

# K-th order Shift, x transformation

For k-th order shift approximation (note that k is ambiguously used as wavenumber...):

$$k \geq 2(A + B) + (C + D + E)$$

$$E \equiv F - [2(A + B) + C + D]$$

Loop over this expression  $\forall n$  and  $\forall m$  in the set of tophat modes:

$$C_{nm} \sum_{F=0}^k \sum_{A=0}^{\lfloor F/2 \rfloor} \sum_{B=0}^{\lfloor (F-2A)/2 \rfloor} \sum_{C=0}^{F-2(A+B)} \sum_{D=0}^{F-2(A+B)-C} \left\{ \left[ \frac{1}{A!} \left( -\frac{a^2}{w^2} \right)^A \right] \left[ \frac{1}{B!} \left( -\frac{ika^2}{2R_c} \right)^B \right] \right. \\ \left. \times \left[ \frac{1}{C!} \left( -\frac{2ax}{w^2} \right)^C \right] \left[ \frac{1}{D!} \left( -\frac{ikax}{R_c} \right)^D \right] \left[ \frac{1}{E!} \sqrt{\frac{n!}{(n-E)!}} \left( \frac{2ae^{i\Psi}}{w} \right)^E \right] u_{n-E,m} \right\}$$

$$C_{nm} x^{C+D} U_{n-E}$$

$$C_{nm} x U_{n-E} \begin{cases} \rightarrow x_+^1 C_{nm} U_{n-E+1} \\ \rightarrow x_-^1 C_{nm} U_{n-E-1} \end{cases}$$

Max x order = shift \* tilt order

(where  $a = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{w(z)}$ ,  $y = ax$ )

$$H_{n+1}(y) = 2yH_n(y) - nH_{n-1}(y)$$

$$xH_n(ax) = \frac{1}{2a} [H_{n+1}(ax) + 2nH_{n-1}(ax)]$$

$$x^2H_n(y) = \frac{1}{2a} \boxed{xH_{n+1}(y)} + \frac{n}{a} \boxed{xH_{n-1}(y)}$$

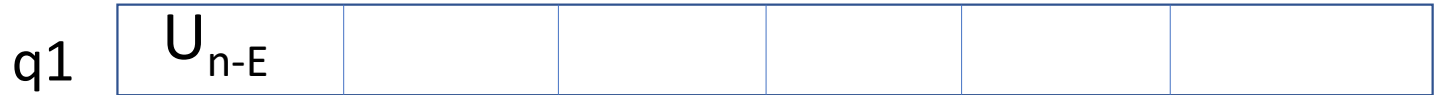
$$\boxed{xH_{n+1}(y)} = \frac{1}{2a} H_{n+2}(y) + \frac{n+1}{a} H_n(y)$$

$$\boxed{xH_{n-1}(y)} = \frac{1}{2a} H_n(\sqrt{a}x) + \frac{n-1}{a} H_{n-2}(y)$$

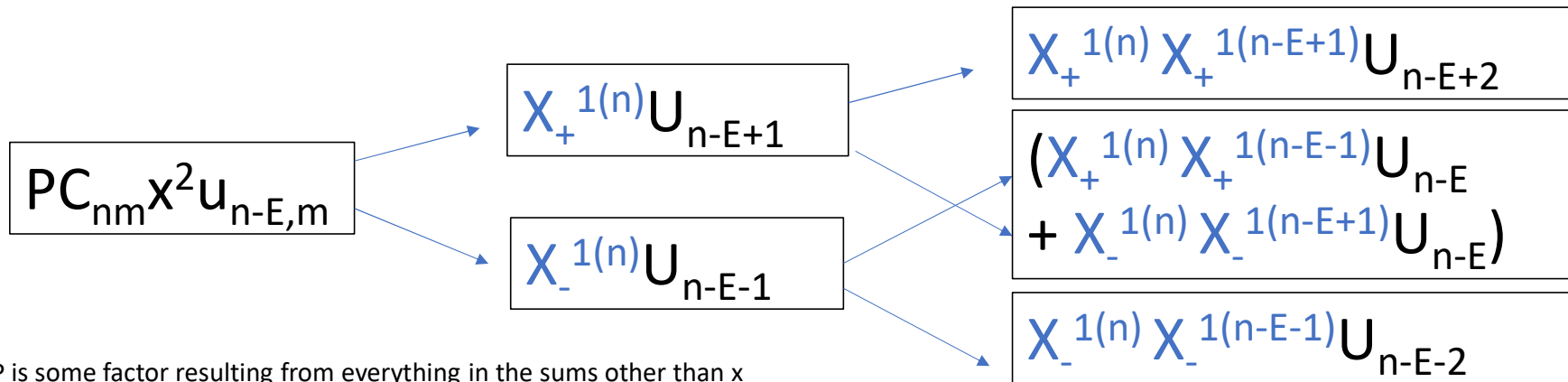
$$u_{n\pm k,m}(x,y,z) \rightarrow C(2^{n\pm k}(n\pm k)!)^{-1/2} H_{n\pm k}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{w(z)}\right) \exp(i(n\pm k)\psi(z)) \\ (2^{m-1}m!\pi)^{-1/2} \frac{1}{w(z)} H_m\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}y}{w(z)}\right) \exp\left(\frac{-ik(x^2+y^2)}{2R_c(z)} - \frac{x^2+y^2}{w(z)^2} + i(m+1)\psi(z)\right)$$

$$C_{n,m} x u_{n,m} = \underbrace{\frac{w_0}{2} \left[ \sqrt{n+1} \left( 1 - i \frac{z}{z_R} \right) \right]}_{\chi_+^{1(n)}} C_{n,m} u_{n+1,m} + \underbrace{\frac{w_0}{2} \left[ \sqrt{n} \left( 1 + i \frac{z}{z_R} \right) \right]}_{\chi_-^{1(n)}} C_{n,m} u_{n-1,m}$$

$x^2 u_{n,m}$



X count = 2  
X count = 1



\*P is some factor resulting from everything in the sums other than x  
 \*\* C<sub>nm</sub> and P suppressed in the diagram

$$C_{n,m}xu_{n,m} = \underbrace{\frac{w_0}{2} \left[ \sqrt{n+1} \left( 1 - i \frac{z}{z_R} \right) \right]}_{X_+^{1(n,m)}} C_{n,m}u_{n+1,m} + \underbrace{\frac{w_0}{2} \left[ \sqrt{n} \left( 1 + i \frac{z}{z_R} \right) \right]}_{X_-^{1(n,m)}} C_{n,m}u_{n-1,m}$$

$X^2u_{n,m}$

q1

$X_-^{1(n)}u_{n-E+1}$	$X_-^{1(n)}u_{n-E-1}$				
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$X_{\text{count}} = 1$   
 $X_{\text{count}} = 0$

q2

$X_+^{1(n)}X_+^{1(n-E+1)}u_{n-E+2}$	$X_+^{1(n)}X_-^{1(n-E+1)}u_{n-E}$	$X_-^{1(n)}X_+^{1(n-E-1)}u_{n-E}$	$X_-^{1(n)}X_-^{1(n-E-1)}u_{n-E-2}$		
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$AC_{nm}X^2u_{n-E,m}$

$X_+^{1(n)}u_{n-E+1}$

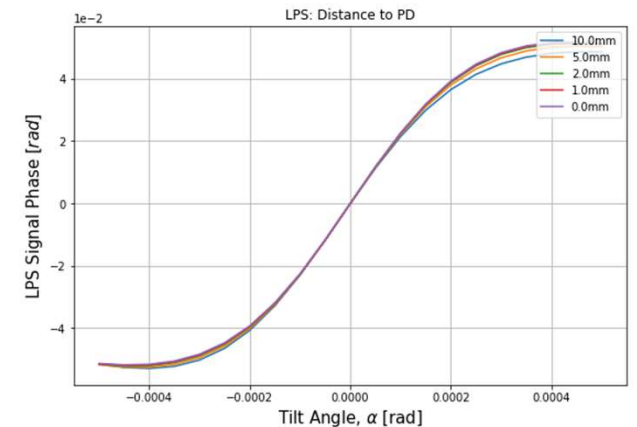
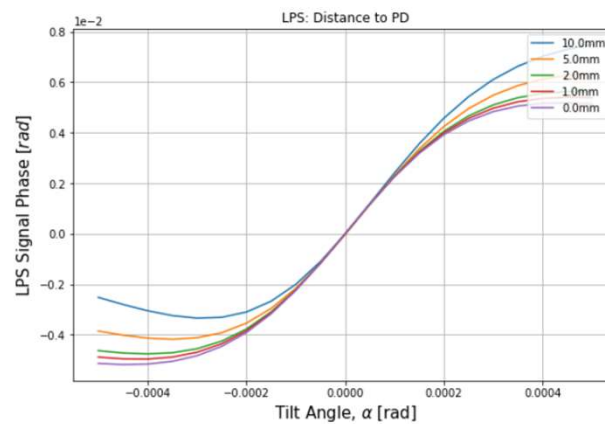
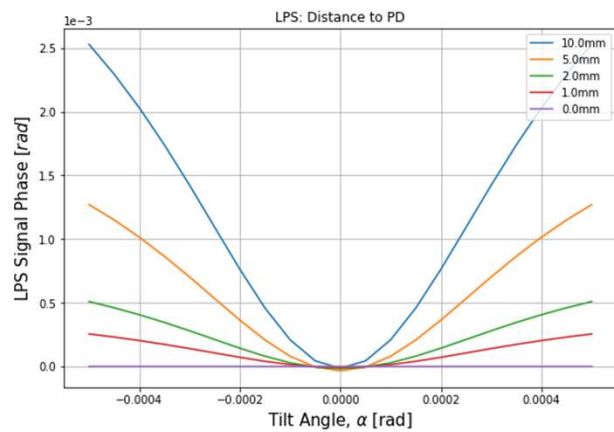
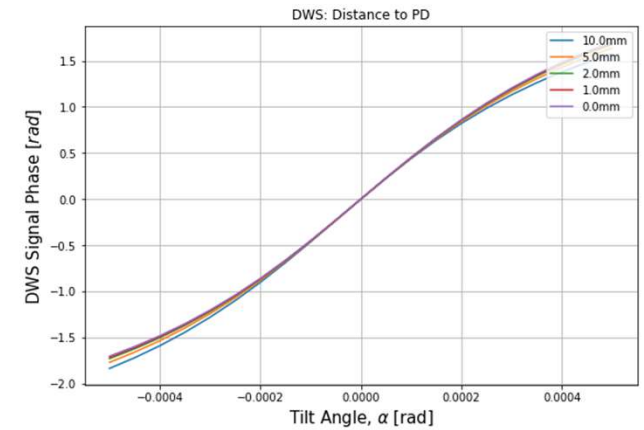
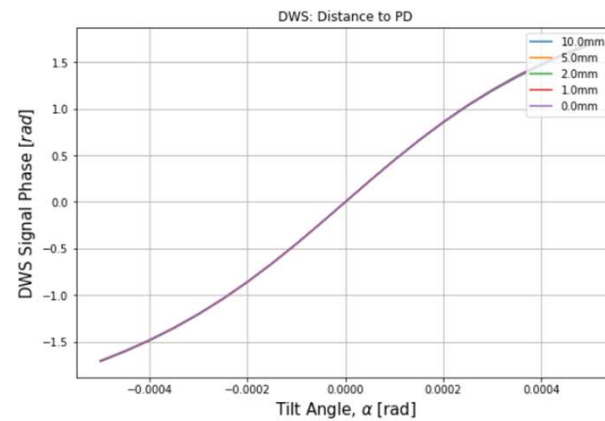
$X_-^{1(n)}u_{n-E-1}$

$X_+^{1(n)}X_+^{1(n-E+1)}u_{n-E+2}$

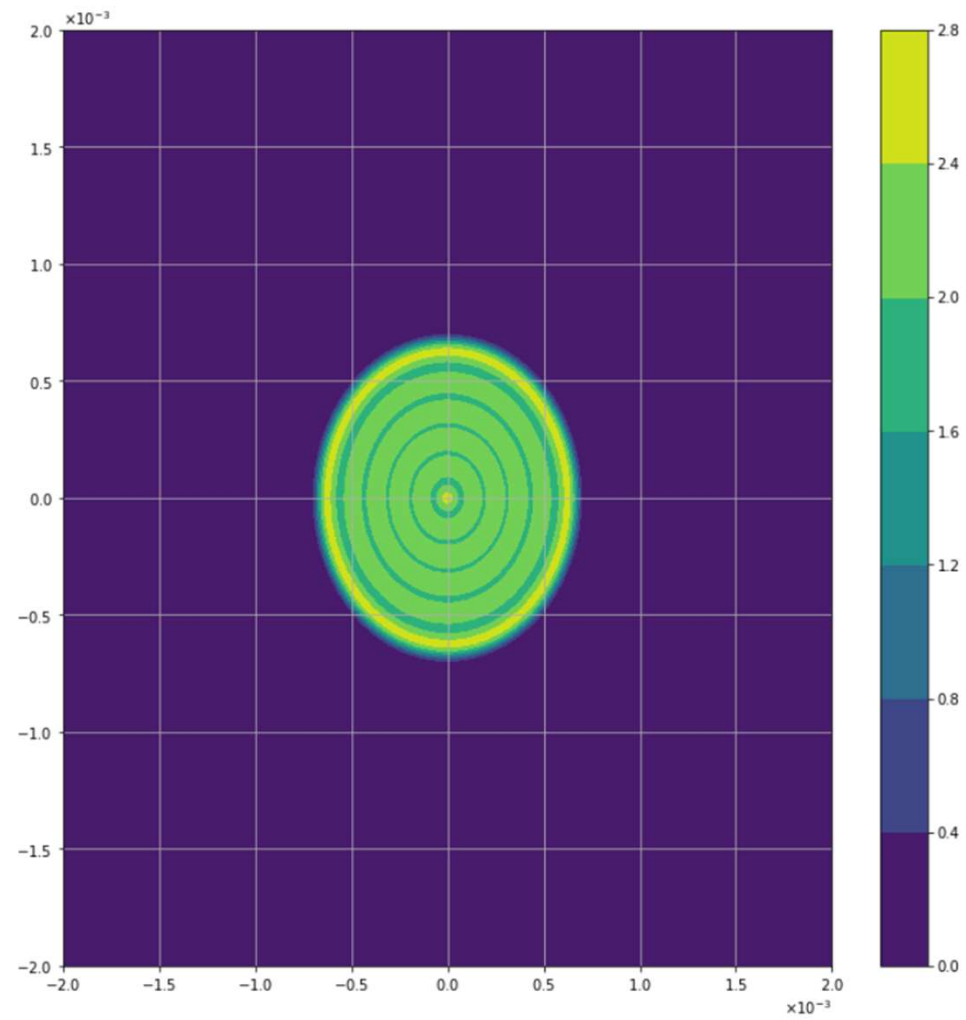
$(X_+^{1(n)}X_+^{1(n-E-1)}u_{n-E} + X_-^{1(n)}X_-^{1(n-E+1)}u_{n-E})$

$X_-^{1(n)}X_-^{1(n-E-1)}u_{n-E-2}$

# Original Basis (shift = 0,10,100 [um])



Radius =  $1/3$  aperture radius =  $2/3$  mm



(shift = 0,10,100 [ $\mu\text{m}$ ])

