

Quiz 08

Due May 24 at 11:59pm **Points** 10 **Questions** 10
Available until May 24 at 11:59pm **Time Limit** None

Instructions

Answer the following questions.

This quiz is no longer available as the course has been concluded.

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	7 minutes	10 out of 10

Score for this quiz: **10** out of 10

Submitted May 24 at 6pm

This attempt took 7 minutes.

Question 1

1 / 1 pts

Range based for loops can be used to iterate through the elements of a container in reverse order.

☐ True

☒ False

Correct!

Question 2**1 / 1 pts**

Consider a **vector** of **Circle** objects:

vector <Circle> circleVector;

How can you do a range-based for loop on **circleVector**?

- ☐ for (c in circleVector) {...}
- ☒ for (Circle c : circleVector) {...}
- ☐ for (Circle::circleVector) {...}

Correct!**Question 3****1 / 1 pts**

Suppose that **circleVector** of previous question is updated to set radius of every circle to **2**. How can this be done using range-based for loops?

- ☐

```
for (Circle c : circleVector) {  
    c.setRadius(2);  
}
```
- ☐

```
for (c in circleVector) {  
    c.setRadius(2);  
}
```
- ☒

```
for (Circle &c : circleVector) {  
    c.setRadius(2);  
}
```

Correct!

Question 4**1 / 1 pts**

How the previous question can be done without type annotation?

☐

```
for (c : circleVector) {  
    c.setRadius(2);  
}
```

Correct!

☒

```
for (auto &c : circleVector) {  
    c.setRadius(2);  
}
```

☐

```
for (auto c : circleVector) {  
    c.setRadius(2);  
}
```

Question 5**1 / 1 pts**

Functions on lists

Correct!

**Returns the first element
of the list**

Correct!

**Adds an element to the
end of the list**

Correct!

**Returns the number of
elements in the list**

Correct!**Removes the first element
of the list**

```
pop_front()
```

Correct!**Removes all items in the
list that match the input**

```
remove()
```

Question 6**1 / 1 pts**How can you define an iterator for a list of **Circle** objects?**Correct!**

- ☒ `list<Circle>::iterator it;`
- ☐ `list::iterator<Circle> iter;`
- ☐ `iterator::it;`

Question 7**1 / 1 pts**How can you iterate through list of **Circle** objects called **circleList** using the iterator from the previous question?**Correct!**

- ☒ `for (it = circleList.begin(); it != circleList.end(); ++it) {...}`
- ☐ `for (it = 0; it < circleList.size(); ++it) {...}`
- ☐ `for (iterator it : circleList) {...}`

Question 8**1 / 1 pts****begin() and end()****Correct!****end()**

points to memory comir ↕

Correct!**begin()**

points to the first eleme ↕

Question 9**1 / 1 pts**

Consider list of integers in the following order: 5, 7, 2, 5, 9.

Let the list iterator **it** point to element 2.

How does the list changes after **insert(it, 8)** ?

☐ 5,7,2,8,5,9☐ 5,7,8,5,9**Correct!**☒ 5,7,8,2,5,9

Question 10**1 / 1 pts**

Consider list of integers in the following order: 5, 7, 2, 5, 9.

Let the list iterator **it** point to element 2.

How does the list changes after **remove(it)** ?

☐ 5,2,5,9

☐ 5,7,2,9

☒ 5,7,5,9

Correct!**Quiz Score: 10 out of 10**