

Adventures in Bayesian Structural Time Series Part 3: Analyzing SST Data

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SST Data



- SST Data
- Use bsts for



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 - Fit



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 - ⊕ Fit
 - o local level



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 - local linear trend model



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 - Model Comparison



⇒ Sea Surface Temperature near Gibraltar



- Sea Surface Temperature near Gibraltar
- Aggregated every 12 days



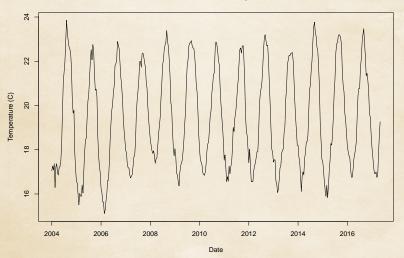
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- ⇒ Sea Surface Temperature near Gibraltar
- Aggregated every 12 days
- **♥** January 2004 to November 2017
- Obtained from Argovis



SST of Gilbralter region





```
library(readr)
library(bsts)
# bsts also loads BoomSpikeSlab, Boom, MASS, zoo, xts
gilbralter <- read_csv("data/gilbraltersimple.csv")</pre>
gilt <- ts(gilbralter$tempMean, start=c(2004,1,13),
           end=c(2017, 11, 25), frequency=30)
plot(gilt, main='SST of Gilbralter region',
     xlab='Date',
     ylab='Temperature (C)')
```



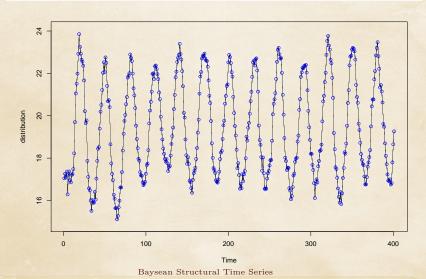
Local Level Model

$$\begin{aligned} y_t &= \mu_t + \varepsilon_t & \varepsilon_t \sim \textit{N}(0, \sigma_\varepsilon^2) \\ \mu_{t+1} &= \mu_t + \xi_t & \xi_t \sim \textit{N}(0, \sigma_\xi^2) \end{aligned}$$

Model Plotting



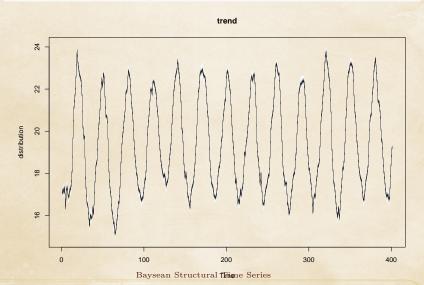
plot(ll_fit)



Model Plotting



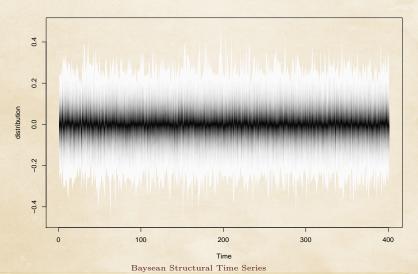
plot(ll_fit, 'components')



Model Plotting

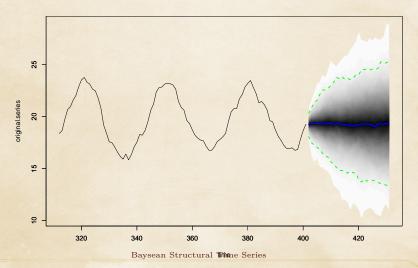


plot(ll_fit, 'residuals')





ll_pred <- predict(ll_fit, horizon = 30)
plot(ll_pred, plot.original = 90)</pre>





Local Linear Trend Model

$$y_t = \mu_t + \varepsilon_t \qquad \qquad \varepsilon_t \sim N(0, \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2)$$

$$\mu_{t+1} = \mu_t + \nu_t + \xi_t \qquad \qquad \xi_t \sim N(0, \sigma_{\xi}^2)$$

$$\nu_{t+1} = \nu_t + \zeta_t \qquad \qquad \zeta_t \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta}^2)$$

llt_pred <- predict(llt_fit, horizon = 30)
plot(llt_pred, plot.original = 90)</pre>

