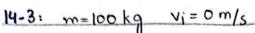
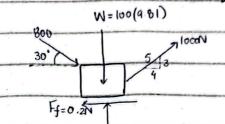
Assignment #04.

"I affirm that I will not give or receive any unauthorized help on this exam, and that all work will be my own?



Vr=6 m/s

µk = 0.2.



As Ff = MKN => Ff = 0.2N

N + 1000 (3) - 800 sin 30 - 100(9.81)=0.

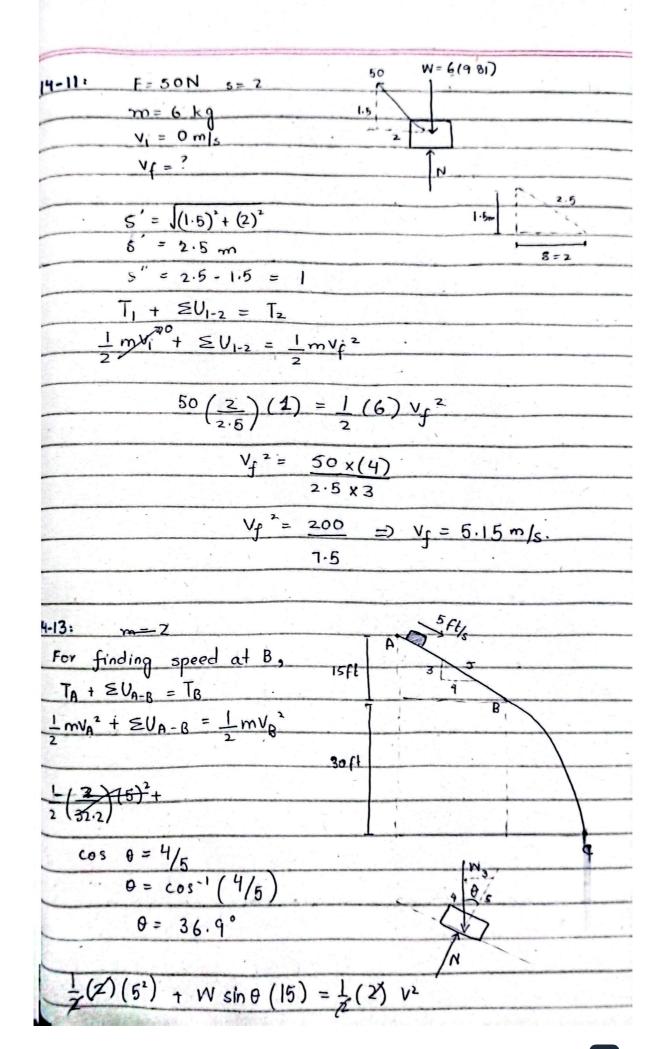
Applying work energy principle.

 $T_1 + EU_{1-2} = T_2$

$$\frac{1 + 2U_{1-2} = 1_2}{2 m v_1^2 + 2U_{1-2} = \frac{1}{2} m v_1^2}$$

1 m(0) + 800 cos 30° (s) + 1000 (4/5) 5-156.25 =

$$1336.65 = 1800$$



25 + W sin (369) (16) = Ø Vp2 $v_{B} = \frac{31.48 \, \text{m/s}}{25}$ From B to C. B (0,30) C(d,0) VB = 31.48 m/s. x = 10 + Vozt. d=0+31.48 (4)t. d = 25.184t. y = yo + voyt - 1 gt2 $30 = 0 + 31.48\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{3}(32.2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $30 = 18.88t + 16.1t^2$ 16.12 + 18.88 t - 30 = 0. t = 0.89995 d = 25.184 (0.899) d = 22.6 ft. 14.25: VA = 10 ft/s m=5 lb VB = 0. $T_{1} + \leq U_{1-2} = T_{2}$ $\frac{1}{2} m V_{A}^{2} + \leq U_{1-2} = \frac{1}{2} m V_{B}^{2}$ VA = 10fts 3.Ft. -k=400 lb/A $\frac{1}{2}(5)(10)^2 + 2U_{1-2} = 0$, 1ft] 250 + Work done by neight - Work done by spring = 0. 250 + 5(3+5) - 1 (400 ((0.75+5)^2-(0.75)^2) = 0

14-27: To find speed of car at B.

$$T_A + \leq U_{A-B} = T_B$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m V_A^2 + \leq U_{A-B} = \frac{1}{2} m V_B^2$$

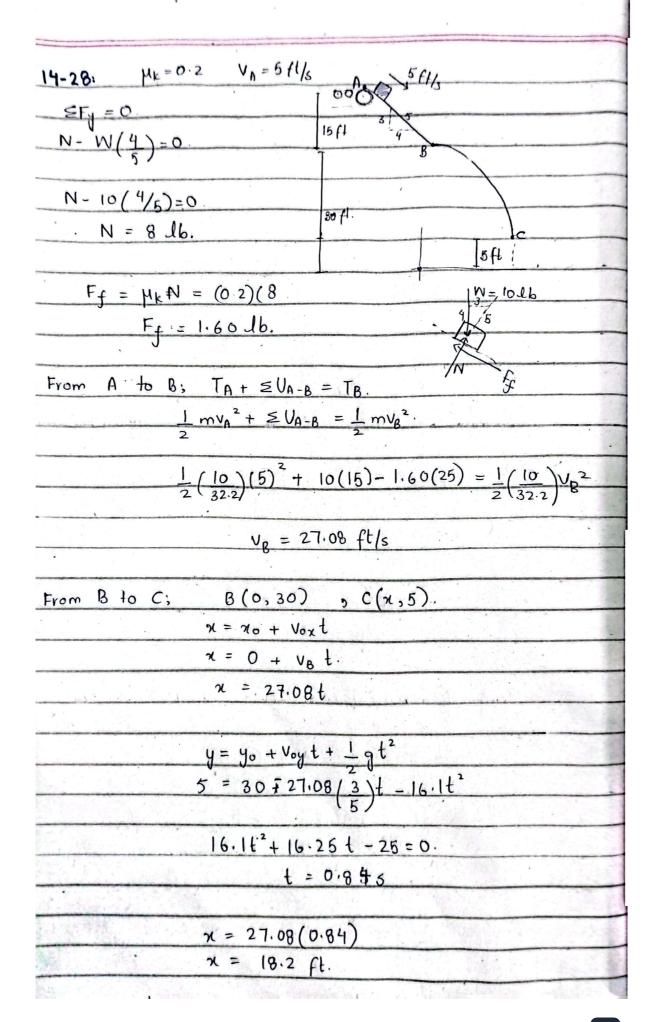
$$\frac{1}{2}(250)(3)^2 + F(S_{AB}) = \frac{1}{2}(250)v_8^2$$

$$(125\times9) + 250(981)(16) = 125V_{B}^{2} S_{AB} = dia = 16n$$

$$1125 + 39240 = 125V_{B}^{2}$$

$$V\beta^2 = \frac{40365}{125}$$

To find the normal reaction NB



```
W= 13000 16 Vi= 600 mi/h
14-45:
                                = 600 mi x 5280 flx lbr
h lmi 36005
            T = 5200 16
                               Vi = 880 ft/
       Power out put = P = FV = ( S200 lb) (880 ft/s)
                       = 4576000 Cb ft/s.
       In hpi-
             p = 4576000 lbft/s = 8320 hp
          V = 0.6 m/s P = ?
14-47:
           m = 150 kg/step n= 32
                                            125 mm
 Total m = 150 kg/step x 32 = 4800 kg.
  Total W= (150 kg | step)(32) (9.81) = 47088 N.
   Total L = 32(0.26) = 8 m.
                                  =) V = 0.6 m/s
   Total H= (32) (1.20.125) = 4m.
                                    + 1 = 8 + 4 = 415 m
          Vy = 0.27 m/s
      P = FV = (47088) (0.27)
              = 12.7 LCW
14-61: T= 20 KN m= 1 Mg Vi=0 m/s
                    = 1000 kg.
          EFz=max
                                   T=20 KN
          T = max.
          20×108 = 108 a.
            a = 20 m/s2
                                 P = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{V} = 20(10^3) 201
   V = Vo + at.
    V = 0 + 20 t = 20 t.
                                 P = [4 x 10 5 t]W
```