Perspective: The State of Julia for Scientific Machine Learning



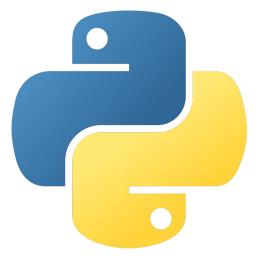




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Python sucks.

Python's adoption is in many ways unnatural:



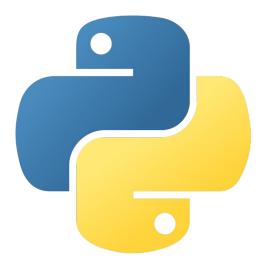
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 - Scripting Language



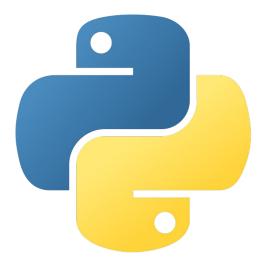
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 - Scripting Language
 - Slow
 - Challenging to maintain
 - Poor package management



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- So, why do we use it?
- Python is still uber popular
- If you read a paper here, Python was probably used for the research

A lot of this boils down to the

"TWO LANGUAGE PROBLEM"



- The two language problem states that a programming language can not be <u>fast</u> and <u>high-level</u>
- Python is high-level, and often wraps around C/C++ for anything that needs to be performant (e.g. Torch)

- In Response, Julia was invented to defy the following laws of nature (Bezanson et al.)
 - High-level dynamic programs have to be slow
 - One must prototype in one language and deploy in another
 - Some things should be left for the experts

- Julia directly answers the two language problem
 - Fast and High level

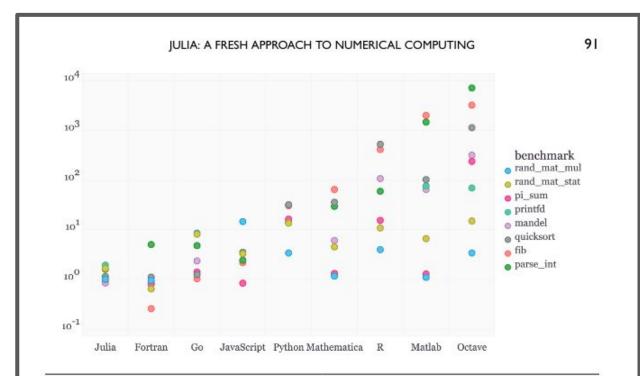


Fig. 5 Performance comparison of various languages performing simple microbenchmarks. Benchmark execution time relative to C. (Smaller is better; C performance = 1.0.)

(Bezanson et al.)

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 - Leverages multiple dispatch
 - Functional Paradigm
 - Garbage Collection
 - Optional Type Annotations
 - Clear, thorough style guides

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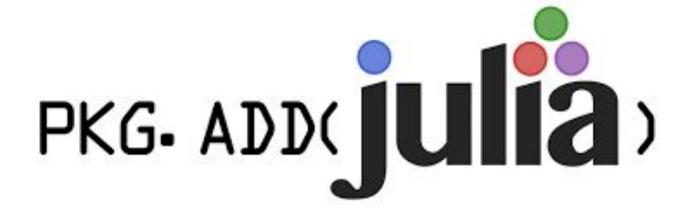
- High-level
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 - Functional Paradigm
 - Garbage Collection
 - Optional Type Annotations
 - Clear, thorough style guides [e.g. SciML]
 - "Stylish guides for stylish developers":)

- Julia has amazing infrastructure for Scientific Machine Learning
 - SciML, JuMP, Zygote, JuliaDiff, Turing, DifferentialEquations, etc...
 - Great for constrained optimization





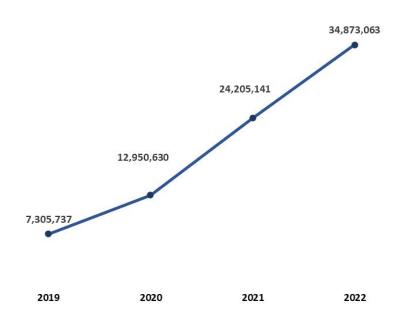
 Julia also has great package management (Pkg)

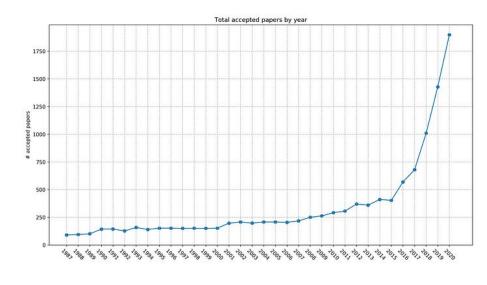


• Julia is... growing?...

Julia Downloads and Accepted NeurIPS papers over time

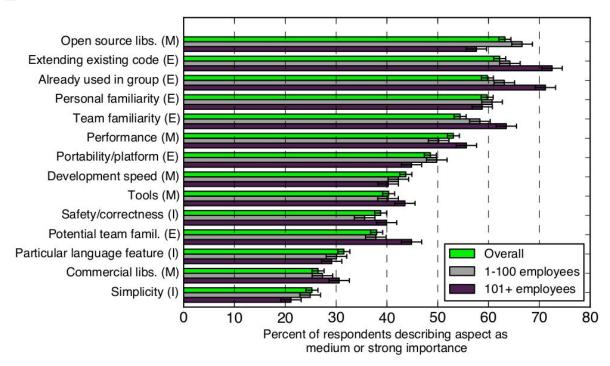
Cumulative Julia Downloads As Of Jan 1





• Why is Python still the de-facto language for Scientific Machine Learning Problems? Is the answer really just **momentum?**

Clearly
momentum
plays some
role...



[meyerovich et al.]

• The momentum idea is **incomplete**

 Programming languages like Rust have emerged, despite other languages having similar utility

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- Julia has exquisite support for the sciences in particular
- PyTorch even has a Julia dependency! (PySR -> SymbolicRegressions.jl)
- Why aren't people using Julia?

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- Julia Hub Survey Data [JuliaCon 2024] finds:
 - 64% respondents said there are not enough Julia users in field or industry
 - 71% use Julia for research, but only 16% for business critical tasks

And why doesn't industry use Julia?

- And why doesn't industry use Julia?
- Why is it an academic thing?

- One Potential Answer is Testing and Engineering Features
- Businesses want their software to be reliable!



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- Most users will be coming from Python or C/C++
- Backwards compatibility is paramount

 The 2024 JuliaCon survey also identified the debugger, precompile times, large executables as problematic

Debugging

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 - Not optimized for kernels and small exes like C/C++ [I.B. 2024 Julia Dispatch]

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- We want the best for Julia and the Julia Community
- We think these issues we have raised are currently not being addressed

Try julia!!!

Address Julia's Language Level Issues

Fin!

- We explored Julia's readiness for the primetime
- Try Julia. Improve Julia :D



Discourse Thread



https://ebrmn.space/ https://jakegines.in/ Applying to PhD programs!!

</> </>https://github.com/EdwardBerman/SoJ/tree/main