

Working with the microphone

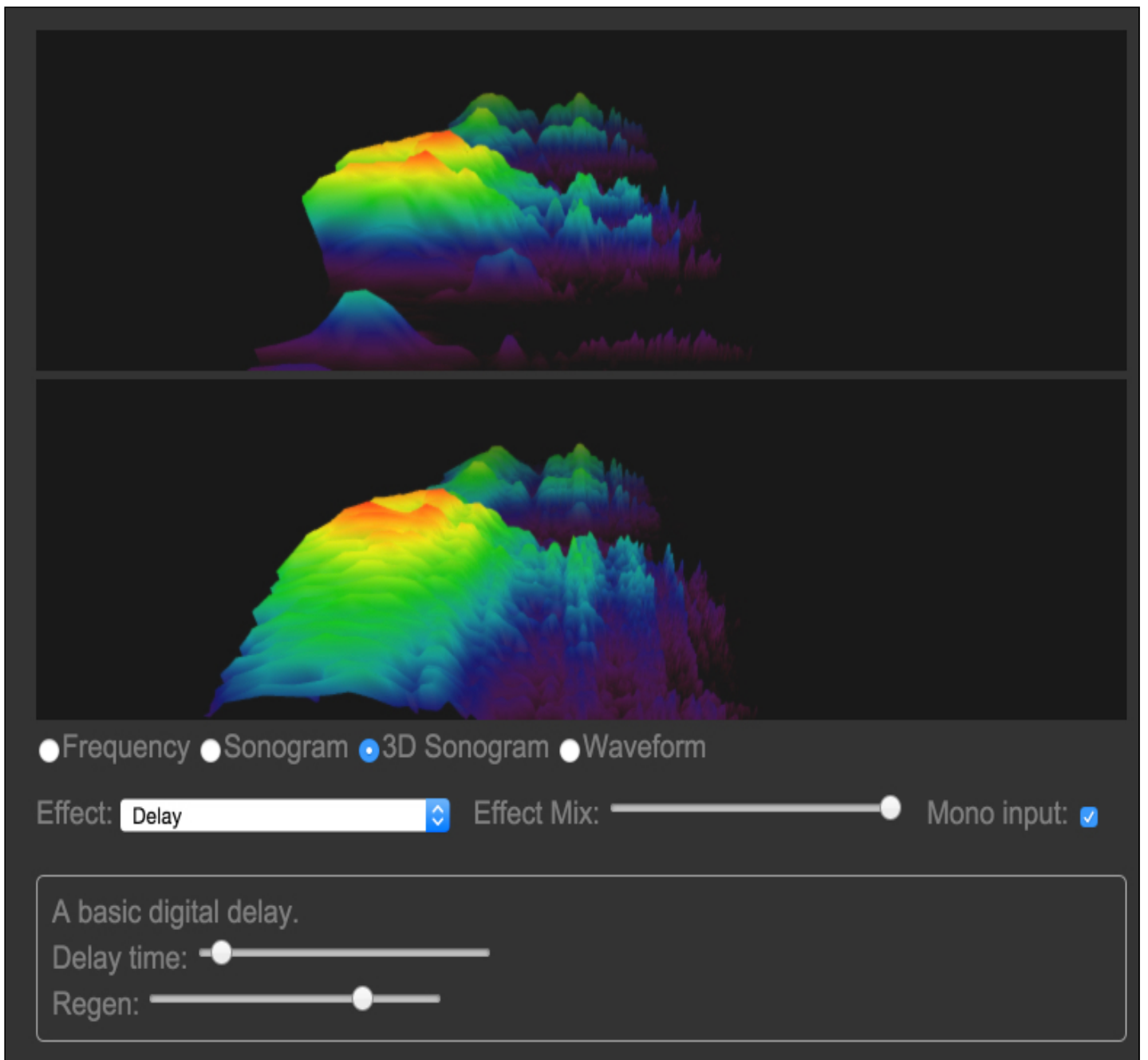
Instead of using the `getUserMedia` API

with: `navigator.getUserMedia({video:true}, onSuccess, onError)`, it is also possible to use `{audio:true}` for the first parameter. In that case, only the microphone input will be captured. Notice that `{video:true, audio:true}` is also accepted, if you write a video conferencing system and need to capture both the audio and the video (this is often the case when writing WebRTC applications). The [W3C WebRTC](#) is another W3C specification, under development, for P2P audio/video/data Real Time Communication.

Apart from videoconferencing, microphone input will be used for music Web apps, from the [WebAudio API](#). This API focuses on real time sound processing and music synthesis. This API will be covered in the advanced W3Cx HTML5 course.

Do try some nice WebRTC applications like [Appear.in audio and video conferencing tool](#). Also check out the [WebAudio demonstrations](#) written by Chris Wilson, in particular the one called "Input effects".

Below is an [example of real time audio processing of the microphone input](#) using `getUserMedia` and `WebAudio` APIs



appear.in: a free WebRTC video conferencing tool. It uses the getUserMedia API for video and audio.

