

Drawing shadows

CONTEXT PROPERTIES TO DRAW WITH SHADOWS

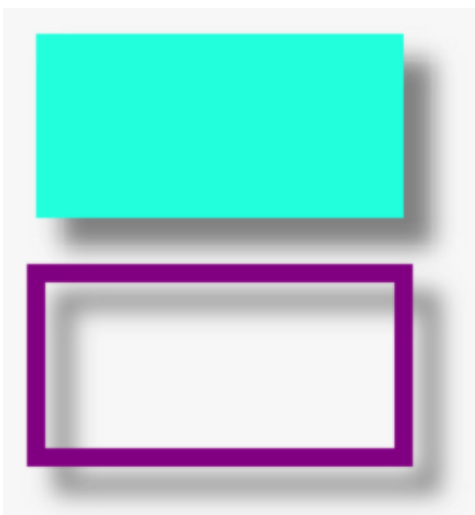


There are 4 properties of the canvas context that are useful for indicating that we want to draw shapes with shadows:

1. `shadowColor`: color to use for shadows,
2. `shadowBlur`: blur level for shadows,
3. `shadowOffsetX`: horizontal distance of the shadow from the shape,
4. `shadowOffsetY`: vertical distance of the shadow from the shape

EXAMPLE 1: SIMPLE

Online example: <http://jsbin.com/wivubi/3/edit>



HTML source code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
<body onload = init();>
  <canvas id="myCanvas" width="400" height =800>
    Your browser does not support the canvas tag.
  </canvas>
</body>
</html>
```

JavaScript source code:

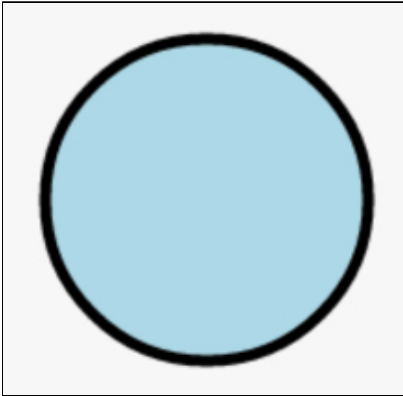
```
var canvas, ctx;
function init() {
  canvas = document.getElementById('myCanvas');
  ctx = canvas.getContext('2d');
  // call to a function that will set the 4 context properties for shadows
  setShadow();
  // all drawings that will occur will cast shadows
  // first green filled rectangle
12.  ctx.fillStyle = "#22FFDD";
    ctx.fillRect(20, 20, 200, 100);
    // second stroked rectangle
    ctx.strokeStyle = "purple";
    ctx.lineWidth=10;
    ctx.strokeRect(20, 150, 200, 100);
}

21. // We define the 4 properties in a dedicated function, for clarity
22. function setShadow() {
    ctx.shadowColor = "Grey"; // color
    ctx.shadowBlur = 20; // blur level
    ctx.shadowOffsetX = 15; // horizontal offset
    ctx.shadowOffsetY = 15; // vertical offset
  }
```

- *Lines 21-27:* we set the 4 properties that define shadows in a dedicated function, for a better clarity.
- Line 8: we called this function once before drawing the rectangles.
- *Lines 11-18:* we draw a filled and a stroked rectangle. Both rectangles cast shadows.

EXAMPLE 2: UNWANTED SHADOWS!

Let's take a previous example: the one that draws a filled circle with an outline: <http://jsbin.com/gazuba/2/edit>



Now, let's add a shadow to it, online example: <http://jsbin.com/gokemu/1/edit>

Here is an extract from the code:

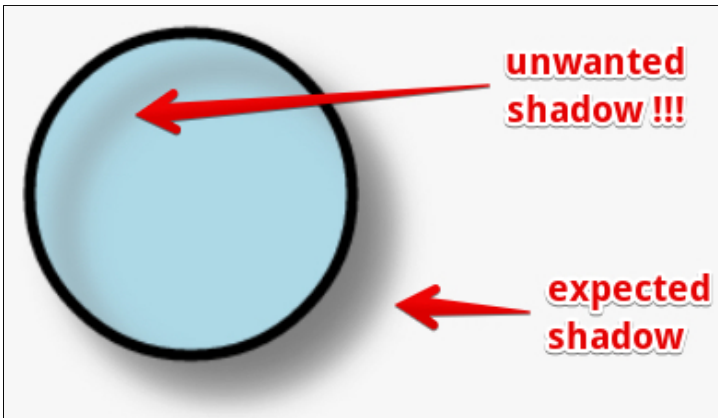
```
...
ctx.beginPath();
// Add to the path a full circle (from 0 to 2PI)
ctx.arc(centerX, centerY, radius, 0, 2*Math.PI, false);
// With path drawing you can change the context
// properties until a call to stroke() or fill() is performed
ctx.fillStyle = "lightBlue";
10.
// add shadows before drawing the filled circle
addShadows();
// Draws the filled circle in light blue
ctx.fill();
// Prepare for the outline
ctx.lineWidth = 5;
ctx.strokeStyle = "black";
20.
// draws AGAIN the path (the circle), this
// time in wireframe
ctx.stroke();
// Notice we called context.arc() only once ! And drew it twice
// with different styles
...
```

```

function addShadows() {
30.   ctx.shadowColor = "Grey"; // color
      ctx.shadowBlur = 20;    // blur level
      ctx.shadowOffsetX = 15; // horizontal offset
      ctx.shadowOffsetY = 15; // vertical offset
}

```

And here is the result:



Ah, indeed, the call to `ctx.fill()` casts a shadow, but the call to `ctx.stroke()`, that paints the whole path again, casts a shadow too, and this time the outline produces an unwanted shadow... How can we avoid this effect, while using the same technique for drawing the path?

The trick consists in saving the context before setting the shadow properties, then draw the filled circle, then restore the context (to its previous state: without shadows), then draw the outlined circle by calling `ctx.stroke()`.

Correct version of the code: <http://jsbin.com/kedobi/2/edit>

```

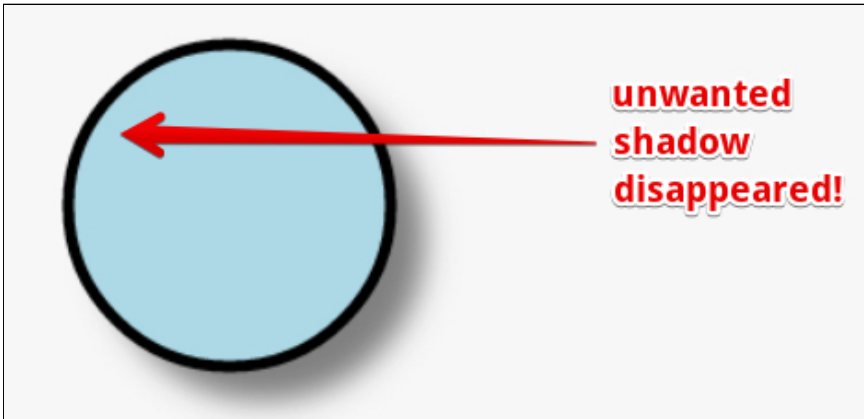
...
// save the context before setting shadows and drawing the filled circle
ctx.save();
// With path drawing you can change the context
// properties until a call to stroke() or fill() is performed
ctx.fillStyle = "lightBlue";
// add shadows before drawing the filled circle
10. addShadows();
    // Draws the filled circle in light blue
    ctx.fill();
    // restore the context to its previous saved state

```

```
ctx.restore();
```

```
...
```

And here is the final result:



KNOWLEDGE CHECK 3.5.6

Shadows are set using the `strokeStyle` or `fillStyle` property of the context?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No