Quiz - 2021

1.	. Information extraction:
	 □ Necessarily requires training data. □ Is used to identify characteristic entities in a document. □ Is always bootstrapped by using ontologies. □ Can be used to populate ontologies.
2.	. What is TRUE regarding Fagin's algorithm?
	 □ Posting files need to be indexed by TF-IDF weights □ It performs a complete scan over the posting files □ It never reads more than (kn)½ entries from a posting list □ It provably returns the k documents with the largest aggregate scores
	. Which of the following statements on Latent Semantic Indexing (LSI) and Word
Εı	imbeddings (WE) is false?
	 □ The dimensions of LSI can be interpreted as concepts, whereas those of WE canno □ LSI does not depend on the order of words in the document, whereas WE does □ LSI is deterministic (given the dimension), whereas WE is not □ LSI does take into account the frequency of words in the documents, whereas WE with negative sampling does not
4.	. When constructing a word embedding, what is TRUE regarding negative samples?
	 ☐ They are oversampled if less frequent ☐ Their frequency is decreased down to its logarithm ☐ They are words that do not appear as context words ☐ They are selected among words that are not stop-words
5.	. A page that points to all other pages but is not pointed by any other page would have:
	 Nonzero authority Zero hub Nonzero PageRank None of the above
6.	. When computing PageRank iteratively, the computation ends when:
	☐ The difference among the eigenvalues of two subsequent iterations falls below a predefined threshold

	The norm of the difference of rank vectors of two subsequent iterations falls below a
	predefined threshold
	The probability of visiting an unseen node falls below a predefined threshold
	All nodes of the graph have been visited at least once
7. In R	anked Retrieval, the result at position k is non-relevant and at k+1 is relevant. Which
	following is always true?
	®k and R@k are the precision and recall of the result set consisting of the k top-ranked documents.
	P@k-1>P@k+1
	R@k-1=R@k+1
	R@k-1 <r@k+1< td=""></r@k+1<>
	P@k-1=P@k+1
8. Whi	ch of the following is TRUE regarding community detection?
	The high betweenness of an edge indicates that the communities are well connected
	by that edge
	The Girvan-Newman algorithm attempts to maximize the overall betweenness
_	measure of a community graph
	The high modularity of a community indicates a large difference between the number
	of edges of the community and the number of edges of a null model
	The Louvain algorithm attempts to minimize the overall modularity measure of a
	community graph
	Gorinianity graph
9. Wha	at is WRONG regarding the Transformer model?
	Its computation cannot be parallelized compared to LSTMs and other sequential
_	models.
	It uses a self-attention mechanism to compute representations of the input and
	output.
	Its complexity is quadratic to the input size.
	It captures the semantic context of the input.
10 In	User-Based Collaborative Filtering, which of the following is TRUE ?
10. 111	oser-based collaborative rittering, which of the following is TROL:
	Poerson Correlation Coefficient and Coeine Similarity have the same value range
	Pearson Correlation Coefficient and Cosine Similarity have the same value range
	and return the same similarity ranking for the users.
	Pearson Correlation Coefficient and Cosine Similarity have different value ranges
_	and can return different similarity rankings for the users
	Pearson Correlation Coefficient and Cosine Similarity have different value ranges,
_	but return the same similarity ranking for the users
	Pearson Correlation Coefficient and Cosine Similarity have the same value range but
	can return different similarity rankings for the users

11. Which of the following is TRUE for Recommender Systems (RS)?			
•	y of the Content-based RS depends on the number of users S need not only the ratings but also the item features		
	zation is typically robust to the cold-start problem.		
Matrix Factoria	zation can predict a score for any user-item combination in the dataset.		
12. Considering the tr	ansaction below, which one is WRONG ?		
Transaction ID	Items Bought		
1	Tea		
2	Tea, Yoghurt		
3	Tea, Yoghurt, Kebap		
4	Kebap		
5	Tea, Kebap		
☐ {Yoghurt, Keb	Kebab} has 50% confidence ap} has 20% support		
· · ·	highest support		
⊔ {Yognuπ} nas	the lowest support among all itemsets		
13. Suppose that in a the following is TRUE	given FP Tree, an item in a leaf node N exists in every path. Which of ??		
□ N co-occurs w	vith its prefixes in every transaction		
	e P that is a parent of N in the FP tree, confidence (P->N) = 1		
	n possible support is equal to the number of paths		
	ists in every candidate set		
14. Which of the follow	wing properties is part of the RDF Schema Language?		
Description			
☐ Type			
☐ Predicate			
☐ Domain			

15. Which of the following is wrong regarding Ontologies?

☐ We can create more than one ontology that conceptualizes the same real-world entities
☐ Ontologies help in the integration of data expressed in different models
Ontologies dictate how semi-structured data are serialized
☐ Ontologies support domain-specific vocabularies