Using the webcam video stream

INTRODUCTION TO THE GETUSERMEDIA API

The getUserMedia API is useful for controlling a webcam video stream. This chapter presents the most interesting parts, related to the <video> and <audio> elements.

While this API is one component of the WebRTC specification and therefore not considered a "real" part of the HTML5 specification, we still consider it relevant to the "multimedia" part of this course. The getUserMedia API, when dealing with video streams, is always used in conjunction with the <video>element.



API.

TYPICAL USE OF THE GETUSERMEDIA API WITH A WEBCAM

The main idea is to set the src attribute of a <video> element to the live video stream object coming out of the webcam. To get this stream, you'll have to call thenavigator.getUserMedia(params, onSuccess, onError) method from the getUserMedia

The stream is passed as a parameter to the onSuccess () callback, as in this typical example:

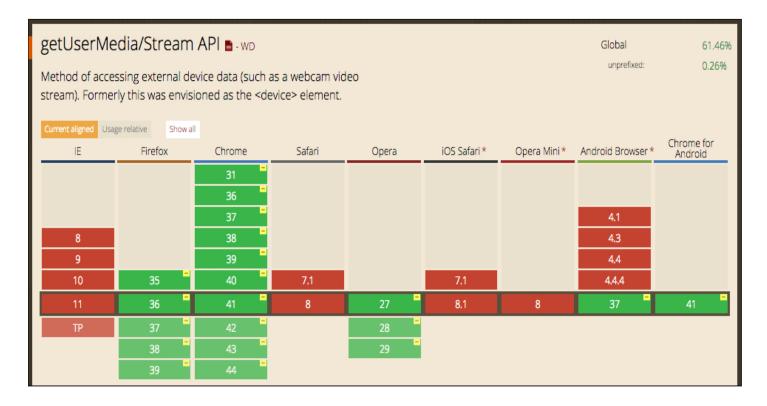
```
function onSuccess(stream) {
    var output =document.getElementById('myVideo');
    output.src= window.URL.createObjectURL(stream);
}
function onError() {
    // getUserMedia API not supported, or another application is using the webcam!
}

12. if (navigator.getUserMedia) {
    navigator.getUserMedia({video:true},onSuccess, onError);
    }
    </script>
```

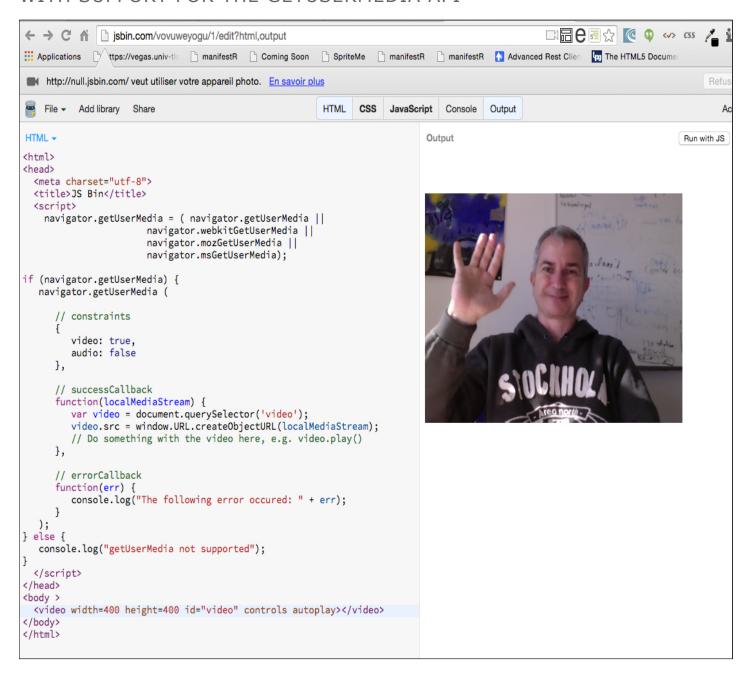
In fact, this example still does not work "as is". Prefixes need to be added to the API function calls, due to limitations of current browser support.

CURRENT BROWSER SUPPORT (JUNE 2015)

Since 2012, the getUserMedia API has been supported by Google Chrome, Firefox and Opera, both on desktops and mobile devices, but you still need to use the prefixed version of the API (i.e. call webkitGetUserMedia or mozGetUserMediainstead of getuserMedia). While Internet Explorer does not support it, it's coming soon to Microsoft Edge, IE's successor, as announced by Microsoft.



SIMPLE WEB CAMERA DISPLAY THAT WORKS ON ALL BROWSERS WITH SUPPORT FOR THE GETUSERMEDIA API



This example is available online: JS Bin example

It's similar to the first example above except that we use the prefixed versions of getUserMedia(...). This example works on Opera/Chrome/Firefox on Desktop and Mobile.

Another noticeable difference is the haircut of your instructor, but that's another story :-)

Source code:

```
<html>
    <head>
     <meta charset="utf-8">
     <title>JS Bin</title>
     <script>
        navigator.getUserMedia = (navigator.getUserMedia ||
                                    navigator.webkitGetUserMedia ||
                                    navigator.mozGetUserMedia ||
                                    navigator.msGetUserMedia);
10.
        if (navigator.getUserMedia) {
             navigator.getUserMedia (
                 // constraints
                     video: true,
                     audio: false
                 },
                 // successCallback
                 function(localMediaStream) {
20.
                     var video =document.querySelector('video');
                     video.src =window.URL.createObjectURL(localMediaStream);
                 },
                 // errorCallback
                 function(err) {
                     console.log("The following error occured: " + err);
29.
             );
        } else {
            console.log("getUserMedia not supported");
     </script>
    </head>
    <body >
         <video width=200 height=200id="video" controls autoplay></video>
    </body>
    </html>
```

KNOWLEDGE CHECK 2.5.1 (NOT GRADED)

- A JavaScript API that can be used to redirect the webcam video stream to a video element
- An upcoming API that is not available yet on browsers, but can be emulated by the video element
- An API which only works with WebRTC for audio conferencing

CHECK