# The thead, thody and thoot tags

Similar to an HTML document, a table in HTML can be split into header, body and footer. We use these three tags - <thead>, and <tfoot> - to specify parts of a table.

It is very useful to define parts of a table as header, body and footer because once browsers are able to identify which cells are header and footer, the body can be allowed to scroll independently of header and footer catering to a good table viewing experience in small screens. This is one such example from the internet. Apart from this, these elements can also be used to style header, body and footer rows individually using CSS.

#### <THEAD>

Just like how we use colgroup to group columns, <thead> is used to group the header content in a HTML table.

As we learnt in the previous unit, header cells are specified using as a child of . Rows specified within <thead> indicates that they are header rows. See the code below:

```
<thead style="color:white">

        Name
        <ch scope="col">Age

        </thead>
```

#### <TBODY>

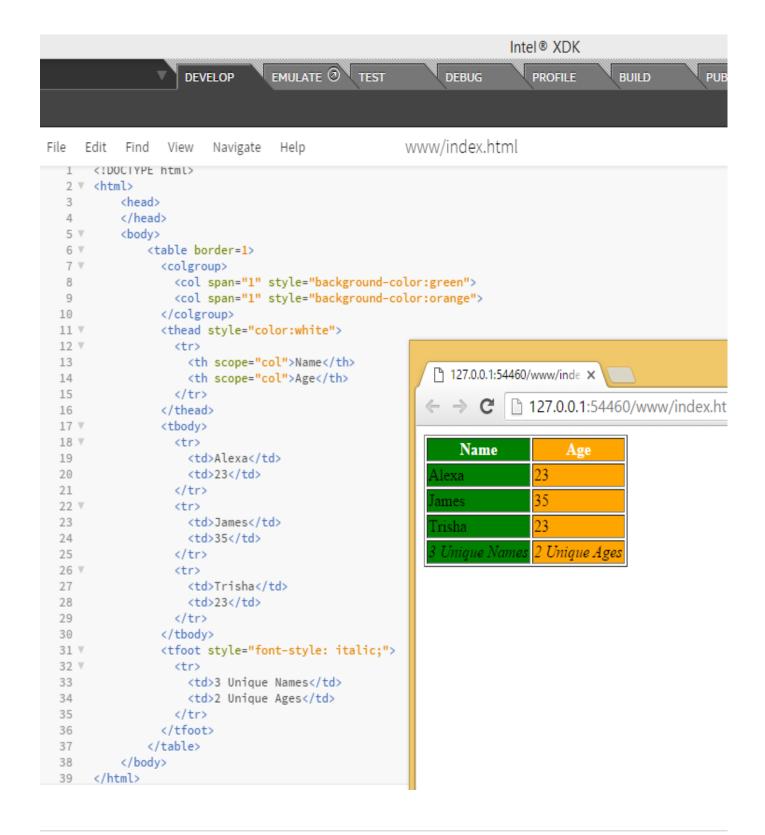
Following <thead>, subsequent rows are considered body rows in a table. Regular cells are specified using as a child of :

### <TFOOT>

The footer is the last to be specified and rows within <tfoot> are considered footer rows at the end of a table.

Putting it all together:

```
Alexa
    23
   James
    35
20.
   Trisha
    23
   <tfoot style="font-style: italic;">
   3 Unique Names
    2 Unique Ages
30.
   </tfoot>
```



## Knowledge check 5.2.2 (not graded)

True or False? By specifying the header, body and footer for the table, you can scroll these sections independent of each other.

O True		
--------	--	--

O False			

CHECK