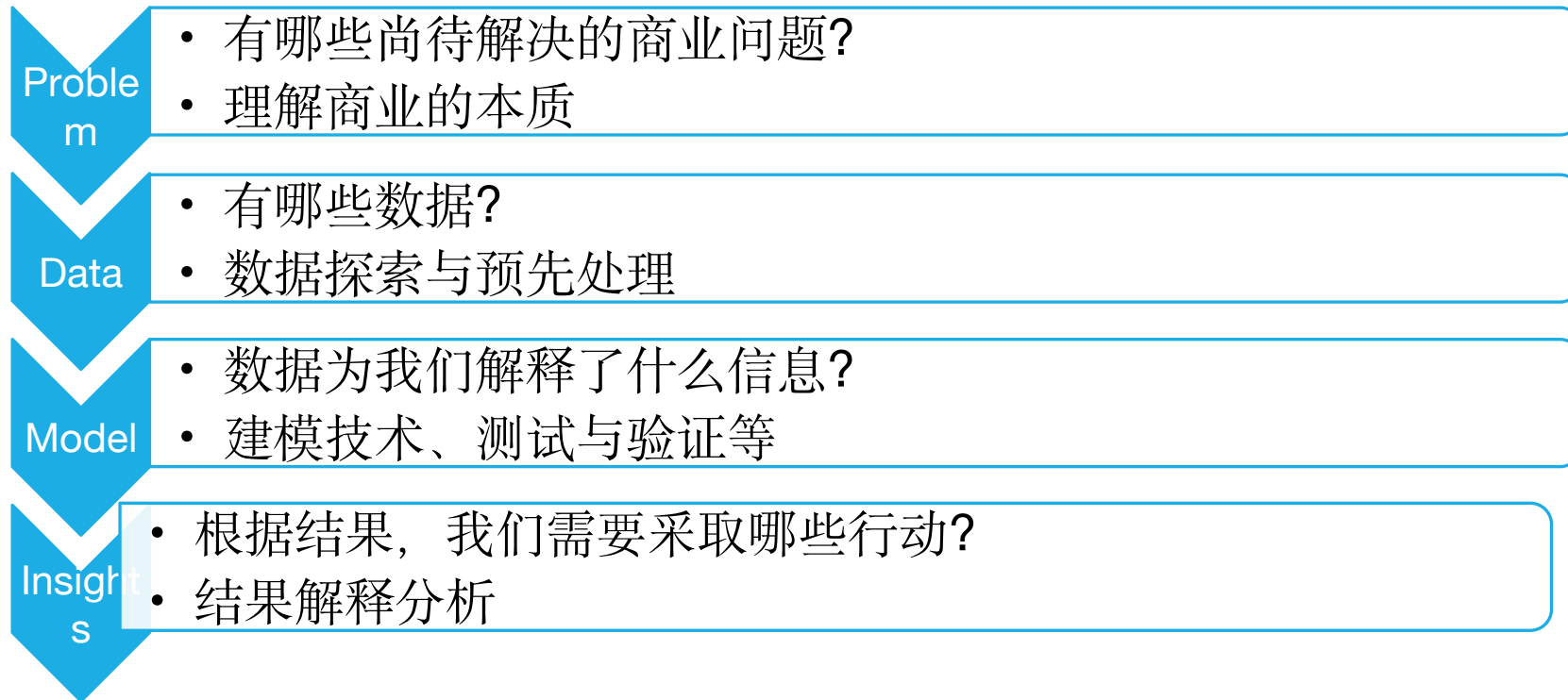
过去六个月的销售额是多少？

接下来6个月的销售额会是多少？

最优的订货数量是多少？ ?

# 商业分析

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HBR.ORG

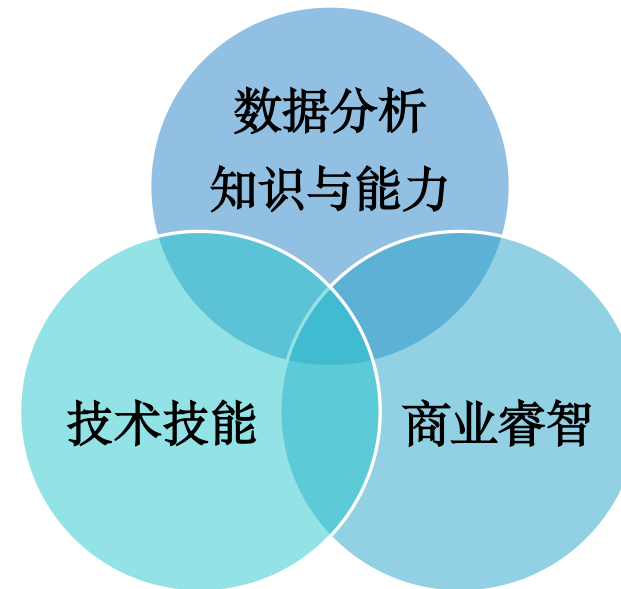
# Harvard Business Review

OCTOBER 2012  
REPRINT R1210D

SPOTLIGHT ON BIG DATA

## Data Scientist: The Sexiest Job Of the 21st Century

Meet the people who can coax treasure  
out of messy, unstructured data.  
*by Thomas H. Davenport and D.J. Patil*



我们在分析中可以使用哪些类型的数据？

从哪里得到这些数据？

内部运营数据，例如销售额，成本等等会计科目

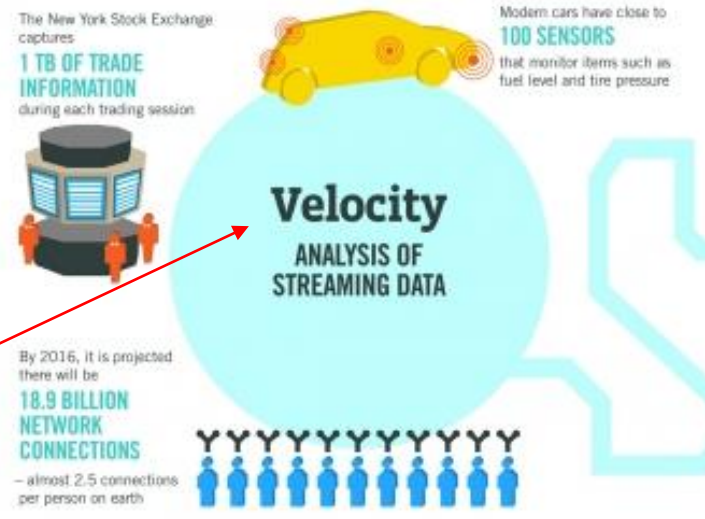
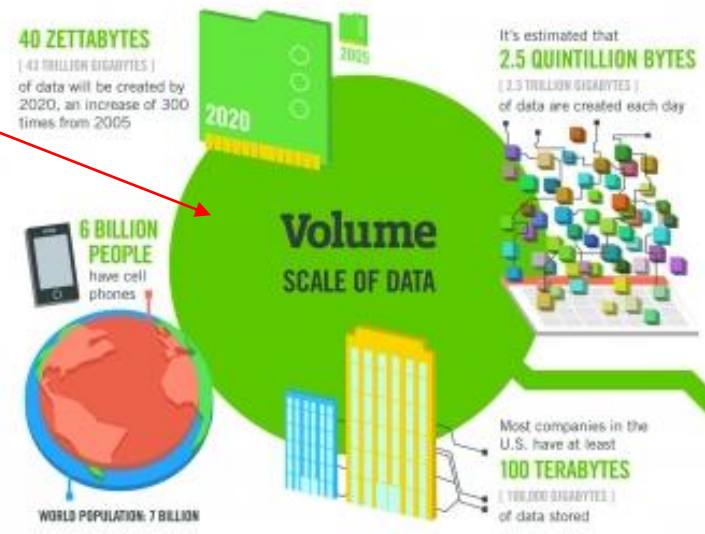
从其他方购买数据，例如银行、谷歌、社交媒体公司等。

网页爬取、使用网络API（如Google、Facebook等）

# 大数据及其挑战

CAN WE TRUST DATA





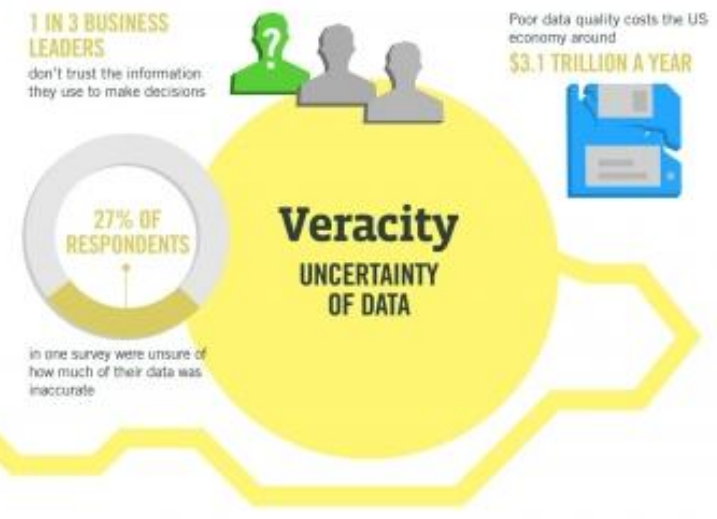
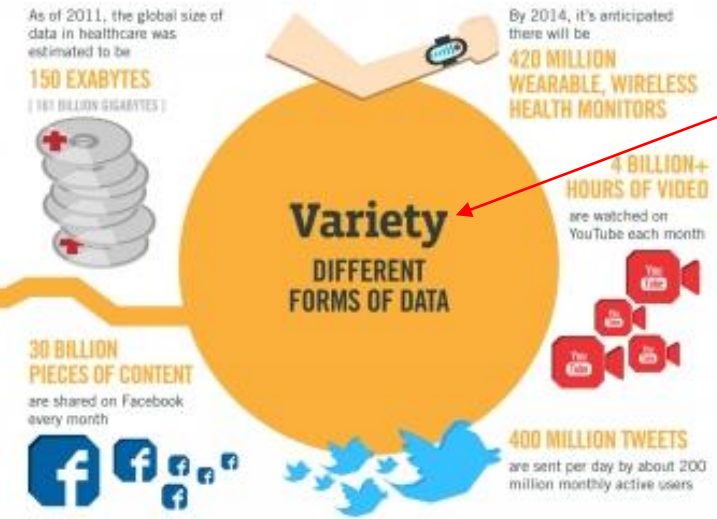
# The FOUR V's of Big Data

From traffic patterns and music downloads to web history and medical records, data is recorded, stored, and analyzed to enable the technology and services that the world relies on every day. But what exactly is big data, and how can these massive amounts of data be used?

As a leader in the sector, IBM data scientists break big data into four dimensions: **Volume, Velocity, Variety and Veracity**.

Depending on the industry and organization, big data encompasses information from multiple internal and external sources such as transactions, social media, enterprise content, sensors and mobile devices. Companies can leverage data to adapt their products and services to better meet customer needs, optimize operations and infrastructure, and find new sources of revenue.

By 2015, **4.4 MILLION IT JOBS** will be created globally to support big data, with 1.9 million in the United States





# Big Data Application examples in different Industries:

## Retail/Consumer

- ❖ Merchandizing and market basket analysis
- ❖ Campaign management and customer loyalty programs
- ❖ Supply-chain management and analytics
- ❖ Event- and behavior-based targeting
- ❖ Market and consumer segmentations

## Finances & Frauds Services

- ❖ Compliance and regulatory reporting
- ❖ Risk analysis and management
- ❖ Fraud detection and security analytics
- ❖ Credit risk, scoring and analysis
- ❖ High speed arbitrage trading
- ❖ Trade surveillance
- ❖ Abnormal trading pattern analysis

## Web and Digital media

- ❖ Large-scale clickstream analytics
- ❖ Ad targeting, analysis, forecasting and optimization
- ❖ Abuse and click-fraud prevention
- ❖ Social graph analysis and profile segmentation
- ❖ Campaign management and loyalty programs

## Health & Life Sciences

- ❖ Clinical trials data analysis
- ❖ Disease pattern analysis
- ❖ Campaign and sales program optimization
- ❖ Patient care quality and program analysis
- ❖ Medical device and pharmacy supply-chain management
- ❖ Drug discovery and development analysis

## Telecommunications

- ❖ Revenue assurance and price optimization
- ❖ Customer churn prevention
- ❖ Campaign management and customer loyalty
- ❖ Call detail record (CDR) analysis
- ❖ Network performance and optimization
- ❖ Mobile user location analysis

## Ecommerce & customer service

- ❖ Cross-channel analytics
- ❖ Event analytics
- ❖ Recommendation engines using predictive analytics
- ❖ Right offer at the right time
- ❖ Next best offer or next best action



# Any Questions?

