Painting with patterns

PRINCIPLE

The principle of "pattern" drawing is based on repeating an image (if the image is smaller than the surface of the shape you are going to draw) for filling the surface of objects to be drawn (either filled or stroked).

To illustrate this principle, in the next examples, we are going to draw rectangles using this pattern:



There are a few steps we have to take before doing this:

1. Create a JavaScript image object

```
var imageObj = new Image();
```

2. Define a callback function that will be called once the image has been fully

loaded in memory; we cannot draw before the image has been loaded.

```
imageObj.onload = function() {
    ...
}
```

3. **Set the source of this image to the URL of the pattern**(in our example with url of the pattern),

```
imageObj.src ="http://www.myserver.com/myRepeatablePattern.png";
```

4. As soon as step 3 is executed, an HTTP request is sent in background by the browser, and when the image is loaded in memory, the callback defined at step 2 is called. We create a pattern object inside, from the loaded image:

```
// callback called asynchronously, after the src attribute
of imageObj is set
imageObj.onload = function() {
    // We enter here when the image is loaded, we create a
pattern object.
    // It is good practice to set this as a global
variable, easier to share
    pattern1 =ctx.createPattern(imageObj, "repeat");
};
```

5. Inside the callback function (or inside a function called from inside the callback) we can draw.

```
// callback called asynchronously, after the src attribute
of imageObj is set
imageObj.onload = function() {
   pattern1 = ctx.createPattern(imageObj, "repeat");
   // Draw a textured rectangle
   ctx.fillStyle = pattern1;
   ctx.fillRect(10, 10, 500, 800);
};
```

EXAMPLE 1: DRAW TWO RECTANGLES WITH A PATTERN (ONE FILLED, ONE STROKED)

Online example: http://jsbin.com/qezojo/1/edit

Here we have two rectangles drawn using a pattern (an image that can be repeated along the X and Y axis). The first is a filled rectangle while the second is "stroked" with a lineWidth of 10 pixels.



HTML source code:

JavaScript source code:

```
var canvas, ctx, pattern1;
```

```
function init() {
       canvas =document.querySelector('#myCanvas');
       ctx = canvas.getContext('2d');
       // We need 1) to create an empty image object, 2) to set a
    callback function
       // that will be called when the image is fully loaded, 3) to
       // pattern object, 4) to set the fillStyle or the
    strokeStyle property of
10.
      // the context with this pattern, 5) to draw something
       // WE CANNOT DRAW UNTIL THE IMAGE IS FULLY LOADED -> draw
    from inside the
      // onload callback only !
       // 1 - Allocate an image
      var imageObj = new Image();
       // 2 - callback called asynchronously, after the src
    attribute of imageObj
      // is set
       imageObj.onload = function(){
21.
          // We enter here only when the image has been loaded by
    the browser
          // 4 - Pattern creation using the image object
          // Instead of "repeat", try different values : repeat-x,
    repeat-y,
          // or no-repeat, You may draw larger shapes in order to
    see
          // different results
          // It is good practice to leave this as a global variable
    if it
          // will be reused by other functions
          pattern1 =ctx.createPattern(imageObj, "repeat");
          // 5 - Draw things. Here a textured rectangle
          ctx.fillStyle = pattern1;
32.
          ctx.fillRect(10, 10, 200, 200);
          // ... And a wireframe one
          ctx.lineWidth=20;
          ctx.strokeStyle=pattern1;
          ctx.strokeRect(230, 20, 150, 100);
      };
      // 3 - Send the request to load the image
```

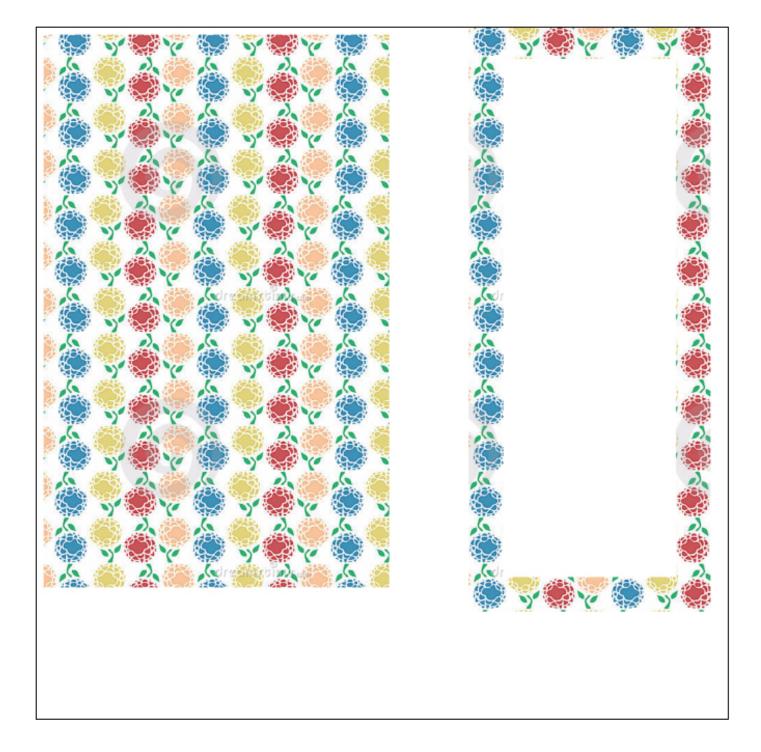
```
// Setting the src attribute will tell the browser to send an
asynchronous
    // request.

44.    // When the browser gets an answer, the callback above will
be called
    imageObj.src ="http://www.dreamstime.com/colourful-flowers-
repeatable-pattern-thumb18692760.jpg";
}
```

EXAMPLE 2: THE REPEATABILITY OF A PATTERN

To "better" see the repeatability of the pattern, here is the same example with a 1000x1000 pixel wide canvas.

Online version here: http://jsbin.com/befiti/3/edit, and here is the result:



You can change the way the pattern is repeated by modifying the second parameter of this method:

```
pattern1 = ctx.createPattern(imageObj,"repeat");
```

Please try: repeat-x, repeat-y or no-repeat as acceptable values. Just change this line in the online example and you will see live results.

KNOWLEDGE CHECK 3.5.4 (NOT GRADED)	
Patterns are images that can be used to "fill" shapes, eventua	ly repeating themselves?
O Yes	
O No	

Yes, but only with filled shapes; patterns cannot be used

with the strokeStyle property of the context.