

The **Java™** TutorialsJava Tutorials **Learning Paths**[Home Page](#)

Are you **a student** trying to learn the Java language or **a professional** seeking to expand your skill set? If you are feeling a bit overwhelmed by the breadth of the Java platform, here are a few **suggested learning paths to help you get the most from your Java learning experience.**



Collections - 使用和扩展Java集合框架
Lambda Expressions: 了解如何以及为什么在应用程序中使用Lambda表达式
Aggregate Operations: 探讨聚合操作、流和Lambda表达式如何协同工作, 以提供强大的过滤功能
 打包程序为JAR文件 - 创建和签名JAR文件
Internationalization - 设计软件介绍, 容易地适配(本地化)到各种语言和区域
Reflection - 表示当前JVM中(反射)类型、接口、对象的API
Security - 保护应用程序免受恶意软件的攻击
JavaBeans - Java平台的组件技术
The Extension Mechanism - 如何使自定义的APIs
 用于在Java平台上运行的所有应用程序
Generics - 类型系统的增强, 支持各种类型的对象操作, 并提供编译时类型安全性

New To Java

The following trails are **most useful for beginners**:

- **Getting Started** – An **introduction to Java technology** and lessons on installing Java development software and using it to create a simple program.
- **Learning the Java Language** – Lessons **describing essential concepts** such as **classes, objects, inheritance, datatypes, generics, and packages**.
- **Essential Java Classes** – Lessons on **exceptions, basic input/output, concurrency, regular expressions**, and the platform environment.

学习Java语言 - 描述基础概念 (类、对象、继承、数据类型、泛型、包)
 基础的Java类 - Object、数字/字符串、异常、基本I/O、集合、并发、正则表达式

Building On The Foundation

Ready to **dive deeper into the technology**? See the following topics:

- **Collections** – Lessons on **using and extending the Java Collections Framework**.
- **Lambda Expressions**: **Learn how and why to use Lambda Expressions in your applications**.
- **Aggregate Operations**: **Explore how Aggregate Operations, Streams, and Lambda Expressions work together to provide powerful filtering capabilities**.
- **Packaging Programs In JAR Files** – Lesson on **creating and signing JAR files**.
- **Internationalization** – An **introduction to designing software** so that it can be **easily be adapted (localized) to various languages and regions**.
- **Reflection** – An **API that represents ("reflects") the classes, interfaces, and objects in the current Java Virtual Machine**.
- **Security** – Java platform features that **help protect applications from malicious software**.
- **JavaBeans** – The **Java platform's component technology**.
- **The Extension Mechanism** – **How to make custom APIs available to all applications running on the Java platform**.
- **Generics** – **An enhancement to the type system that supports operations on objects of various types while providing compile-time type safety**.

Cherish the Client?

If you want to focus on developing Java based desktop solutions and rich Internet applications, see the following topics:

- **Creating a GUI with Swing** – A comprehensive introduction to GUI creation on the Java platform.
- **Deployment** – How to package applications and applets using JAR files, and deploy them using Java Web Start and Java Plug-in.
- **2D Graphics** – How to display and print 2D graphics in applications.
- **Full-Screen Exclusive Mode API** – How to write applications that more fully utilize the user's graphics hardware.

Fervor Over Server!

If you are interested in **acquiring skills important for middleware, server-side, or web application development**, see the following trails:

- **JDBC Database Access** – **Introduces an API for connectivity between the Java applications and a wide range of databases and a data sources**.
- **JMX** – **Java Management Extensions provides a standard way of managing resources** such as **applications, devices, and services**.
- **JNDI** – **Java Naming and Directory Interface enables accessing the Naming and Directory Service** such as **DNS and LDAP**.
- **JAXP** – **Introduces the Java API for XML Processing (JAXP) 1.4 technology**.
- **RMI** – **The Remote Method Invocation API allows an object to invoke methods of an object running on another Java Virtual Machine**.
- **Concurrency** – **The Java platform has APIs to help you develop multi-threaded programs**.