MATLAB

QUIZ 2

Debajyoti Nag

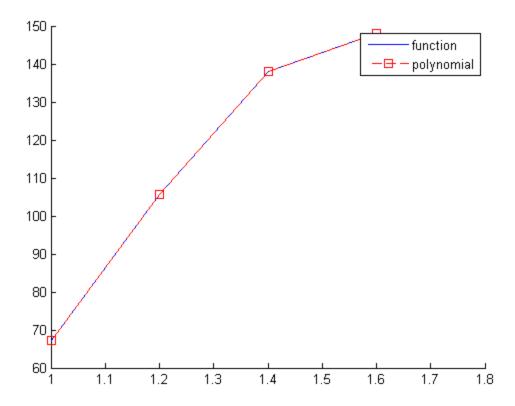
Q1.

```
%define function
func = @(x) (x^3 - 4*(x^2))*sin(x);
%for points between -3 and 7
k = [-3:7];
%find and print all zeroes, near all [-3,-2,-1.....6,7]
i = 1;
range = 7-(-3);
while i <= range</pre>
    disp(fzero(func,k(i)))
    i = i+1;
end
the result is:
>> Q2Ques1
    -3.1416
    -3.1416
 -1.3129e-016
      0
  7.9652e-017
     3.1416
     3.1416
      4
     6.2832
```

```
function[val] = Q2Ques2(func,a,b,h)
%lab 2, Q1 x = [a,b] and no. of steps = h
syms x;
y=func;
if (a == 0)
    a = a + h
end
interval = (b-a)/(h-1);
X = [a:interval:b];
Y = subs(func, X);
L = zeros(length(X));
k = 1;
while k <= h
   V=1;
   for j=1:h
      if k~=j
           V=conv(V,poly(X(j)))/(X(k)-X(j));
      end
   end
   L(k, :) = V;
   k = k+1;
end
C=Y*L;
disp(C)
hold on
k = [a:interval:b];
h(1) = plot(X,Y);
g = poly2sym(C)
Y2 = subs(g,k);
%h(2) = plot(C, Y, '--rs');
h(2) = plot(k, Y2, '--rs');
legend(h, 'function', 'polynomial');
hold off
end
from the console, define the function as
syms x;
t = \exp(5*(\sin(x)));
Q2Ques2(t,1,1.6,4);
The polynomial coefficients are as:
 c =
   1.0e+003 *
                 1.1315
    -0.3356
                          -1.0753 0.3466
```

And we get the plot as:

Q2.



Q3.

We can directly use the polyfit function.

```
x = [2.3 \ 3.2 \ 6.5 \ 1.8 \ 5.3 \ 4.8 \ 4.1 \ 3.6 \ 6.1 \ 2.2]

y = [5.8 \ 6.2 \ 14.2 \ 5 \ 10.4 \ 10.1 \ 9.2 \ 8.2 \ 11.3 \ 5]

k = polyfit(x,y,1)
```

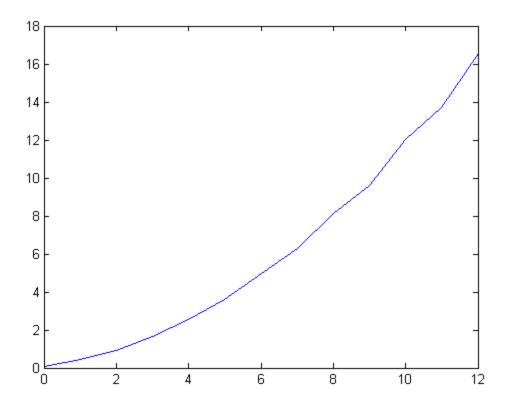
and we get output as:

```
k = 1.7968 1.3709
```

```
Q4.
Define
syms x;
f = \sin(2 \cos(3 x) + 1) + (x + 1)^3/pi^3;
and the function as:
function[val] = Q2Ques4(func,a,b,p)
syms x;
%take approximations around 'x', for N=5, we have to take 4 points around
fl1=subs(func,(x-2));
fl2=subs(func,(x-1));
fr2=subs(func,(x+1));
fr1=subs(func,(x+2));
f = (f11 - 8*f12 + 8*fr2 - fr1) / 12;
%plot the function
k = [a:b];
g = subs(f, k)
plot(k,g)
%the value at x = 0
cent diff = subs(f,p)
end
SO,
Q2Ques4(f,0,4*pi,0)
gives the result as:
  cent_diff =
      0.0968
```

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And plot as



Q5.

```
>> f2 = 1/(1+x)^(1/2);
>> int(f2,0,3)
ans =
```

Q6.

```
>> f3 = 1/(x^2 + 2*x +1);
>> int(f3,1,inf)
ans =
```